

SEE MANCHESTER'S Advt. on Page 8

VOL 9, NO. 122

ST. JOHN, N. B., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1909.

ONE CENT

WIRE ROPE



Made by Allan Whyte & Co., Glasgow, is now asked for everywhere that strength and durability is required.

Flexible Ropes, 6-19 6-24. Ships Rigging

W. H. Thorne & Co., Ltd.

Market Square, St. John, N. B.

Wringer Sale

We have just finished stock-taking, and find we are over-stocked on certain lines of Wringers. To clear these out we are making the following prices:

- 10 in. Bayside, former price \$3.65, now 2.70
11 in. Bayside, former price \$4.00, now 3.00
10 in. Falcon, former price \$3.85, now 2.90
11 in. Falcon, former price \$4.25, now 3.20
11 in. Royal Canadian, former price \$3.75, now 2.80



Washing Machines of All Kinds EMERSON & FISHER, Ltd. 25 Germain St.

Three Specials for This Week

Mid-Winter Clearance Sale!

- Boys' Heavy Frieze Ulsters, \$1.98
Men's Heavy Frieze Ulsters, 2.98
Men's Heavy Tweed Suits, 4.95

American Clothing House,

11-15 Charlotte St., St. John.

Ladies' Fur-Lined Coats.

We have a number of these Coats left, after our sale, which we will dispose of at Bargain Prices.

Prices from \$27.50 up.

F. S. THOMAS

FASHIONABLE FURRIER 539 Main street. N. E.

EGGS 5c. DOZEN

If a man came around selling eggs at 5c. a dozen, he wouldn't sell many, would he? People are not looking for bargains in eggs, they are looking for quality.

Cheap drugs are as useless as cheap eggs. We fill prescriptions with the purest and most expensive drugs.

The DRUG STORE—Phone 587—100 King St CHARLES R. WASSON

FEBRUARY SUIT SALE NOW ON AT HARVEY'S

Prices of Men's, Youths and Boys Suits Almost Cut in Two for This Sale

Men's Suit Sale Prices \$4.95, 5.85, 6.98, 9.85, 11.45 to \$15.00

Former prices of these suits were \$7.50 to \$22.00. BOYS' \$3.50 to \$4.00 SUITS, SALE PRICES \$2.50

J. N. HARVEY, Clothing & Tailoring Opera House Block

DR. McINTOSH TALKS ON TUBERCULOSIS

Before Meeting of Evangelical Alliance

Many Valuable Suggestions Made—Ministers Deal With Results of Religious Census.

The monthly meeting of the Evangelical Alliance was held in St. Andrew's church parlor this morning. After the opening exercises and reading of the minutes of the last meeting, the ministers turned their attention to the consideration of the religious census handed over to them by the religious census officers.

After the crisis of church members or those who expressed a preference, were distributed, the cards of those who had no preference were divided up. Any that were known were taken by the pastor acquainted with them. The others were allowed to the church members.

The meeting suspended business at eleven o'clock to hear an address on tuberculosis by Dr. R. McIntosh, who said in opening that there was no class to whom a doctor could speak on a subject with the assurance of having an intelligent interest displayed than the clergy.

Taking up the subject of the spreading of tuberculosis, the speaker said that in the earlier stages the patient goes out among his friends and spreads the disease among them. After the patient is confined to the house or his bed he is still more liable to spread the disease through carelessness. Ventilation is neglected and care is not always taken to prevent contact from the apartment. This is due to thoughtlessness and selfishness on the part of the patient.

The spread of information regarding the disease has been such that a patient usually believes himself condemned to death. This impression is not a correct one and the afflicted should be taught that the disease can be combated, their condition improved and hopes of ultimate recovery held out.

A mistake is frequently made in the terms offered to tuberculosis. The disease might be said to be communicable rather than contagious. Regarding the plan to fight tuberculosis by education, the speaker said that starting now we would have to attempt to reach all ages and classes. If it could be arranged to have information regarding the disease imparted to children in the schools the rising generation would be protected to a large extent.

Much must also be done in improving sanitary conditions in the poorer homes.

In answer to Rev. W. W. McMaster, the speaker said that the disease was not with in person, but in the air. He believed that most of the causes of death reported as due to meningitis were in reality due to tuberculosis.

It is now believed that the tuberculosis from which cattle suffer can be communicated to people. It usually affects the glands but may develop into pulmonary tuberculosis.

In answer to another question, the speaker said that the disease could not be transferred by the breath alone. The germs needed something more substantial to carry them.

Dr. McIntosh said that if the authorities did anything to enforce sanitary conditions. He referred to the case of an afflicted family moving out of a house and allowing others to move in.

Dr. McIntosh said that as it was not classed as a contagious disease the board of health could not insist on fumigation or cleaning the premises. They were usually glad to co-operate with those who allowed them to do so.

This speaker then referred to the steps taken by the master painters to make it compulsory to have all old wall paper removed before new paper is put on in order to prevent communicating the disease.

Household pets may spread the disease. Almost every pet bird, for instance, which does not die of old age, succumbs to tuberculosis. In mesageries and zoos it is found that most of the animals die of this cause.

Regarding the habit of sleeping with open windows or sleeping out doors the doctor said that it depended a great deal on individual idiosyncrasies. The treatment that benefited one might injure others. In his own experience he knew of patients who last year had pulmonary trouble who are this winter sleeping with open windows and who have not even had a cold.

In reply to Rev. A. A. Graham, the speaker said that a certain amount of inspection was given to the conditions on the farms from which the city's supplies of milk come. He thought it went about as far as the milk vendors would stand for.

Mr. Graham then asked if the physician attending a patient usually saw that the rooms in which patients had been ill or even died of contagious diseases of tuberculosis are reported to McIntosh said this by with the board of health. The doctor's duty ended with the care of his patient. Cases of tuberculosis are reported to the board of health in some of the western provinces but in New Brunswick it is not required.

Rev. M. E. Fletcher asked about the spread of disease in the schools and said that the school authorities did not take proper care of the pupils. He also said that when a doctor was consulted regarding a child's lungs he sometimes said there was nothing the matter although the child's funeral might occur soon afterward. He recommended a

(Continued on Page Seven.)

TWO HUNDRED DEAD IN CHINA; FORTY SIX DROWNED FROM BRITISH STEAMER

REMOVED THE COLON; PUT IN A FULL-STOP. Fire in a Fleet of Flower Boats at Canton Involves Awful Loss of Life—Steamer Clan Ranald Foundered Off the Australian Coast During Heavy Weather.

Half Million Blaze in Mexico City—Trouble Brewing in Chinese Court—German Socialists Unruly.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—A special despatch to the Times from Peking declares that since the death of the Dowager Empress it has become increasingly evident that the government is in the hands of the Regent and the Manchus and that the palace is becoming a hot-bed of party faction.

This, the despatch says, is reflected in wholesale impeachments by censors whose accusations seem to be indiscriminately leveled against any official person whom they choose to attack.

SOCIALISTS FIGHT WITH POLICE. HANNOVER, Germany, Feb. 1.—Socialist demonstrations here yesterday in protest against the Prussian election laws resulted in a collision between the Socialists and the police.

The police used their side arms against the demonstrators and in the scuffling between twenty and thirty persons were injured. The police also made numerous arrests. Order finally was restored.

HALF MILLION FIRE IN MEXICO. MEXICO CITY, Feb. 1.—Fire destroyed the Hotel Pasa and two blocks of business houses and dwellings yesterday. The loss is estimated at \$500,000. In the Hotel Pasa's sixty tourists escaped with only the clothes they wore. No lives were lost.

PUT IN A FULL STOP. PORT WATNEY, Ind., Feb. 1.—Dr. William E. Nirmn, 33 years old, died yesterday following an operation recently performed at his direct consent to prove the theory that he advocated some time ago at a medical meeting in Washington.

Dr. Nirmn held that the removal of the colon would make one immune from most diseases. As he was locally diseased in the Colon he decided to experiment on himself to prove his theory.

STRUCK BY A TRAIN. ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 1.—The Central Arcade, consisting of twenty stores on the ground floor and offices and printing plants above was destroyed by fire early this morning.

Two alarms were turned in shortly after 4 o'clock, calling the entire department and the best endeavors of the firemen were futile to check the flames. The entire structure at 8 a. m. was a mass of ruins though the walls had not yet fallen.

The building is located between the N. Y. Central tracks and the Erie Canal and extends from Union to Liberty street. There are no adjacent structures so the fire did not spread beyond the building in which it started.

The building was worth over \$100,000 and was partly insured. The stock in the various stores is a total loss and as yet no accurate estimate can be made.

The firemen fought the flames valiantly with the temperature 8 below zero and scores of them were frost-bitten.

WESTERN TOWN SUFFERS FROM COAL FAMINE. And the Worst Storm of the Winter is Raging—Alberta Railway Men Want the Eight Hour Day.

ABERDEEN, Sask., Feb. 1.—The worst storm of the season is raging here and the town is completely out of coal and much suffering is resulting. Traffic is badly blocked and telephones and telegraphs are nearly out of business.

EDMONTON, Feb. 1.—The Alberta government has found the hail insurance scheme very expensive. The deficiency of the scheme is over \$60,000.

CALGARY, Feb. 1.—A petition for the eight hour day among railway men as a means of guarding against accidents which will shortly be presented to the Dominion Parliament, is being circulated among the railwaymen of Alberta and is being largely signed. They will ask that it be made illegal to employ a man longer than eight hours a day.

The funeral of the late Wm. Adams took place this afternoon at 2.30 from his residence, 123 Queen street, to Cedar Hill cemetery. Rev. G. F. Devill conducted the service.

PAID THE PENALTY FOR DOUBLE MURDER

Italian Electrocutated at Sing Sing This Morning. Had Killed Two Policemen Who Interfered When He Tried to Shoot a Fellow Countryman.

OSWING, N. Y., Feb. 1.—Salvatore Governale, who killed two policemen in New York city, in 1907, was put to death in the electric chair at Sing Sing today. He was pronounced dead after three contacts had been given.

Governale was brought into the death chamber at 5.46 o'clock this morning accompanied by an Italian priest, from New York city, and Dr. Mahoney of St. Augustine's Roman Catholic church of Oswing. The condemned man carried a crucifix in his right hand and as he walked to the chair he repeated the prayer for the dying.

The strapping in and the adjustment of the electrodes were completed at 5.47. The current consisted of 140 volts, 20 amperes. After being taken from the chair the body of Governale was turned over to relatives.

Governale's victims were George M. Secher, a plain clothes man, and Policeman Albert A. Sillick. They were shot by the Italian on Sunday afternoon April 14, after a fight in Union Square Park which started when Governale drew a revolver and fired at a fellow countryman. The policemen interfered and gave chase and Governale running to a hallway and reentering the room, opened fire on the officers, shooting both fatally. Secher died soon after being taken to a hospital, and Sillick's death followed in a few days. The Italian during his trial maintained that he did not shoot until after the man with whom he started to fight had fired first. He was convicted of murder in the first degree however, and sentenced to be electrocuted. The case was appealed but the court of appeals ruled against the condemned man.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 1.—The thermometer at the local weather bureau registered six degrees below zero early this morning. The cold was intensified by a 20 mile wind which blew throughout the night.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 1.—The thermometer at the weather bureau registered 1 degree below zero at 5 a. m. At 9 o'clock the temperature had risen to 3 above.

SCHENECTADY HAS A SPECTACULAR FIRE

Central Arcade, Twenty Stores in All, Burned. Mercury Was Eight Below and Firemen Had a Hard Fight—Loss is Not Estimated.

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THE McARTHUR & McVEY CASE ON TOMORROW

The McArthur and McVey claim against the city in connection with their contract on the water works extension comes before the court at Fredericton tomorrow. The city will be represented by Recorder Skinner, M. G. Teed and J. B. M. Baxter. It is possible that the latter may not be able to go on account of his mother's illness.

HESPERIAN HERE FOR FIRST TIME

Fine New Allan Liner Reached Port Today. Is a Sister Ship to the Gramplan and Has Been in Service for Less Than a Year.

The big Allan Liner Hesperian, a twin screw boat of commodious appointments, arrived this morning on her maiden voyage to this winter port, and about nine o'clock docked at the Allan berth at West Side.

The ship is in command of W. S. Main, P. R. G. S. The ship brought to St. John from Liverpool via Halifax, ten second cabin and three steerage passengers, as well as about 2000 tons of cargo.

During part of the last summer season the Hesperian plied between Montreal and Glasgow. She is a sister ship to the Gramplan, which has already visited this port.

The Hesperian was built in 1907-8 by Messrs. Alexander Stephen and Sons, Linthouse, and is 1000 tons register with accommodation for 200 first, 250 second, and a large number of third-class passengers. She is fitted with triple expansion, twin screw engines, and makes the passage between Montreal and Glasgow in eight days.

The ship has unusually spacious promenade decks and many public apartments are provided. Particular attention has been paid to the ventilation, a complete installation of the Thermo-Tank system supplementing the usual method of tube ventilator.

The dining saloon on this steamer is located at the forward end of the Bridge Deck, large square windows on three sides providing light and air. Adjacent to the Dining Saloon is the Pantry, in which are installed all the latest devices for perfect service.

Music and Smoking Rooms are located on the promenade deck. The first-class public apartments are tastefully paneled in fumed oak, mahogany, and other hard woods. State-rooms are provided with wardrobes, and fitted with metallic berths and folding lavatories. Extra class rooms are found on the promenade deck, with private bath rooms.

The second class music and smoking rooms are located on the bridge deck, adjacent to the entrance hall. They are large, airy apartments, and compare favorably with first class accommodations provided on many steamers.

The Second Cabin accommodation differs little from that provided for the First Class. The Dining Saloon, with a seating capacity of two hundred passengers, is located on the shelter deck, amidships and extends the full width of the steamer. The larger number of second class Cabin staterooms are also on this deck.

The Second Class Sleeping Rooms are well planned; they are, in fact, designed in a manner similar to the First Class rooms. Each room has toilet necessities, soap, electric light, etc., and

HOPES FOR AUTHORITY TO IMPOSE THE LASH

No Other Punishment is Suitable to Wife. Beaters Says Magistrate Ritchie.

In the police court this morning three drunks were fined eight dollars each. Wm. Seabury was charged with assaulting his wife. He pleaded guilty. The wife was in court with a swollen face. The left eye was terribly bruised and discolored. The excuse that the defendant gave for inflicting such injuries was that he was drunk and did not know what he was doing at the time.

The magistrate said that the fact of a person being drunk did not lawfully excuse him from committing a crime. "Last year," said his honor, "when we found these wife beaters guilty there was a fine imposed but there is a new way of doing things now. We will start this year by giving the sentence to jail without the option of a fine. There is a law that may seem to give force which will give a power to put the lash to the wife beater, and I believe that it is the proper course. When we find that a woman has been so beaten as defendant's wife has been, seems proper that he should get some punishment that would cause him to suffer. To fine such persons or put them in jail for two months does not seem to be sufficient. What they want is the lash, and as soon as the law will permit they will get it."

Seabury went to jail after remarking that he would not have given his wife such a beating if he had known what he was doing, and that she knew the same.

Fred Atkins is a man of 50 odd years and he has been in jail for a few days, for assaulting his wife on the 27th inst. He was fined \$20 or two months' jail with hard labor. He went to jail.

RECORD ATTENDANCE

January was the biggest month the Saint John Business College has had in its history of over 40 years. Today opened with another rush, and more are coming. Advice at hand indicates that February will be another record month.

The type of bodstead supplied is of the most comfortable pattern. The third class accommodation is of the most modern type. The public apartments are finished in pitch pine. Two and four berth rooms, fitted with metallic berths give to this class the privacy and comfort enjoyed by a cabin passenger.

LATEST WEATHER REPORT

COLDER