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EATON'S DAILY STORE NEWS

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Wednesday Offers Big July Sale Bargains in All Departments

Fashion is Enamored of Two Kinds of Gowns—Navy Blue Taffeta and White Crepe de Chine or Georgette Crepe

A Few of the Sale Bargains for Wednesday

10-k Gold Necklaces—fine chain, with pendant set with pearls, rubies or sapphires. Sale price, \$1.50.
Men's 10-k Gold Signet Rings, plain, engraved or embossed. Sale price, \$1.25.
—Main Floor, Yonge St.

Women's Plain and Fancy Silk Hose, Extra Special—Broken lines in higher priced silk stockings, including plain black and novelty weaves, with striped, checked or plain colored ankles. Sizes 14 to 16 in the lot. Special, Wednesday, per pair, 75c.
—Main Floor, Yonge St.

Imitation Cluny and Maltese Lace, 1 to 1 1/2 inches wide, with insertion to match. Sale price, 13 yards for 25c.
Embroidery Flouncing of Fine White Yell, with embroidery in sports shades—40 inches wide. Also Palm Beach flouncings in lawn shades—12 inches wide. Sale price, 100 a yard.
Organdy Flouncing, 44 inches wide, in many designs, and scalloped edges. Sale price, 75c a yard.
—Main Floor, Centre.

Chocolate Maple Buds. Sale price, 75c per pound.
Chocolate Covered Ginger, with rich light coating—75c per pound.
—Main Floor, James St.

Girls' White Lawn and Voile Dresses, with trimmings of Val lace and embroidery. Sizes 10 to 12 years. Reduced price, Wednesday, \$1.25.
—Third Floor, Yonge St.

Crepe de Chine, Satin and Lace Bouses, including stripes effects of pink and white, tan and white, helio and white, and white and white, also self-tone blue, brown, pink, maize, etc. Many less than half price, Wednesday, \$1.15.
(For this item we cannot take phone or mail orders, the quantity being limited.)
—Third Floor, Centre.

Groceries—Direct Telephone
Wagstaff's Original Marmalade, No. 4, 40c. 5c. 5c. 5c. (Limit 6 lbs. to a customer.)
MacLaren's Baking Powder, 1 lb. 10c.
Kear's Mustard, 4 lb. tin, 35c.
Powdered Bathbrick, 5 packages, 15c.
Pear Conserves, 3 tins, 25c.
—Main Floor.

Men's Two-piece Suits in grey and fawn mixed chevrons and narrow stripes. Sizes 36 to 46. Sale price, \$18.95.
Men's Palm Beach Suits, in natural shade, also blue and grey, with hair-line stripes. Coats are unlined. Sizes 34 to 46. Sale price, \$7.75.
—Main Floor.

Flower Boxes of green painted wood for window or veranda. Sale price, 25c each.
Daisy Lawn Mower—15 inches wide with three blades. Sale price, \$1.35.
Japanned Cans for garbage—with tight covers. Sale price, 45c.
Galvanized Wash Solders—flat bottoms, size 9 only. Sale price, 85c.
—Basement.

Miss Bureleigh Here to Fit the "Binner"

THIS experienced corsetiere, well known to patrons of the Binner corset, is here on her semi-annual visit to the Corset Department. If you are purchasing a new corset, let Miss Bureleigh fit you. She will give you valuable advice in the matter of adjusting and lacing the model you select. Appointments for fittings may be made by telephone.
—Third Floor, Queen St.

Japanese Rugs Clearing at \$4.95

One of the Leading "Specials" for Wednesday in the Great Sale of Floor Coverings.

THESE RUGS cannot be purchased to-day in Japan for the price at which they are offered on Wednesday. Suitable for use on verandahs, sunrooms, Summer homes, they have plain natural centres with conventional and key borders in shades of brown, green and blue. Size 9 x 12. Wednesday, Sale price, \$4.95 each.
Also for Wednesday—Heavy Union Art Squares, Clearing at \$7.95 Each—Floor coverings for bedrooms and sitting-rooms, in town house or Summer cottage. They are in Oriental, floral, and conventional effects in shades of red, fawn and green. Two sizes, clearing at one price. Size 12 x 13.6 and 12 x 15. Wednesday, Sale price, \$7.95 each.

Heavy Seamed Axminster Squares, offered at less than mail prices, afford an opportunity to save dollars on every rug. They are woven without mitres or cross seams, with a deep, rich pile. Medium-sized Orientals and small Persian effects in a variety of colorings. Two of the most wanted sizes. Sizes 6-9 x 9. Wednesday, Sale price, \$14.50; 9 x 9.0, Wednesday, Sale price, \$19.75; 9 x 10.6, Wednesday, Sale price, \$23.50.
—Fourth Floor.

You Who Are Still in Town Be Sure and See the Special Display of Models of This Fashionable Sort Now on View in the Women's Dress Department—Simple, Summertime Styles at Prices Running From \$17.50 to \$40.00.

FOLLOW THE LEAD of Madame New York and you will garb yourself in blue taffeta or white crepe—blue taffeta for street wear, and white Georgette or crepe de Chine for the afternoon tea party or club dance. In the wardrobe for the Summer hotel both play a prominent part.

And fascinating indeed you will find the collection of such frocks now on special display. Every model is smartness itself—characterized by a strict simplicity that means usefulness not only for the present summertime, but for the coming Autumn. Thus:

One-piece, Surplice and Coat Styles in Navy Blue Taffeta
In navy blue taffeta, a graceful gown with full-gathered skirt and surplice bodice, with sleeves of Georgette crepe. Price, \$17.50.
A model in navy taffeta, with tunic skirt and simple bodice, with collar and cuffs in flit lace, is \$30.00.
Also in navy taffeta in new long-waisted style is a very modish dress—priced \$27.50.
In one-piece coat style, girdled in with a patent leather belt, is still another model in blue taffeta—price, \$17.50.
A coat and skirt effect in navy taffeta, with collar and cuffs of grey silk, is \$22.50.

Many Pleats and Tucks in Dresses of White Crepe.
In white Georgette crepe is a delightful frock, in which rows of narrow tucks go cross-cross in most effective manner—a gown that can be worn for mourning.
Another alluring frock which fastens in the back and has a tunic skirt and the sash is likewise of white Georgette crepe. Its collar is edged with white net. Price, \$40.00.
In white crepe de Chine, laid in box pleats, with the girld fastening loosely at the back and deep collar of Georgette crepe, is a charming model at \$27.50.
And with bodice in surplice style and skirt with pleated tunic is another dress in white crepe de Chine at \$25.00.
—Third Floor, James St.

Envelope Chemises of Pink or White Silk

The Popular Garment Combining Chemise and Drawer, Which Many

IN HIGH FAVOR for the go-away wardrobe, because it can be washed and ironed so easily, the silk envelope chemise offers itself in many new forms of sweet simplicity. Here, for example, are some of the Summer models in the Lingerie Rooms:

Envelope chemise, of white crepe de Chine, with pointed Val lace bordering it at the neck, and satin ribbon serving for shoulder straps. Price, \$3.50.



Women Wear as Corset Cover and Drawer, Priced \$3.25 to \$5.50.

In an extra heavy quality of pink crepe de Chine, edged and inset with flit lace, is an envelope at \$4.50.

Having shaped shoulders and arm-holes is a model in pink or white crepe de Chine, inset with Val lace and having draw-string and bows of pale blue ribbon. This is \$4.50.

In white Habutai silk, with hemstitched edges, the ribbon running through the hem at the neck, is a smart-looking envelope at \$3.25, while one in the same silk, edged and inset with Val lace, is \$3.75.
—Third Floor, Queen St.

Women's Corduroy Skirts Sale-priced \$1.95

THIS is one of the Wednesday attractions in the July Sale of Skirts, and well worth an early visit to the department, the skirts being of excellent quality of corduroy in a choice of white, rose and Copenhagen blue. The selection includes several well-tailored styles, with belts, pockets and pearl buttons as almost invariable features. Sizes range from 22 to 30 waist measure. Every skirt in the offering is many dollars less than the usual price, some half price and less. Wednesday, Sale price, \$1.95.
—Third Floor, Centre.

T. EATON CO.



This is Interesting

A LITTLE more than a hundred years ago, a timid, delicate woman of thirty, living in a lonely rectory on the bleak Yorkshire moors, went into her father's study and said:
"Papa, I've been writing a book."
"Have you, my dear?" he inquired.
"Yes, and I want you to read it."
"I am afraid it will try my eyes too much."
"But it is not in manuscript, it is printed."
"My dear, you have never thought of expenses it will be! It will be almost sure to be a loss, for how can you set a book sold? No one knows you or your name."
"But, papa, I don't think it will be a loss; no more will you, if you will just let me read you a review or two, and tell you more about it."
She left him a copy of the book to be read. When he joined his family at tea, he said, "Girls, do you know that Charlotte has been writing a book, and it is much better than likely!"
In this placid manner Charlotte Brontë's household was made aware of her authorship of "Jane Eyre," the novel that has entranced readers of all ages and classes since the day of its appearing. The fact that the 24th of July marks the centenary of the death of Charlotte Brontë should revive our affection for "Currer Bell," if only to the extent of including among our holiday books that ever interesting biography, Mrs. Gaskell's "Life of Charlotte Brontë."

EVERY little butterfly of a girl wears silk stockings nowadays. But a few hundred years ago, the novel and queens regarded them as a luxury. Until the time of Henry VII. men and women's hose were made of ordinary black cloth. When Edward VI. received from Antwerp a present of a pair of long Spanish silk stockings, it was considered quite a remarkable event. Queen Elizabeth I. is the first woman on record as wearing silk stockings. One of her ladies-in-waiting, Mistress Montague, gave them to her for a New Year's gift, with which she was so delighted that she sent for the donor and inquired if more could be had. To which Mistress Montague replied, "I made them very carefully of purpose, only for your Majesty, and see these please you so, even though I presently set more in hand." "Do so," quoth the Queen, "for indeed I like silk stockings so well because they are pleasant, fine and delicate that henceforth I will wear no more cloth stockings." And from that time until her death Good Queen Bess wore only silk hose.

A BROWN-EYED MAIDEN in a pink and white gingham frock, sitting on a lawn, was one of the most beguiling sights that Old Sol shone upon yesterday afternoon. The purposeful gingham is so happily attuned with the times, and how smart a gown can be, even though practical as a grocer's apron. The gingham dresses you can get for less than ten dollars as a full of style and becomingness as many a hundred-dollar party frock.

THE sailor collar dates its origin from the time when sailors wore pig-tails. It was devised to prevent the hair from soiling the uniform.

The Scribble

RAILWAY ACT NOT ENFORCED

(Continued from Page 1).

the Anti-combines Act and Elections Act had become dead letters because there was no official whose duty it was to enforce them.

Judge MacKenzie (Cape Breton), Mr. Carvell (Carleton), and Mr. Wright (Muskegon), opposed federal courts and suggested that the Railway Act could be enforced in the same way as the criminal code.

Enforcement of Act.
When clause five was reached Hon. George P. Graham called attention to the fact that government railways were not apparently placed under the board of railway commissioners, as had been anticipated.

Hon. Frank Cochrane, minister of railways, replied that the matter would be dealt with by amending the government railway act.

When clause 42 was reached E. M. Macdonald (Picton) pointed out that some jurisdiction questions might arise in the enforcement of the act. W. F. Maclean (South York) said there were many offences prescribed by the railway act and penalties for their violation, but who was responsible for the enforcing of the act? In his opinion that responsibility should be definitely placed upon the railway commission.

Mr. Carvell (Carleton, N.B.) objected that it would take an army of officials to enforce the law. There was plenty of machinery for its enforcement, but private prosecutors could be relied upon to set it in motion.

Responsible Authorities.
Mr. Maclean replied that parliament, in passing the law, should provide for its enforcement. In his opinion the board of railway commissioners, or the attorney-general of Canada, or both, should be held responsible for enforcing the railway act. He quoted from the United States Interstate Commerce Act to show that the United States Interstate Commerce Commission was required by law to see that the act was obeyed and that those who violated it were punished.

Hon. Geo. P. Graham said he did not favor a public prosecutor, as that would involve a lot of red tape. Any person who felt aggrieved at any violation of the railway act should complain to the railway commission. Mr. Carvell said the board of railway commissioners had ample power to enforce the act, but Judge MacKenzie (North Cape Breton) said he did not believe that the railway commissioners should be on the look-out for violations of the law. They should wait until somebody made a charge and then try it. He could see no reason why parliament should provide for enforcing any law. That was a matter for the provincial authorities, who satisfactorily administered the criminal law.

Many Laws Not Enforced.
Mr. Maclean said there were many laws passed by this parliament which were not enforced at all. The elections act was a joke so far as preventing corruption at elections was concerned. Election contests were saved off and there was no one to prosecute wrongdoers. The anti-combines act was openly defied, and there were many offences which could only be satisfactorily dealt with by the federal authorities. He believed the time had passed for making laws without providing some way for their enforcement and making someone responsible for their enforcement. The United States had learned this lesson, and nothing was making for national unity more in the United States than federal enforcement of federal law.

Mr. Nesbitt (North Oxford): "Will you draft a clause?"
Mr. Maclean: "I will have an amendment to offer when the clause direct-

ly dealing with the enforcement of the act is reached."
Mr. Wright (Muskegon): "Do you want two sets of courts?"
Mr. Maclean: "We may have to have federal courts. We have one or two now, and if more are required to enforce the laws that are passed I would favor creating them."

A Contentious Clause.
When clause 220 was reached, making the county judge sole arbitrator in expropriation cases, strong opposition developed, voiced at first by Mr. Carvell, Mr. Nesbitt, Mr. Copp (Westmoreland) and other Liberals, but it soon received support from a number of Conservative members.

Mr. Steele (South Perth) said he did not think the county judge was always able to appreciate the full damage inflicted upon a farm by running a railroad thru it.

Mr. Smith (South Ontario) doubted if the average judge was an expert in farm land values, or the way in which a farm might be damaged by a railway running thru it. The proposed change was defended on the ground that it obviated delay, but the delay, under our present system, was usually due to the railway company, which held off the farmer and his compensation, as long as possible.

Mr. Sexsmith (East Peterboro) also vigorously attacked the proposed change in the law, and the clause finally stood over for further consideration.

When the clause of the bill was reached which requires railway companies to keep their right-of-way free of weeds, Mr. Sexsmith observed that this was one of many sections which might be considered in connection with the motion of the member for South York (W. F. Maclean) for more efficient enforcement of the act.

Bilingual Issue.
Mr. Boulay (Rimouski) wanted the bill amended so as to require the railways operating in the province of Quebec to employ conductors and station agents who could speak both lan-

guages. No action, however, was taken.
When the clause was reached requiring railways to pay their employees at least semi-monthly, Mr. Mr. Cochrane moved an amendment, bringing the section into effect on January 1, 1918, which was adopted.
When the house was about to adjourn, Mr. Graham asked Mr. Cochrane, who was leading the house, what business would be brought on by the government tomorrow.
Mr. Cochrane: "I do not know." (Laughter.)
Mr. Graham: "Will you go ahead with this bill?"
"Mr. Cochrane: 'I would like to go ahead with it.'"

Big Fighting Likely Upon Italian Front
Latest Official Report From Rome Indicates Renewed Offensive.

CAMP BORDEN ORDERS AND SPORTING RESULTS
Scores in Recently-Played Soccer and Baseball Games Between Military Units.

Camp Borden, July 16.—Capt. Hinman, an American officer from Concord, N. H., is staying a few days with the officers of the infantry training depot.
Lieut. Wm. M. Mills has been permitted to resign his appointment with the Forestry Dept., struck off the strength of the C. E. F. and seconded from the Canadian militia, while with the Royal Flying Corps.
Capt. Henry Chas. Wales, A. M. C., is to be employed at the Toronto Base Hospital as a militia officer.
In the inter-squadron soccer at the Royal Flying Corps, the 22nd Squadron defeated the repair section by a score of 1 to 0.
In the Camp Borden Soccer League the 10th Regiment, Score 5 to 0.
Baseball results: Southern group—School of Infantry defeated 10th Regiment, Score 10 to 9; 10th Royal Grenadiers beat Forestry, Score 26 to 16; Northern group—Sub-staff beat mechanical transport, Score 12 to 1.
Saturday next, July 21, has been fixed for the date of the Camp Borden horse show and gymnastics.
Hon. Capt. J. E. Jenkins, acting principal chaplain during the absence of Lieut.-Col. G. H. Williams, arrived in camp today.
The camp band played at guard mounting this morning for the first time.

FUNERAL OF RETURNED SOLDIER.
Special to The Toronto World.
Guelph, July 16.—The funeral of the late Capt. H. L. C. Walker of the 70th Battery, who died last week as the result of being shell shocked at the front some time ago, took place here this afternoon. The members of the Guelph Great War Veterans' Association turned out in a body and many officers of high rank were also in attendance. The funeral was one of the largest held here for some time.

SOLDIER NOMINEES
Canadian Associated Press Cable.

London, July 16.—The following nominations for the Alberta elections were received by the agent-general from troops in England and France: Lieut.-Col. Peter E. Bowen, 202nd Batt.; James K. Cornwall, Railway Construction (belongs to Edmonton); William H. Fewgill, 21st Res.; Arthur M. Jarvis, Munson; John W. McKinnery, Edmonton; Arthur E. Myatt, command depot, Calgary; Lionel F. Page, 60th Batt.; Red Deer; Captain Lionel Asquith, 17th Res., Lethbridge; Alfred M. F. Calderon, 3th Res., Edmonton; Wm. D. Farris, Medicals, Edmonton; Douglas W. Gray, Medicals, Red Deer; Robert Parson, Y.M.C.A., Calgary; Major James Walker, Forestry, Calgary; Lt. H. Taylor, 31st Batt., Calgary; Quarter-master-Sergeant Thomas A. Frost, Calgary; Staff-Sergeant Charles Camroux, West Ontario, Edmonton; Sergeant-Major Harry L. Bateson, 9th Res., Edmonton; Sergeant Pies, George E. Harper, 49th Batt., Wainwright; P. Stow, Calgary; Robert Catherine MacGowan, Medicals, Orpington (belongs to Edmonton).

Body of Mrs. M. L. Schumacher, Gorge Wreck Victim, Found
Special to The Toronto World.
Niagara Falls, Ont., July 16.—The body of Mrs. Marion Lloyd Schumacher, of Akron, Ohio, a victim of the Gorge road wreck of July 1, was taken from the river late this afternoon about a mile southwest of Lewiston, and three miles beyond where the accident occurred on the American side. This makes the twelfth body that has been reclaimed.

RUSSIAN ARMY BEATS TEUTONS
(Continued from Page 1).

the River Otus one of our scouting parties, on its arrival at the enemy's trenches, was subjected to an attack by twenty Germans. The officers fought their way back, carrying the body of a dead soldier.
"Caucasus" front: Southwest of Guasaneh our troops beat off three Turkish attacks in the region of the Garmar summit. In the direction of Panjwin, after an engagement, we stopped a Turkish advance.
Ruse Tade Dolina?
The occupation by the Russians of the Gallician town of Dolina is reported in a Petrograd despatch to The Idea Nazionale of Rome, as quoted in a Central News despatch from that city. The Austrian army of Gen. Boehm-Ermolli is said to have been thrown back on the Carpathians.
The Russians also drove the Austrians out of the Village of Lodzian, in the Lomnica River region, and retained possession of the eastern end of the town. Northeast of Kalusz the Germans began an attack this morning. The Russians threw them back.

Dolina is an important Gallician center, 22 miles southeast of Strzy, and about 15 miles southwest of Kalusz. The village of the key city Kalusz is a strategic point, lies around Lemberg, which lies 20 miles to the north.
Much Artillery Activity.
The evening communication issued by the German War Office says: "On the Russian front the artillery activity has frequently been of a lively nature."
In the eastern theatre there has been no fighting activity of importance.