

ture; and also of wrongs, proper to be compensated in damages; and more especially where our natural-born subjects of Great-Britain, Ireland, or our other Plantations, residing at Quebec, or who may resort thither, or have credit or property within the same; may happen to be either plaintiff or defendant, in any civil suit of such a nature.

13th, Security to personal liberty, is a fundamental principle of justice in all free governments; and the making due provision for that purpose, is an object the legislature of Quebec ought never to lose sight of; nor can they follow a better example than that which the common law of this kingdom hath set, in the provision made for a writ of habeas corpus, which is the right of every British subject in this kingdom.

17th, You shall not displace any of the judges, justices of the peace, or other officers or ministers, without good and sufficient cause; which you shall signify to us by one of our principal Secretaries of State, or to our Commissioners for Trade and Plantations, for their information.

After the Chief-Justice's answer was delivered and read, he would have proceeded to adduce his proofs in support of all he had alledged; but their Lordships thought proper to defer the business to Tuesday the 22d of December, in order that Sir
Guy