The lumber business is in the happy position of having its trade already pretty well assured for the season.

WHITE PINE.							
Up're, 1, 13, 13 and 2	- 1	Shelving, No. 1, 13 in	ı				
in\$48 00	50 00	and up, 1 in 32 00@34 00	1				
21/2 and 3 in 56 00	58 OU	Dressing, 11/4 in 26 30 28 cm					
4 in (co co	is au	1 1 1 1 2 2 10 and 12 28 00					
Selects, 1 in 42 00	43 Co	1)4 in 24 00 25 a)					
136 to 2 in 42 00	43 W	2 in 26 50 28 00					
2) and 3 in 51 00	53 CO	Muld styr, 1 to 2 in 33 in 35 w					
4 in	52 W	Harn, No. 1, 10and 12					
Fine common, t in 37 00	38 au	in 23 00 24 00	,				
135 and 135 in 37 00	38 w	6 and 8 in 22 տ Հյա	,				
2 in 39 00	40 00	No. 2, 10 and 12 in. 19 00	, '				
214 nml 3 in 39 00	40 00		•				
4 10	47 00		•				
Cut'g up, No. 1, 1 in. 29 oo	30 00						
15 to 2 in 35 w	3/00	Common, 1 in 16 00 18 00					
No. 2, 1 in 19 00	20 00	15% and 15% in 18 50 70 00	•				
No. 2, 11/2 to 2 in 25 00	27 00	2 in 20 to 22 to	•				
No. 3, 136 to 2 in 18 00	19 00	l					
BOY.							
1210 and 12 in. (No 3		Narrow 13 00@14 00					
out)		1 1 in 15 00 18 ∞					
126 and 8 in (No. 3 out)		154(in15 oo 18 oo					
13.13 and wider 16 on	18 úa	ြာ in 15 ယ 18 ယ	•				
		GLSS					
18 in. XXX, clear 3 75		16 in., "A extra 2 50 2 ω	•				
18 in. XX, 6 in. clear.		16 in. clear butts 2 to	•				
	I.A						
No. 1, 4 ft 2 60		No. 1, 3 ft	•				
No. 2, 4 ft	1 95	İ					
							

ALBANY, N.Y.

Alliany, N.Y., June 30.—Shipments have kept up well throughout the month, and yet business is somewhat slack. There is a limp in trade due not directly to trouble in the lumber trade, but to the uncertainty that just now overhangs the commercial world.

VINE.						
21/2 in. and up, good\$58 \$60 1	10-in, common\$15 \$16					
Fourths 53	12-in, dressing and better 28 34					
Selects 50	Common					
	11/4-in, siding, selected, 13 ft. 40 45					
11/ to 2 in. good 52 55	Common					
Fourths 47 50	z-in, siding, selected 38 42					
Selects 42 45]	Common					
Pickings 37 40	Norway, clear 22 23					
1-in, good 52 55	Drewing 15 13					
Fourths 47 50	Common 11 15					
Selects 42 45	10-in. plank, 13 ft., dressing c. c.					
l'ickings 37 40						
Cutting up 22 27	to in. plank, 13-ft, culls, each 23 25					
llracket plank 30 35	ro-in, boards, 13 ft., dressing					
Shelving boards, 12-in, up 30 32	and better, each 28 32					
Dressing boards, narrow 20 22	10-in. boards, 13-ft. Culls 17 21					
I.A.	·					
Pine\$2 40]	Spruce \$2 40 \$2 50					
SHINGLES.						
Sawed Pine, ex. xxxx \$4 35 \$4 50]	Hound hutte 6x 18 St oo S6 oo					
Clear butte 2 10 3 ac	Hemlock 2 15 2 30					
2000 a 10	Spruce 2 20 2 30					

SAGINAW, MICH.

SAGINAW, Mich., June 30.-No great amount of go has had any place in lumber this month. Trade is not depressed but everyone seems in a waiting condition not appearing to know how financial matters may shape.

vinkhing lumber—kough.					
Uppers, 1, 13/ and 13/45 00 Fine common, 1 in35 00 2 in					
Schotts, 1 in					
136 and 135					
2 in4t no					
SIDING.					
Clear, 1/2 in19 00 C, 1/4 in19 00					
35 in					
33 in					
TIMBER, JOIST AND SCANTLING					
2x4 to 10x10, 12, 14 and 16 ft.\$11 ou 20 ft					
13 ft 15 ω 22 and 24 ft 15 ω					
For each additional a ft. add \$1; 12 in, plank and timber \$1 extra; extra					
for sizes above 12 in.					
SHINGLES					
XXX 18 in. Climax 3 65 18 in. X (cull) 1 co					
XXX Saginaw 3 40 XXX shorts 2 25					
XX Climax 2 25 XX 1 50					
13 in. 4 in. C. b 1 25 !					
LATIC.					
Lath, No 2, white pine 2 35 Lath, No. 2, W. pine, Norway 1 65					

NEW YORK CITY.

NEW YORK, June 30 .- Considerable quietude and caution marks the market at the present time. The trade are careful with whom they make accounts, and those worth selling to are not in a buying mood, conditions that have their origin in the generally unsettled condition of the money market, and not local to the lumber trade. Prices for pine hold firm and dry stocks are scarce.

WHITE TIN	パーギ	STERN GRADES	
Uppers, 2 in \$44 over			
		150x, in\$17 000	
		Thicker 17 50	
Selects, 1 in 40 00			
1 in., all wide 41 00	43 co	No. 2 35 co	37 00
		No. 3 24 00	
		Shelving, No. 1 30 00	
Fine common, 1 in., 36 co	37 W	_ No. 2 25 co.	27 V
		Molding, No. 1. 36 or	
		No. 2 34 m	
Cutting up, 1 in. No. 1 28 co			
70, 3 31 co	23 co	No. 1 22 69	33 20
Thick, No. 1 29 00 No. 2	33 00	yor 5 20 co	30 Zu
ິ່ງຫ່າ :ີ່ st ∞	20 CO	1 . 20 3	1; 10
Common, No. 1, 10		Voinalicitary yet 1 al or	
		No. 2 20 00	35 OU
		Common 18 00	19 OS
No. 3 17 00	12 co	J	

The Canadian Lumber Company, at Elmira, N.V., has passed into the hands of a receiver. Liabilities are placed at about \$1,000,000, with nominal assets of \$250,000.

BRITISH COLUMBIA LETTER.

[Regular correspondence CANADA LAMBIRMAN].

T is pleasing to be able to report that all the mills on the coast of British Columbia and Vancouver Island are The mills in this city and Vancouver are shipping daily to Manitoba and Northwest Territories in addition to their local trade.

Mr. H. L. DeBeck, of Brunett Saw Mill Co., has just returned from an extended trip through Manitoba and N.W.T. He was over all the branch lines except to Prince Albert and McLeod. He visited every town to and including Winnipeg. Though he was there at a dull time of the year he is satisfied with the business he did. He sold too cars of lumber, lath and shingles and orders are now coming in at the rate of two and three per day. Dealers were complaining of the credit system and selling almost for cash only. When he left southern Manitoba there was still snow there, in the end of April. Dealers were waiting to see how the crops promised before ordering more than for actual requirements.

AN IMMENSE SHIPMENT.

The largest lumber cargo ever shipped by a single vessel from a Pacific coast port was last week completed by Robert Ward & Co., limited, of Victoria, on the Hawaiian ship John Eno, loading at Hugitt & McIntyre's mill at Cowichan. cargo consisted of 39,287 pieces, measuring 2,580,797 feet. The Eno's tonnage is 2,700. She has sailed for Port Piric. The Seattle Post Intelligencer states that the largest cargo ever taken from Puget Sound was 1,932,976 feet, on the British steamer Suffolk, which sailed for Port Ludlow for Melbourne on October 20, 1890. Next to this comes the British ship Ellisland, which took 1,9\$1,503 feet, and the British ship Australia, which carried 1,849,000 feet. Hence our province has with this shipment beaten the previous Pacific coast record,

COAST CHIPS.

Alex. Johnston, of the B. C. M. T. &. T. Co. had his right hand hadly cut by its coming in contact with a shingle saw in

The Royal City Mills are working overtime to keep up with the demand for lumber, which has been fairly brisk of late.

Another logging camp is to be established by the Royal City

There would seem to be no adequate reason why hardwood tree growing should not hereafter become a valuable addition to British Columbia's forestry enterprise. Hence the Dominion Government is acting wisely in sending to our province Prof. Saunders, the director of Canada's Experimental Farm system, in order to initiate experiments in growing hardwood trees on the Agassiz hillsides. It is believed that in many cases the planting of hardwood trees may profitably follow the lumbermen's clearance of hillside tracts, previously forested in fir and codar.

NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C., June 20, 1893.

WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

IN section 3, of the sawmill building, the Covel Manufacturing Company, of this city, has what it calls the biggest exhibit of saw sharpening machinery ever seen. On these and similar machines the success of a sawmill largely depends, no matter how good the mill proper is, or how expert the men who handle it are, if the saw is not in the right trim the result disappoints. In small mills doing a hundred thousand feet of custom sawing yearly, it is not a heavy job for a man to keep the saw in order by hand, but in a big commercial mill handwork on a saw to any extent is entirely out of fashion. These automatic machines dress the teeth up so accurately and rapidly that they are indispensable and at the same time one of the sights for a visitor to a sawmill to see. W. L. Covel, brother of M. Covel, of Belovi, Miss, is in charge of the exhibit and to hear him talk a few minutes of his experience at the Centennial will disabuse a man's mind of the idea that expositions are out-ofpocket events to the exhibitors, as some choose to call them. At Philadelphia he was in charge of the Covel sharpener and the machine was given a great boom. He sold machines to go to Turkey, New Zealand, Australia and several other foreign countries. And what on earth they wanted of the machine in Turkey he didn't know, and cared less as long as it was paid for. His profits at the Centennial exceeded \$3,000. Since that time \$,000 machines have been sold. The above is taken from the Northwest Lumberman, of June 17th, and refers to the Covel exhibit at the Chicago World's Fair. The William Hamilton Manufacturing Co., of Peterborough, Ont., are sole agents and manufacturers of these machines for the Dominion of Canada.

COMING SALES.

An important sale of crown timber limits in the province of New Branswick is announced in our advertising columns.



AND POWER

If you require a pump for any duty, of the latest and most improved pattern, and at close prices,

~@@~

WRITE US



TORONTO - ONT.

-LIMITED