

exception, therefore, of that small number who are contented to remain laborers, the chief object and expectation of an emigrant is that of becoming a landholder. That this object is more easy of attainment in the British Colonies than in America will be shown in the following particulars :

We will suppose a laborer on his way to the United States : he would have to pay for his passage, in the steerage, from London to Baltimore, about 10*l.*; his stock of provisions, bedding, &c. would, at the very lowest calculation, come to 10*l.* more : his journey from Baltimore to the western territory, the only part where work is certain, might, perhaps, cost another 10*l.*, making upon the whole 30*l.* At the end of this journey he will have to seek for employment; and though there is little doubt of his obtaining it, yet he must labor for several years before he can acquire sufficient, even with great economy, to become a proprietor of land.

On the other hand, a laboring man, for 30*l.* or 35*l.** at the most, can convey himself to New South Wales or Van Diemen's. Upon his arrival at either of these places, in lieu of having to work for four or five years, he obtains at once a grant of from 50 to 100 acres, is fed for six months, and may

* These calculations, it must be borne in mind, only apply to an individual : if the settler have a wife and children, the sum will probably amount to near 100*l.*, or more, in proportion to the family.