# ANADEXPO

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## Canada-Colombia Trade Increases to \$320 Million

With a highly developed and entrepreneurial private sector that is keen to import necessary products and services from Canadian suppliers, Colombia has become Canada's fourth-largest trading partner in South America.

In 1990, two-way trade totalled more than \$320 million, with Canadian exports to Colombia exceeding \$188 million, an increase of 15 per cent over 1989.

Colombia is an important mar-

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ket for Canadian commodities and manufactured products, with Canadian exports to the country including newsprint, wheat, pulses, chemicals, motor vehicles, petroleum products, raw materials, electrical motors and telecommunications equipment.

### Reforms Aid Trade

In economic policy terms, Colombia in 1991 is no longer

the same country it was a year ago.

Since the launch of an economic opening program "Apertura" in February 1990 to internationalize and modernize the economy, an avalanche of measures and institutional reforms at all levels has been implemented in the country.

Canada's success in the Colombian marketshould be assisted by these economic reforms - many of them being implemented by the administration of President Cesar Gaviria.

Trade liberalization has already resulted in the elimination of import license requirements for 93 per cent of items and a phased reduction in tariffs from an average of 21.1 per cent at present to 6.8 per cent by September 1993.

Exports, licenses, joint ventures will all benefit from a new regime whose objective is to expose the Colombian industry to international competition.

Reforms are expected to bring a 6 per cent real economic growth in five years. Optimism and a strong sense of confidence in the policies of the present government is ·widespread.

Including expansion of duty-free status from the current 7 per cent of imports to 32 per cent, it is estimated that the average consolidated tax (duty and surtax) will drop from the current level of 33.4 per cent to 14.6 per cent by the end of the economic opening process.

## LATEST CANADIAN INTERNATIONAL TRADE FIGURES Other 2% Agricultural Prod. 10% Automotive Prod. 21% Energy Prod. 11% Forestry Prod. 14% Jechinary & Equip. 21% Industrial Goods 21% Source: Statisics Canada

Canadian Exports, by Sector, January 1991

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Other measures include the elimination of cargo preferences where a previous requirement to ship 50 per cent of imports by Colombian flag vessels no longer exists.

Generally speaking, the "Apertura" program will allow Canadian companies to work in Colombia on a more equal footing with local companies and without the impediments to trade that existed before.

Canadian companies would be well advised to take advantage of this opening now as 'Apertura' will give rise to new commercial opportunities in such sectors as oil and gas, telecommunications,

electronics, plastics, electrical equipment and transportation.

#### **Financial Support**

The Export Development Corporation (EDC) has been a keystone in Canada's success in the Colombian market. EDC project financing and lines of credit have supported Canadian sales of mining equipment, aircraft and industrial machinery to a wide range of public and private sector clients.

The Canadian Interna-

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