

them. These ribs curve concavely and rather widely forward on each side, and narrowly and convexly forward on the venter.

It would therefore appear that in Canada the true *Inachus undatus* of Emmons, which Hyatt refers to *Eurystomites* but which may be a *Plectoceras*, has only been found near Kingston, in the Black River limestone. Also, that all the specimens from that formation in the Province of Quebec which have been called *Lituites undatus*, and similar specimens from the Black River limestone near Ottawa, are either *Plectoceras Halli* (Foord) or an at present undetermined and possibly undescribed species, whose generic relations have yet to be ascertained. And that *Plectoceras obscurum* is a synonym of *P. Halli*.

ERRATA IN PREVIOUS PAPER.

- On page 119, line 11 from bottom, for "loosely" read loosely.
 ,, 120, line 9 from bottom, for "1861" read 1891.
 ,, 121, line 2 from top, for "*P. Foordi*" read *P. Halli*.
 ,, 121, line 7 from top, for "sipuncle" read siphuncle.
 ,, 121, line 8 from top, for "specimen" read species.
 ,, 121, line 9 from bottom, for "surtural" read sutural.

Ottawa, Oct. 20th, 1903.

BIRD NOTES.

CANADIAN RUFFED GROUSE (*Bonasa umbellus togata*).—An incident illustrating the velocity of flight of the ordinary so-called Birch Partridge of this district, occurred in the middle of September last. As I was sitting at my office desk, I was startled by a loud crash of glass close above my head, accompanied by a shower of fragments. Upon examination, I found that one of the above-named birds had flown through the window. The pane broken was of thick double diamond glass, 3 ft. 4 in. long by 1 ft. 7 in. wide. The bird had been raised by a dog, about fifty yards from the building, and had flown straight at the window, possibly thinking it was an opening through which it could escape. The velocity was so great that the bird was killed almost instantly, and the breast bone and furcula or wish-bone were crushed.

PINE GROSBEEK (*Pinicola enucleata*).—On October 30th, on a lawn at the Central Experimental Farm, I saw and watched closely for some time a small flock of about a dozen Pine Grosbeaks, which were busily engaged eating the seeds of the small