TO RENT

TO LET—3 STORY BRICK BUILDING with basement, 25x65, suitable for machine shop or manufacturing of any kind, situated on Ontario-street, 1 door north of King. Apply to 1 Ontario-street.

TO LET—LARGE FRONT ROOM, HEATED by furnace, open grate and wardrobe, private family, no children, few minutes from Parliament buildings. 19 Vincent-street.

PERSONAL.

NATIVE WINE ONE DOLLAR PER GALlon. Direct importer of fine wines, etc. C. E. Vardon, 543 Queen west. Tel. 2134.

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Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

SHIRTS FOR SPRING, SOLID COLORS, neat figures, hairline stripes, white and white body with colored fronts and cuffs. Assortment complete at Dixon's, 65 King west.

SECOND-HAND TYPE AND CASES FOR sale. Apply at the Central Press Agency, 88 Yonge-street.

HATS, TIES, SHIRTS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, Underwear, Umbrellas, Waterproofs. New stock, prices incomparable, at Dixon's, hatters and furnishers, 65 and 67 King west.

LOST.

FROM 310 SHERBOURNE-STREET, MARCH 16th, an English terrier dog with black spots; answers to the name of Prince; a suitable reward will be given for his recovery.

MUSICAL.

P. W. NEWTON, TEACHER OF BANJO, Guitar and Mandolin. Private lessons. Music arranged for banjo, guitar and mandolin. Terms reasonable. Studio: Nordheimers', room 5, 15 King east. Evening lessons at residence, 112 Sherbourne-street.

DENTISTRY.

F. H. SEFTON,
DENTIST - - ESTABLISHED 1889.
I am prepared to insert gold fillings at $1.
.....172 YONGE-STREET.....
Other fillings in proportion. Painless extraction by the new method. 136

RIGGS, DENTIST—BEST TEETH ON PLATES only $8; crowning and bridging a specialty.

JEWELRY.

DIAMOND RING, FIVE WHITE STONES, sacrifice, $15, cost $50; smaller one, $5; solid gold rings 75c, coin silver stem-winder watch $8.50, worth $20; American spectacles; eyeglasses for everybody 25c, pebbles $1.50, gold $2.50, guaranteed. Woolson, 185 Queen-street west, near Simcoe.

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JAMES BOWDEN, 102 ADELAIDE-STREET west, Toronto; patterns and models mechanically and accurately constructed with promptness and despatch; estimates given; satisfaction guaranteed. 137

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OPTICIANS.

EYESIGHT PROPERLY TESTED BY MY OPTICIAN. 159 Yonge-street, Toronto.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL—MICHAELS, THE old reliable opticians of King-street, have removed to 218 Yonge-street, corner of Albert; the trade supplied.

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS.

THOMAS MULROONEY (LATE OF THE Palmer House) has opened a cigar and tobacco business at No. 70 Queen-street west, opposite the Jumbo grocery. Choicest brands of tobaccos and cigars. A call solicited. ed-7

ISLAND BOATS.

CAPT. GOODWIN BEGS TO ANNOUNCE that his new steamer Morning Star is now ready for the season's business. She has a large freight capacity and every convenience for all kinds of Island freight. Apply Conger Coal Dock, foot of Church-street. Telephone 253. ed-7

MEDICAL.

DR. H. A. PARKYN HAS OPENED AN office Corner of Simcoe and Adelaide-streets. ed-7

"DOWN TOWN OFFICES" OF DRS Canniff, Nattress, Henwood, Hood and Dixon (nose, throat, ear). Janes' Building, King and Yonge.

PATENT SOLICITORS.

RIDOUT & MAYBEE, SOLICITORS OF Patents; pamphlet on Patents sent free. J. G. Ridout (late C.E.), barrister, solicitor, etc.; J. E. Maybee, mech. eng. Telephone 2382. 103 Bay-street, Toronto.

BILLIARDS.

BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES—LOW price and easy terms, billiard goods of every description; ivory and celluloid billiard and pool balls manufactured, repaired and recolored; bowling alley balls, pins, foot chalks, marking boards, swing cushions, etc., etc.; estimates for alleys given on application. Send for new '93 catalogue to Samuel May & Co., Billiard Table Manufacturers, 68 King-street west, Toronto.

FINANCIAL.

A LARGE AMOUNT OF PRIVATE FUNDS to loan at low rates. Read, Read & Knight, solicitors, etc., 75 King-street east, Toronto. ed

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGES, endowments, life policies and other securities. James C. McGee, Financial Agent and Policy Broker, 5 Toronto-street. ed

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN IN LARGE OR small sums at lowest current rates. Apply Maclaren, Macdonald, Merritt & Shepley, Barristers, 28-30 Toronto-street, Toronto.

LEGAL CARDS.

LAIDLAW, KAPPELE & BICKNELL, BARristers and solicitors, Imperial Bank Buildings, Toronto. William Laidlaw, Q.C., George Kappele, James Bicknell, C. W. Kerr.

ALLAN & BAIRD, BARRISTERS, ETC., Canada Life Buildings (1st floor), 40 to 46 King-street west, Toronto; money to loan. W. T. Allan, J. Baird.

A. F. MCINTYRE, BARRISTER PROVINCE of Ontario. Advocate Province of Quebec. New York Life Building, Montreal.

HANSFORD & LENNOX, BARRISTERS, Solicitors. Money to loan at 5½ per cent., 10 Manning Arcade, 34 King-street West, Toronto.

MCDOWALL THOMSON, BARRISTER, SOLLicitor, Notary, &c., room 79, Canada Life Building, 45 King-street West, Toronto. Telephone 2418.

MACINTYRE & SINCLAIR, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc. Room 33, 34 Victoria-street (Land Security Co.'s Building). Branch office at Creemore, Ont. Arch. J. Sinclair, Alex. D. Macintyre.

HOTELS.

ROYAL HOTEL, HARRISTON, ONE OF THE finest commercial hotels in the west; special attention paid to the traveling public; rates $1 to $1.50 per day. J. B. Bingham, proprietor. ed

RUSSELL HOUSE, ORILLIA—RATES $1 TO $1.50 per day; first-class accommodation for travelers and tourists. F. W. Finn, Prop.

THE HUB—LEADER LANE, W. H. ROBINson, proprietor. Wines and liquors of the finest brands. First-class refreshment and lunch counter in connection.

THE ELLIOTT, CORNER CHURCH AND Shuter-streets—delightful location, opposite Metropolitan square; modern conveniences; rates $2 per day; reasonable rates to families; Church-street cars from Union Depot. J. W. Hurst, Proprietor.

LAKE VIEW HOTEL, Cor. Winchester & Parliament-sts.
Every accommodation for families visiting the city, being healthy and commanding a magnificent view of the city. Terms moderate.
ed JOHN AYRE, Proprietor.

LADIES Pamphlet free, re Dr. Kirkwood's Force and Suction Syringe. Address, CLAYTON SPECIALTY CO., Toronto.

OFFICES TO LET.

CONFEDERATION LIFE BUILDING—EN suite or single rooms; steam heated; all other arrangements of the highest order. For full particulars apply to A. M. Campbell, Room 25, first floor. Tel. 2351. 356

ART.

J. W. L. FORSTER, PUPIL OF MONS. Bouguereau. Portraits in Oil, Pastel, etc. Studio 81 King-street east.

VETERINARY.

ONTARIO VETERINARY COLLEGE HORSE Infirmary, Temperance-street. Principal assistants in attendance day or night.

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FIRE LOSSES APPRAISED.
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Telephone 3072.

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Editor Dana's Jaundiced Liver.

We are pleased to see that The New York Sun has a high opinion of the geographical importance of the United States. According to The Sun that country is "unquestionably destined by its geographical position to ascendancy on the ocean." We are pleased, we say, with this statement, because we know that whatever advantages the United States may claim by reason of its situation Canada can lay claim to still greater advantages in the same direction. While Canada possesses maritime resources and waterways of her own which the United States may well envy, yet it is principally on account of our connection with the greatest maritime nation in the world that The Sun is goaded into jealous frenzy. The editor of The Sun cannot restrain himself when he sees Canada establishing commercial routes that before long will completely circle the globe. If the United States can but get possession of Canada there will be a little more reason in its claim to ascendancy on the ocean. In that event Great Britain would be blocked in its march westward by a hostile continent. But for the United States to expect to compete with Great Britain and her colonies on the high seas is simply the dream of a jaundiced imagination. The editor of The Sun gets a bad attack whenever fresh news about our steamships in the Pacific reaches his ears. When it was announced that a new vessel was to be added to the Australian-Canadian line he was taken with spasms. His present frenzy is no doubt owing to the recent announcement of the completion of arrangements for the new fast service on the Atlantic. It would be a prudent step for his friends to take charge of him before the actual inauguration of the through Canadian service from England to Australia takes place. An event like this would prove too severe a strain for his jealous mind. He would collapse with passionate rage.

The Government and the Isolation Hospital.

The refusal of the Government to make an allowance for patients in the Isolation Hospital cannot be justified on the grounds laid down by the Provincial Secretary. If a citizen of Hamilton or London is attacked with an infectious disease and removed to the hospital in either of these cities he at once becomes a charge of 30 cents a day against the provincial treasury. But if it is a citizen of Toronto who is smitten with such a disease we receive nothing at all from the Government. The entire cost of supporting the patient falls upon the city. Toronto is prepared to accept this treatment if the same treatment is dealt to all other municipalities indiscriminately. The statement that the Isolation Hospital is a separate institution from the General Hospital is no excuse to relieve the Government. If Toronto has a better and more expensive system of caring for its sick than other cities, this is only the greater reason why the usual allowance should be granted. The Provincial Secretary defends the action of the Government on the ground that the paying for patients in the Isolation Hospital would involve a new departure. A new departure it may be, but it would be a justifiable and common sense departure, and the city members ought to insist upon the departure being established.

Pushing Canadian Interests in London.

A satisfactory reunion of the United Empire Trade League was held in London yesterday, at which the Atlantic and Pacific steamship services and the Pacific cable scheme were discussed and favorably reported upon. Since the accession of Lord Rosebery to the premiership the prospects of ultimate success in a closer federation of the Mother Country and colonies are growing brighter. At the meeting yesterday Sir Charles Tupper proposed a scheme for increasing the naval defences of the Empire by adding an inter-imperial tariff of five per cent. against foreigners. Here is information that will send the editor of The New York Sun into hysterics as soon as it reaches that city.

Another of the N.P. Pioneers Gone.

Among those who took an active part in educating the people of Canada on the protective policy that was finally adopted in 1878 was Mr. R. W. Phipps, who died at his residence here on Sunday last. As a writer, Mr. Phipps was lucid, forcible and pleasing. He was the master of an entertaining literary style, and his pamphlets on the National Policy had considerable effect in moulding public opinion in its favor. Mr. Phipps was also a forcible debater on the platform. Since 1883 the deceased gentleman was connected with the Department of Forestry.

An Assault on Arithmetic.

The Senate of the Provincial University has been seriously discussing the removal of the subject of arithmetic from its entrance examination. Those who are trying to pitchfork this time-honored subject apparently have a desire to get rid of it to make room for some newfangled rival. The project, however, has been defeated and arithmetic still remains among the subjects of the University's entrance examination. The teachers of the province who meet here in convention next week will probably have something to say against the proposal to drop so practical a subject as arithmetic from the higher classes of our High Schools.

Board of Conciliation.

The Government of British Columbia, which passed an act establishing Councils of Conciliation and Arbitration last year, introduced a bill a few weeks ago to simplify the working of the law. In lieu of being standing organizations, councils were to be appointed, as occasion demanded, and a substantial penalty was attached to the neglect of any party to a dispute to secure representation before the council when required. The fine mentioned was $20 a day. However, this bill has since been withdrawn on the ground that a Royal Commission in England has recently reported against such compulsory powers being conferred. This matter is of interest in view of proposed legislation on this subject by the Legislature here.

This Man is a Liberal Statesman.

Hon. David Mills cuts a small-sized figure in the House of Commons quibbling over words and airing his pedantic scholarship. Now that he has lost caste in his role of constitutional pedant, Mr. Mills must find his occupation at Ottawa well nigh gone. This quibbling business is a petty occupation for a full-grown man to be engaged in.

NO GOVERNMENT GRANT.

The City Will Have to Maintain the Isolation Hospital.

Toronto will have to bear the expense of maintaining the Isolation Hospital without any assistance from the Ontario Government.

Last summer a deputation of aldermen waited on Provincial Secretary Gibson and asked for the usual allowance of 30 cents per day for each patient. The deputation was promised that the matter would be fully considered. Ald. Hallam received a sort of usual Oliver Mowat promise that something would be done towards giving the city the allowance made to hospitals in other places.

Yesterday Medical Health Officer Sheard received the following letter from Mr. Gibson:

"TORONTO, March, 19, 1894.

"SIR,—The Government have had under consideration the application of the city of Toronto to have the Isolation Hospital placed upon the list of hospitals receiving aid under the Charity Aid Act; and I am to say, in reply to this application, that in view of the fact that a new departure to a considerable extent would be involved in granting what is asked, and that the aid extended at present to hospitals is most liberal, the Government have come to the conclusion that the application cannot be complied with."

Trying to Side-Track Arithmetic.

At the last meeting of the Senate of the University of Toronto the advisability of discarding arithmetic from the matriculation examination was discussed. Several communications from leading educationists of the province were read protesting against the change, and in consequence the idea was abandoned, and the subject will remain as heretofore a terror to aspiring collegians. The chief advocate of the change was Inspector Seath, who argued that all necessary arithmetic should be acquired by candidates who pass the primary examination, and that a certificate to this effect should be sufficient at matriculation. The matter will receive considerable thrashing out at the coming convention of the Ontario Educational Association, which will be held next week in this city.

Perfection of Travel.

When one travels he wants to "get there," not only speedily, but safely and luxuriously. He wants to be surrounded by every appliance devised to secure safety and luxury; he wants to ride rapidly and smoothly; he wants pure air and freedom from dust, he wants elegant and artistic appointments, of luxurious upholstery, easy chairs, the comfort and tastefulness of the parlor; he wants epicurean meals, fastidiously served, as he flies at lightning speed through arcadian landscapes; in a word, he requires all that makes travel a delight. For that reason the experienced traveler goes by the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad, and enjoys the perfection of travel.

Basket Ball.

The Church-street School Basket Ball Club held a meeting yesterday evening at Mr. Warren's for the purpose of electing officers for the coming season. The result was as follows: Hon. president, W. E. Groves; Captain, W. Williams; treasurer, C. Lochead; secretary, J. Damp; committee, W. Williams, E. Briggs, J. Damp. The other members of the club are: F. Warren, H. Lugsdin, G. Guynor, F. Ross, D. Leach, J. McLellan, W. Weese, C. Hill, C. Withers, F. Adams.

A Live Question.

Do you care to save from 25 to 40 per cent. on your contemplated purchases of clothing this season? If you do, you'll find the place to do it is at the ARMY AND NAVY STORES, for they have the largest variety, the best qualities and the *lowest prices* of any establishment of the kind in the Dominion. In spring overcoats and suits you'll find they are supreme as compared with competitors. Give them a look in.

California and Mexico.

The Wabash Railway has now on sale winter tourist tickets at the lowest rates ever made to Old Mexico and California. These tourist rates are available for the great winter fair at San Francisco. The banner route is the great Trunk Line that passes through six states of the Union and has the most superb and magnificent trains in America.

Full information may be had from any railroad agent, or J. A. Richardson, Canadian Passenger Agent, northeast corner King and Yonge-streets, Toronto.

This Day.

Attention is called to the great unreserved auction sale of the entire stock of the Jenkins Renovating Establishment, No. 416 Yonge-street, that takes place this morning at 11 o'clock. The stock comprises about 500 feather pillows, hair mattresses, couches and other furnishings. Mr. Charles M. Henderson will conduct the sale.

"It is a Great Public Benefit."—These significant words were used in relation to Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil by a gentleman who had thoroughly tested its merits in his own case—having been cured by it of lame ness of the knee of three or four years' standing. It never fails to remove soreness as well as lameness, and is an incomparable pulmonic and corrective.

Lost His Eye.

James Brown of 59 Edward-street, a pupil of Victoria-street Public School, was struck on the eye with a top the other day, the injury being so serious that the eye had to be removed.

Mr. John McCarthy, Toronto, writes: "I can unhesitatingly say that Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery is the best medicine in the world. It cured me of Heartburn that troubled me for over thirty years. During that time I tried a great many different medicines, but this wonderful medicine was the only one that took hold and rooted out the disease."

Explanations Are Hardly Necessary.

To convince any intelligent person that mineral waters that require gasing and doctoring to prevent stagnation, whose analysis is never published and whose strongest recommendation is that of the dealer, are of little or no medicinal value. These features do not apply to St. Leon. Its keeping properties have been established by actual experiment, its analysis printed on every bottle and it is endorsed by every prominent expert in this country. 36

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing kidney and bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the Great South American Kidney Cure. You cannot afford to pass this magic relief and cure. Druggists.

Holloway's Corn Cure is a specific for the removal of corns and warts. We have never heard of its failing to remove even the worst kind.

EXTINCT VOLCANOES.

Mr. Hardy Quotes Disraeli's Well-Known Term To Describe the Opposition—The Budget Debate Continued.

In the Ontario Legislature yesterday Hon. Mr. Harcourt moved concurrence in the Department and Legislative printing and binding agreement entered into with Warwick Bros. & Rutter for the five years ending on Dec. 31, 1898.

Agreed to.

The Budget Debate.

Mr. McKay (Oxford) resumed the debate, denouncing the American system of electing officials, approving warmly of the present system, instancing cases in which comparatively large sums were paid by the Dominion Government to certain officials. Mr. Wood (Hastings) was mentioned as being in receipt of from $3000 to $4000 a year paid by fees.

Mr. E. F. Clarke remarked that the amendment re appointing officials was treated by the Government as revolutionary, when it simply reflected the sentiments, as he believed, of a majority of the members of the House and of a large number, if not the majority, of the people. The present system was represented as perfect and yet the Government informed the House in the Speech from the Throne that a commission was to issue to collect the facts regarding this very question. If the Government was satisfied with the present practice, of what earthly use was the commission? The fact was that the Government made that announcement to tide it over a pretty tight place—[hear, hear]—and having felt the advantages of this system in the past, it would be continued as long as the Government remained in power. [Hear, hear.] The counties of Halton, Wellington, Norfolk, Wentworth, Lanark, Northumberland, Durham, Dufferin, Ontario and Brant had all asked for control over the officials they paid, and over the amount of fees received; while the counties of Lennox and Addington, Norfolk, Hastings, Huron, Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry and Middlesex had asked for a reduction of the fees, and Middlesex and Kent favored the payment of these officials by salary. [Applause.] This was the strongest evidence as to the feeling generally on this subject. The Government and its supporters talked wildly about the Americanizing of our institutions. But if a real instance of Americanizing was required it was unnecessary to look beyond the city of Toronto. [Hear, hear.] The system pursued here was simply a disgrace to the Government. He challenged anyone to point to any place where offices had been duplicated without necessity to the extent that had been the case in Toronto—[applause]—where the fee system existed in all its beauty. [Applause.] No less than two sheriffs, two county crown attorneys and two registrars of deeds existed! And the fees they drew were enormous! While personally these gentlemen did very little, the deputy registrar, who was the chief abstract clerk, and who did practically the greater part of the work of both offices, received less than $2500 a year, while the income of the registrars during the past four years had averaged $8310 annually, or $4155 each—[hear, hear]—much more than was paid the City Treasurer, who had to deal with financial transactions almost equal to those of the province, and yet this gentleman was paid a salary. [Hear, hear.] The division of the registry office in this city could not be defended. There might as well be two Mayors, two City Treasurers, or two Speakers of this House. In 1889 the County of York Law Association warned the Government against this division, expressly declaring that the reforms they urged could be better secured with a single registrar than with a sub-divided system and a multiplication of offices. [Hear, hear.] But what had the division cost the city of Toronto? The enlargement of the Registry office was recently recommended at an estimated cost of $10,000, but Registrar Ryan stated it was absolutely necessary to provide accommodation for the two registrars and their staffs, and the cost was in consequence of this raised to $19,408.20. [Hear, hear.] As the expenditures connected with the R.O. increased, the fees coming to the city declined. This, if it was true, was in some measure due to real estate depression. In 1890 these receipts amounted to $12,500; in '91, to $8881; in '92, to $5762, and in '93 to $3007. The action of the Government in connection with this whole matter was an unqualified outrage. [Hear, hear.]

Mr. Cleland opposed the amendment.

Mr. Balfour and the Fee System.

Mr. Balfour approved of the payment of these officials by fees, and expressed the opinion that the amendment was designed to combine the platform of the Conservatives with that of the P. of I. He discussed the manner in which a change in the system was intended to work, and said that if fees were funded in a general fund some counties would be treated unjustly, as the revenue from Essex was large enough—being $30,000 per annum—to pay expenses and leave a balance of some $15,000. It would be fairer as in 1872 to take a portion of the fees from these officials and to give it to the counties, and the Government could go further and curtail the amounts received by inspectors, the system of fees being retained. He did not believe in the appointment of officials by counties, but personally favored their election. He was willing to trust the people. But the amendment was indefinite on this point and was merely intended to deceive. And all the petitions received in this regard from the counties were also indefinite. If it were not a motion of want of confidence he would vote for the election of these officials by the people.

Mr. Sol White described the preceding speaker as squirming on the issue before the House.

Hon. Mr. Hardy pointed out that only two out of 18 counties had petitioned for this change and dissected at some length the speech of the mover of the amendment, Mr. Wood (Hastings). The situation of Toronto was abnormal, there was no other place like it in the province, but leaving this city out the average income of registrars was $1722, of sheriffs $1443, of county crown attorneys $1337 and of legal officials $1636. This was not large. In all departments of life it was absurd to expect uniformity of payment. A bill would be introduced by the Minister of Education to rectify discrepancies where they existed, as had previously been done where certain incomes had grown too large. If these officials were paid by salaries, it would be necessary to add $617,000 yearly to the civil list. On the other side of the line the fee system generally prevailed. In closing he applied Disraeli's celebrated phrase of "extinct volcanoes" to the leading members of the Opposition, as describing their post-election condition. [Laughter and applause.]

It being 6 o'clock the Speaker left the chair.

After Recess.

Mr. Clancy contended for a reduction of the incomes of the officials in the larger counties to something like uniformity. The average salary of county clerks in 35 cases was $954, and registrars', if appointed by county councils, would probably be double that sum. He hoped that the bill to be introduced would give control over these matters to the county councils; nothing else would satisfy the people. And what now became of the famous commission? [Hear, hear.] Since 1883 no less than 16 commissions had been issued at a gross cost of some $85,000. [Hear, hear.] In the main this was a shameful waste of money! [Hear, hear.] 'Twas, indeed, government by commission! [Applause.]

Mr. McColl supported the amendment.

Dr. Ryerson mentioned the fact that Registrar Lindsey had drawn $150,000 and Registrar Ryan in four years $16,000 for work almost wholly done by others, and gave many instances of gross abuse of the fee system in the past in England, where immense savings had accrued to the state by the change to salaries.

Registrars were often engaged in other businesses, such as grafting, selling timber lands, etc. He closed by referring at some length to nepotism. The Attorney-General had 13 or 14 relatives in office, and the Commissioner of Crown Lands ran a close second. Lord Grey's nepotism was mentioned in history and condemned by O'Connell, while Lord Chancellor Westbury, for appointing a son to an office in connection with the court, was censured by Parliament, so strong was public opinion with regard to the nomination. The only support for this part of the policy of the Government came from the practices of Tammany. And he suspected that they defended so warmly the fee system because, through their relatives, they had so great an interest in it.

The Son of His Father.

Mr. Tait condemned strongly the reference to the appointment of the Attorney-General's son, and in this relation said that a very large and most influential deputation waited on the Premier and asked him, in view of the sacrifices he (Sir Oliver) had made to his own great injury in the public service, whether he would not consent to the appointment of his son to that office. The answer was that he (Sir Oliver) would allow the other members of the Cabinet to settle the matter. He (Mr. Tait) questioned whether it was in the nicest taste to bring matters of this kind before the House. He suggested the fixing of maximum salaries for the officials in question.

Mr. McCleary explained that the policy of the Opposition was to let the fees now collected accrue to the funds of the County Councils, by whom fair salaries for the work done would be paid.

Mr. Godwin stated that the Registrar of Elgin "sweated" the office, having the work done by a deputy for some $500 a year, and by his two girls, who each received $3 a week, out of which they paid their board. [Laughter.] The registrar drew over $3000. [Hear, hear.]

Mr. Willoughby ascribed the tenacity with which the Government clung to the fee system to their desire to retain the immense amount of patronage which it afforded. [Hear, hear.]

Mr. Garrow opposed the amendment. The amendment was defeated on the following division: Yeas 29, and nays 49.

McCallum, P.P.A.; McNaughton, P. of I., and Campbell (Durham), E.R., voted with the Opposition. Mr. Paton, though in his place, did not vote.

The pairs were A. F. Wood and Hon. C. F. Fraser.

A. F. Campbell and G. B. Smith.

Dr. Barr and J. Rayside, Dr. Wylie and Dr. Gilmour.

The House went into committee, Mr. Balfour in the chair, and passed a couple of items of the estimates.

The House will on Thursday afternoon at 6 o'clock adjourn over until Monday. The House adjourned at 11.20 o'clock.

Sir Oliver Mowat gives notice of bills respecting the calling of solicitors to the bar, and respecting Niagara Park.

Mr. Tait will bring in a bill to establish the Saturday half holiday in regard to contract and other work, and in shops, factories and other places of business.

THE COST OF MANILLA.

Mr. Clancy Thinks the Government Is Paying Too Much.

At the meeting of the Public Accounts Committee yesterday morning Mr. Clancy resumed the examination of Mr. Noxon, who stated that some 59,000 lbs. of manilla, on hand last fall, was purchased last July. This was sufficient for the coming season's supply. Its average cost was about 6 1-8c per lb. here. The bulk of it was pure manilla, which was now quoted at £28 5s per ton (or a trifle over 6 1-8c per lb. according to Mr. Harcourt's calculation). The quality bought for the Central Prison was the best—known in the trade as "Good Marks"—with a little of a lower grade.

Mr. Clancy: Are not other manufacturers buying it for less?—A. Lower grades—yes. I have seen lower grades at the Brantford factory. New Zealand manilla can be bought for £16 per ton of 2240 lbs. It is called, but is not, pure manilla. Other manufacturers who make rope can buy a poorer article, select the best of it for twine and use the balance for rope. The Consumers' Cordage Company, our chief competitor, can do this. And they get cheaper freights by sailing vessels, but in these a good deal of the manilla is damaged by water. Still that part can be utilized for rope which we do not manufacture. The C.C.F. and the Brantford factories did not make as good twine as we did. Know this from tests. I believe that with boys, girls and women twine can be made cheaper than we can make it for with 50-cent-per-day prison labor; and they ought to be able to sell it cheaper than we can.

Mr. Clancy: I have information that pure manilla can now be laid down at the different factories in this country for slightly over 4 3-4 cents per pound.

Mr. Noxon: Three days ago Little Current brand was quoted me by cable at £22 3s laid down. Certain manilla could perhaps be bought for £17, but twine could not be made of it, unless mixed with sisal, when a fair article can be made.

Mr. Clancy: The manilla I refer to can be used alone.

Mr. Noxon stated that the cost of manufacturing twine at the Central Prison was $2.60 per 100 lbs.; the difference between 6 1-8 and .0873c. The pure manilla was apparently dearer, but really was cheaper, as being finer it went more feet to the pound. Sisal threw off fine particles in process of manufacture, and would be deleterious to the health of prisoners whose constitutions were injured by excesses. Mixed sisal twine went 450 feet to the pound; then pure manilla averaged 640 feet. Brantford twine was sisal-manilla and inferior. The final waste in manufacturing at the prison was only about one-half per cent. They had to make a better twine than their competitors to obtain a market, owing to the prejudice existing against prison labor.

By Mr. Whitney: Sales last year were only made to farmers, Hallam excepted. They had not wished to embarrass the sales of the Brantford factory, but they had felt the competition of the C.C.F. Manilla could be laid down for $4.80 on its present price, but this supply could not be delivered in time for next summer's use.

Severe colds are easily cured by the use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, a medicine of extraordinary penetrating and healing properties. It is acknowledged by those who have used it as being the best medicine sold for coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs and all affections of the throat and chest. Its agreeableness to the taste makes it a favorite with ladies and children.

The Bank Wins.

LONDON, March 20.—In the case of the Bank of British North America v. Buxton in the High Court of Justice to-day judgment was given for the plaintiffs with costs.

I can highly praise Burdock Blood Bitters, because it had a fair trial in my case with wonderful success. My symptoms were dropsy, backache and sleeplessness, and all these disappeared after using two bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters. I cannot praise its healing powers too highly. Georgina Holmes, Wood Point, Sackville, N.B.

As Much Care

ought to be taken in choosing Tobacco as in choosing a horse. Good smokers use the Students' Mixture Tobacco, as its known qualities are its best recommendation. Try it.

Prices talk and quality substantiates that the best place to buy spring overcoats is at the Army and Navy stores.

Pale, sickly children should use Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. Worms are one of the principal causes of suffering in children and should be expelled from the system.

Guinane Bros.'
BUILDING SALE.

This week we will offer for sale 1000 cases of spring goods at from 20 to 30 per cent. less than cost. They must go, as we pull out the front part of our building next week.

	Selling Price.	Wholesale Price.
Ladies' colored kid walking shoes for	45c,	cost 65c
Ladies' Dongola kid walking shoes for	65c,	cost 85c
Ladies' tan Morocco walking shoes, faced and tips	75c,	cost $1
Ladies' Dongola kid buttoned boots, silk holes, patent tips	85c,	cost $1.10
Ladies' French kid toe slippers (American)	90c,	cost $1.25
Ladies' white duck walking shoes, kid-faced	$1,	cost $1.25
Ladies' colored duck walking shoes, kid-faced and tips, kid-covered heels	$1,	cost $1.50
Ladies' French kid Blucher lace boots, patent facing and tips, St. Louis, American or London toes	$1.75,	cost $2.25
Ladies' French Dongola buttoned boots, extension soles, hand-sewed, manufactured by Grey Bros., Syracuse	$2,	cost $2.85
Gents' Cordovan Congress, sewed	$1,	cost $1.25
Gents' Cordovan lace boots, sewed	$1,	cost $1.25
Gents' tan Morocco lace boots, sewed	$1.25,	cost $1.75
Gents' tan Morocco lace boots, Piccadillia toes	$1.25,	cost $1.75
Gents' polish French calf walking shoes, turn soles	$1.25,	cost $1.60
Gents' patent calf walking shoes, turn soles	$1.25,	cost $1.75
Gents' Cordovan lace boots, cork soles	$1.85,	cost $2.50

J. D. King & Co.'s $5 Dongola lace boots for $2.50, G. T. Slater & Sons' $6 Dongola congress for $3.25, J. D. King & Co.'s $5 tan Morocco lace boots for $3, Misses' canvas walking shoes 75c, cost 90c; infants' boots and slippers 25c.

In cheaper grades we will offer: Gents' hand-made lace boots 85c, children's hand-made boots 45c, infants' hand-made boots 16c, ladies' slippers 10c.

Guinane Bros.'
Monster Shoe House, 214 Yonge-street.

Gents' Gold Chains

RYRIE BROS. MAKE A SPECIALTY OF DIAMONDS

- In "double curb," "open
- curb," "fetter," "cable"
- and all the other desirable
- styles of link—both 10 k.
- and 14 k. Gold—extra value.

Ryrie Bros.
Cor. Yonge and Adelaide-sts.
Mail orders have every attention.
Money refunded if not satisfied.

Trusts Corporation
OF ONTARIO.
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS Bank of Commerce Building, King-street west, Toronto.
Authorized Capital.....$1,000,000
Subscribed Capital..... 800,000
PRESIDENT—HON. J. C. AIKINS, P.C.
MANAGER—A. E. PLUMMER.
SOLICITORS—MOSS, BARWICK & FRANKS.
Authorized to act as
Executor, Administrator,
Trustee, Receiver, Committee of Lunatic,
Guardian, Liquidator, Assignee, Etc.
Deposit Safes to rent. All sizes and at reasonable prices.
Parcels received for safe custody.
Bonds and other valuables GUARANTEED AND INSURED AGAINST LOSS.
Solicitors bringing Estates, Administrations, etc., to the Corporation are continued in the professional care of same.
For further information see the Corporation's Manual. 13

NERVE BEANS
NERVE BEANS are a new discovery, that cure the worst cases of Nervous Debility, Lost Vigor and Faiting Manhood; restore the weakness of body or mind caused by overwork, or the errors or excesses of youth. This remedy absolutely cures the most obstinate cases when all other treatments have failed even to relieve. Sold by druggists at $1 per package, or six for $5, or sent by mail on receipt of price by addressing THE JAMES MEDICINE CO., Toronto, Ont. Write for pamphlet. Sold in Toronto by NEIL C. LOVE & CO., 166 Yonge-street. 135

Death Record of a Day.

Mr. John Langton, who was Auditor-General of Canada for 23 years, died yesterday at his residence, 123 Beverley, in the 86th year of his age. Deceased came to Canada from England in 1833 and represented the County of Peterboro in the old Parliament. He was vice-chancellor of Toronto University at the time of the erection of the building, and in 1878 retired from public life. Mr. Langton was ill only a short time. He leaves four sons and two daughters. The funeral will be private.

William Smith, proprietor of the Osgoode House, Queen-Chestnut-streets, died yesterday from liver complaint.

Two years ago I had a bad attack of biliousness and took one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, and can truly recommend it to anyone suffering from this complaint. Mrs. Chas. Brown, Toronto.

Clarke to Be Sentenced on Saturday.

The jury in the General Sessions yesterday returned a verdict of guilty against George Clarke, who was charged with the theft of three hams from his employer, Charles Steinle, a pork merchant in King-street east. The jury recommended the young man to the mercy of the court, and he will appear for sentence on Saturday next.

Lightweight Spring Overcoats in Oxford and Cambridge greys, fawns and browns for $2.90 at the Army and Navy stores.

Bad blood causes blotches, boils, pimples, abscesses, ulcers, scrofula, etc. Burdock Blood Bitters cure bad blood in any form, from a common pimple to the worst scrofulous sore.

The Secret

of the fame of Students' Mixture Tobacco lies in the care taken in selecting the quality of the tobacco used. Try it. It is excellent.

It's what tailors charge you $15 for to make to order, the double-twilled worsted Spring Overcoats you buy at the Army and Navy stores for $8.50.

Breach of the Medical Act Costs $50.

CORNWALL, March 20.—Dr. Washington of Toronto was to-day fined $50 and costs for breach of the Medical Act. Detective Wasson prosecuted.

Norway Pine Syrup is the safest and best cure for coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis, sore throat and all throat and lung troubles. Price 25c and 50c.

Student's Mixture Tobacco

fills the utmost requirements of the most fastidious taste because of its mild flavor, blend and subtle fragrance. Satisfy yourself by getting it.

AUCTION SALES.

GRAND'S REPOSITORY.

GREAT EXCITEMENT
AMONG
CANADIAN HORSEMEN!
CAUSED BY THE CONSIGNMENT OF
WESTERN HORSES FROM MONTANA,
BY M'GARVIN BROS.
—FOR—
POSITIVE UNRESERVED SALE,
TUESDAY NEXT,
MARCH 27th. - - - 11 a.m.

They are all in fine condition, broken to saddle and harness. Among the lot are to be found a number of very choice Saddle Horses, being thoroughly broken for that purpose. Montana is noted for its well-bred Horses, and when the public examine this consignment they will say that it deserves the name. The Horses will all be on view Good Friday, Saturday and Monday previous to sale.

See future advertisements.

SILVER & SMITH,
Proprietors.

BY C. M. HENDERSON & CO.

To Hotelkeepers And Others:

Highly Important Unreserved
AUCTION SALE
of the Entire Stock of the
JENKINS' RENOVATING ESTABLISHMENT

Comprising about 500 fine feather pillows, feather Beds, 25 fine curled hair mattresses, about 100 fibre wool and other mattresses, bolsters, woven wire and other springs, cots, etc., et