

Dried Fruits.

California Raisins, 3-Crown, loose.
Seeded Raisins, 36-1's.
Seedless Raisins, 50-1's.
Sultana Raisins, 50's, loose.
Evaporated Apricots, 25's.
Evaporated Peaches, 25's.
Evaporated Apples, 50's.

Telephone 393.

F. McNamara,
QUEEN STREET.

At the Casino.

On Thursday night next in the Casino Theatre Capt. Campbell, Private Secretary to the Governor, who is well known to all lovers of song in St. John's, as being ever ready to sing, and to delight his audiences, will give a recital of ancient and modern songs. He will be assisted by Mrs. (Rev.) Gordon Dickie, Miss Elsie Tait, Messrs. Gordon Christian and T. H. O'Neill. The affair promises to be a most pleasant event, and as the Captain leaves shortly for England, as many as possible should avail of this opportunity to hear vocal talent, particularly as the proceeds are to go to the three orphanages of the city.

Norwegian Fishery.

Messages to hand give the Norwegian fishery to date as:

Lofoden 2,300,000
All Other Sources 3,200,000

Total 5,500,000

For the corresponding period last year the figures are:

Lofoden 1,800,000
All Other Sources 3,302,000

Total 5,102,000

For the similar period in 1914:

Lofoden 8,000,000
All Other Sources 27,200,000

Total 35,200,000

Shipping Notes.

The R. B. Moulton is loading at the premises of A. Goodridge & Sons for Oporto.

The schr. Admiral Drake has arrived at Pernambuco, all well.

The Associte, which recently unloaded salt at Cape Broyle, is awaiting an opportunity to sail for this port.

Some little anxiety is being felt over the schooner Revenue, now 80 days out from Cadiz. As the ship was well provisioned, and well equipped there is hope still that she will eventually turn up in safety.

LEFT LIVERPOOL.—The s.s. Digby left Liverpool yesterday with some passengers for this port.

To-Day's Messages.

9.00 A. M.

MORE TOWNS OCCUPIED.

GENEVA, March 20. French troops have occupied Rheinau, five miles south of Mannheim, and Wehlhafen.

THE PROBLEM OF POLAND.

PARIS, Mar. 20. In making his report to the Supreme Allied Council yesterday, on the Polish question, Jules Cambon, the head of the Peace Conference Commission on Polish Affairs, set forth the purpose of the Commission to create a Polish State, which would have a firm foundation for its future welfare, and at the same time to respect the principle of nationalities, despite the difficulties resulting from the geographical features of the problem.

PURCHASES WITHDRAWN.

NEW YORK, March 20. Sudden withdrawal by the British Government to-day of its purchases in this market of sterling exchange, under an agreement which had been in force for over three years, provoked a violent decline in rates on London, and caused further nervousness and unsettlement of rates to other of the Entente Allies. The measure was designed to stabilize the market during the war. The decision of the British Treasury took the form of a brief statement from J. P. Morgan and Company, as agents, who announced that they had been instructed to suspend exchange for Government account. Mr. Morgan supplemented this with the comment that in his opinion the action of the British Government was in line with that of other foreign Governments, its primary purpose being to permit business to resume its normal course.

GERMAN CONFERENCE.

BERNE, March 20. The second national conference of Soldiers and Workmen's Councils of Germany will be held in April, German newspapers announce. The

conference will discuss the reconstruction of Germany and the relation of the Councils to it, also to the socialization of German economic life.

ALLENBY FOR EGYPT.

PARIS, March 20. General E. H. H. Allenby, who commanded the British forces in the conquest of Palestine, will leave for Egypt to-night, after having reported to the Supreme Council that the situation in Palestine was quiet.

SHORTER HOURS MEAN LESS WAGES.

LONDON, March 20. Lancashire cotton employers have decided to grant the workers a forty-nine and one-half hour week, compared with the present fifty-five and one-half hour week, but declare they cannot concede the demand for increased wages. The workers had asked for a forty-four hour week with increased wages, to enable them to earn the same amount in forty-four hours as in fifty-five and one-half. The employers will consider the offer of the employers.

DEMANDS RESIDENCE.

GENEVA, March 20. The Swiss Government has received a formal demand from former Emperor Charles of Austria requesting permission for him to live in Switzerland. As the Allies, through Mr. Balfour, the British Foreign Secretary, were sounded on the subject recently and made no objection to such residence, the request of Charles probably will be granted. The matter is now in the hands of the political department. Reports received here from Neuchâtel, twenty-five miles west of Berne, say that the former Empress Zita, wife of Charles, has arrived there incognito and is living in a private house.

ANTI-BOLSHEVIK DEMONSTRATIONS.

WASHINGTON, March 20. Despatches received at the State Department from Sweden to-day, said social revolutionists in Petrograd and Moscow had been active in demonstrations against the Bolshevik, and that rioting in the streets had occurred. A Bolshevik commissioner, who attempted to address the meeting of social revolutionists, was mobbed. According to these advices all roads leading to Petrograd were closed to passenger traffic on March 15.

THE NEUTRAL'S INNINGS.

PARIS, March 20. Representatives of neutral nations, who are to present the views of their countries on the League of Nations plan, met at three o'clock this afternoon in the Hotel de Crillon. Many of the delegations were accompanied by military and naval attaches, making an impressive and showy gathering.

AIDING THE FLIGHT.

LONDON, March 21. All the resources of the British air forces weather bureau will be at the disposal of the aviators competing in the trans-atlantic flight, according to a statement made to the Mail to-day, by Major Gendall, chief of the bureau. A twenty-four hour forecast for every competitor will be attempted, being based on reports from experts at St. John's, Lisbon and the Azores. A British battleship will also be stationed between St. John's and the Azores to co-operate with any British or American aviator making an official attempt to cross the ocean by airplane. Weather bureau stations in the western part of Africa will also assist, it is understood. Lieut. Harris will sail for Halifax on the battleship Montcalm to-day, and will test wind currents at great heights with a kite apparatus. It is understood that a flying boat for the Air Ministry official attempt will go to St. John's on board the battleship. Another official attempt with a Handley-Page machine is contemplated.

AMERICANS MAY OBJECT.

LONDON, March 20. The Liverpool Post says, "Lord Robert Cecil places the Monroe Doctrine in its true light with regard to the League of Nations. He says in effect that so far from the League being the death blow to the capital article of American political faith, it is the application of the article on a universal scale." "According to the draft of the covenant, the parties to the League undertake to report and preserve, as against external aggression, the territorial integrity and existing political independence on the part of every member of the League. The most absolute supporter of Monroeism could surely desire no more than that." "The independence of America is guaranteed by an overwhelming majority of the Powers, great and small. The League of Nations will give America her rightful place in the van of the forces of civilization, and henceforth are to shape the large purposes of our race."

NOV. 11th NATIONAL HOLIDAY.

OTTAWA, Ont., March 20. Mr. I. E. Podlow, Liberal member for South Renfrew, has given notice of a resolution, declaring that November 11th each year should be set aside as a day of National Thanksgiving, to be a perpetual memorial of the signing of the armistice ending

the great world's war. Representatives of the retail merchants of the Dominion, who waited upon Hon. A. K. MacLean, Minister of Trade and Commerce, yesterday, also urged that November 11th be fixed permanently as Thanksgiving Day in the Dominion.

DVINSK ABANDONED.

HELSINGFORS, March 20. The Bolshevik forces have been compelled to abandon Dvinsk.

KING'S TROPHY.

LONDON, March 20. (Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency.)—It is officially announced by the Henley Regatta Committee that King George has promised to present a trophy for an eight oar race. The event will be open to amateur crews of service men representing any Allied nations, and British Dominion, Colony and Protectorate, which raised its own Expeditionary Force or equivalent. The Committee decided not to accept any overseas or foreign entries this year, except in the four events for Allied forces.

JAPS ARE FINE PEOPLE, BUT—

PARIS, March 20. (Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency.)—The Dominion delegates heartily concur in the view of the British delegation that the question of the equality of treatment of all nationalities throughout the world is a matter for the League of Nations. A prominent Australian expressed the opinion that the Commonwealth was not prejudiced against the Japanese, but had a great admiration for them, nevertheless Australians believed that it would be better for the future of the world if each race should develop along its own distinctive lines. The chief consideration was the industrial one. Australia aimed at building up in the most rapid manner an all-British population of over fifteen millions. Australia's chief attraction was its high wages and pleasant industrial conditions. The Asiatic work-champ worker, therefore to open the doors to Asiatic immigration would automatically close it to Europeans.

Personal Mention.

Miss Kiely, of Carbonear, is at present the guest of her sister Mrs. J. Kavanagh, Bond Street.

Train Movements.

Wednesday's west bound express cancelled west of Grand Falls. Yesterday's west bound express left Norris' Arm at 8.45 a.m.

Amazing Strikes.

Recalling Some Queer Ways In Which The Working-Man's Weapon Has Been Used.

"No Betting To-day!" was the amazing notice issued on a famous race-course shortly before the war. The "bookies" had gone on strike! The stewards had relegated them to a new position at the sides of the approach to the grandstand, and the complaint was that there was not room for the number of punters, and also insufficient accommodation for the public who wished to "put a bit on." The bookies took up a position of their own, from which the police tried to eject them. Finally a compromise was effected, and the bookies were happy again.

Some years ago the executioners of Canton struck against striking off any more heads unless they were paid an extra shilling for each head removed. The prisoners in the condemned cells were anxious that the strike should continue till the crack of doom, but the authorities climbed down, and the executions went on as merrily as before.

One-Man Strike.

Glasgow, which is so much in the strike light in these days, once experienced a strike of grave-diggers. Their demands were an increase of three shillings a week, shorter hours, and six days' holiday in the year. They picketed the cemeteries and stopped the funerals.

A one-man strike occurred in a Australian city. A prisoner in the town gaol, a tailor by trade, refused to work in the tailors shop on the plea that it would be contrary to his principles as a trade unionist—"unfair competition with his brother unionists outside," as he put it. He sent a letter to the Tailors' Union, but as they took no notice he was condemned to three days' solitary confinement, during which he "continued the strike."

There was a strike of paupers in a country workhouse. They struck for new potatoes! They expected greens for dinner, and as there was none, they refused to eat old spuds! They even declined to enter the dining-room. The guardians prescribed a bread-and-water diet, with the result that at the end of twenty-four hours the inmates were ready for potatoes—new or old.

No Snowballs. No Lectures.

Fines having been imposed upon a number of students in a well-known college for snowballing in the college garden, 138 men left the place in a body, and picketed the neighbourhood. Armed with sticks and hurries, they refused to admit the students who preferred lectures to snowballing, and when one of the professors received

Preliminary Notice to the Trade.

WELCH'S GRAPELADÉ,

A Pure Grape Jam.



Grapelade is a real food product that takes rank with Welch's Grape Juice and is made by the same company. It is a new asset to the grocer—a product on which constantly increasing and always profitable sales can be counted. Its permanence is assured by its enthusiastic reception and big repeat sales wherever it has been introduced.

Remember that Grapelade is not simply another grape jam. It is a new product, a real discovery in grape goodness. It can be enjoyed in many delightful ways.

As we are cutting out the Jobbing end of our business we will not be carrying Grapelade in stock, but we are now booking orders for direct shipment to the retail trade by boat from New York. For further particulars and prices see or telephone



P. E. Outerbridge

(Sole Agent for Nfld.)

266 Water Street.

Telephone 60.

"Review of the Bond Market in Canada for 1918"

By J. W. MITCHELL, Vice-President, Dominion Securities Corporation, Limited.

Constant familiarity with current financial events is one of the prerequisites of successful investing.

We have prepared a pamphlet briefly reviewing the Canadian financial situation during the year 1918. Final figures for the Victory Loan and comparative statistics of Canadian bond sales, 1910-1918, are included. We shall be glad to furnish a copy on request.

DOMINION SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED

CANADA LIFE BUILDING
TORONTO MONTREAL London, Eng.

C. A. C. BRUCE, Agent, St. John's.

FOR SALE!

One House on the head of Pleasant Street, with Stable and Coach House. Also Houses in various parts of the city. Farms and Land in suburbs and country. See our ads. in window. Also I attend to repairs of property and appraising of property and negotiating of loans on property in the city; and you can buy property from me for less than half you can build for at present. Every satisfaction is guaranteed. Also purchasers it to their advantage to deal with me as I make terms of purchase easy.

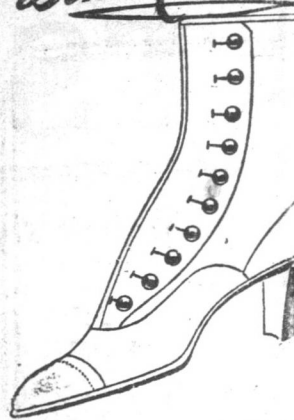
WANTED TO PURCHASE FOR READY CASH—10 Houses, from \$1,000 to \$3,000. Centrally situated.

J. R. JOHNSTON,
REAL ESTATE, 30½ PRESCOTT STREET.
Jan 8, 1919, 6m

"Shoe"

It is a fact

Don'ty Doda



Sale of M
Readymad
end of the

A New Mother

By RUTH



RUTH CAMERON

you live in the country, you fix it yourself.

What You Do If You Live in the City

Take the little (?) matter of plumbing, for instance. Suppose you are a city dweller, and something goes wrong with that apparently intricate system of balls and sockets in the water tank in your bathroom. There is a plumber right around the corner, or at the farthest, at the other end of your telephone, just waiting to pick up his tools and charge you so much per minute for his walk to your house. It would be flying in the face of Providence to interfere in his department. And so you go to the telephone and that's the end of it (the end of the month). The intricate system remains indefinitely a mystery to you.

What You Do If You Live in the Country.

Suppose, however, you live in the country. The nearest plumber has his headquarters in B. eleven miles away. Very likely he is eleven miles on the other side of B. on all-day job and your call for help, when the water persists in acting queerly, would only bring that interesting information from his wife. So what do you do? Why the only thing that is left to do is to get acquainted with the mystery of the ball and socket. You finally manage to work out the problem and fix what's wrong, and ever after you remain on friendly, almost patronizing terms with your plumbing. I have used plumbing as a symbol of the way the country dweller has to stand on his feet because it represents his own experience.

Plumbing Was One of the Seven Deadly Mysteries to Me.

For the first thirty years of my life I lived in the city within four blocks of the plumber and thought plumbing one of the seven deadly mysteries of the world. Then I acquired a summer residence in the country and learned to use my wits.

Of course, the plumber is only one

EYE STRAIN

