

## Surveying New Brunswick Timber Lands

### Provincial Government Making an Intensive Study of All its Timber and Agricultural Lands-- The Method Adopted

(By P. Z. Caverhill.)

New Brunswick is one of the oldest centres of the lumbering industry in Canada. Nearly 300 years ago white pine from the St. John Valley supplied masts for the French navy. When the Province came under British rule this trade was still further expanded. Masts, spars, squared timbers, planks, staves and shingles being supplied. In those early days, both the Crown lands and the Cuscoms were administered from London, and only meagre information regarding the extent of the industry is now available. White pine is known to have supplied nearly the whole trade, which in 1825 reached a total of 400,000 tons of squared timber, 6,000 spars, and 25,000,000 feet of planks, boards, lathwood, etc. In that year the trade in white pine had reached its maximum and thereafter rapidly dwindled until at the end of the nineteenth century it had been reduced to a negligible amount, its place being taken in the export trade by spruce.

The first shipment of spruce was made in 1822, when 100,000 superficial feet of deals was sent to England. In 1850, 18,000,000 feet was shipped, including both deals and boards, while at the present time annually from our forests.

About the beginning of the twentieth century the public began to fear that the amount of timber cut was in excess of the growth; that spruce would follow along the same lines as pine and the industry, one of the most important in the province, would be short lived on account of the lack of raw material.

In 1906 the Public Domain Act was passed, providing for the better preservation and protection of the public lands. Following this act, in February, 1907, a Forestry Convention was held in Fredericton, to consider forest protection and what the forest policy should be. The one immediate result of this convention was the creation of a forest school in connection with the University of New Brunswick.

2.—To determine as near as possible, the annual growth on the various areas.

In 1913 an act was passed authorizing the Surveyor General to make a survey of the Crown lands, the object sought being:

1.—To ascertain with as much detail as possible the quantity, quality and character of the timber on the various areas of Crown land.

3.—To study logging conditions, estimating the cost of logging and stream driving on the different areas.

4.—To locate and map any areas of agricultural land, distinguishing them from other areas suitable only for the reproduction and growth of timber.

This survey has been started this year and it is the intention of the Department to complete it as early a date as possible. The Crown lands consist of about 7,000,000 acres, of which 6,530,720 acres is held under timber license. The chief aim of the survey is to secure information for the better administration of these lands, both now and in the future, the idea being to put the lumber industry on a permanent basis in so far as the present needs will permit.

The survey will show not only the areas and quantity of merchantable timber, but also what areas are being overcut, and where more cutting could be done, with reasons for the variations, such as inaccessibility, transportation, or speculation.

It will show areas where settlement should be allowed and where the land should be reserved for timber only.

While as above stated, the survey is intended to gather information for administration purposes, it will nevertheless be of considerable importance to the lumbermen themselves. Not so much in the matter of quantity of timber will this importance be, as in the amount of merchantable material on their limits; but with regard to the growth and logging studies.

Many of the mills have long ago finished their virgin stands and are now cutting the second or third crop; that is, they are dependent upon the annual increment to supply their needs. Cutting down to a certain diameter, in how many years spruce would follow along the same lines as pine and the industry, one of the most important in the province, would be short lived on account of the lack of raw material.

The logging study will show the cost and defect or advantage of the present methods of logging as compared with other methods used under similar conditions; where saving might be effected and waste material utilized; also the possibility of establishing new industries, dependent largely for their raw material upon what is now wasted from stump to manufactured product.

The agricultural classification will show clearly the areas that are liable to be withdrawn for settlement purposes and will thus allow the operator to plan his operation to better advantage.

The plan calls for a four per cent. cruise of the entire Crown land area, and is one of the most intensive surveys yet undertaken on such an extensive area; the work undertaken by the other provincial and Canadian governments being more along the lines of general reconnaissance, except on limited areas cruised for special purposes.

Similar work has been done by the C. P. R. in their holdings in the Crown's West; by several of the larger paper companies and by the New Brunswick Railway Company on their lands in New Brunswick.

partment to complete it as early a date as possible. The Crown lands consist of about 7,000,000 acres, of which 6,530,720 acres is held under timber license. The chief aim of the survey is to secure information for the better administration of these lands, both now and in the future, the idea being to put the lumber industry on a permanent basis in so far as the present needs will permit.

The survey will show not only the areas and quantity of merchantable timber, but also what areas are being overcut, and where more cutting could be done, with reasons for the variations, such as inaccessibility, transportation, or speculation.

It will show areas where settlement should be allowed and where the land should be reserved for timber only.

While as above stated, the survey is intended to gather information for administration purposes, it will nevertheless be of considerable importance to the lumbermen themselves. Not so much in the matter of quantity of timber will this importance be, as in the amount of merchantable material on their limits; but with regard to the growth and logging studies.

Many of the mills have long ago finished their virgin stands and are now cutting the second or third crop; that is, they are dependent upon the annual increment to supply their needs. Cutting down to a certain diameter, in how many years spruce would follow along the same lines as pine and the industry, one of the most important in the province, would be short lived on account of the lack of raw material.

The logging study will show the cost and defect or advantage of the present methods of logging as compared with other methods used under similar conditions; where saving might be effected and waste material utilized; also the possibility of establishing new industries, dependent largely for their raw material upon what is now wasted from stump to manufactured product.

The agricultural classification will show clearly the areas that are liable to be withdrawn for settlement purposes and will thus allow the operator to plan his operation to better advantage.

The plan calls for a four per cent. cruise of the entire Crown land area, and is one of the most intensive surveys yet undertaken on such an extensive area; the work undertaken by the other provincial and Canadian governments being more along the lines of general reconnaissance, except on limited areas cruised for special purposes.

Similar work has been done by the C. P. R. in their holdings in the Crown's West; by several of the larger paper companies and by the New Brunswick Railway Company on their lands in New Brunswick.

## HELP FOR WORKING WOMEN

Some Have to Keep on Until They Almost Drop. How Mrs. Conley Got Help.

Here is a letter from a woman who had to work, but was too weak and suffered too much to continue. How she regained health:—

Frankfort, Ky.—"I suffered so much with female weakness that I could not do my own work, had to hire it done, I heard so much about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that I tried it. I took three bottles and I found it to be all you claim. Now I feel as well as ever I did and am able to do all my own work again."

I recommend it to any woman suffering from female weakness. You may publish my letter if you wish. —Mrs. JAMES CONLEY, 516 St. Clair St., Frankfort, Ky.

No woman suffering from any form of female troubles should lose hope until she has given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a fair trial.

This famous remedy, the medicinal ingredients of which are derived from native roots and herbs, has for forty years proved to be a most valuable tonic and invigorator of the female organism.

All women are invited to write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for special advice.—It will be confidential.

## Universal Peace Plan Proposed

United States House Naval Affairs Committee Take Steps to That End

The United States House of Representatives Committee on Naval Affairs voted unanimously to include in the annual naval appropriation bill an unusual peace and disarmament provision for the end of the European war.

The resolution was offered by Representative Walter Hensley, a Missouri Democrat one of the pacifist members of the committee. In some quarters the adoption of the resolution was regarded as a concession to the "Small Navy" Democrats of the committee who had voted for a building program costing \$160,000,000. Representative Hensley's resolution reads:

"Upon conclusion of the war in Europe, or as soon thereafter as it may be done, the President of the United States is authorized to invite all great governments of the world to send representatives to a conference, which shall be charged with the duty of suggesting an organization, court of arbitration or other body, that should dispute questions between nations shall be referred for adjudication and peaceful settlement and to consider the question of disarmament and submit their recommendations to their respective governments for approval; that the President is hereby authorized to appoint nine citizens of the United States, who shall be qualified for the mission by eminence in the law and by devotion to the cause of peace, to be representatives of the United States in such conference, that the President shall fix the compensation of the said representatives and such other employees as may be needed and it is hereby appropriated for that purpose and placed at his disposal.

The following lay members were chosen to attend General Conference: Geo. C. Sutherland, Bathurst; Jas. W. Robertson, Tabusintac; W. B. Snowball, Chatham; Amor Kay, McKee's Mills, Kent Co.; Alex. Curran, 26 Weldon street, Moncton; L. J. Wathen, Harcourt; R. W. Beers, Richibucto; Albert Bryenton, Bryenton P. O.; Thos. A. Clarke, Newcastle Alternates—A. J. Eddy, Bathurst; Geo. N. Clarke, Rexton.

Following were nominated to serve in Conference Committee: Class leaders and local preachers—Rev. A. D. MacLeod, G. C. Sutherland, Epworth League, etc.—Rev. Dr. Harrison, T. A. Clarke, Contingent Fund—Rev. J. J. Pinkerton, R. W. Beers, Sustainment—Rev. Dr. Harrison, L. J. Wathen, Social Service and Evangelism—Rev. W. Lawson, A. Curran. Memorials and Miscellaneous Resolutions—Rev. F. A. Wightman, A. Kay. Sabbath Observance—Rev. B. A. Hartman, A. Curran. State of the Work—Rev. W. B. Leard, J. W. Robertson. Nominating—Rev. J. A. Ives, A. Bryenton. Education—Rev. F. A. Wightman, W. B. Snowball. Systematic Benevolence—Rev. A. D. MacLeod, L. J. Wathen. Children's Fund—Rev. Dr. Harrison, T. A. Clarke. Conference Missions—Rev. J. J.

## POET'S CORNER

THE WAKE SONG OF COLERAINE

(By Jean Blewett)

Life was a hurt, but life is o'er—  
Sleep ye softly, Mavourneen!  
Love was a pain, but love's no more—  
Rest ye, rest ye, Mavourneen!  
Out slips the tide all silvery white—  
Sleep ye softly, Mavourneen!  
Nor life, nor love can hurt tonight—  
Rest ye, rest ye, Mavourneen!

From The Canadian Magazine.

## OUR COUNTRY'S CALL

(By M. Whelan)

My country dear, thy call I hear,  
The clarion call "To Arms!"  
And tho' we shed the parting tear,  
The cry of duty charms.

So fare thee well, my fair, fond wife,  
Farewell, dear children all,  
I go to offer up my life  
At my dear country's call.

Brave Britain calls across the waves  
To her heroic sons,  
For Britons never shall be slaves  
To Teutons or to Huns.

Then farewell friends and parents too  
To brothers, sisters, all,  
We go to win a world for you,  
At our dear country's call.

The nation's banners are unfurled,  
We never shall be slaves,  
Or fill true freedom's graves.  
Before our arms shall fall,  
Great Father, Son and Holy Ghost,  
Bless our brave country's call.  
Renous River, N. B., June, 1916.

Richie, three, was taken by his father to a bowling tournament. When asked what he saw, he said: "Lots of men throwing balls at milk bottles."

## Methodist Chatham District Meeting

Much Business Transacted Preparatory to General Conference. Session Which Meets This Week

The annual meeting of the Chatham District of the Methodist Church was held in Chatham May 21—June 1, President Wightman in the chair, Rev. Mr. MacLeod secretary.

The ministerial session was held on Wednesday, Present: Revs. F. A. Wightman, Bathurst; W. Harrison, D. Newcastle; C. W. Squires, Ph. D. Campbellton; J. J. Pinkerton, Chatham; John A. Ives, Millerton; A. D. MacLeod, Harcourt; Benj. O. Hartman, Richibucto; Wm. Lawson, Buctouche; and Probationer A. C. Motyer, Bathurst.

In the case of Wm. Stephen Godfrey, B. A., who was accepted as a probationer for the ministry a year ago but who, with permission, joined the 145th Battalion last March and engaged in special work with the troops under Y. M. C. A. auspices, his request for a special ordination, to extend and make more efficient his work, was favored, and a recommendation to that effect made to conference, after Mr. Godfrey had passed a very satisfactory examination before the meeting.

On motion of Rev. Dr. Squires, it was resolved: In consideration of the fact that family worship seems to be neglected in many of our Christian homes and thereby much spiritual strength and enlightenment is missed, this District wishes to put on record its deep concern because of this and recommend that each minister be reminded of his privilege

	Members	Baptisms	Marriages	Burials	Total raised
Bathurst	206	12	8	10	\$2384.85
Chatham	178	18	1	10	4774.85
Campbellton	153	27	10	10	2103.95
Derby	123	12	2	6	1197.55
Newcastle	118	12	6	7	1873.47
Gaspé and Cape Ozo	114	9	2	6	960.00
Buctouche	108	5	0	9	1016.51
Harcourt	90	14	2	4	825.75
Tabusintac	87	7	0	0	264.00
Richibucto	73	2	0	4	693.50
Bonaventure	50	7	0	2	201.51
Totals	1200	125	31	68	\$16,296.24

All the baptisms except two of Pinkerton, W. B. Snowball and those at Buctouche were of infants.

There is an increase of 28 members over deaths and removals during the year.

Amounts raised were as follows: For Circuit purposes \$6,864.90; Salaries 6,184.31; A. Ives, A. D. MacLeod and B. O. General Missions 972.46; Supernumerary 526.00; Superannuation 215.00; Sustainment 166.10; Educational 125.25; General Conference 78.90; Continuant 74.55; Social Service, etc. 59.52; Children's 35.00; Sunday School 37.30; Sundry 178.11.

## 13 Hours and a Half Boston to New York

The Eastern Steamship Corporation formally announces the use of the Cape Cod Canal for the steamers of the Metropolitan Line All-The-Way-By-Water route between Boston and New York.

By the use of the Canal thence via Buzzards Bay and Long Island Sound the All-The-Way-By-Water distance between Boston and New York is reduced from 337 to 260 statute or land miles and the Steamships Massachusetts and Bunker Hill, which are in this service, will hereafter leave India Wharf at 6 o'clock in stead of 5 o'clock in the evening, and scheduled to arrive in New York at 7.30 the following morning, running time between the two cities being fixed at 13½ hours.

It is a game thing to be a good loser, but most of us would rather be game on the other side.

## YOURS TO ENJOY



### KING COLE TEA

You'll Like the Flavor

40c., 45c. and 50c. Per Pound

## Officer on Trial For Execution of Editor

Court Martial for Man Who Ordered Shooting of Skeffington in the Sinn Fein Revolt

Dublin, June 1.—The court martial of Bowen Cathorpe, the officer who ordered the execution of F. Sheehy Skeffington, following the Sinn Fein revolt, was opened here Tuesday. Representatives of the press are admitted to the trial.

The accused officer is an Irishman who has been at the front.

F. Sheehy Skeffington was editor of the Irish Citizen, a Nationalist paper published in Dublin. His execution caused strong protest on the part of his friends, who asserted that he had no connection with the Sinn Feiners and was arrested—and shot—without any trial or justification. The matter was brought before the House of Commons, and Premier Asquith stated that the editor had been put to death without the knowledge of the military authorities and that the officer concerned would be court martialled.

## ST. VITUS DANCE

A Trouble Cured Through The Use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

St. Vitus dance is a disease that usually attacks young children—chiefly of a school age—though older persons may be afflicted with it. Its most common symptoms are a twitching of the muscles of the face and limbs. As the disease progresses this twitching takes the form of spasms in which the jerking motion may be confined to the head, or all the limbs may be affected. The patient is frequently unable to hold anything in his hands or to walk steadily, and in severe cases even the speech may be affected. The disease is due to debility of the nerves and is always cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which enrich the blood, tone and strengthen the nervous system and restore the sufferer to good health. Any symptoms of nerve trouble in young children should be promptly treated as it is almost sure to lead to St. Vitus dance. The following is proof of the power of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to cure this trouble. Mrs. Hamm, Oshtemo, Ont., says: "My daughter, Minnie, at the age of 12 years, was attacked with St. Vitus dance. She was under the care of a doctor for three months, but did not improve. One side of her body was entirely useless when the trouble was at its worst, and she could not even dress herself, nor hold anything in her hand on the affected side. One day I came across a little book advertising Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and saw where they had cured similar cases. I then decided to try these Pills, and by the time she had taken two boxes she began to improve, and by the time she had taken five boxes every symptom of the trouble had disappeared, and she was as well as ever."

A fair trial with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will cure all such cases. You can get the Pills from any dealer in medicine or by mail at 25 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The principal of the school, Mr. J. D. Kane, was in full sympathy with the work and notwithstanding the strain of examinations which are now being held at the school, encouraged in every way the boys being present at their inspection parade.

## Education For Workers

(From Address by Dr. J. Robertson)

The movement in the United Kingdom in the extension of vocational education during the last eight or ten years, has been an educational reformation. If one would venture a prediction it would be of this sort—that the far-seeing, deep-seating historian will put a milestone to mark a stage of England's greatness between 1900 and 1913. It will mark the recognized starting place of the effort in England to give the toiling masses a chance for natural, normal, organic development; a chance to be educated for their job, to get satisfaction out of their work, to make good homes for themselves and to leave their children with still better opportunities for further development.

## Prince of Wales to Marry Italian Princess

He is to Wed Jolanda, Daughter of King of Italy and Granddaughter of King Nicholas of Montenegro

New York, June 1.—A Paris despatch to a news agency here today, says: "That Prince Edward of Wales, heir apparent to the British throne is to marry Princess Jolanda, the eldest daughter of King Victor Emmanuel of Italy, and a girl of rare beauty, was the report received here today from Rome. It is rumored announcement of the engagement is imminent. The Princess Jolanda celebrated her fifteenth birthday today. She is said to be extremely popular with the Italian people. Interest here in the reported engagement centres in the fact that the bonds of friendship between two of the allies would be materially strengthened by the marriage."

## Official Inspection of Harkins Academy Cadet Corps

On Friday morning at 9 a. m. sharp the Cadet Corps of the Newcastle school were lined up for inspection in command of their instructor, Capt. Barry of the 132nd Overseas C. E. F. Punctually did the Inspector from the 6th M. D. Halifax, Capt. Robinson Black, arrive at the school grounds. The greatest interest was taken in the inspection by the boys, as shown by the record attendance, not one of the boys on the organization roll being absent.

The Captain in Command, also the Company leaders, put the boys through their squad and company drill and subsequently, having adjourned to an adjoining field, took part in some field manoeuvres and extended Order Drill including advance guard and patrol formations. Physical drill, signalling and questions in Field Engineering were played and responded to in a manner which reflects highly on the tuition given by the instructor during the short time he had the Corps in training. Field sketching carried out by the boys was also submitted to the Inspector for his perusal and approval.

The total strength of the Corps was 51 boys, the greater portion of which were under 15 years of age and one has to watch the movements carefully to notice how favorably they compare with the modern recruit of the Militia and C. E. F.

The inspection being over about 11 o'clock the boys were addressed in a few well chosen words by the Inspector, who congratulated them as also their instructor and the Academy to which they were attached, for the enthusiastic co-operation which existed amongst all the public interested in this splendid training, many pleasant and complimentary references to the manner in which the different portions of the drill were carried out, were admirably though cautiously expressed by the genial and popular Organizer and Inspector. It is almost as good as an assurance, reading between the lines of the Inspector's remarks, that he has little hesitation in recommending the Corps for the consideration of the authorities as "Efficient."

The principal of the school, Mr. J. D. Kane, was in full sympathy with the work and notwithstanding the strain of examinations which are now being held at the school, encouraged in every way the boys being present at their inspection parade.

The inspection thus terminated, having been carried out under ideal weather conditions and concluding with three cheers for His Majesty the King, and the Inspector and Instructor of the Corps.

No military exercises or shooting had been carried on, as the time for same was not available to the instructor, but in every other respect the boys have good reason to be proud of their showing and prouder still of the privilege and opportunity of being drilled by Capt. Barry to whom in his new capacity as an Overseas officer in the highly popular regiment of the 132nd C. E. F. we wish all good luck and God speed.

Friday afternoon Capt. Black visited Douglastown, where not quite enough boys had been available to form a Corps this term.

He then proceeded to Chatham, where a successful review of the Chatham Corps was carried out.

## THE MARITIME PROVINCES

### SUMMER TOURIST TRAVEL

The United States railway authorities are expecting a big tourist travel to New England resorts this year, and advance many reasons for their optimism in this respect. They cite the facts that war conditions have closed the door to European resorts, that the San Francisco Exposition which last year led thousands to spend their vacation on the Pacific coast, is over, and that the extraordinary prosperity in the United States has provided many people with ready money for extended trips. Another indication is the large number of requests received for summer literature. The numerous enquiries received by the Canadian Government Railways is a sure index that great interest is being taken in the summer resorts of the Maritime Provinces, and all its principal passenger representatives in the United States and Canada have been provided with a large supply of 1916 descriptive literature.

With the unlimited possibilities that Maritime Canada possesses for summer enjoyment—conditions as enjoyable as those in the most favoured part of the world that may be chosen for comparison—sunny skies, delightful temperature, invigorating air on endless variety of picturesque beauty—nature evidently intended the "provinces by the sea" to be a land for recreation.

The value of summer tourist business to the New England States, is estimated in the millions. Now is the time for our Maritime people having accommodation for summer visitors to put their house in order, advertise the fact at home and abroad, welcome the stranger and reap the golden harvest.

## INSTEAD OF PAINT

DON'T paint your pretty home this season, but use instead Velvex Creosote Shingle Stains. By so doing, you can finish all the beauty of the wood. And think of the preservative value. Velvex Shingle Stains contain Creosote, the greatest wood preservative known. This means protection against wind and weather. It therefore means economy.

Velvex Creosote Shingle Stains

Half the Cost — Twice the Wear

Velvex Creosote Shingle Stains cost about half as much as paint. And they wear much better because they penetrate the wood. They do not evaporate or dry out and of course they cannot peel off. These stains come in any color you want. They are very easily applied. You ought to investigate them. We have the complete line and we know you will like them.

Write us for a sample of wood stained with Velvex Creosote Shingle Stains.

Carrivito-Peterson Mfg. Co., Limited  
Halifax, N. S. St. John, N. B. Sydney, N. S.

## MASONIC HOME IN NOVA SCOTIA

able to leave his bed. The attentions James J. Stewart, L. C. R. black-velvet from a wilderness to what blind, and for months has been unwell. Mr. Hill was born near Guelph, Canadian farmer. He discovered "the bread basket of the world" in the great northwest. He led in its demerly of Newcastle, N. B., an in-This is the second visit of Mr. Stewart to that home. Mrs. Stewart was with him on the first occasion. Her father, Capt. William Reid, formerly returned to Moncton on No. 4 after a brief visit to Nova Scotia. Freemasons' Home at Windsor, N. S. of the Masonic brethren resident in the Home to the afflicted brother are only excelled by the attentions of Mrs. Grant, the matron. It is believed that the day is drawing near in which New Brunswick members of A. F. & A. M. will institute, as has Nova Scotia, a Home for aged Masons.—Times.

## Prince of Wales to Marry Italian Princess

He is to Wed Jolanda, Daughter of King of Italy and Granddaughter of King Nicholas of Montenegro

New York, June 1.—A Paris despatch to a news agency here today, says: "That Prince Edward of Wales, heir apparent to the British throne is to marry Princess Jolanda, the eldest daughter of King Victor Emmanuel of Italy, and a girl of rare beauty, was the report received here today from Rome. It is rumored announcement of the engagement is imminent. The Princess Jolanda celebrated her fifteenth birthday today. She is said to be extremely popular with the Italian people. Interest here in the reported engagement centres in the fact that the bonds of friendship between two of the allies would be materially strengthened by the marriage."

## Official Inspection of Harkins Academy Cadet Corps

On Friday morning at 9 a. m. sharp the Cadet Corps of the Newcastle school were lined up for inspection in command of their instructor, Capt. Barry of the 132nd Overseas C. E. F. Punctually did the Inspector from the 6th M. D. Halifax, Capt. Robinson Black, arrive at the school grounds. The greatest interest was taken in the inspection by the boys, as shown by the record attendance, not one of the boys on the organization roll being absent.

The Captain in Command, also the Company leaders, put the boys through their squad and company drill and subsequently, having adjourned to an adjoining field, took part in some field manoeuvres and extended Order Drill including advance guard and patrol formations. Physical drill, signalling and questions in Field Engineering were played and responded to in a manner which reflects highly on the tuition given by the instructor during the short time he had the Corps in training. Field sketching carried out by the boys was also submitted to the Inspector for his perusal and approval.

The total strength of the Corps was 51 boys, the greater portion of which were under 15 years of age and one has to watch the movements carefully to notice how favorably they compare with the modern recruit of the Militia and C. E. F.

The inspection being over about 11 o'clock the boys were addressed in a few well chosen words by the Inspector, who congratulated them as also their instructor and the Academy to which they were attached, for the enthusiastic co-operation which existed amongst all the public interested in this splendid training, many pleasant and complimentary references to the manner in which the different portions of the drill were carried out, were admirably though cautiously expressed by the genial and popular Organizer and Inspector. It is almost as good as an assurance, reading between the lines of the Inspector's remarks, that he has little hesitation in recommending the Corps for the consideration of the authorities as "Efficient."

The principal of the school, Mr. J. D. Kane, was in full sympathy with the work and notwithstanding the strain of examinations which are now being held at the school, encouraged in every way the boys being present at their inspection parade.

The inspection thus terminated, having been carried out under ideal weather conditions and concluding with three cheers for His Majesty the King, and the Inspector and Instructor of the Corps.

No military exercises or shooting had been carried on, as the time for same was not available to the instructor, but in every other respect the boys have good reason to be proud of their showing and prouder still of the privilege and opportunity of being drilled by Capt. Barry to whom in his new capacity as an Overseas officer in the highly popular regiment of the 132nd C. E. F. we wish all good luck and God speed.

Friday afternoon Capt. Black visited Douglastown, where not quite enough boys had been available to form a Corps this term.

He then proceeded to Chatham, where a successful review of the Chatham Corps was carried out.

## TAKES OFF DANDRUFF, HAIR STOPS FALLING

Save your Hair! Get a 25 cent bottle of Danderine right now—Also stops itching scalp.

Thin, brittle, colorless and scraggy hair is mute evidence of a neglected scalp; of dandruff—that awful scurf. There is nothing so destructive to the hair as dandruff. It robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life; eventually producing a feverishness and itching of the scalp, which if not remedied causes the hair roots to shrink, loosen and die—then the hair falls out fast. A little Danderine tonight—now—any time—will surely save your hair.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store. You surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine. Save your hair! Try it!