

PRICE TWO CENTS.

On Friday battery drill and firing blank cartridge was the order of the day. The Brigade marched to the field on the Eramosa road near the old Dutch town. There the firing was done in a very creditable manner, showing that even for the short time that the men have been in camp they have picked up considerable. The rain drove the soldiers to camp and when they arrived they were wet to the skin.

On Tuesday and Wednesday Brigade and Battery drill will be the order, when both batteries will be inspected by Col. Cotton.

The week's rain has militated considerably against the pleasure of camp life, but notwithstanding the difficulties

played between the members of "A" and "B" batteries. Four innings were played when the rain put a stop to the game, the score standing 16 to 6 in favor of "A" battery.

Friday evening the tent of the Sergeant Major of "A" Battery was the scene of much merriment. A number of civilians and non-coms. met and a very pleasant evening was spent in music, songs and recitations. The following programme was given: Song, "Paddy, don't you kiss your mother," by a Corporal of "A" Battery, was loudly applauded. Reading "The Chinaman's prayer," by Mr. A. Watson. This gentleman's Chinese

which was one of the features of the evening. Hospital Sergt. Phillips, in his mouth organ solo and Gunnar, with his strong's collection of songs, were the highlights of the songs of those who were present. The music was so good that the pleasure was immense. All who had the pleasure of listening to the impromptu concert enjoyed the Sergt.-Major's tent the most pleasant on the camp ground.

Two Sergts. of B. B. Co. were detailed for duty that night, for their night, and they had a hard time of it, for to use a common phrase they were down brown in the morning by the heavy rain and a tremor through a muddy field. The good luck was that no one was hurt. The assistance was of no avail to pull the boots back and hide from their feet. The assistance was a band of men, with military equipment, were brought to their relief, where

The Feast of Corpus Christi.

To-morrow the feast of Corpus Christi will be observed with considerable pomp as the Church of Our Lady. Being the feast of the Body of Christ, the feast is such a grand one here, it might not be out of place to explain the feast. Corpus Christi (the body of Christ) is the feast of the Roman Catholic Church, celebrated on the Thursday after Trinity Sunday. This church holds that the proper time of the festival is Thursday.

the enquist; but as the sadnes begotten by the commemoration of Christ's death is supposed to absorb every other feeling during Holy week, so the first thing that after the pasching comes is to celebrate with befitting solemnity the resurrection of Christ in the sacrament. Hence the procession in Rome and in all catholic countries, in which the host is carried through the decorated streets and public places. The first deacon reads the separate letters of the four Evangelists, and the Pope, in the Synod held in 1245, Pope Urban IV in 1264, commanded its observance by the whole church, placing it on the same footing with the solemnities of Christmas, Epiphany, Easter, and Pentecost.

The following is the programme for the "Sunday with the Pasching."

which the feast of the Most Blessed Sacrament of the altar, there will be a solemn high mass. Immediately after the mass the procession will form, the children first, the boys of the Ladies' Catechists, married Ladies Society, the Catholic Mutual Beneficent Society, the League of the Cross, the Society of Vincent de Paul. The procession will move from the south transept door into the aisle and round by the front. An altar will be erected at the front of the aisle and benediction will stop for benediction thence westward along the north aisle west and around to the rear of the chapel, where a second altar will be erected and benediction given a second time thence around south transept and back to the altar.

The Home Rule Campaign.
LONDON, June 25.—Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, speaking at Bristol last night, said that there was not any wish to expatriate Irishmen. He said if Mr. Gladstone's scheme should be carried, coercion would be taken against loyal, industrious men, and that the sword was used, it would be to the detriment of the men and the Parliaments.

Mr. Chamberlain, speaking at Barnstaple last night, said that the Government had no intention of expatriating any Irishmen.

Bill, as unfair to the electors on account of its vagueness. The scheme, he said, would only lead to greater agitation, laying home legislation on the backs of the electors. The scheme embraced in the bill would be a failure, and Lord Balfour said the burden would fall upon English tax-payer.

Lord Hartington, in a speech at Bristol, said he was sure the split in the Liberal party would endure long. He greeted the Liberals, and stated that he was glad to see the Liberal Party in the House of Commons. He said that he could not be the leader in English politics, seized the chance to eject the Conservatives.

DUBLIN, June 25.—Mr. Parnell, in a speech at Portsmouth this evening, proposed Home Rule for Ireland, and the proposed Home Rule Bill.

fully adequate to protect the minority. The granting of a separate Government to Ulster would leave 500,000 Protestants in other Provinces without protection. Irish would cheerfully accept Mr. Stone's proposals as final.

John Bright says scores of men voted for the Irish Bills who previously condemned them.