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COL. HARRY COCKSHUTT GREETED WITH ACCLAMAT GRANDVIEW

Rousing Rally Last Night For Brant Riding's Candidate for Union Government and the Winning of the War-- Col. Cockshutt Would Compel Foreigners to Bear Their Share of Canada's Burdens

Principles of a broad, national win-the-war policy were enumerated by Col. Harry Cockshutt to an audience that crowded the seating capacity of the Grandview School last night. Col. Cockshutt, the win-the-war candidate for the riding of Brant, advocated the Union Government platform. In addition to supporting a policy that embodied progressive prosecution of the war to a successful conclusion, Col. Cockshutt expressed himself as being in favor of increased soldiers' pay and pensions and would also force the foreigner and alien in Canada, who refuses to subscribe toward war loans, or contribute toward any patriotic cause, to pay through taxes for the benefits he receives.

Other speakers were Senator Fisher, Lieut. W. G. Flowerday, James Scaee, Franklin Smoke of Paris, and Sergt. O'Connell. Several appropriate patriotic solos were contributed by Walter Carpenter during the evening.

Henry Fielden, chairman, a working man and a non-politician, the son of an old soldier and a soldier himself, in thinking of the men who had joined the colors and what was promised to them when they went away could honestly support the candidature of Col. Harry Cockshutt. Had the meeting been of a political character, he would have attended, but for the interest of the men overseas he was proud to act as chairman. The speaker referred to Col. Cockshutt's many patriotic works.

"If I can endorse any man, I think and do so, and I think the man best adapted through his experience and patriotic works, to represent the riding of Brant is Col. Cockshutt.

As a grandfather and a father, the speaker appealed for a fair chance for the little children. He has at the front had cruelly and basely treated the children of Belgium and Northern France. The children in Europe and the children of the electors in Brant could best be protected and given a square chance by returning to Parliament.

THE MERCHANTS CORNER

Advertising is the motive power of modern business. The man who has a product that the people want and does not tell them about it is living in the Sahara of his barren life. He is a derelict lost in the empty desert of his own ignorance or folly.

The true function of advertising is to suggest rather than to convince to lead rather than to compel, to inspire rather than to direct, by creating through the dominating idea used in the advertising other ideas in the mind of the reader that he or she will catalogue as personal, intimate opinions of the product and its value.

All advertising that suggests, leads and inspires is good advertising. If it is insistent and consistent, it must be productive advertising. This is the elementary fundamental of all publicity that wins increasing sales.—The Wallace.

WEATHER BULLETIN

Toronto, Nov. 30.—A depression is developing this morning over the great lakes, while intense cold is now prevailing in the Yukon territory. Rain is occurring over Ontario. Elsewhere in Canada the weather is fair.

Forecasts
Winds, gradually increasing to strong breezes or moderate gales, south, shifting to west and north-west, occasional rain. Saturday—Strong winds, to moderate gales, west to north, colder with some light snow falls or flurries, but partly fair.

Zimmie

Advertisement for Zimmie, a character or product.

During the past few years Mr. Scaee had many times spoken to the residents of Grandview, but never before had he been called upon to speak upon a question so serious.

"We are here to-night, friends, to discuss one primary question—how our action in the coming election will affect Canada and the conduct of the war. We now realize that the outcome of the war is much more serious than we at first anticipated, but I am sure that whatever happens we are determined one and all to see this thing through. Our boys and the boys of the Motherland have stuck to their jobs and are still sticking.

With an equal determination most of our allies are also sticking. One of our allies is faltering temporarily, at least, and making the balance of the burden greater for us.

When our hundreds of thousands of men went overseas, we promised them that we would look after their needs, and see that their dependents at home would be looked after. We have now friends, come to the parting of the ways; we must choose whether we will continue to support them or desert them in their hour of need. We have to face at home in Canada a faction who wish to follow the deserting policy.

"There are many in this riding, and I especially refer to the ladies, who will in this election cast their first vote. There was a duty lying at the door of all true Canadians. The boys at the front were fighting the actual battles, but there were three duties devolving upon those at home. Perhaps the greatest opportunity to serve now available for those at home was the power to vote. A man should be chosen of whom the electors could be sure. There must be no doubt of the attitude toward the future prosecution of the war.

French Canadian Quebec had pulled back on the traces and intended to do so for their own selfish interests.

"The real issue of this election is this: Will we be dominated by Quebec and quit or will we send a majority to Parliament and continue the fight. In a locality like Grandview, where in every public building there is an honor roll, there could be but one answer—carry on!

Lieut. W. G. Flowerday, a returned veteran, declared that never before had he been called upon to consider such a vital question. The Empire was now passing through one of the most critical periods in her history. The call of the day was for union, and that was what was needed in Canada to assist in the winning of the war.

"In 1914 England had sent forth the call to Canada—S.O.S. Send Over Soldiers, and, thank God, Canada heard the call," continued the speaker. "Some of our boys, crippled and wounded, have been in the trenches for nearly four years and are now scanning the horizon for reinforcements, which Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his followers claim are not needed. Every man who casts a vote for Sir Wilfrid Laurier casts a black blot on the flag of which we are so proud."

LENINE GOVT. HAS FALLEN

Bolsheviki are Represented in New Coalition Socialist Cabinet.

London, Nov. 30.—The government of Nikolai Lenine has fallen, according to a Petrograd dispatch to The Daily Chronicle dated Wednesday. It has been succeeded by a coalition cabinet of advanced Socialists, in which, however, the Bolsheviki are represented.

"I have served under Col. Cockshutt and I know him well. His men in the 215th know him well, and as I only left them in England four weeks ago, I know that these men who would have followed him through Hell, are still with him, and as far as they are concerned, will place him at the head of the polls. But it is not only for Col. Cockshutt that I vote, but for the principle for which he stands. The crisis in Canada to-day involves a fight between Union Government and traitorism.

"Don't forget the men overseas are relying upon you to place Col. Cockshutt in parliament. They are looking for reinforcements. Canada is worth fighting for, and while we are optimistic and believe that the war is won, we must stiffen our backs as far as loyalty and patriotism are concerned. The boys overseas want your support, and you will not have an opportunity of doing so.

Colonel Cockshutt is in the fight, and in the fight to stay. We are now sitting in the barbed wire and, on December 17th we will go over the top and drive the enemy out of their trenches.

"My final appeal to you is—stand true. Be true, loyal, British; do so by voting and getting others to vote for Col. Harry Cockshutt."

Col. Cockshutt, the candidate, depreciated the references that had been made by the previous speakers to his patriotic works. He had red blood in his veins could do. Regarding his candidacy in the riding of Brant, Mr. Cockshutt said:

"I have not sought the candidacy in this riding, not because I was afraid, but because of my duty as a soldier. Finally, however, I received a letter from Premier Borden asking me to stand as the Union Government candidate. You may eliminate me, but to the standard I carry and to the flag which I support, I will stand by you. Will you stand by me?" asked the speaker.

"Hear! Hear! Live we will!" responded the crowd.

"I am glad the ladies have the vote," continued Col. Cockshutt, "because they are the ones who have suffered the most, who have given of their sons and husbands and suffered an agony of suspense.

"Now we have conscription, and why? Because in this country we have a man who stands up and advises his followers not to go to the front, if Quebec had done its duty, there would have been no conscription. There would be soldiers and to spare. If there is anybody to blame for conscription it is not Borden, but the leader of the Opposition, who, in his insinuating way had not given the lead for his followers in Quebec going overseas.

"At the time of the Riel Rebellion, before he was Premier of Canada, Laurier at a meeting in St. Thomas, said he would have used his musket had he been there. At the time of the South African war, Laurier was opposed to sending troops to the assistance of the Motherland and would not send them until forced to do so through public opinion. Again, when it was proposed that Canada contribute dreadnaughts toward the British navy, Laurier and his follower had opposed the proposal and refused to give aid to England. Now he returns to give assistance to our own men in the trenches.

"Laurier will not again be Premier of Canada," predicted the speaker. "He will go down unhonored and unsure. I did not seek this fight, but if I am elected, and I think I will be elected, I am going to truly represent the electors and people of this district and will give you my time freely.

The Foreign Problem.
Regarding the foreign element of the population of the country, Col. Cockshutt intimated that if elected

he would endeavor to effect legislation that would force the foreigner and alien to contribute his fair share toward the winning of the war and repay the state for some of the advantages he enjoys here.

"This is a land of liberty for you, for me, and for everyone who wants to come under the flag so long as they obey the laws of the country," declared the speaker. "There are many foreigners and aliens in the country with good jobs, receiving good wages who are not subscribing to war loans, patriotic funds, nor paying in taxes for the benefit of the Reserve Soldier.

Col. Cockshutt did not forget the returned soldier. In this connection he said:

"When the war is over and blind, maimed and crippled, these men who are fighting, suffering and dying for our heritage and for our children and their children, must have proper facilities for their comfort. It is the duty of the Government to provide them with proper pensions to live in a comfortable manner. They have fought for us and it is our plain duty to look after them when they return. It is possible that when peace has been signed and the men have returned and settled down that we will forget what has been done for us by them. Let us forget, we should take these steps toward increased pensions immediately. The Government should also provide these men with positions. The men in the trenches have given up good positions. They are not living in peace and comfort and pleasure as are many at home. Since

they left wages and salaries have increased, but the soldiers' pay has not, and their wives are left here to battle with the ever-increasing prices on the same measure \$1.10 per day. Adequate pay for the soldiers should be taken up without delay by the Government.

"There is no other policy for me to support, I am a win-the-war man, and have eliminated politics at the present time. My only object is to win the war.

"There will be three conscripts before the tribunal of the people on the 17th of December, two will be turned down and one will be taken. I ask you to conscript me. The night of December the 17th will decide victory or defeat for us. If we down to defeat we will go cheerfully, and if we win will not gloat over our opponents. I feel that on the night of election I will be selected as your representative," concluded Col. Cockshutt amid enthusiastic cheers.

Franklin Smoke of Paris, welcomed the ladies to the meeting. This was practically the first campaign in which the ladies had participated and he was glad to see them taking an interest in the questions of the day.

The Fifty-Fifty Proposition.
Regarding the suggestion that had been made that the Brants be divided on a fifty-fifty basis, Mr. Smoke was willing to offer that Col. Cockshutt would be quite willing to retire in the riding of Brant if the Opposition would divide the Province of Quebec on a fifty-fifty basis. It was not probable that there would be more than five out of the sixty-five seats in Quebec return win-the-war candidates.

"Why should we give up a seat that we have held for six years in the face of this?" demanded Mr. Smoke.

At a meeting of Liberals held last June, at which Mr. Harold had been present in the town of Paris, a resolution endorsing Laurier was unanimously passed. Mr. Harold had presided over that meeting.

GERMANS ON OFFENSIVE

British army headquarters in France, Nov. 30.—(By the Associated Press).—The Germans this morning made an attack on the British lines about Comblanchien, which is just south of the area included in last week's British offensive.

THE KAISER—"Well, that just suits me."



THE WAR POLICY SNAIL—SPECIES PARADOXIBUS

Senate, did not want the people of Grandview to think that he did not represent them as formerly. Instead they would now have two representatives—himself and Col. Cockshutt.

Senator Fisher was pleased to see the ladies taking an interest in the campaign and intimated that almost without exception they would support Harry Cockshutt in the riding of Brant. Senator Fisher then explained why the franchise had been extended to include the ladies. With 400,000 troops overseas, 32,000 beneath the sod, and

Four Killed in Explosion

Trenton, Ont., Nov. 30.—Four workmen were killed and two injured, one dangerously, in an explosion in one of the buildings of the British Chemical Company between 2 and 3 o'clock this morning. The building was destroyed in a fire which followed. The company has been very busy and the force was working in three shifts. An inquest will be opened this evening.

Major Gordon Smith of this city received word this afternoon that his nephew, Philip MacDonnell, of Perth, was one of the men killed in the explosion.

MEETINGS IN THE INTERESTS OF HARRY COCKSHUTT

The Win-the-War Candidate for the Riding of Brant, will be held as follows—
Burford—Friday Evening, at 8 o'clock.
Paris—Saturday Evening at 8 o'clock.
Echo Place School—Tuesday Evening at 8 o'clock.

GOOD SPEAKERS WILL BE THERE.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

CHIROPRACTOR ARRESTED AS GERMAN AGENT

Charge of Treason Laid Against E. L. Hanselman, Local Citizen.

MUNITION WORKER Is Accused of Plugging Shells to Cause Them to Backfire.

Living a dual life, so it is alleged, L. Hanselman, 222 Dalhousie street, was arrested yesterday afternoon for treason, based on charges of tampering with shells in the munition plant of the Gould, Shapley and Mack Company, Hanselman during the day has been a practicing chiropractor, while at night for the past two years he has been a munition worker at the G. S. M. factory at night. In April he gave up his position, went to Chicago, and upon his return resumed work at the Boston factory. Hanselman was also named in the report of an investigation by the police that was indicated by the report of an inspector who witnessed Hanselman's alleged tampering with shells. The inspector was in the factory of evidence was taken in the shells at the front through shells and plugging in the casing, and Hanselman the peculiar amount of force required to explode the shells.

Coincidentally with the investigation, Hanselman was arrested at the Ottawa factory, where he was Hanselman from the Keaton factory. Hanselman's method of weakening the shells was simple, yet, it is alleged, was devilishly effective. He is alleged to have used a one quarter inch hole which he utilized to drill a hole in the base of the shell which he wished to weaken. He would then plug the cavity thus made with soft steel and smooth over the surface, that almost without exception they would support Harry Cockshutt in the riding of Brant. Senator Fisher then explained why the franchise had been extended to include the ladies. With 400,000 troops overseas, 32,000 beneath the sod, and

Defended by M. W. McEwen, the prisoner appeared before Magistrate Livingston in the police court yesterday afternoon, and at the request of Chief of Police Slemm, was remanded until Monday. Bail was refused by the Magistrate, but prisoner's counsel was referred to the Crown Attorney for an arrangement. The specific charge lodged against Hanselman is treason, for which the supreme penalty is death. If the evidence warrants a trial, he will be committed for trial before the next session of the Assize here.

The prisoner resided at 222 Dalhousie street, gives his occupation as a chiropractor, age 38, is married and a Methodist. He was arrested shortly after 3 o'clock by Detective Schuler.

BANKS KEEP OPEN TILL 6 p.m. TO-MORROW FOR VICTORY LOAN SUBSCRIBERS