GIRL JUMPED INTO THE SEA

Passengers Witness Thrilling Suicide

Battered by Furious Gales Two Big Ships Arrive in Halifax

HALIFAX, N. S., April 5.—Battered by furious gales all the way across the Atlantic and with her decks continually swept by mountainous seas, the Allan liner Virginian, Capt. Vipond, from Liverpool, March 27, arrived here today with the British mails and 1,500 passengers, mostly British immigrants, going to points in the Canadian west. The steamer sustained some deck-damage, and all the passengers, who had been ill, were a happy lot when the steamer tied up at the pier. On March 30 the Virginian passed the Dominion line steamer Dominion, bound to Halifax with 1,300 Salvation Army immigrants and on Friday she was in wireless communication with the Cunard liner Lucania, bound to New York. The latter steamer reported having encountered terrific weather.

On the same day the Virginian spoke a French steamer showing the letters "J. N. L. C.," in lat 45.45, lon. 30.30, bound west. The steamer asked to be reported to the Associated Press "All well."

The Hamburg-American liner Pretoria, Captain Schrtter, from Hamburg March 15, and Boulogne March 21, bound for New York, arrived here today short of coal. The steamer met terrific weather, the gales being unusually heavy and the seas high, the decks being swept, but no serious damage done. At no time could she make over 250 miles a day. On the first day out from Hamburg the passengers on deck witnessed a thrilling scene, when a young German girl dashed from the second cabin to the deck and then to the rail, and before any person could catch her she plunged into the sea. The liner was stopped and a boat lowered, but long before it reached the struggling girl she disappeared beneath the waves. The liner's bunkers were almost empty when she reached port. She anchored at quarantine, where she transferred to a tug 100 of her 1,650 passengers, who are bound to points in Canada. In the hold of the Pretoria there is a huge menagerie, there being lions, tigers, a jaguar, monkeys and over 1,000 birds. After taking about 800 tons of coal the steamer proceeded to New York.

WHAT CAUSES HEADACHES

From October to May, Colds are the most frequent cause of headache. LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE removes cause. E. W. Grove on box. 25c.

FIRE IN PRINCE ALBERT HOTEL AT HILLSBORO

Building Damaged to the Extent of $1,000—All Furniture Removed

HOPEWELL HILL, April 4.Fire in the Prince Albert Hotel at Hillsboro yesterday afternoon caused one thousand dollars damage and came very nearly destroying the entire building, which is one of the finest in the county.

The fire originated in the back closet in the attic from, it is thought, a carelessly thrown match, and had made such headway when discovered that the manager had all the furniture carried out, fearing total destruction of the building. Fortunately, however, the flames were arrested, but not before considerable damage was done.

The Prince Albert is a handsome three story structure, owned by the Hillsboro Hotel Co., and was erected a few years ago at large cost.

FIRE IN AMHERST DID LITTLE DAMAGE

AMHERST, N. S., April 4—A bad fire broke otu this morning about eight o'clock in the basement of the Vail block, at the rear of the American cafe. The firemen were quickly on the scene and in a few moments a couple of streams were playing on the flames, which were soon extinguished. Considerable damage was done in the rear end by the flames and the dining room of the cafe was pretty well flooded by water, but was not touched by fire. The loss to the building is estimated at $1,000, covered by insurance. The fire was caused by an accident in which some gasoline in the warehouse of the Amherst Foundry Company's apartment was upset and the warehouse lying close to the Vail block some of the liquid leaked through into the basement of the latter building and a man of the American cafe, who was unaware of the explosive qualities of gasoline, lit a match, as the basement was dark. A minute later the place was in flames. Only the quickness of the man saved his life.

EXPRESS TRAINS BUMPED ON ELEVATED ROAD

NEW YORK, April 6—One man was seriously hurt, and traffic was blocked for nearly an hour today as the result of a rear-end collision between two empty express trains on the elevated extension of the subway at 174th street and Boston Road in the Bronx. John Pincott, the motorman of the second train, was crushed when the trains crashed. He was taken to a hospital.

TWO NEGROES WERE LYNCHED

For Murder of 12-Year Old White Boy

And Attack on Young Woman—Hundreds Were in the Mob

WESSON, Miss., April 5.—John Burr, a young negro, was lynched here today by about 500 men, for the murder of a 12-year-old white boy.

Last night ,according to Burr's confession and the account of an eye-witness, he was fishing in a mill pond when Earl Smith the 12 year old son of J. W. Smith, a planter, approached him and began a conversation. Burr was an employe of Smith's father, and he said to the boy:

"Look up. Look at the bird." As young Smith gazed skyward the negro shot him in the back of the head with a shotgun. Burr threw the boy's body into the mill pond and fled, but he was captured by officers and was on his way to jail, and just as the Sabbath dawned a party of about thirty took the prisoner away from the officers. The negro was quickly hanged from a tree and several shots were fired to hasten his death.

MOBILE, Ala., April 5.—Walter Clayton, a negro, who was serving time at the stockade of the Hand Lumber Company for manslaughter, late Saturday afternoon, criminally assaulted Mrs. Jeseph White, aged 20 years, and was lynched by a mob of men outside the limits of Bay Minette last night.

DRUGGING CHILDREN A SOURCE OF DANGER

When you give your child a so-called "soothing" medicine you are not curing its sickness. You are merely drugging it into temporary insensibility. Soothing medicines contain opiates and an overdose may kill the child. When you give your little one Baby's Own Tablets you have the guarantee of a government analyst that this medicine is safe. And you have the word of thousands of grateful mothers that this medicine will promptly cure all the minor ailments of childhood. Mrs. L. W. Smith, St. Giles, Que., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my little girl for constipation and other troubles and have found them the best medicine I have ever used." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

FLEET WAITING TO REACH BANGOR

Will Land 30,000 Tons of Coal—The Lumber Outlook

BANGOR, Me., April 5.—Although the Penobscot river from Bangor to the sea has been free of ice since the morning of April 2, no vessels have as yet arrived here, and none is expected for several days. A fleet carrying about 12,000 tons of coal has arrived in Fort Point Cove, but is detained there awaiting the departure of heavy ice fields from above Bangor, the passing down of which would make navigation dangerous. The fleet below consists of the barges Coleraine, Brunside, Eagle Hill, Pine Forest, Paxtang, and Wisconisses, all from Philadelphia and the schooner Fred A. Davenport from Newport News Several other barges and six large American schooners, all coal laden, are due, so that when the river becomes safe for navigation there will be between 25,000 and 30,000 tons of coal to arrive at Bangor in one fleet.

The outlook for the lumber trade in the next month or two is not enouraging, as the market is quiet, some of the mills have no logs, and others will start rather late. Ship brokers report the coastwise freight market is extremely dull. By the first of June, however, a decided improvement may be looked. The Penobscot log cut this year amounts to 220,000,000 feet, of which about one hundred million is for the pulp mills, the remainder for sawing, and in addition to this the new mils have twenty to twenty-five millions of logs on hand for early orders. About 50,000 tons of merchantable ice of last year's crop is in the houses here and will probably be shipped this season.

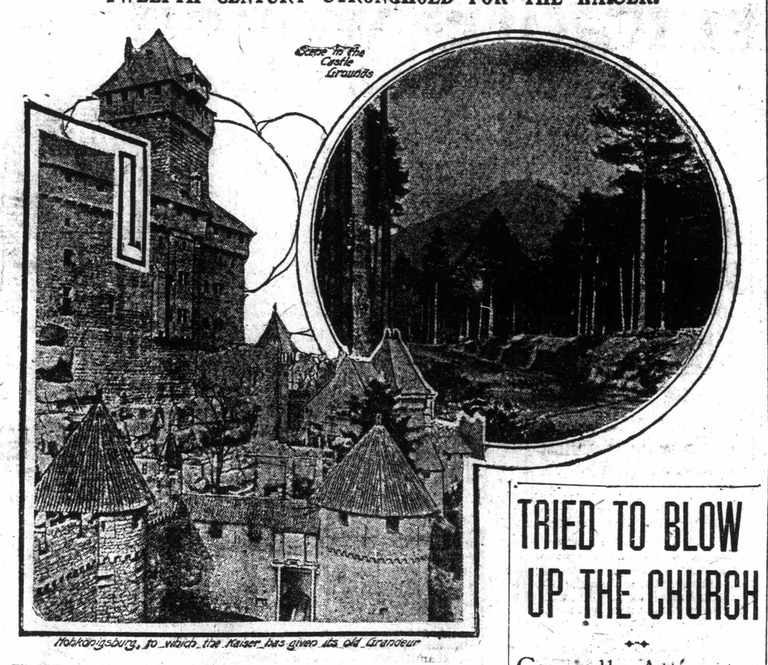
CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

AS USUAL

NEWCASTLE, April 5.—The jury Saturday afternoon found that the death of Robert W. Lamkey was caused by a collision between C. Dixon's special and train No. 60, that the collision was caused by the failure of the air brakes on the special to control the train when applied, and that no blame attached to the crew of the special.

WANTED
to hear from owner having
A GOOD FARM
for sale. Not particular about location Please give price and description, and reason for selling. State when possession can be had. Will deal with owners only.
L. Darbyshire, Box 984, Rochester, N. Y

TWELFTH CENTURY STRONGHOLD FOR THE KAISER.



Hohkonigsburg, to which the Kaiser has given its old Grandeur

The Hohkonigsburg is the largest and finest castle in Alsace. In 1899 the town of Schlettstade presented it to the German Emperor, and his imperial majesty at once decided to have it restored. The work has now been completed, and it is said that the Kaiser himself will inaugurate the building with much ceremony at no very distant date. Part of the cost of the work has been defrayed by the Kaiser, and the Reichstag and Alsace-Lorraine made a grant of 1,000,100 marks. In 1147 the castle belonged to the Hohenstaufens, and from their hands it passed into those of the Dukes of Lorraine.

GREAT BRITAIN IN PECULIAR POSITION, BEING WITHOUT A PREMIER OR A MINISTRY

LONDON, April 5.—Great Britain tonight is in a peculiar position, being without either a premier or a ministry. The long-expected resignation of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the Prime Minister, was officially announced. According to the court circular he resigned on the urgent recommendation of his medical advisers. As the constitution of the country provides no automatic successor because it rests with the King to choose a new head of the government, and, in accordance with custom and precedent, the whole cabinet resigns with the Premier, no step to appoint a ministry can be taken until Herbert H. Asquith, the chancellor of the exchequer, who has been summoned to Biarritz for the purpose, has seen the King.

The position of the country is quite unprecedented, there being no previous example of a change occurring in the premiership while the sovereign was abroad. On this account the course of procedure to be followed is open to some doubt.

Sir Henry's condition remains unchanged, according to the physician's bulletin posted today. The King, in telegraphing his acceptance of the Premier's resignation, conveyed an expression of his regret and esteem, with best wishes for Sir Henry's recovery.

Chancellor Asquith, who has been acting premier for some time past,will leave for Biarritz probably tomorrow morning. At a cabinet meeting this morning specially called, he submitted the premier's resignation and the situation was fully discussed.

Although so long anticipated the actual announcement of the premier's resignation had not been looked for for some days yet, and comes somewhat as a surprise to the country. Sir Henry's resignation was not due to any sudden impairment of his physical condition. On the contrary, among his friends his resignation is regarded rather as a good sign that the doctors are now more hopeful of his recovery, when relieved from the anxieties of office.

Monday (April 6th) has been fixed for Mr. Asquith to move the House of Commons the second reading of the license bill. The measure is regarded as the most dangerous of all the government bills to the ministry's tenure of office. Under the changed conditions, this debate probably will be postponed until after Easter and an adjournment of parliament will be moved to enable the chancellor to proceed to Biarritz to kiss hands on his appointment as premier and to submit his proposals for the reconstruction of the cabinet.

It may be inferred that no more contentious business will come before the House of Commons until the new Ministers are appointed. Speculation in this matter is most active in all political centres tonight. It is regarded now as practically certain that David Lloyd-George, president of the Board of Trade, will succeed Mr. Asquith as chancellor of the exchequer, and that Sir Edward Grey will retain his portfolio as foreign secretary, but nothing can be predicted with certainty.

Among the interesting predictions is that Winston Spencer Churchill, undersecretary for the colonies, will take the place of the Earl of Elgin as colonial secretary, and that Lord Tweedmouth, first lord of the admoralty, will withdraw to accept some other office.

Mr. Asquith resolutely declined tonight to be drawn into any statement of the situation.

Mr. Asquith's accession to the premiership will be well received by all sections of his party, with the possible exception of the extreme radical and labor men.

MONSTER BUILDING TO REPLACE OLD HOTEL

NEW YORK, April 4.—At midnight tonight the Fifth Avenue Hotel, the most famous hostelry in the city, ended its existence of half a century, but not until the old timers had once more sat upon the plush covered seats in the "amen corner" and once more acquiesced in the words of the "easy boss" whose political plans there promulgated gave the spot national renown. In the old days United States Senator "Tom" Platt was secretive. Tonight he confessed that the "amen corner" had made and unmade presidents. Senator Chauncey M. Depew spoke with caution with a party in the inner circle in days gone by. Today he fairly boasted he had known governors "who thought they did big things from the executive chamber but they were gone from the 'amen corner.'" It was a half jolly, half sorrowful party that gathered to bid the old place "good-bye." The house is to be torn down to make room for a monster building.

Having been brought to the entrance in a wheel chair and assisted from there by a friend on either side Senator Platt tottered to the "amen corner" and once again heard the shouts of "Platt, Platt, Platt." The old man was visibly affected, but managed to speak for some moments to the crowd who surged about him and was kept from getting too close to the corner solely by a cordon of police.

Senator Platt in a voice quivering at times said in a speech:

"The Fifth Avenue Hotel has entertained in its days a larger number of the great whose plans for social and commercial enterprises and improvements were here matured and executed than has any other house in America, but perhaps its chief fame will remain in its long association with the Republican party. In the "amen corner," which may never revive, it is no idle boast to say were threshed out all the destinies and statutes of New York state."

STORY OF COLLINS' CONFESSION APPEARS IN MONCTON PAPER

MONCTON, April 5.—The Moncton Times Saturday morning prints an exclusive story of the full confession of Thomas F. Collins, hanged at Hopewell Cape some months ago for the murder of Miss Mary Ann McAuley. In the story Collins is reported to have said that he killed Miss McAuley after he was caught in the act of attempting to steal the priest's money, with which he intended to get out of the country. He chased her with an axe and caught up to her at the woodshed door. The axe crashed deep into her skull, and to make doubly sure he inflicted the other wounds.

The Moncton Times contends that its exclusive report of Collins' confession comes from a thoroughly reliable source.

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Send us your name and address for 13 pieces of Jewelry to sell at 10 cents each. When sold send us the $1.20 and we will send you these TWO SOLID GOLD filled RINGS. We trust you with the Jewelry and will send it all charges paid. Send us your name and address now.
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TRIED TO BLOW UP THE CHURCH

Cowardly Attempt at Bath, Me.

Organ on Fire and Whole Building Would Have Gone

BATH, Me., April 5.—An attempt to blow up the Universalist church in this town was prevented shortly before the time for the commencement of the morning services today, by the timely discovery of Miss Mary Morse, the organist. Gas, escaping from a disconnected pipe under the platform upon which the organ rested, and a lighted lamp placed under the organ so as to cause a fire and resulting exposion were the means employed in the attempt to wreck the edifice. As neither the church nor its pastor, Rev. A. B. Hervey, are known to have any enemies, the Bath police tried to get into communication with George Tucker of Winthrop, Mass., who repaired the organ two weeks ago, in the hopes that he might give some clue to someone who, from a spirit of revenge towards Tucker, might have tried to destroy the work which he had just completed.

A choir rehearsal was held in the church last night and everything was left in order, so far as known. When Miss Morse entered the church this morning about an hour before the service commenced she noticed that the gas lamp which she had left on the organ last night was missing. She also detected a strong odor of gas, and looking down towards the base of the organ she saw flames.

She hurriedly called Janitor Benjamin Curtis, who quickly put out the flames with a few buckets of water, and then started an investigation into the origin of the fire and the escaping gas. Underneath the organ Mr. Curtis located the missing lamp which had been taken from the organ shelf where Miss Morse had left it the night before. The flames from this lamp had set fire to the base of the organ, which was blazing briskly when discovered by the organist. Pursuing his investigation further, Mr. Curtis found that a gas pipe underneath the organ platform had been disconnected and the space already filled with gas. In a few moments more, it is believed, there woud have been sufficient gas to have become ignited by the blazing organ lamp, causing an explosion of sufficient force to have wrecked not only the organ but the church as well.

Upon searching for some trace of the person or persons who had attempted the destruction of the church a side door, which had been fastened merely by a brace on the inside, was found open, and it is presumed that the culprit had left the church in that way.

BAD FIRE IN WHOLESALE DISTRICT OF PORTLAND

The Aggregate Loss is Estimated at Two Hundred Thousand Dollars

PORTLAND, Me., April 4.—Fire tonight in a four story brick block numbered 235 to 237 Commercial street, and situated on corner of Commercial and Union streets, in the wholesale district, burned out the Cann and Patrick Co., wholesale grocers; George A. Young & Co., wholesale crockery dealers; Squires & Co., pork dealers, and the offices of H. A. Morse & Co., who carry Pacific coast goods; the American Molasses Company of New York, the Eastern Refining Copany and J. K. Armsby, commission broker.

The aggregate loss was estimated at $200,000 the heaviest loser being the Cann and Patrick Co., whose stock was valued at $125,000, and whose loss was figured at 75 per cent. The fire was confined to the third and fourth floors, it having originated on the roof or in the upper story. The losses are covered by insurance.

The presence of 20,000 gallons of oil and 25 barrels of gasoline in the store store of the F. H. Little Company at 223 Commercial street, and separated from the building block by a narrow alley caused the fireen to make one of the ost determined fights in their experience. The gasoline was removed. For a time it looked as though the structure would take fire, but the department weas finally victorious.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne
The ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE.
The Best Remedy known for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS. Acts like a charm in DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, & CHOLERA.
The most Valuable Remedy ever discovered. Effectually cuts short all attacks of SPASMS. The only Palliative in NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, TOOTHACHE.
Convincing Medical Testimony accompanies each Bottle.
Sold in Bottles by all Chemists. Prices in England, 1/1½, 2/9, 4/6.
Sole Manufacturers, J. T. DAVENPORT, Ltd., London, S.E.
WHOLESALE AGENTS: LYMAN BROS. & CO., LTD., TORON

MORE RIOTERS DISTURB LISBON

Police Hooted as They Dispersed Crowds

Elections Passed off Peacefully But Trouble Came at Night

LISBON, April 5.—The elections here today, which were conducted peacefully with the exception of minor disorders in some of the disaffected districts, were followed tonight by serious rioting, which was only put down by most vigorous action on the part of the police and the troops. The rioting broke out in different parts of the city, as though by preconcerted plan. Troops which had been patrolling and others that had been held in reserve were immediately ordered into action and they repeatedly charged the mobs that in places filled the streets but without effect. The rioters used clubs, stones and whatever other weapon was at hand, and finally the troops were obliged to fire upon them, killing and wounding a number of them.

This determined action on the part of the authorities seemed to have the desired effect, and shortly the mobs were well dispersed. At a late hour most of the Republican voters had gone to their homes, but bands of youths continued to demonstrate before the churches. They confined their disorders, however, to shouting, and a recurrence of the disturbance during the remainder of the night did not seem probable.

With the exception of minor disorders at Anjos and Alcantara the elections passed off quietly throughout the country so far as present advices indicate. In this city slight disturbances occurred during the day in certain sections owing to the number of electors who suspected that unfair methods were being adopted.

There was much hooting at and deriding the police, but the latter did not hesitate to scatter the crowds with a strong arm.

Up to midnight, counting had not commenced in many of the districts. Strong police guards were assigned to watch the urns throughout the night. No untoward incident is reported from Oporto. The ballot boxes, according to the traditional custom, were installed in the churches, and the voting, due to the agitation throughout the country and the active campaign of the Republicans, probably was the heaviest in Portugal's history. The large vote cast and the great number of candidates make the count slow and because of bad communications in the provinces, it is unlikely that the full returns will be in before Tuesday.

Nevertheless, a large monarchist coalition majority, composed of the two old "rotative" parties, the Nationalist-Clerical and Franquist groups is assured. Ninety-nine out of one hundred and forty-six deputies to be chosen, already reported are Monarchists.

In a general way, the elections turned out as planned by the parties in control. The Republicans, who had but two seats in the dissolved parliament, increased their representation to possibly twenty. In Lisbon they swept the populous sections of the city, but gerrymanders, including the outside districts offset in a measure this advantage. The Republican leaders are raising the cry of "fraud." They insist that while government pressure seemingly was relaxed the old electoral machinery was in full operation, because of the fear on the part of the government of a great republican movement and therefore the elections do not represent in any way the sentiment of the country.

As the suffrage is limited to those who can read and write, or who pay certain direct taxes, the Republicans contend that it was an easy matter for the authorities to manipulate the register list against the Republican partisans among the masses, 80 per cent. of whom are illiterate. Nevertheless leaders like Machado, Almeida and Cunha say that the seats they won give them sufficient strength to wage open war against the old regime as soon as parliament reassembles.

The Monarchists apparently are satisfied with the result of the election, saying that the extravagant claims of the Republicans are utterly disproved.

GREAT BRITAIN AND U. S. ARBITRATION TREATIES

WASHINGTON, April 4.—Arbitration treaties between Great Britain and the United States and Norway and the United States were signed at the state department today. Ambassador Bryce and Secretary Root acted on the British treaty and the secretary and O. Skybak, secretary of legation and charge de'affaires of the Norwegian legation, signed the treaty with Norway. The two new treaties follow the lines of previous arbitration treaties negotiated recently.

MARRIAGE TO ST. J GIRL CAUSED TRO

Edward Feldman, Husband of Maggie Myers, in Lawsuit

BOSTON, April 5.—How a prominent Boston family has become divided and brother pitted against brother was all because Edward F. Feldman loved and married Margaret L. Myers of St. John, N. B., has been revealed in the application here for a special administration of the will of the late Hannah Feldman, widow of Joseph Feldman, a decade ago one of the wealthiest real estate owners in this city, through his attorneys Mr Feldman, who startled the exclusive Hebrew society of Boston aand New England when ho married the Catholic girl from St. John, then cashier in a Boston restaurant, and later became a Catholic himself, will make every effort to break his mother's will.

Cut off from his share in his mother's half million dollar estate because he married outside the Hebrew faith, Mr. Feldman gave the following explanation of the events that led up to the family rupture:

Miss Myers and I were married in Portland, Me., by a justice of the peace and later another ceremony was performed by a Catholic priest when I embraced the faith, under the instructions of Father Grogan of South Boston. Some time after our marriage I was forgiven by my mother, although at first I was in bad standing with her."

It is understood that the ground upon which the effort to break the will is to be made is undue influence.

The marriage of Miss Myers, known among her friends as "Maggie," created quite a sensation at the time, but nothing has been heard of the couple until the development mentioned above. Mrs. Feldman is well known in St. John.

PETER LEFEBVRE HELD FOR THE GRAND JURY

Station Agent Had No Personal Knowledge of Packages Being Sent

AUGUSTA, Me., April 4.—Peter D. Lefebvre, for twenty years a conductor on the Canadian Pacific Railway, was held for the grand jury at the April term of the United States circuit court at Portland by United States Commissioner Lewis A. Burleigh this forenoon in the sum of $1,000 on the charge of smuggling. The bondsmen were Charles A. Milliken, a wealthy Augusta lumberman, and William S. Baldwin, a native of St. John, who for a number of years has been engaged in the roofing business in this city. The government alleged that Lefebvre smuggled clothing, moccasins and chinaware over the boundary line.

The principal witness at Saturday's hearing was Virgin W. Hook, station agent for the Maine Central road, as well as agent for the American Express Company at Mattawamkeag, who testified that a number of pacakages with P. Lefebvre as the consignor were sent from the Mattawamkeag office of the express company to parles in Massachusetts and other states. These packages were sent in the night time and the agents had no recollection of them or their contents, as they did not see them.

On cross-examination the witness testified that so far as he could remember Conductor Lefebvre never brought any packages to the office while he was there to be shipped to any point. He placed the name of Lefebvre as the consignor on what he considered the most reliable authority, that of the night operator at the depot, who looked after the express matter in the night time. It would have been out of the usual course, said the witness, for a person to have a package registered under the name of a conductor or any other railroad employe. He never remembered an instance where dining car employes left a package to be sent by express in the name of other men.

Commissioner Burleigh found proable cause and District Attorney Whitehouse asked that the bond be placed at $1,500, but a copromise was made fixing the surety at $1,000.

A Scotch laboring man who had married a rich widow, exceptional for her plainness, was accosted by his employed. "Well, Thomas," he said. "I hear you are married. What sort of a wife have you got?" "Weel, sir," was the response. "she's the Creator's handiwork, but I canna say she's His masterpiece!"

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE.
Any man who suffers with nervous debility, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses or dissipation, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free, in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3924 Luck Building, Detroit, Michigan. 3-4