Canada From Coast to Coast

graving tools. Quebec, Que.-Newsprint produc-tion in Canada has increased from 150,000 tons in 1909 to over 850,000 in 1920, according to a bulletin issued by the Canadian Pulp and Paper As-sociation. To-day the Canadian news-print mills are equipped to produce about 1,000,000 tons a year. About 80 per cent. of the output of these mills is marketed in the United States. Dur-ing the 12 months ending August 31, the 12 months ending August 31, American newspaper publishers had purchased and used no less than 637,-266 tons of Canadian newsprint.

Montreal, Que.-The extremely heavy shipments of grain from the another large West, together with West, together with another large volume from United States points, has enabled this port to set a new record for handling, it being expected that the quantity of grain shipped out by the close of navigation will be 132,-000,000 bushels.

Ottawa, On.—Canada's apple yieu for 1921 is 3,337,200 barrels, accord-ing to an estimate of the Dominion Fruit Commissioner's Branch. Nova Scotia led all other provinces with a yield of 1,300,000 barrels, followed by Scotia led all other provinces with a province day. yield of 1,300,000 barrels, followed by British Columbia with 1,009,000; On-tario, 960,000; Quebec, 35,200; and New Brunswick, 33,000.

Winnipeg, Man.-Bliss Carman, the Canadian poet, opened his western tour here and will proceed through the West, giving reading at Brandon, Re-gina, Moose Jaw, Saskatoon, Edmon-ton, Calgary, Lethbridge, Vancouver, and Victoria. The tour is bains an and Victoria. The tour is being ar-ranged by the Federation of Univer-

St. John, N.B.—The Somerset Edge Tool Works have been established bere to manufacture axes, hatchets, edge, slices, etc. An interesting fea-ture of this concern is that it is their intention to make ice-cutting tools which have had to be imported from the United States heretofore. It is also intended to make jewelers' en-graving tools. Quebec, Que.—Newsprint produc-tion in Canada has increased from 150,000 tons in 1909 to over 850,000 in 1920, according to a bulletin issued by the Canadian Pulp and Paper As-sociation. To-day the Canadian news-nrint mills are equipmed to produce

ship.

Edmonton, Alta.-Steps are being taken towards the establishment of a coal briquetting industry in the Ed-monton district and possibly in other monton district and possibly in other parts of Alberta as well. Estimates are being secured on the cost of the necessary machinery for initial plant. It is expected that tar from the Atha-basca bituminous sands will be used as a binder in the new briquettes, the manufacture of which will begin, if manufacture of which will consider a present plans work out, next summer. Lethbridge, Alta.—Approximately seven million bushels of wheat and more than four hundred thousand

bushels of other grains have been sen 00,000 bushels. Ottawa, Ont.-Canada's apple yield Alberta since the beginning of Sep-

during the last few days, and if the rate continues as low as it is at pres-ent, in the neighborhood of thirty

shillings, grain men predict a great movement through this port. Vancouver, B.C.—Forty thousand Vancouver, B.C.—Forty thousand tons of railway material are to be sold by the British War Munitions Board to Russia. Practically all of

sity Women.
The Pas, Man.—Eleven crack dog feams are practically assured for the Dog Derby to be held here this coupand a small army of men have been engaged for the past several months in repairing minor de ing winter. This is very encouraging fo the promoters in view of the fact that the race does not take place until February 28th, 1922, and many more contestants are yet to be head from.
Goyne, Dupas, Billy Winterton, Mor-gan, Bancroft, Larry McKay, Sam the last race, have again entered.
BOMBAY POPULACE Bents and Bullets Used by Mobs—Eighty Wounded.
BOMBAY POPULACE Bombs and Bullets Used by Mobs—Eighty Wounded.
Bombs and Bullets Used by Mobs—Eighty Wounded.
Bord to Russia. Tractiting in long exposure to range and moths in repairing minor de range and many more raing wather, as well as painting and trace 4,000 box cars, of a broad-gauge type, not suitable for the ratilways of this continent. The material will be rainagements can be made.
BomBAY POPULACE Mobs—Eighty Wounded.
Bombs and Bullets Used by Mobs—Eighty

sion of Another Great Demonstration.

A despatch from London says:-The entire visit of the Prince of Wales not expected to recover, and to the Bombay Presidency has been the number of persons slightly in-jured is reported to be several hun-sage received at the India Office from sage received at the India Office from the Governor of Bombay.

The departure of the Prince for Baroda as made the occasion of an-other great demonstration. Masses of people thronged the platform in an effort to get near the Prince's car made it difficult to get the train mov-



Mr. Lloyd George (to nurse Austen Chamberlain): "I should love to while these twine take a trip to Washington, but dare I leave you in charge are teething?"

FAR EAST PROBLEM CONFRONTS THE **DELEGATES TO ARMAMENT PARLEY**



JAPAN SECURES BY FAR THE BEST DEAL IN THE NAVAL SETTLEMENT 「

British and United States Fleets Would be Equalized at the End of Ten Years, According to Analysis of Statisticians.

the neighborhood of 43 per cent.; the United States would have something more than 35 per cent., and Japan over 21 per cent. of the total. The change at the end of the ten-year holiday represents equalization of the United States and British fleets, to which Great Britain has already agreed.

agreed. Under the "5-5-3" ratio, and the proposed limitation of auxiliary tonnage, as well as capital craft, through application of the replacement rule of maximum, the British and United States fleets would reach a total of 1,120,000 tons in all combat craft, and Japan 672,000. This makes possible a comparison of the relation of the fleets to various factors representative of the place of each power among the nations. of the place of each power among the

Against the simple question geographical area of each, for in-stance, the limited fleets would mean for Japan more than 2,500 tons of naval strength per thousand square miles. The same figure for the United States would be approximately 300 tons, and for the British Empire between eighty and ninety tons.

Statisticians.A despatch from Wushington
says:—The demon statistician has
been at work on the disarmament pro-
posals of Secretary of State Hughes,
and his efforts have resulted in elab-
to rate tables, showing how Great Bri-
tain, the United States and Japan will
fare from the naval standpoint should
the Hughes plan be adopted.Even more striking in dispropor-
tion favorable to Japan is the compar-
ison on the basis of accepted esti-
mates of national wealth. Japan
would have something like 26 000 or
27,000 fleet, tons per billion dollars in
national wealth, while the United
States, both as regards the proposed
"55-53" ratio and the retained tonnage
phases of the United States plan. It
is further found that Japan is secur-
ing by far the best deal throughout.
To treat the tonnage figures of the
United States plan. It
is further found that Japan is secur-
ing by far the best deal throughout.
"5-5-3" ratio represents a distribution
of capital ship tonnage on the basis
of Japan keeping a fleet represents
a distribution
of Japan keeping a fleet represents
a distribution
of Japan keeping a fleet represents
to fapan keeping a fleet represents
to fapan keeping a fleet represents
to the total of the threeNote and the British
to support the commercial strenged of each power.
Again, in relationship of naval to
support the commercial strength

A despatch from Harrisburg, Pa., says:—Marshal Foch, in a Thanksgiving Day message to Hanford Macnider, Commander maximum, the British and United of the American Legion, sent on States fleets would reach a total of his arrival in Harrisburg on

sage of greeting to the wounded soldiers of the United States through the Public Health Service.

During the absence of the Prince of Wales in India, Princess Mary is taking charge of his poultry farm at Sandringham.

Weekly Market Report

18 deaths and more than 80 being seriously wounded. Many of the latter are

area. on

Scarcely had dawn appeared than the firing was opened by gunmen in concealed positions in the York street a. The police and military were duty in the disturbed areas, and