

The Chatham Daily Planet.

VOL. XII

CHATHAM ONT., TUESDAY, MAY 12, 1903

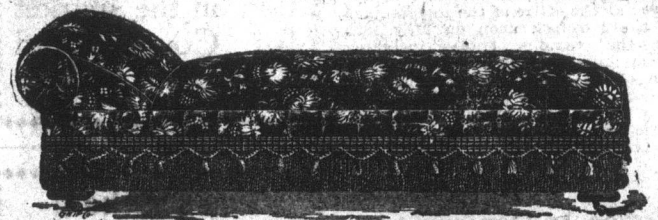
NO. 124

...A GREAT... Dress Goods Chance —ON— Wednesday.

On Wednesday morning we place on sale a clearing lot of Dress Goods—high class goods at very low prices. To be frank with you they are not this season's purchase, but that in no way interferes with their beauty or durability. You will be interested in seeing them, and we will be glad to show them to you, so come in on Wednesday morning.

- 35 pieces dress goods in plain weaves, silk mixtures, fancy checks, etc., in medium and light colors, suitable for children's dresses, ladies' waists, skirts and dresses; the lowest price in this lot was 75c., the highest was \$1.50 a yard, the entire lot goes on sale Wednesday and until sold, at a yd, 33c
- 25 pieces plaid dress goods in very pretty color combinations, suitable for ladies' waists and children's dresses; most of them all wool, some silk mixtures, regular prices were 50c. and 75c. a yard, on sale Wednesday, at a yard, 28c
- 20 pieces of plain, warranted all wool serge dress goods, 42 in. wide, in excellent shades of navy, myrtle, brown, cream, black, cardinal, etc., regular value 35c. yard, on sale for 25c
- 8 Pieces Poplin Louise, a new silk fabric to replace foulards, uncrushable, 44 in. wide, in very elegant designs, and in exquisite shades of sky, pink, Nile, old rose, blue, and helio, regular price \$1.65 a yd, on sale Wednesday at 98c
- Note—This reduction brings the price below that of ordinary wash silks.
- 13 pieces Black Dress Goods in Crepon Weaves and fancy small Armure designs, very rich appearance, regular prices are 75c., \$1 and up to \$2 a yd, the lot goes on sale Wednesday at 47c

THOMAS STONE & SON.



COUCHES! COUCHES!

We have a large assortment of couches which are selling at remarkably low prices. Velours Couches in colors which wear well and look well. Rug Couches in choice colors. Box Couches in Cretonne and Velours. **Red Couches**—These couches are all well and carefully made, and no better can be bought anywhere. **Prices, \$5.00 to \$18.00.**

H. McDONALD & CO., FURNITURE AND CARPETS.

WESTMAN BROS.

Warm Weather Goods

ARE NOW IN STOCK—IMMENSE ASSORTMENT OF
REFRIGERATORS,
All Prices, from \$5.00 to \$40.00 Each.
SCREEN DOORS,
All sizes, \$1.00 to \$2.50.
SCREEN WINDOWS,
All kinds and sizes.
RUBBER HOSE
That we can Guarantee.

WESTMAN BROS.
BIG HARDWARE.

TENDERS FOR PUBLIC WORKS

City Council Receive a Number of them at the Meeting Last Night.

Proposed New Pavements and Sewers—Accounts Passed—Garbage Committee Reports.

An adjourned meeting of the Council was held last evening when the tenders for the street pavements were opened and referred to the Board of Works. They were as follows:

Forest City Paving Company.

King street west, brick pavement, \$2.34 per square yard, combined curb and gutter 49 cents per foot.

Cross street, brick, \$2.34 per square yard, combined curb and gutter 49 cents per foot.

Wellington street, brick, \$2.40 per square yard, curb and gutter 49 cents per foot.

Fifth street, Third street and West street same as Wellington street, three inch asphalt block or four inch concrete on any of the streets, \$2.30 per square yard for three inch block and \$2.50 for four inch block.

The Dominion Paving Company.

Any of the streets above mentioned, \$2.00 per square yard and 65 cents per foot for combined curb and gutter.

Asphalt block, King street west, \$2.75 per square yard, 65 cents per foot curb and gutter.

The Warren Blumhouse Paving Co.

Queen street, \$1.98 per square yard. The other streets \$2.15 per square yard and 65 cents per foot for curb and gutter.

Blight & Fielder.

Cross street, brick, \$2.10 per square yard.

Fifth street, brick, \$2.20 per square yard.

Queen street, brick, \$2.00 per square yard.

King street west, brick, \$2.13 per square yard.

King street west, asphalt block, \$2.49 per square yard.

The Barber Street Asphalt Paving Company, New York.

All of the streets, \$2.15 per square yard, and 70 cents per foot combined curb and gutter.

To the Mayor and Aldermen of the Corporation of the city of Chatham:

Gentlemen,—Acting upon the advice and at the solicitation of ratepayers interested in the streets proposed to be paved with brick, Warren's Bitulithic and Asphalt Block, we hereby submit tenders for genuine Trinidad Pitch Lake Asphalt Pavements on the following streets of the city of Chatham: King street, Queen street, Wellington street, Cross street, Fifth street and West street.

We desire to direct your attention to the fact that we guarantee these pavements for a period of ten (10) years for a less price than you have been paying in the past for brick pavements laid under a five year guarantee.

We are prepared to construct these pavements under the most approved specifications and perform said work in a manner satisfactory to the City Engineer, giving a surety bond for a ten year guarantee on any Surety Company approved by the city authorities.

We have constructed these pavements in all parts of America with the greatest success, and recommend same to your honorable body and the citizens of Chatham with perfect confidence.

Trusting that our course in submitting these informal tenders will meet with the approval of your honorable body, we are, gentlemen, Respectfully yours,

THE BARBER ASPHALT PAVING CO., per S. J. Gargas, Superintendent.

W. F. Grant & Co., Toronto.

Cross street, per square yard \$2.17, combined curb and gutter 73 cents.

Third street, per square yard \$2.19, combined curb and gutter 73 cents.

Wellington street, per square yard \$2.17, combined curb and gutter 73 cents.

West street, per square yard \$2.17, combined curb and gutter 73 cents.

Fifth street, per square yard \$2.36, combined curb and gutter 73 cents.

B. Brooks & Son.

Any of the streets, asphalt block \$2.59 per square yard, 60 cents foot for curb and gutter.

SEWERS.

Horn Bros.

Duluth street sewer, \$95.

Fifth street sewer, \$379.

Richard Stevens.

King street sewer, \$775.

Fifth street sewer, \$264.

Duluth street sewer, \$68.

All of these tenders were referred to the Board of Works to report on.

The petition for a sewer on Wilson avenue was not sufficiently signed.

Another petition for a sewer on Murray street was referred to the Clerk.

Continued on 8th Page.

HIS OPINION OF CANADA.

Andrew Carnegie is Decidedly Outspoken.

London, May 12.—Andrew Carnegie pours vitriol upon Canada in an interview with The Ironmongers' Journal, in connection with his Presidency of the Iron and Steel Institute. When asked whether Canada, grown populous by immigration, spiritually British but materially American, might not bring about a union of England with America, Carnegie replied: "Certainly not. Canada has no future except as a part of the States. Her native population increases more slowly than that of Scotland. She only added 336,000 to her population in ten years, and of these 440,000 came from abroad. Canada, standing alone, can never become a great industrial nation. Her steel industry is a figment, and Cape Breton trouble the United States. In no conceivable circumstances can your colonies ever have a population approaching that of the States, and your colonial empire, what is it but a politician's catchword?"

A well-known Anglo-Canadian, after reading the interview, exclaimed:—"Don't fancy Canadians will accept another cent of this man's money."

A TERRIBLE PLOT.

The Murder of 300 Chinese Was Planned.

San Francisco, May 12.—Four of the eleven Presidents of the See Yip Society have been arrested for conspiring to murder the 300 members of the Chinese Society of English Education and two of them, the Hon. Hong On, who is not only the President of the On Yick Highbinder Tong, but of the See Yups, and Lee Ying, President of the Bow Leong Tong—are said to have made complete confessions to the police. The other seven Presidents are in hiding, but it is found they were charged with conspiracy to commit murder. It is believed that the evidence already obtained is sufficient to send them all to the penitentiary for long terms. The men under the ban of the See Yip Society were suspected of giving the authorities information regarding gambling under police protection in Chinatown.

IN THE LEGISLATURE.

Bill to Amend the County Councils Act—Railway Case.

Toronto, May 12.—Private members had a day to themselves in the Legislature yesterday, and many bills were advanced a stage. A lengthy discussion took place on Mr. W. H. Taylor's bill to amend the County Councils act, by making a reversion to the old system of appointment optional. Premier Ross said he was in favor of the bill, and thought the optional principle would meet the demand of public opinion in many quarters. In saying that, the Government were not necessarily retreating. Mr. Whitney objected to the reversion being optional, and said that if the principle was admitted the change should be made general.

The committees will settle down to business with great earnestness to-day. The Public Accounts Committee will hear further evidence respecting Patrick Shannon's timber limit. The Municipal Committee will organize, and the Standing Orders, Railways and Private Bills Committees will also meet.

The railways will present their case before the special Assessment Committee on Friday. Arrangements have been made that the farmers' associations and other like bodies favoring the bill will be heard by the committee a week from to-day. A call has been sent out for a full representation, and it is expected that the farmers' case will be presented with force and ability.

HUMBERTS COMMITTED.

Famous French Swindlers to be Tried.

Paris, May 12.—Magistrate Leylat has concluded his investigation of the Humbert fraud case, and has decided to commit Therese Humbert, her husband Frederick, and her brother for trial on the charges of forgery, the use of forged documents and swindling. The Magistrate dismisses the cases against Eve Humbert, Therese's daughter, and Marie Daurignac, her sister. The case against Mme. Humbert, her husband and brother probably will be heard in July.

RUSSIA EXPLAINS.

Withdrawal From Manchuria is Delayed.

London, May 12.—The Under Foreign Secretary, Lord Cranborne, announced in the House of Commons that the British Consul at Newchwang reported that there had been no reoccupation of Newchwang by the Russians. Friendly communications on the subject, Lord Cranborne added, had been addressed to the Russian Government during the past few days by Great Britain and the United States independently, and the Russian Government, in reply, had intimated that it would adhere to its engagements to evacuate Manchuria, although the evacuation was temporarily delayed. Russia had also explained that she had no intention of adopting any measure tending to exclude foreign Consuls or obstruct foreign commerce or the use of the ports. Under these circumstances the British Government saw no sufficient reason for securing concerted action between the United States, Japan and Great Britain.

THE CZAR'S WARNING.

AIMS TO PREVENT ANTI-SEMITIC OUTBREAKS.

Report of the Minister of the Interior on the Recent Riots at Kishenev.

St. Petersburg, May 12.—The Minister of the Interior has circulated a long official account of the recent anti-semitic outbreak at Kishenev, capital of Bessarabia. He says 45 persons were killed and 424 were injured, and that 700 houses and 600 shops were looted. The Minister attributes the rioting to religious ill-will and reports of ritual murders leading to a clamor for an attack on the Jews, and says that the immediate cause of the outbreak was the ill-treatment of a Christian woman by a Jew. The Minister of the Interior, on the direct instruction of the Czar, has notified the Governors that they will be held personally responsible for their failure to take proper measures to prevent similar acts of violence.

New York, May 12.—The Journal publishes several letters received by Jewish residents from relatives or friends in Kishenev, dealing with the recent riot. Summarizing these, the Journal says that ten persons were killed on the first day, the trouble starting when a Russian soldier, without provocation, stabbed a Jew to the heart, and continues:—But in reality the massacre had but begun. The mob, though hysterical, was still possessed of a slight awe of the authorities. They wondered how far they might go. When night brought no warning that further murder and depredations would bring quick punishment, the rioters decided to make the next day one of complete destruction to the life and property of the Jews. Mysteriously word reached all the Christian families living in and near the Jewish quarters of the city that they must signify their faithfulness and title to the Christian creed by marking above the doorways of the houses the sign of the cross. Some of the Jews heard the warning, but remained staunch to their faith and chose rather to be martyrs than to choose this means of saving their homes and lives. In the dawn of the next day flames shot upward toward the sky. In the little narrow streets of the Jewish quarter smoke rolled in blinding, choking density. In the broad business thoroughfare big buildings were ablaze. The rioting forces were in squads—a squad to a street. They broke down the doors of the Jewish houses, they dragged the venerable men into the streets by their beards, and there with the curb stones for blocks sank daggers into their throats or else stood them up and shot them down. Women and children were among those slain. Many soldiers had, in spite of the fact that they were in uniform, joined the rioters. One soldier came running out of a house in Alexandrowsky street holding an infant in long clothes by the neck. The soldier drew a knife from the scabbard at his side. Then he called for the crowd to look. He threw the baby high in the air. As it descended he caught the little one on the point of his knife blade. The weapon ran through the child's throat. Flung the body in the street the slayer passed on with the mob. Suddenly from the house in front of which the murder had been committed there came a piercing shriek. The mother of the child threw herself out of the window and lay dead in the street beside the infant.

LUMBER MUST BE REMOVED.

Ottawa Council Considering the Fire Situation.

Ottawa, May 12.—Ottawa City Council met in special session yesterday to consider what relief measures could be adopted in consequence of the great fire of Sunday. It was impossible to make an accurate census of the people who had been rendered homeless or of the losses sustained. "Personally," said the Mayor, "I think it would be a mistake for us to go outside the City of Ottawa in any appeal for relief we might make, if we decide to make an appeal. I think, in view of the splendid response which came from all parts of the world three years ago, it would never do for Ottawa to go beyond its own confines again." The committee to be appointed should not only inquire into the present state of affairs, but investigate the whole question of fire protection, including the disposition of the lumber piles. "For," observed the Mayor, "in my own judgment the time has come when the lumber piles must be got rid of, as far as Ottawa is concerned." The Council then endorsed the Mayor's action in requisitioning aid from the City of Montreal and calling out the militia, and the City Treasurer was authorized to issue a check covering the expenditure incurred.

The committee of Council convened and decided to recommend the Council to ask for power from the Legislature to expend \$10,000 in relief. They will also recommend that \$50 be granted to each family, spinster or widow whose property was destroyed, with the understanding that this is to be final, so far as the City Council is concerned. The committee agreed that it would be inadvisable to make any appeal for assistance outside of Ottawa. The local newspapers and the banks will, however, be asked to open subscriptions. It was stated that about 250 houses had been burned.

EDINBURGH'S WELCOME.

THE KING AND QUEEN GREETED WITH ENTHUSIASM.

His Majesty Presented With the Keys of the City—Welcomed by Prominent Officials.

London, May 12.—The King and Queen arrived at Edinburgh last evening, and were enthusiastically welcomed. They were met by Lord Balfour of Burleigh, Secretary for Scotland; the Earl of Errol, Lord High Constable of Scotland; Lord Rosebery; Lieut.-Gen. Sir Aschilbald Hunter, commander of the forces in Scotland; and the Lord Provost and members of the corporation in their official robes. Whilst a salute was fired from the castle the keys of the city were presented to the King, who returned them, saying they could not be in better hands than those of the corporation. After the ceremony their Majesties were driven in a semi-State carriage to Dalkeith castle.

MONTREAL STRIKE SETTLED.

The 'Longshoremen Return to Work To-day.

Montreal, May 12.—The strike of 'longshoremen, which has been in operation at the port of Montreal since the opening of navigation, and which was having disastrous results on the business interests of the country, was favorably settled yesterday, and to-day the port will again be the scene of its usual activity. The strike has been ended on lines which Sir William Mullock tried to arrange during his visit to Montreal last Friday. Before returning to Ottawa the Minister of Labor declared that the shipping men had it in their power to end the strike by allowing the men to wear union buttons and agreeing to the abolition of the labor bureau, and that in refusing to do this they were assuming a grave responsibility. The militia were relieved from duty on the wharves in the afternoon, and were thanked by Col. Gordon, D.O.C., for their efficient service during the strike.

THE KING EDWARD HOTEL.

Thrown Open Informally For Reception of Guests.

Toronto, May 12.—The doors of the King Edward Hotel swung open yesterday morning, and the magnificent hostelry started on its career. There was no ceremony of any kind, that being reserved for the formal opening by the Royal Canadian Yacht Club ball on May 22, but in a few hours the fact became noised about, and from the early forenoon until nearly midnight the rotunda and corridors were thronged with the curious and the admiring.

Foot and Mouth Disease.

Washington, May 11.—Secretary Wilson of the Board of Agriculture to-day received word of a fresh outbreak of the foot and mouth disease in a herd located at Framingham, Mass. He said he had contemplated lifting the quarantine altogether from New England in a fortnight, but that action must now be postponed indefinitely.

A Switchman's Death.

Windsor, May 12.—Milton Dunn, a Grand Trunk switchman, was run over in the company's yards here at 5 o'clock yesterday and terribly mangled. The unfortunate fellow died at 8 o'clock at the Hotel Dieu. Deceased threw a switch leading to the ferry slip and stepped, as he supposed, out of harm's way, but he was knocked down and run over. He was 27 years of age and resided at London.

Girl's Strap Slippers.

A large variety of Girl's Strap Slippers has been put into stock at prices from

50c. to \$1.00, sizes 3 to 7½

75c. to \$1.25, sizes 8 to 10½

\$1 and \$1.25, sizes 11 to 2

These are the best we have ever offered for the money.

DOROTHY DODD LADIES' SHOES.

PEACE & CO.

Sole Agents.