

PROROGUED!

House of Assembly Concluded Its Labors Yesterday.

Bills Agreed to—Address to the King—Governor's New Uniform.

FREDERICTON, April 9.—The House met at eleven o'clock. On motion of Mr. King the bill to provide increased fire protection for the villages of Hampton and Hampton station was agreed to in committee.

The house went into committee on the bill to amend the succession duty act. This bill provides that costs shall be taxed by the clerk of the pleas and not by the judge, and that life insurance shall be regarded as part of the estate and subject to succession duty.

Mr. Hazen thought it a pity to impose succession duties on life insurance coming to a widow and children. The attorney general said that where the estate went to the widow and children or immediate relatives there was no succession duty unless it amounted to \$50,000. A \$50,000 would pay about \$500 in succession duties. The bill was agreed to.

The house went into committee on a bill relating to the crown timber lands of the province. Hon. Mr. Pugsley explained that certain persons abroad who had been expanding the timber lands of the province desired to invest their money in pulp mills.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley said the work could not be done in three months. It required time for the act to be introduced and the intention of the government to rush the work. When consolidation has been effected it will be possible to bring the bill before the house.

Hon. Mr. Tweedie said the work could not be done in three months. It required time for the act to be introduced and the intention of the government to rush the work. When consolidation has been effected it will be possible to bring the bill before the house.

Hon. Mr. Tweedie said the work could not be done in three months. It required time for the act to be introduced and the intention of the government to rush the work. When consolidation has been effected it will be possible to bring the bill before the house.

Hon. Mr. Tweedie said the work could not be done in three months. It required time for the act to be introduced and the intention of the government to rush the work. When consolidation has been effected it will be possible to bring the bill before the house.

Hon. Mr. Tweedie said the work could not be done in three months. It required time for the act to be introduced and the intention of the government to rush the work. When consolidation has been effected it will be possible to bring the bill before the house.

was but right to carry out this understanding. The bill fixes the salary at \$1,500. Mr. Dickson has been getting \$1,200. The duties of his office are responsible and important and have been considerably increased since Mr. Stratton was clerk of the executive.

The bill amending the game act was recommended by the Hon. Mr. Dunn and the section giving a bounty of \$15 for killing wolves was struck out. No change was made in the clause for moose or caribou. The bill was agreed to.

The bill was agreed to on a division. Hon. Mr. Pugsley, for Hon. Mr. Tweedie, introduced a bill amending the school act of 1900. It was read a first and second time.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley explained that the first section of the bill deals with manual training in the public schools. The present act provides that the cost of the equipment necessary for manual training in any school, \$50 a year to any certified teacher giving instruction and manual training in addition to the regular work and \$200 per year to teachers of the manual training department.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley said the government had increased the salaries of school inspectors and he requested that the bill could not see their way clear to treat the teachers likewise. He trusted this would be done in time.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley said the government hoped for a considerable addition to the revenue and that a great necessity existed for the school teachers, a most deserving class of public servants, would receive compensation commensurate with their position.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley said the government had increased the salaries of school inspectors and he requested that the bill could not see their way clear to treat the teachers likewise. He trusted this would be done in time.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley said the government hoped for a considerable addition to the revenue and that a great necessity existed for the school teachers, a most deserving class of public servants, would receive compensation commensurate with their position.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley said the government had increased the salaries of school inspectors and he requested that the bill could not see their way clear to treat the teachers likewise. He trusted this would be done in time.

for revising the statutes. He looked upon the revision as unnecessary, and thought that the present statutes were well framed. Hon. Mr. Tweedie said he would like to direct the attention of the house to the fact that the legislature of the province always attacks the government in some unassailable manner. He thought it was a pity that the government should not complain of the delay in the revision because he thought it unnecessary.

The bill was agreed to on a division. Hon. Mr. Pugsley, for Hon. Mr. Tweedie, introduced a bill amending the school act of 1900. It was read a first and second time.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley explained that the first section of the bill deals with manual training in the public schools. The present act provides that the cost of the equipment necessary for manual training in any school, \$50 a year to any certified teacher giving instruction and manual training in addition to the regular work and \$200 per year to teachers of the manual training department.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley said the government had increased the salaries of school inspectors and he requested that the bill could not see their way clear to treat the teachers likewise. He trusted this would be done in time.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley said the government hoped for a considerable addition to the revenue and that a great necessity existed for the school teachers, a most deserving class of public servants, would receive compensation commensurate with their position.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley said the government had increased the salaries of school inspectors and he requested that the bill could not see their way clear to treat the teachers likewise. He trusted this would be done in time.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley said the government hoped for a considerable addition to the revenue and that a great necessity existed for the school teachers, a most deserving class of public servants, would receive compensation commensurate with their position.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley said the government had increased the salaries of school inspectors and he requested that the bill could not see their way clear to treat the teachers likewise. He trusted this would be done in time.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley said the government hoped for a considerable addition to the revenue and that a great necessity existed for the school teachers, a most deserving class of public servants, would receive compensation commensurate with their position.

new rapidly approaching, for the form of an assumption of the crown of the great empire inherited from your ancestors, over which you have been called upon by Providence to preside.

OTTAWA, April 10.—Lady Minto, as president of the Canadian South African Memorial Association, has issued the following appeal to the Canadian public:

Government House, OTTAWA, 9th April, 1902. Dear Sir—Having noticed in several of the Canadian newspapers recently a letter dated Pretoria, February 10, 1902, on the subject of the graves of Canadians who have fallen in the service of the empire in South Africa, I venture to ask you, through the medium of your influential pages, to remind your readers of the objects and aims of the Canadian South African Memorial Association of which I am president, and which are briefly as follows:

1. To locate the graves of Canadians who have lost their lives in South Africa in the service of the empire, since the outbreak of hostilities in October, 1899.

2. To obtain subscriptions for the purpose of raising an amount sufficient to allow of suitable memorials being erected over the graves of the above.

3. To arrange for the erection of the said memorials.

This association is a powerful organization, of which His Excellency the Governor General is patron, and it has the earnest sympathy and approval of the following prominent and representative Canadians, viz: Sir Wilfrid Laurier; Dr. F. W. Borden, minister of militia; R. L. Borden, leader of the opposition; Lord Strathcona and the lieutenant governors of the various provinces, who have kindly consented to act as vice-presidents of the same.

Lord Roberts has taken considerable interest in the association, which has also the hearty co-operation of the military authorities in South Africa, with whom we are in communication. It is hoped, therefore, that we may shortly commence the work of erecting our memorials, which will indicate, in a fitting manner, to future generations the last resting places of these Canadian heroes.

I may add that the association has the hearty support of the general officer commanding the Canadian military forces in South Africa, from which we expect to receive a considerable amount of assistance. I have recently noticed a few paragraphs in the press, which indicate that some independent organizations are collecting subscriptions for the same object throughout Canada, and I would, therefore, wish to draw the attention of your readers to the fact that the Canadian South African Memorial Association is working with the full sanction and approval of the Canadian military authorities, and that the undertaking is established on a sound business-like footing.

A pure hard Soap. SURPRISE SOAP. CHILD'S PLAY OF WASH DAY.

CANADIANS' GRAVES.

Lady Minto Issues an Appeal to the Public.

OTTAWA, April 10.—Lady Minto, as president of the Canadian South African Memorial Association, has issued the following appeal to the Canadian public:

Government House, OTTAWA, 9th April, 1902. Dear Sir—Having noticed in several of the Canadian newspapers recently a letter dated Pretoria, February 10, 1902, on the subject of the graves of Canadians who have fallen in the service of the empire in South Africa, I venture to ask you, through the medium of your influential pages, to remind your readers of the objects and aims of the Canadian South African Memorial Association of which I am president, and which are briefly as follows:

1. To locate the graves of Canadians who have lost their lives in South Africa in the service of the empire, since the outbreak of hostilities in October, 1899.

2. To obtain subscriptions for the purpose of raising an amount sufficient to allow of suitable memorials being erected over the graves of the above.

3. To arrange for the erection of the said memorials.

This association is a powerful organization, of which His Excellency the Governor General is patron, and it has the earnest sympathy and approval of the following prominent and representative Canadians, viz: Sir Wilfrid Laurier; Dr. F. W. Borden, minister of militia; R. L. Borden, leader of the opposition; Lord Strathcona and the lieutenant governors of the various provinces, who have kindly consented to act as vice-presidents of the same.

Lord Roberts has taken considerable interest in the association, which has also the hearty co-operation of the military authorities in South Africa, with whom we are in communication. It is hoped, therefore, that we may shortly commence the work of erecting our memorials, which will indicate, in a fitting manner, to future generations the last resting places of these Canadian heroes.

NEW STATION NAMES.

The C. P. R. will signalise the introduction of its summer time table, about June 15th, by a radical and, at first glance, startling change in the names of several stations on its suburban section between St. John and Welford, as follows:

Fairville and South Bay unchanged. Stevens—to be called A-o-Mac. Sutton—Ke-te-pec, the abbreviated Indian name for Grand Bay, as is the preceding for South Bay.

French's—Mar-te-non, a modification of the old French seignory at this place. Hillside—Pan-de-nec, the Indian name for small mountain.

Ingleide—The side of the river fronting on Inglewood Manor granted in 1832 to Moses Perley and named by him from Scott's Pier Boy.

Riverbank—Ononette, the old French name for Brandy Point, just below, which runs far into the waters of the St. John River.

Balentine's—Woo-las-took, the last station close to the shores of the river, and takes the Indian name of the St. John River.

Westfield Beach—Named from its position on the Westfield west shore of the river. Nases—Pa-mon-keag, the Indian name for river beach. Lingley—Cab-ito-nec, the Indian name for the Nerepis valley. This is the first station in the valley.

LUMBAGO CURED. A Serious Case of this Painful Disease is Restored to Good Health.

Satisfactory Improvement Leads to a Continued Treatment which Results in a Complete Cure. An Interesting Story which will no doubt Profit Anyone suffering with Lumbago.

HOLYROOD, Ont., April 11.—(Special) Mr. Bat Pinnell, of this place, has been suffering with a great and distressing case of lumbago, a painful and stubborn disease—Lumbago.

The pain he suffered was almost beyond description and many were the medicines and treatments he used to try and get some relief. However, nothing he could find seemed to help him in the least, and he became very discouraged.

At last someone suggested DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS and Mr. Pinnell, although very skeptical, thought he would make one more trial for a cure and began to use them.

The first box did not do him very much good, but after he had used part of the second he began to feel a change for the better, so he kept on until he had used in all seven boxes, when he was delighted to find that every symptom of the Lumbago had entirely disappeared.

His general health is much improved and he feels better today than he has for years. Mr. Pinnell is pleased to do so much to express it. Only those who have suffered as he did with this very painful disease can understand the extreme satisfaction of one who has found a complete cure and restoration to health and strength.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The house resumed at 8 o'clock. On motion of the attorney general, the Probate Court Act was recommitted and the worthy "my" substituted for "shall" in reference to the readjustment of the salaries by the government.

EVENING SESSION.

The house resumed at 8 o'clock. Mr. Allen moved for an inquiry for Monday whether it was the intention of the government to erect a permanent building for the Board of Education.

TO HIS MAJESTY KING EDWARD VII.

Most Gracious Sovereign, we, your Majesty's subjects, the members of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of New Brunswick, Dominion of Canada, in parliament assembled, desire in our own names and in behalf of the people we represent to assure your Majesty of our devotion and affection for your Majesty's person and throne. We rejoice that your Majesty has thought it advisable to fix the day

LADY MINTO'S APPEAL.

OTTAWA, April 10.—Lady Minto, as president of the Canadian South African Memorial Association, has issued the following appeal to the Canadian public:

Government House, OTTAWA, 9th April, 1902. Dear Sir—Having noticed in several of the Canadian newspapers recently a letter dated Pretoria, February 10, 1902, on the subject of the graves of Canadians who have fallen in the service of the empire in South Africa, I venture to ask you, through the medium of your influential pages, to remind your readers of the objects and aims of the Canadian South African Memorial Association of which I am president, and which are briefly as follows:

1. To locate the graves of Canadians who have lost their lives in South Africa in the service of the empire, since the outbreak of hostilities in October, 1899.

2. To obtain subscriptions for the purpose of raising an amount sufficient to allow of suitable memorials being erected over the graves of the above.

3. To arrange for the erection of the said memorials.

This association is a powerful organization, of which His Excellency the Governor General is patron, and it has the earnest sympathy and approval of the following prominent and representative Canadians, viz: Sir Wilfrid Laurier; Dr. F. W. Borden, minister of militia; R. L. Borden, leader of the opposition; Lord Strathcona and the lieutenant governors of the various provinces, who have kindly consented to act as vice-presidents of the same.

Lord Roberts has taken considerable interest in the association, which has also the hearty co-operation of the military authorities in South Africa, with whom we are in communication. It is hoped, therefore, that we may shortly commence the work of erecting our memorials, which will indicate, in a fitting manner, to future generations the last resting places of these Canadian heroes.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. DR. PIERCE'S INVALIDS' HOTEL AND SURGICAL INSTITUTE, 663 MAIN ST., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Few people are aware of the extent of the institution presided over by Dr. Pierce or that an important part of his medical enterprise was the establishment of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, where people from afar can be lodged, boarded and treated, with all the privileges offered by the finest hospitals, yet with a personal care and freedom entirely foreign to such institutions.

Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute has a staff of nearly a score of physicians, each man a specialist. It has a bacteriological and analytical department second to those of no medical institution in the United States. It has elaborate machines and appliances, together with all the most approved mechanical apparatus, for the vibratory treatment of diseases.

Of late particular attention has been drawn to the possibility of treating cancer in its early stages, mechanical means. Whole pages in the newspapers and magazines have been given up to the description and illustration of the mechanical devices in use, and the mechanical treatment of disease has been exploited as if it were a novelty. It may be to many people, but as an evidence of the advanced thought and progressive spirit of Dr. Pierce, it may be mentioned that many of these mechanical devices for the cure of disease have been in use in the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute for a score of years. In this, as in every other class, Dr. Pierce keeps his great institution at the front, with the result that there is a constant stream of persons seeking treatment who come from the farthest states and most remote territories. Often these invalids have gone to the great hospitals of the country and found no benefit, coming to Dr. Pierce as a last resort.

"EAT AND SUFFER FOR IT"

That's the trial of the dyspeptic and yet he must eat to live. Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets pave the way to a good appetite, and they knock on indigestion and dyspepsia with no uncertain blow.

The tablets do not contain any injurious drug or narcotic—wouldn't harm the most delicate stomach—they're pleasant to use—bandy to carry. They stimulate digestion, prevent fermentation, make the blood rich, give nerve and brain force. The sea of most sickness is the stomach. Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets permit economy to health—eat! Eat! Eat! Sixty tablets, 25c. Sold by M. V. PADDOCK.

Wool's Phospholine. The Great English Remedy. Sold and recommended by all druggists in Canada. Only reliable medicine discovered.

PAR

Blair's Rail Bill Intro

It Was Shar Not Li

Minister of Mil His Own Dis

of Canad

OTTAWA,

Minister of Militia, Hon. Mr. Blair, has introduced a bill which will give general authority to the government to purchase land for military purposes.

The bill will give the government the power to purchase land for military purposes, and it is expected that it will be passed in the near future.

The bill will give the government the power to purchase land for military purposes, and it is expected that it will be passed in the near future.

The bill will give the government the power to purchase land for military purposes, and it is expected that it will be passed in the near future.

The bill will give the government the power to purchase land for military purposes, and it is expected that it will be passed in the near future.

The bill will give the government the power to purchase land for military purposes, and it is expected that it will be passed in the near future.

The bill will give the government the power to purchase land for military purposes, and it is expected that it will be passed in the near future.