

European Intelligence.

FIVE DAYS LATER!

The Steamer Arago, at Saint John's, N. F.

SUCCESS OF GARIBOLDI.

RISE IN THE FUNDS—PROVISIONS DECLINING!

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., June 8.
Steamer Arago, of the Galway Line, arrived here last evening at 10 o'clock. She brings dates by mail to 28th ult., and telegraphic news to the 30th.

Paris, Saturday, noon—Nothing new in Italy.
Garibaldi marching for Como.
Portugal has declared her neutrality.
Meeting House on Friday advanced quarter 80 to 65. Funds to-day (Saturday) closed 80 to quarter per cent higher than yesterday.

In other markets a decided firmness likewise prevailed. Scarcely any business doing at bank rate, it being prohibited.

LONDON.—The Times says the report that Mons. Bernelli is about to proceed from Paris on an extraordinary mission to the German confederation, tends to strengthen the supposition of a possible compromise at no distant day, by means of Prussian agency.

The iron rail screw frigate of six thousand tons will be commenced this or next week.

The correspondent of the Times reports that several Colonels of Swiss regiments are compromised in the conspiracy against the Crown Prince. The fourth had in consequence been quiet when given up to the native troops.

The Post in reply to some objections as to Lord Palmerston and Lord John Russell being actuated by mutual rivalry, says the public may rest assured that if the liberal party cannot be united the fault will not rest with its chiefs.

Paris, May 30.—Monsieur publishes the following telegram:—

Alexandria, 29th.—Emperor is enjoying perfect health; we have but few sick; weather beautiful; heat moderate; harvest has begun. The army is abundantly supplied; the soldiers continue full of confidence and are in high spirits. Garibaldi has reinforcements of troops at Como. The artillery has been organized and national guards mobilized. Volunteers are hastening to increase militia. National movement is spreading and town of Lecco is free. The Austrians in considerable force have occupied Dobbe.

The following was received at Renter's telegraph office yesterday evening:—

Gen. Garibaldi entered Como amidst bell ringing and general illumination of town. All steamers on Lake Como are in possession of Garibaldi, and the Austrians are in rapid retreat.

Advices from Lugano, dated noon, 29th, state that the Austrians, pursued by Garibaldi, were withdrawing towards Milan.

Garibaldi occupied Camerlota and Lecco. Insurrectionary movements had taken place in the Valentia, and 800 Valentia insurgents are now on board an Austrian steamer.

Following advices have been received from Lugano to-day. Yesterday evening after furious fight, which lasted from five to eight o'clock, Garibaldi entered Como. Combat was renewed at Camerlota and Austrian again gave way and retreated. Town of Como was illuminated, and all steamers in the lake are in the hands of the patriots.

This morning Austrian war steamer on the Lago Maggiore kept up a three hours cannonade upon town Cannobbio, without much effect.

Berlin, Saturday.—According to advices from Florence to-day, Russia, Prussia, England and Turkey, are said not to have recognized the provisional Government of Tuscany, and representatives of these countries are also said to have withdrawn their flags.

Paris, May 28th.—Semi-official Presse of this evening contains the following:—Austrians 50,000 in number, quitted Praceuxa yesterday and re-entered Lombardy. The same journal also states that England is endeavoring to renew diplomatic relations with Napoleon, but only on condition that France will simultaneously do the same.

Announcement of Sir J. Hudson's departure for Naples was premature.

COMMERCIAL.—LIVERPOOL, Saturday, P. M.—Cotton generally steady and active.—Breadstuffs quiet and steady.—Consols 92½ a 92½ for money and account.

Bullion in the Bank of England increased £13,000.
Wheat declining tendency, 4s. 6s.
Sugar heavy, declined 6d. a lb.
Tea firm.

The steamship Edinburgh, from New York for Glasgow, arrived at Newfoundland on the 7th. Two compartments were full of water having struck iceberg, on Monday. Monday morning in a dense fog. All male passengers assisted crew in working pumps; lady passengers sat all night ready dressed to embark. Captain speaks of passengers as having behaved with utmost coolness, laboring incessantly for 80 hours. Extent of danger not ascertained. Ship must probably discharge cargo.

LATER FROM EUROPE!

Arrival of the North Briton.

BREADSTUFFS STILL DECLINING!

Consols Further Advanced.

Boston, June 11.

North Briton intercepted off Farther Point this morning. She would arrive at Quebec about midnight.

More skirmishing in Italy, but no general battle had taken place.

Emperor of Austria arrived at Verona on the 31st.

It is reported that Garibaldi was defeated—but report is not confirmed.

England and Prussia will attempt to make peace after the French enter Milan.

Consols 93½.

Breadstuffs still further declined.

Provisions steady.

The Standard.

ST. ANDREWS, JUNE 13, 1859.

The European News.

By the Steamship North Briton gives hopeful indications of an early termination of the war, as England and Prussia will use efforts to bring about peace. The money market was easier and consols had gone up to 93½; breadstuffs had declined. There had been more skirmishing but no general battle.

The accounts given in our last number of the defeat of the Austrians at Montebello is confirmed, and it is apparent that the battle must have been a sharp one, as the large loss in officers as well as rank and file proves.

In Great Britain extensive warlike preparations were being made, for the purpose of maintaining a neutral position. The people are fired with patriotism, and are resolved that their position shall be respected, by being prepared for any emergency. There is a most important question involved in the present war; it is not so much the freedom of Italy, as the balance of power. Merely driving out the Austrians from the Italian peninsula and investing it with French, will not accomplish the object desired, the nationality of Italy; and from all that is known of the Emperor of the French, no dependence can be placed in him, as he has violated professions and treaties, and falsified the most sacred promises; he rode into power while the blood of the people deluged the streets of Paris, and it is unlikely then that he above all others, is really a friend of freedom—the idea is preposterous.

Should Napoleon be successful, what his next move on the political chess board will be no one can divine. He may unite with Russia, yea even Austria too, to wipe from the face of Europe every free government and institution. To prevent such a union, would be maintaining the balance of power. For, should France and Russia unite, the combined powers of Europe would have quite enough to do to withstand such a powerful combination.

We have been requested to announce that Divine Service, will be held in the Presbyterian Church in this town, on Friday next at 11 A. M., preparatory to Communion Sabbath.

It is expected that a Missionary meeting will be held on Monday evening next in the same church, when the Rev. F. M. Epstein, Jewish Missionary, will address the meeting. This Rev. gentleman has been appointed the first Presbyterian Missionary to Jerusalem, in connection with the Church of Scotland.

The St. John Railroad was opened on Wednesday last to Hampton. Numbers availed themselves of the opportunity to visit Hampton (a distance of fourteen miles from St. John) by rail. No accident occurred to mar the general enjoyment. It is stated however, that an extra train was despatched early in the morning to see all things clear, for the opening of the road, while passing over an embankment, the engine being a heavy one, spread the rails; the rails were immediately afterwards placed in their proper position and the extra returned. Lighter engines were used during the day, which passed and re-passed without the slightest interruption.

The St. Andrews Brass Band on Saturday evening last entertained the inhabitants of the town, by playing several pieces of music, on board a vessel anchored in the harbor. The performance was highly creditable to the Band, who are rapidly improving and evince a large share of musical talent. We trust that similar performances will be given occasionally during the fine summer evenings.

PARISH SCHOOL ADVOCATE.—The April number of this instructive little work is before us; its pages are well filled with original and selected articles, on subjects of public interest, and the low price at which it is offered to clubs of five or ten, viz: 3s. per annum,—should secure for it an extensive circulation. Specimen numbers may be seen at this office.

Exciting Sitting of the French Corps.

The Paris correspondent of the Daily News writing on Saturday, says:—The sitting of the Corps Legislatif to-day was unusually interesting. The order of the day was the debate on the war loan of 500 millions. M. Schneider, one of the Vice-Presidents of the Chamber, took the chair in the absence of Count de Morny. Viscount de la Tour Pichon, acting as the spokesman of Orleanist tendencies which was held yesterday, said that he deplored the war, and were it not that the French army was at this moment actually in the face of an enemy, he should certainly have voted against the bill. He protested against the policy of letting loose the revolution in Italy. When he sat down, after having been frequently interrupted, M. Baroche rose, and declared that the war was purely and simply a defensive one. M. Jules Favre, who spoke for the first time in the present Chamber, then delivered one of the most telling speeches that this great orator ever made in his life. He insisted pointedly upon the fact that the war had been imagined, provoked, and brought about by the French Emperor. He contended that unless the war were a revolutionary one, having for its object the expulsion of the Austrians and the independence of Italy it was in the highest degree criminal. In the course of his speech he exclaimed:—If you really mean to turn the Austrians out of Italy we are with you so far; but at home there can never be any part between us and you so long as France remains deprived of liberty. The President here interrupted the speaker. You cannot be allowed to speak in this way of a Government which has been repeatedly proclaimed by universal suffrage. M. Jules Favre replied, in a voice of thunder:—Such an answer is out of place to me, a representative of the people, who was forcibly dragged from his seat in this building on December 24. The President looked astonished, but said not a word. No representative of the Government rising to answer M. Jules Favre, M. Nogent St. Laurent said a few words, which were scarcely listened to, and the bill then passed unanimously by the vote of 247 members.

The Transatlantic Balloon.

The aerial machine in the course of construction at Lonsburg, N. Y., by Mr. La montain, with which he designs to cross the Atlantic is fast approaching completion. In speaking of it the Lonsburg Gazette has the following:—The balloon will 65 feet in diameter, and when inflated the gas and balloon will be hundred feet high. It will be employed 2,350 yards of silk—wide China—the best ever used for such purposes.—The car or boat of unique construction and very strong. It is nineteen feet long, 4 feet wide, and 20 inches high. It was built in New York city, and is capable of carrying twelve men in the very roughest sea. The boat will be in this village within two weeks, 150,000 cubic feet of gas will be required to inflate the balloon, giving it an ascending power of about 3½ tons.

A melancholy accident occurred in Brighton on Tuesday evening, the 17th ult. James F. eldest son of Mr. Charles Fay, went to water a colt from a pond near the river, as he was in the habit of doing, his father bridling the colt and putting him on his back; and as he did not return as soon as was expected, his father getting uneasy, went to look for him and found the colt standing at the edge of the water in the river.

It was ascertained by tracking the colt, that he went to the pond and watered him, and on returning, rode near the bank of the river; and as there was a large pebble lying near by, it is supposed the colt took flight and jumped over the bank, and precipitated him into the river, and he was drowned. The deceased was a promising lad, in his twelfth year, and was a bright intelligent youth and no doubt his parents often anticipated the comfort and satisfaction they would take in him when he came to the age of manhood. But alas! all their hopes are blasted. How true it is as the Psalmist says, "In the midst of life we are in death."

As the afflicted parents buried a little daughter four years old the Sunday preceding, the circumstance was afflicting in the extreme; and it strikes a gloom over the neighborhood and they truly have the sympathy of the whole community. [Com. to Carleton Sentinel.]

Minnesota papers state that there is a large emigration pouring into that State this Spring than at any time during the past two years and this of much more desirable class. Instead of real-estate speculators and adventurers, as in 1857, they are farmers and mechanics who come to reside permanently and to till the soil.

BISHOP CONOLLY.—The Freeman announces that the Pope has transferred Bishop Conolly from St. John to the Archdiocese of Halifax; he is also appointed Administrator Apostolic of the Diocese of St. John.

H. M. G. GARDEN, Esq.—A correspondent intimates that the press, if not the people of Carleton, have been remiss in allowing the gentleman whose name heads this to leave without some testimonial befitting the regard in which he is held here. We can only say that we believe, during the many years in which Mr. Garden filled the office of Deputy Crown Land Surveyor in this County, he sought by an honest and impartial discharge of his duty, to give satisfaction; and we have no doubt he succeeded, as we have heard very many persons speak on the matter quite feelingly, and speak of him as a gentleman who had earned a popularity with the inhabitants of the County, and a hold in their esteem, flattering to himself, and which must recommend him to those with whom in the future he may be thrown in contact.

Mr. Garden is now prosecuting his profession in Charlotte County, and we trust he will find the field in every respect what he anticipates and desires. [Carleton Sentinel.]

The Steamer Arabian paid us a visit on Sunday last on her way to Shediac. We visited her on Monday morning and learned from the Captain that she is engaged to run between Shediac and Restigouche touching at the intermediate ports; but whether she will run weekly or fortnightly he could not say till he went to Shediac. She is a fine large vessel, very comfortably fitted up for cabin and other passengers and calculated to carry a large quantity of freight. William Morehead Esq. is, we understand, agent for this port. [Miramichi Col. Times.]

Diocesan Church Society.

A Missionary Meeting in connection with the Society, was held in Sunday School Room, on Thursday evening last. The room was well filled by a large attendance of the members of the Society. The Rev. W. Q. Ketchum, Rector, in the chair. The proceedings were commenced by prayers by the Rev. W. S. Chadwell of Eastport; and the singing the beautiful hymn

"Jesus shall reign where'er the Sun, &c."

The Chairman addressed the meeting on the objects for which they were assembled, pointing to the Spiritual destitution which prevails in many parts of the Province, the claims of the Society to continued and additional support.

The Rev. H. Pollard then moved the following resolution, urging its reception in an earnest and feeling address, which was received with marked attention by the meeting.

Resolved.—That this meeting regarding the injunction of the Blessed Redeemer, and in grateful remembrance of many undeserved blessings, considers it alike a duty and a privilege to extend the means of grace to the spiritually destitute; this being the great object of the Diocesan Church Society, the members of the Church ought, in the opinion of this meeting, to do their utmost in the support of an institution, which has hitherto partaken largely of the blessing of Almighty God."

This was seconded by Geo. D. Street, Esq., who in a most impressive manner, spoke of the long continued bounty extended by our fellow churchmen in the Mother Country, as a reason why the members of the Church Society should afford to others the benefit they had themselves so long received. The resolution being put, was unanimously adopted.

The Rev. W. S. Chadwell was next called upon to address the meeting. Those who had the pleasure of listening to the Rev. gentleman, will not readily lose the impression, made by his eloquent and forcible address, as alluding to the remarkable events of the few past years, he showed "the things" which "God has wrought" with reference to India, Africa, China and Japan; and the evident marks of His wonderful Providence in thus opening a door for the Missionary work of the Church. He concluded his remarks which were listened to with deepest interest, by moving the following resolution, which was seconded by the Rev. K. E. Smith, and unanimously adopted.

Resolved.—That this meeting looks with deepest interest to the efforts which are being made, both in Great Britain and America, for the spread of the Gospel in heathen lands, especially when a door has lately been opened by the overruling Providence of God; and which the waits of this Diocese may under us from joining at the present time, in this blessed work—Missions to the heathen—should form an object of the devout prayers of all who love the Lord Jesus, and desire the extension of His kingdom on Earth.

On motion of J. H. Whitlock, Esq., Geo. D. Street, Esq., and Edward Simonds, Esq., of Fredericton were chosen the Lay Delegates to attend the meeting of the general meeting of the Society.

After a few remarks from the chairman expressing grateful thanks to those gentlemen who had rendered the proceedings of the evening so interesting and profitable, and his gratification at the attention shown by the meeting generally in those objects so dear to himself, the doxology was sung, and the benediction having been pronounced, the meeting adjourned. [Communicated.]

We hear that several applications have been made for lots in the block of land that is shortly to be formally set apart on the St. John River for Presbyterian settlement.—The scheme ought to be vigorously worked, and particulars circulated in Scotland and Ireland. [Colonial Presbyterian.]

"The Strongest Man in the world"

prostrated.

Dr. George B. Winship attempted to lecture last evening at Mercantile Hall, on Physical Education. The hall was filled to overflowing, attracted no doubt by the fame of the lecturer, in relation to his prodigious feats of strength, it having been claimed for him that he was the strongest man in the world.

Dr. Winship commenced reading his Lecture promptly at 8 o'clock, and had proceeded but a few moments before his voice began to fail and became weak and tremulous; and before the audience generally were aware of it, he dropped directly upon the platform. Several gentlemen rushed to the platform and immediately bore him to the adjoining ante-room, where Dr. Walter Channing and others attended upon him.

It was soon announced that he would go on with the Lecture in a few minutes. He appeared, and after apologizing to the audience said it was the first time he had ever fainted. He then proceeded with Lectures, and had read but a few pages when he again became overpowered retiring just in time to save himself from another swoon. By the advice of physicians present, he was dissuaded from attempting to go on with his Lecture, and it was announced that it would take place at some future time.

The audience on returning were allowed to receive tickets or their money, most of them taking the former. It is stated that on being taken from the hall his heart had nearly ceased to beat. Dr. W. accounts for the unfortunate affair on the grounds that the atmosphere of the hall was close and impure. His friends however regarded it as the peculiarity of appearing before a public audience for the first time.

Dr. W. has for several years given much attention to physical education. He is 25 years of age, five feet seven inches in height, and weighs 143 lbs. He graduated five years ago. He can raise a barrel of flour from the floor on to his shoulder, can raise himself with either little finger till his chin is half a foot above it; can raise 200 lbs. with either little finger; can lift with the hands 920 pounds dead weight, without the aid of straps or belts of any kind. Topham, the strongest man of England could raise only 800 lbs. in the same way; and the celebrated Belgian giant could lift only 800 lbs. Dr. W. was prepared to exhibit all these feats, but the unexpected turn which affairs took prevented it. The strong man proved an infant. [Boston Atlas.]

The "Leviathan," which sailed from Fredericton a short time ago with a cargo of lumber for Boston direct, returned last week. On her return passage she made the harbor of St. John in 48 hours from Boston. The "Porahontas," engaged in the same trade, is expected here to-day.

We are pleased to learn that some American gentlemen, who have started in this trade, have made application to the City Council for leave to erect a wharf for their own use below Gaynor's landing. They offer to build a wharf 300 feet long, to pay a reasonable ground rent, and to deliver the wharf over to the city at the expiration of fifteen years. [Head Quarters.]

An Astonishing Performance.—The Buffalo Republic says that Monsieur Blondin proposes to make an ascension on a tight rope from the Canada shore to a point on the American side directly over the Niagara Falls, by stretching a rope from the Canada side to a mast on the river. The ascension is to be made at night amid fireworks. The same paper says that he proposes to make, during the summer, several ascensions; in one of which it is his intention to go over in a sack, with nothing but his arms and feet exposed. He also proposes to wheel some gentleman in a wheelbarrow, provided he can find some distinguished individual with nerve enough, who would like the enjoyment of a trip across the frightful chasm on a tight rope in a one wheel carriage; and to make it still more interesting and frightful, he will carry a man on his back and wheel another at the same time, provided two generous persons can be found who like to indulge in that kind of sport.

While P. P. Hoffman was putting a pump into a well near the Oldtown depot in Hanger, Me. a brick fell from the surface and struck fair on the top of the head of Matthias Whelan, who was full thirty feet below and near the surface of the water. Whelan's skull, strange to say, was not broken by the concussion, but the brick was, catching one part of it in his hand as it fell from his head. His scalp was badly broken and the blood flowed freely. By means of a rope he quickly ascended, hand over hand, and just as he reached the surface he became faint and would have fallen back into the well had he not been fortunately rescued by those standing by.

AN AUSTRIAN VESSEL EMBARKED.—There is at the present time, at this port, one Austrian vessel, the ship Imperpable, Capt. Housier, lying at Pisk's wharf. Capt. Housier, who is a Hungarian, proposed to take his vessel to St. John, N. B., in ballast, and there load a cargo for England. He has heard, however, of the arrival of a French man-of-war at Halifax, and he has his fears that she may be cruising in that vicinity. [Boston Ledger.]

The utmost consternation is said to prevail among the Rothschilds. The Vienna Rothschild lately went to Paris to consult with Baron James, the ablest man in the family.

James Sterens, the wife poisoner, been previously sentenced to death, appealed to the Supreme Court, was sentenced by Judge Roosevelt to be hanged on the 22d of July.

Married.

At St. John, on the 8th inst., by G. M. Armstrong, C. F. Kinney, Esq. of that City, to Mary August daughter of the late Thomas Lar Esq.

At St. John on 9th inst., at St. Church, in that City, by the Rev. W. S. Rector, John Saunders, Esq. City of Fredericton, to Mary August daughter of Charles C. Stewart, this city.

At Miltown, 1st, at the residence of bride's father, by the Rev. W. S. Dr. A. Wilder, to Mrs. Charlotte dington, daughter of George M. Esq.

Died.

At St. George, on the 11th Sarah, aged 48 years, relict of the late Wallace, one of the Loyalists to this Province, in 1783.

At Presque Isle, C. C., on the 28th of consumption, Mr. Edward Barr 29th year of his age.

Notice.

THE Subscribers announce to the of St. Andrews and the County that they have commenced business as FURNISHING & GENERAL PROVISION DE

By giving attention to business to receive a share of public patronage at the extension of the Hall

St. Andrews, June 13th, 59.

NOTICE.

PERSONS desiring of leasing for season, the WILD MEADOW Lands belonging to the Company, are to make up, before the 15th inst., at St. Andrews, June 14th, 59.

DENTAL CARE.

DR. R. B. PATTERSON will visit St. Andrews on Monday next, 20th his stay will be limited to one week during his professional services, will an early call. Rooms at Bradford's

MRS. WINSL.

An experienced Nurse and Female presents to the attention of mothers

SOOTHING SY.

For Children Teeth which greatly facilitates the process by soothing the gums, reducing all will at any ALL PAIN and spasm

SURE TO REGULATE—THE I Depend upon it, mothers, it will yourselves, and.

RELIEF & HEALTH TO YOUR We have put up and sold this over ten years, and can say, it is the best of its kind, and we have able to say of any other medicine, VER HAS IT FAIL, IN INSTANCE, TO EFFECT A timely used. Never did we instance of dissatisfaction by used. On the contrary, all with its operations, and speak highest commendation of its medicinal virtues. We speak ter what we do know, after ten years' experience, and pledge the FULFILLMENT OF OUR PARTITION. This valuable preparation is almost every infant is suffering from colic, and will be found in uses after the syrup is prepared. This valuable preparation is almost every infant is suffering from colic, and will be found in uses after the syrup is prepared.

It not only relieves the pain, but invigorates the system, and gives tone to the whole system. It will relieve GRIPING IN THE AND WIND COLIC, and overcome convulsions, and in des sweetest and most efficacious in the CHILDREN or from

What we say is to every has a child suffering from going complaints—no not let you others, sit and the re be CRE ver, AU LLY medicine, ed. Full directions for using pay each bottle. Some of the fac simile of CUC TI & PC York is, in the out side wrap sold by Druggists throughout the Province, and is to be sent at Price only 25 Cents per

Land for Sale. A list of Land containing 100 Acres Digbyshire River, desired in the St. John's and the Digbyshire St. John's, N. B. May 13th, 1859.