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POOR DOCUMENT

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NEW YORK HAS ONE MORE FIRE HORROR

Equitable Assurance Society's Marble Building Destroyed

SEVERAL LIVES ARE LOST

Firemen, After Brief Prayer on Roof, Leap 150 Feet to Street—Priest Nearly Killed Administering Rites of Church to Vault Prisoner—Loss is Millions

(Canadian Press)

New York, Jan. 9—The great marble building of the Equitable Life Assurance Society at 120 Broadway—the home of the Mercantile Trust Company, the Equitable Trust Company, the banking house of Kountze Bros., the Mercantile Safe Deposit Company, and the Harriman lines, was destroyed today by fire. Four men are believed to have lost their lives, and the property loss is estimated at about $8,000,000.

William Giblin, President of the Mercantile Safe Deposit Company, was imprisoned with three other employes in the vaults, and was rescued after the firemen had sawed through several two-inch steel bars. One man is believed to have lost his life in the vaults. Thrilling scenes marked the fire.

At fifteen minutes past six, the fire had grown to proportions which seemed to threaten the entire financial section. The Pine street side of the building from the eighth floor to the roof was a raging furnace. Pine street is a narrow thoroughfare, scarcely affording room for two wagons to pass, and on the opposite side from the Equitable building stands a twenty-story sky scraper. The bricks of this structure were steaming with a heat which made them gleam as the firemen started from the point where they had taken their first stand, when the roof of the building fell in. The firemen turned their efforts to the nearby buildings in an effort to stem the advance of the flames.

Three men jumped from the roof of the Equitable building into the street, the police reported, and were killed. It is believed the three were probably firemen, part of a crew sent to the roof. Three more bodies, supposed to be those of workmen or watchmen, could be seen through the flames in one of the basement rooms of the building. The firemen made a desperate effort to save the three men who jumped into Cedar street, but they had no time to rig their life nets.

The three stood on the corner of the building only a moment or two, the flames behind them driving them to desperation. Then they knelt for just a moment, bent their heads in prayer and leaped together to the pavement, 150 feet below.

The fire started in the Cafe Savrin, an eating house in the basement of the building. While the restaurant employes were smothering the flames in their kitchens, the blaze reached up the elevator shafts without their knowledge and a few minutes later was raging in unrepressed fury on the upper floors.

Big Loss to Companies

The contents of the great building will be a total loss, and in the case of many of the tenants the loss will be irreparable. The building contains not only all the Equitable offices with their records but also the main offices of all the Harriman railroads, and a large number of financial firms, including August Belmont & Co., the Mercantile Trust Company, now subsidiary of the Bankers' Trust Company, and the Mercantile Safe Deposit Company.

Millions upon millions of dollars in securities and cash were cared for in the immense vaults of the Equitable company, and in the vaults of the trust and safe deposit company, but it is not believed that the heat of the fire can penetrate the safes, and that there will be no loss from this source.

The heaviest loss, besides that of the building, was caused by the destruction of insurance and railroad records.

Firemen at last succeeded in battering in a steel door and rescuing two watchmen who were imprisoned in the vault. William Giblin, president of the Mercantile Safe Deposit Company, was rescued from the vaults of his company, after the firemen had sawed through several steel bars. He was believed to be mortally injured. Fire Commissioner Johnson discovered a man imprisoned in the vaults of the Mercantile Safe eDposit Company at the corner of Cedar street and Broadway. The man could be seen from the street, and his limbs were pinned down by a mass of fixtures, which had fallen on him. He was alive and held out his hand to the firemen, who made frantic though futile efforts to break through the heavy steel doors. Father McGean of the fire department, gave the last rites of the church to the dying man.

Priest Nearly Loses Life

The three men who leaped to the street, it was later reported, were not killed, but were conveyed to a hospital seriously injured. Several firemen were caught when a section of floor in an upper story gave way. The firemen managed to reach a window ledge were they were rescued by means of a life line thrown to them, but when they looked back one man had disappeared in the smoking ruins. Efforts were made to reach the spot where he was buried, but the firemen could not find him.

Father McGean nearly lost his life when administering the last rights to the man imprisoned in the safe deposit vault. The firemen dragged him away just as a shower of bricks and stones fell on the spot where he had been kneeling. As the firemen carried the priest away, the dying man turned to him and pityingly said: "For God's sake, Father take me out of here. I am dying. Can't you get at me?"

An officer of the Equitable Assurance Society said that the society had duplicates of every record stored in a building, several blocks away from the burned structure. The fire, he said, would not effect the company's business with its policy holders. Officers of the Mercantile Safe Deposit Company said the vaults were intact and not a cent would be lost.

Banking and brokerage business was halted for a time by the fire, and the governors of the stock exchange met to determine what action should be taken with respect to deliveries of securities purchased yesterday. It was decided that transfers will be suspended for a day except by mutual consent.

The fire when first seen at six o'clock this morning had already gained a tremendous headway. It had started on one of the upper floors of the great granite building, which occupies a full block on the Broadway side across from Old Trinity church and is one of the well known monuments of the down town district.

SAYS FOSS FAVORS A LIFE TERM

Boston Paper Says Governor Inclines to Clemency in the Richeson Murder Case

Boston, Jan. 9—The Post says that it is likely that if left to Governor Foss to decide the fate of Rev Clarence Richeson, the self-confessed murderer of his sweetheart, Avis Linnell, he will temper justice with clemency. The general feeling is that Richeson should atone with his life.

He is said to have pleaded strongly with his lawyers to try to save his life, even though he had to end his days in prison.

That Richeson is a man of two personalities, and as such, was and is insane, is the belief expressed by Frank H. Carter, one of the prominent members of the pastor's former church in Cambridge and the man with whom he made his home.

Mr. Carter gave an interview in which he said that after Richeson's nervous breakdown last June he never returned after an absence of any length of time, but that he searched the house from cellar to garret fearing to find the dead body of the clergyman.

"For many reasons obvious to all lovers of the country's good," said Mr. Carter, "I am profoundly grateful to the all-wise Creator for saving the young people of this land from a knowledge of the revolting details which must have attended the publication in some of the most sensational newspapers, had there been a trial.

"Personally I had not believed Mr. Richeson guilty of premeditated murder and my conviction is, and it has been from the first, that he is not wholly responsible for his acts. I believe that a psychologist could prove conclusively that he is afflicted with a double personality. If this be true, according to a definition of insanity given by the authors of a recent and famous work on nervous diseases, Mr. Richeson was and is insane. In fact, even a very superficial examination of his written confession shows a strange mixture of ideas.

"The one terrible result of the crime and its admission accruing to the church at large, including all sects and denominations is that expressed by the prophet Nathan to King David, so many years ago.

"Because by this deed thou hast given great occasions to the enemies of the Lord to blaspheme.' "

WEATHER BULLETIN

Issued by authority of the Department of Marine and Fisheries. R. F. Stupart, director of meteorological service.

9 A. M. WEATHER REPORT.

Forenoon Bulletin from Toronto.

	Max.	Min.	Dir.	Vel.	
Toronto	28	8	W	36	Fair
Montreal	14	14	SW	20	Snow
Quebec	6	4	NE	42	Snow
Chatham	4	—10	E	16	Snow
Charl'town	2	—2	SE	16	Snow
Sydney	14	2	SE	16	Snow
Sable Island	16	14	E	48	Snow
Halifax	14	4	SE	48	Snow
St. John	6	5	SE	36	Rain
Boston	28	28	SW	16	Rain
New York	32	28	NW	60	Fair
Bermuda	66	60	S	24	Cloudy

The minus sign (—) preceding temperature indicates "below zero."

Forenoon Bulletin from Toronto.

Forecasts:—Heavy gales, southeast shifting to west; snow and rain. Wednesday, westerly gales; generally fair and much colder again.

Synopsis—The disturbance mentioned yesterday has become a storm of great violence, now centered in the New England states; to Banks and American ports, heavy gales, southeast shifting to west.

Local Weather Report at Noon.

Tuesday, Jan. 9, 1912.

Highest temperature during last 24 hrs 42
Lowest temperature during last 24 hrs 5
Temperature at noon 42
Humidity at noon 95
Barometer readings at noon (sea level and 32 degrees Fah.), 28.76 inches.
Wind at noon—Direction southeast, velocity 32 miles per hour; rain.
Same date last year—Highest temperature 41, lowest 32; unsettled, cloudy, with light snow and rain.

D. L. HUTCHINSON, Director.

KING'S VISIT TO INDIA HAS BEEN GREAT TRIUMPH OF POLITICAL WISDOM

Has Created a New Atmosphere In The Country

INDIAN REFORMERS CHANGE

Coats Now Taken Off to the Sun After Being Buttoned to The Wind — Impressive Scene as Their Majesties Said Farewell to Calcutta Today

(Canadian Press)

New York, Jan. 9— The New York Times this morning publishes the following despatch from William Maxwell of the London Daily Mail, from Calcutta:—

Calcutta's farewell to the king and queen today was even more crowded and impressive than her welcome to them. It gives a true measure of the success of the royal visit. From Bombay to Calcutta it has been a personal and progressive triumph. At every stage of the journey, the popular enthusiasm had a new force and a new significance, but it was at Delhi that the real impulse was felt.

Lord Morley, before I left London, assured me that it would be politically the most important visit ever paid to India. He spoke with knowledge of the administrative changes to be announced at the durbar, and he was right in his estimate of their effect. From that moment, the king assumed another character in the eyes of India. He passed at one bound from a personal to a political supremacy and realized the popular conception of a ruler.

What this means to India we saw at Delhi and Calcutta when multitudes did homage before the vacant thrones. There was neither servility nor affection in the amazing demonstration. They were the natural expression of native reverence and complete submission. This sentiment affected all classes.

Even those who at first were inclined to criticize the administrative changes, accepted them as the acts of the emperor. The effect has been universal and instantaneous. A new atmosphere has been created.

Bengal, about which there had been forebodings, responded to the common impulse. It is only just to say that neither the king nor the government shared these fears. The Bengali are an emotional race and the partition of Bengal was a sentimental if unreal grievance. It would be folly to assume that this will end all the agitation in Bengal. The political agitation will still be seen in Bengal, and elsewhere, but a new spirit will animate and direct it, and for this new spirit Their Majesties will be responsible.

The Indian reformers have taken off their coats to the sun after buttoning them to the wind, and it is true here, as in other countries, that the masses follow their leaders. This reconciliation is the great achievement of the visit and it will not depart with the sailing of the Medina.

GUN MOULD EXPLODES; EIGHT DIE

Ruelle Sur Mouvre, France, Jan. 9—Eight steel moulders met a horrible death, and eleven others were seriously injured today, by the bursting of a gun mould at the government naval arsenal in the vicinity of Angoulome, in the department of the Charente.

STAGE HAND IN MONTREAL HAS HIS BACK BROKEN

Heavy Sand Bag Fell on Him—Tragedy "Behind" as Play Goes on

Montreal, Jan. 9—With his back broken, Jean Seguin is dying in the hospital this morning as the result of an accident which occurred between acts in the Princess Theatre last night.

Seguin was a stage hand. He had his back broken by a heavy sand bag used as a counter weight for drops, which fell on the back of his neck from a heighth of twenty feet. The performance was not in any way retarded by the occurrence, and the audience sat out the remaining scenes in complete ignorance of the tragedy "behind."

A NEW FEATURE

The Times today begins publication of the comic pictures recounting the amusing adventures of Mutt and Jeff who have become known all over the continent. These entertaining characters will be found at the top of the Times' sporting page.

BATTLE LINE

S.S. "Albuera," Capt. Lockhart, for Buenos Ayres, sailed from Cardiff today.

TRUE BILL AGAINST CLARK ON ONE COUNT

Indictment on Amalgamated Copper Shares Matter is Thrown Out—Trial Of Ex-Bank Manager Tomorrow

The January term of the circuit court was opened in the court house this morning. In the absence of Mr. Justice White, Mr. Justice Barry presided. The only criminal case was that of the King vs. Harry B. Clark, former manager of the Charlotte street branch of the Bank of New Brunswick. The case of the King vs Bonnell was taken before Judge Forbes under "The Speedy Trials' Act," and is referred to elsewhere.

An unusually large crowd was present on the opening of court also the full panel of the grand jury was present, something which has not been known in years. The grand jury elected E. L. Rising as foreman.

In addressing them His Honor congratulated them on the large attendance and briefly outlined the case of the King vs Harry B. Clark. The prisoner is indicted on two counts.

(1) For unlawfully appropriating to his own use the sum of $2477.27.

(2) The theft of 100 shares of the Amalgamated Copper Company. After being out an hour and a half the jury returned and reported that they found a true bill only on the first count of the indictment. His Honor discharged the grand jury from further attendance.

The case against Clark will be taken up tomorrow morning at ten o'clock. Attorney General Grimmer will prosecute and George W. Fowler will defend. Mr. Justice White will be present tomorrow. The docket is:—

Criminal.

The King vs Harry B. Clark.

Civil.

Non-Jury.

St. John River S. S. Co. vs. St. John River Log Driving Co.—Dr. L. A. Currey, K. C.

Rochester et al vs. Agar, F. R. Taylor for the plaintiff; Baxter and Logan for the defendant.

Turnbull vs Corbett and O'Brien & Corbett, J. A. Barry for the plaintiffs.

Moore & White, vs Smith—Messrs. Barnhill, Ewing & Sanford for the plaintiffs and J. B. M. Baxter and E. P. Raymond for the defendant.

Allis Chalmers Bullock vs. Hutchings, J. King Kelley, K. C.

The grand purors are:—Edward L. Rising, foreman; Isaac H. Northrup, Frederick A. Secord, Wilfrid M. Barlow, William A. Munroe, Frank G. Bent, C. Winter Brown, David J. Brown, Alexander R. Campbell, Angus A. Chaisson, George L. Warwick, Horace W. Cole, James Collins, Samuel A. Corbett, Charles M. Lingley, Harry S. Daley, Thomas Q. Dowling, James D. Driscoll, Isaac Erb, William G. Estabrooks, Henry C. Page, G. Fred Fisher and Herbert J. Flemming.

The petit jurors are:—R. Dominick Hayes, I. Chester Brown, James W. Calhoun, W. Norman Earle, William H. Sharp, Michael T. Coholan, Frederick W. Coombes, Michael J. Cullinan, James C Doherty, Neil J. Seeley, A. Wallace Emery, E. Roy Fenwick, James R. Huey, Edward Evans, Sydney S. Francis, Charles D. Hoyt, Samuel J. McGowan, Frederick R. Patterson, Thomas Dillon Archibald McAllister and George W. Mullin.

SACKVILLE THRESHES OUT ST. JOHN BOARD OF TRADE POLICY

Immigration Discussed By Board of That Town and Amendment Moved by W. B. Fawcett—An Interesting Debate

At a meeting of the Sackville board of trade this week, the following resolution was moved by C. C. Avard, and seconded by Capt. T. R. Anderson:—

Resolved, that the Sackville Board of Trade strongly endorses the resolutions adopted by the St. John Board of Trade, which calls upon the government of New Brunswick, to adopt aggressive measures to attract immigration to New Brunswick, and to urge upon the federal government the justice and necessity of a policy of publicity, and immigration directed to the development of New Brunswick, and Canada should enter upon a co-operative policy together with the transportation companies to produce these results.

G. R. McCord moved that the following addition be made to the resolution above mentioned.

And, whereas, by reason of the results of the census, the province of New Brunswick is compelled to submit to a further reduction of its representation in the Canadian commons, thereby seriously weakening its prestige and strength.

And, whereas, no undertaking to repopulate the fertile lands of those counties can be successful, which does not first seek to remove the causes underlying their decline;

And, whereas, this decline of population continues unarrested in those counties, which have no proper or adequate railway service.

(Continued on page 3, fifth column).

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FREDERICTON HOPEFUL

Spirit of Optimism at Board of Trade Annual Meeting—Death of Mrs. McCreadie

Fredericton, N. B., Jan. 9—(Special)—The Fredericton Board of Trade held its annual meeting last night with a record-breaking attendance. A spirit of optimism prevailed. President Jennings in his report suggested an increase in membership fees and also that a business men's banquet be held. Both suggestions were approved.

The president also said that the C. P. R. station was scarcely adapted to the needs of the capital city and should be replaced by a modern structure. This matter was referred to the transportation committee to take it up with the railway authorities.

Interesting reports were presented by the tourist and transportation committees. John T. Jennings was re-elected president A. R. Slipp and T. V. Monahan retired from tourist committee and were succeeded by W. T. Chestnut and W. S. Hooper.

Fred P. Robinson deputy secretary of the public utilities commission left last evening for Ottawa having received a government appointment for the session.

Mrs. McCreadie, widow of Robert C. McCreadie, died last night after a lingering illness. She is survived by two sons, John R. C., of the C. P. R., engineering staff in Saskatchewan and William W., of this city; and one daughter, Nellie. She also leaves one brother John Wallace, foreman of the Woodstock Sentinel and one unmarried sister, who resides here.

Six inches of snow fell here last night.

The January term of the York county court opened this morning with Judge Wilson presiding. A true bill was returned in the case of Alfred Burgoyne charged with theft and the trial will be commenced this afternoon.

THINK THEY'LL GET BACK.

Of the ten dredging inspectors appointed since the change of government, eight were laid off yesterday and the only satisfaction they could get was the intimation that the staff was being reduced from motives of economy, as the minister of public works considered that two men were enough for the work. Strong influences are being brought to bear in the right quarters to secure the reinstatement of the men and it is said that their chances of getting their jobs back again are fairly good. The two survivors among the inspectors are Henry Gaskin and Charles Fisher. Among those who lost their positions were Captain George Seely, Captain McKellar, J. A. Lingley, Hugh Norris, S. J. Holder, Cecil McKeil, Rudolph Logan, George Armstrong and Harry Lingley.

NEW SUPERINTENDENT HERE.

W. M. Godsoe, formerly local manager of the C. P. R. Telegraph Co., Halifax, arrived in St. John this morning to assume the duties of superintendent of this division. Mr. Godsoe belongs to St. John, and has many friends here, who will welcome him back. He left the St. John office of the company in 1896 to go to Halifax as night chief and has been there ever since. When he was promoted to the local managership there in 1902. A. J. Wisely, who had been connected with the St. John office for nine years, succeeded to his former position. Now that Mr. Godsoe gets another step up Mr. Wisely takes his place as local manager in the Halifax office.

SLASHING ATTACK MADE ON ROOSEVELT

P. E. I. CAR FERRY TO BE COSTLY

Five or Six Millions to Standardize Guage of Railway—The Project Discussed

Charlottetown, P. E. I., Jan. 9—To establish a car ferry across the Northumberland Straits, and thus make the P. E. I. Railway a part of the Intercolonial Railway system, would mean the changing the P. E. Island Railway, which is now narrow gauge, to the standard size, and would ultimately involve the expenditure estimated at between $5,000,000 and $6,000,000.

The route of the car-ferry has not yet been determined. There will probably be several sections of the Island wishing to secure this privilege and the matter will now have to be determined by a commission of experts appointed by the government. If they decide on the narrowest part of the straits, between Cape Traverse and Cape Tormentine, the railway between Charlottetown, Summerside and Cape Traverse, would probably be widened before the other sections of the road, and this would give a measure of relief for a time.

The rolling stock of the P. E. Island Railway, consists, at present, of thirty-one locomotives, 511 freight cars, and fifty-six passenger cars, flangers, etc., costing about $500,000.

The necessity of a car ferry this fall was emphasized by the congestion of produce at Summerside and Charlottetown. At the former place fifty car loads a day were received during October and thirty a day during November, whilst the Steam Navigation Company's boat could take only fifteen car loads.

A meeting of representative men from all parts of the island including the federal and provincial members of parliament was held in Charlottetown on Jan. 5 to discuss the project.

A resolution was unanimously passed reciting the disabilities under which the people labor on account of the "three short haul" freight rates and unsatisfactory mail and passenger service—disabilities which have been declared responsible in a large measure for steady decrease in population; asking that the island be placed on an equality with the other provinces and endorsing the car ferry scheme, involving the standardization of the gauge of the P. E. I. Railway.

W. B. McKenzie chief engineer of the Intercolonial declared the car ferry practicable, but reported unfavorably on a tunnel.

VICAR-GENERAL DIES AS RESULT OF FALL

Bubuque, Iowa, Jan. 9—Monsignor Roger Ryan, vicar general of the Catholic arch-diocese of Dubnque, died here today. His death was the result of a fall on an icy pavement several weeks ago.

STORM HEAVY IN HALIFAX

Halifax, N. S., Jan. 9—(Special) —Halifax was visited by one of the worst snow and rain storms of the season this morning from four o'clock until noon. The wind attained a velocity of fifty miles an hour. The snow completely blocked electric car lines and business men and other men had hard times tramping to their work. One of the Dartmouth ferry steamers fouled a buoy while crossing the harbor, and came perilously near being wrecked. There was great excitement on board for several hours.

The steamer Dominion arrived this morning from Liverpool, but, on account of the storm, has not docked yet A wireless message states that Captain Mendz is very ill, but gives no particulars.

THE GILBERT PROPERTY

As the prison farm committee have several other properties in view, which would be suitable for their purpose, they are not unduly worried by the rumor that others are seeking to acquire the Gilbert farm. As they have an agreement with the heirs of the Gilbert estate regarding the purchase of that property they are confident that their rights will not be overlooked. Speaking of the matter this morning, a prominent real estate man said that it would be better for the city, if this land was not acquired for use as a prison farm. He said that the land is right in the line of the probable development of the city and would be valuable either as a sub-division or for industrial sites. Property of this kind was scarce enough near the city, while it should not be so difficult to buy land for a prison farm.

BANK MANAGER ARRIVES.

R. G. Wallace, the newly appointed manager of the local branch of the Bank of Nova Scotia arrived in the city today to assume his new duties. C. H. Easson, whom he succeeds, is going west to Winnipeg as manager for the Bank of Nova Scotia there, but he will not leave St. John for another week. Eric C. Macneill formerly of this city who is now an inspector for the Bank of Nova Scotia is now in the city making the usual inspection in connection with the change of management.

POLICE COURT.

Two lone prisoners, charged with drunkenness, were arraigned in the police court this morning. They were fined $8 or two months in jail each.

Hearst, at Washington Banquet, Hits Out Hard

PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION

Describes Colonel as Political Harlequin With Root, Rockefeller and Morgan—Bryan's Poetical Quotation Looked on as Bid for Democratic Nomination

(Canadian Press)

Washington, Jan. 9—William Randolph Hearst signalized his re-entry into the democratic party at the Jackson Day banquet here last night, by a slashing attack on Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, while William J. Bryan, in a quotation from Byron, made a declaration which many of those present interpreted as a bid for another nomination.

It was when Hearst began to warm up to his task, however, that the diners were aroused to the greatest enthusiasm. He expressed faith in the principle of democracy and expressed his intention to lend his best efforts "to help true Democrats control the party in the interests of true democracy." "The coming election," he said, and many others, would be decided by the progressive citizens of this country and he continued:

"Assuredly these progressive citizens will not follow Mr. Taft in the republican party for Mr. Taft is either opposed to their ideas or else indifferent to them or else incapable of comprehending them.

"Positively these progressives will not be able to support Mr. Lafolette in the republican party, for Mr. Lafollette belongs in the democratic party and will never be nominated for the presidency by the republican party.

"Surely these genuine progressives will not fall in behind Mr. Roosevelt, who when president sacrificed every progressive principle for his own advantage and on every occasion has betrayed the interests of the people for the bedeviled sake of some criminal trust.

A "Harlequin of Politics"

"To support Roosevelt, would make the whole progressive movement ridiculous. "The man is a very harlequin of politics, capering forward and backward and sidewise over every conflicting quarter of the political stage, masked as to his real opinion and intention, attired in a tinsel patchwork of opposing principles, carrying not a big stick, but a slap stick with which to make much noise and do no service, appearing unexpectedly through every trap door of opportunism and disappearing acrobatically through every open window of time serving expediency.

"With Roosevelt as Harlequin and Root as Columbine, with Rockefeller as Clown and Morgan as Pantaloon, the whole progressive movement would become a roaring Christmas pantomine culminating in a spectacular transformation scene, where prosperity would again dissolve into panic and where Morgan and Rockefeller, revealed enthroned in Wall street, would once more save the country, in order to divide it satisfactorily between themselves."

Bryan for Nomination?

Mr. Bryan, who came last on the programme, spoke on the subject "The passing plutocracy." Nothing that he said awoke so much applause as his poetic peroration quoted from Byron. This is what Mr. Bryan quoted:

"The dead have been awakened—shall I sleep?
The world's at war with tyrants—shall I crouch?
The harvest's riped— and I pause to reap."

When Mr. Bryan had spoken these lines, the banquet hall rang with a deafening din. Here and there, above the noisy tumult, could be heard mingled cries of "Yes, stay asleep," and "You are still a live one."

Mr. Bryan continued his quotation, when the tumult had subsided and concluded with this:

"I slumber not—the thorn is in my couch.
Each day a trumpet soundeth in my ear,
Its echo in my heart."

FOE OF THE UNIVERSITY DEAD IN CHICAGO

Richard T. Crane Did Not Believe in Higher Education

Chicago, Jan. 9—Richard T. Crane, head of the Crane Company and foe of universities and higher educational institutions, died last night, after a three days' illness of la grippe.

Nearly eighty years old, Mr. Crane, who had been without the advantages or disadvantages as he characterized it, of training in universities, and had worked his way to the head of a large iron working company, contended all his life that the college and the university was a useless fixture, and that the money devoted to higher education could be spent more profitably in extending industrial education and aiding persons who had met with adverse fate.

BAIL ACCEPTED

The case of the King vs. Bonnell, came up before His Honor Judge Forbes this morning. Bail was accepted by His Honor to appear at the next term of the county court.