

SPEED UP WAR; FIGHT TO VICTORY

Make Ready, Too, For Defence Afterwards

Speech By Roosevelt

Insist on Thorough-Going Americanism "Confident of Future as Greatest of the Nations of Man-kind"

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 26.—Speed up the war, prepare to defend ourselves afterward and make ready to solve the industrial social problems which will come with peace, were the demands of Theodore Roosevelt expressed in an address he delivered here today at the centennial celebration of the admission of Illinois to statehood.

"The two great needs of the moment," he said, "are to insist upon thoroughgoing and absolute Americanism throughout this land, and to speed up the war; and secondarily to these needs come the needs of beginning even now to make ready for the tasks that are to come after the war, the task of preparing so that never again shall we find us helpless, and the task of preparing for the social and industrial problems which this earth-shaking conflict of giants will leave in its ruinous wake."

"To insist upon thoroughgoing, 100 per cent Americanism among all our people is merely another way of saying that we insist upon being a nation proud of our national past and confident of our future as the greatest of the nations of mankind, for if we permit our people to be split into a score of different nationalities, each speaking a different language and each paying its real soul homage to some national ideal overseas, we shall not be a nation at all, but merely a polyglot boarding house; and nobody feels much loyalty to a polyglot boarding house or is proud to belong to it."

"We are not internationalists. We are American nationalists. We intend to do justice to all other nations. But in the last four years the professed internationalists like the profound pacifists have played the game of brutal German autocracy, the game of the militaristic and capitalistic tyranny which now absolutely rules the Prussianized Germany of the Hohenzollerns. American pacifism has been the tool and ally of German militarism, and has represented, and always will represent, deep disloyalty to our beloved country."

"For the moment the pacifists and internationalists and pro-Germans dare not be noisy. But let our people be aware of them as soon as the peace negotiations begin and from that time onward. They have worked together in the past and they will work together in the future."

Feed Your Nerves

What tired nerves need is nourishment. Your blood has failed to supply this.

To get the system right again you must supply nutrition in condensed and easily assimilated form, as it is found in Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

The blood is quickly enriched, the vigor of the nerves is restored, digestion is improved, and soon you feel through the whole body the energy and vigor of health.

In the future, the pro-Germans furnishing the most powerful and sinister element of the combination while the pacifists and the internationalists grace in the foreground and furnish the rhetoric.

"Let our people remember that for the two and a half years before we entered the war the pacifists clamorously insisted that if we kept unprepared we would avoid war. Well, we tried the experiment. We kept completely unprepared. Even after we broke off diplomatic relations with Germany we refused to make the slightest preparation. And nevertheless we drifted into the war. Pacifism and unpreparedness never keep a nation out of war. They invite war; and they insure that if war comes it shall be costly and long drawn out and bloody."

"Let us remember this when the peace comes. Don't trust the pacifists; they are the enemies of righteousness. Don't trust the internationalists; they are the enemies of nationalism and Americanism."

"When peace comes let us accept any reasonable proposal, whether calling for a league of nations or for any other machinery; which we can in good faith act upon, and which does really offer some chance of lessening the number of future wars and diminishing their area. But let us never forget that any promise that such a league or other piece of machinery will definitely do away with war is either sheer nonsense or rank hypocrisy."

"Let us rest our strength on an army which shall consist not of a special caste, but of the people themselves; on an army produced by the universal obligatory training of all our young men sometime between the ages of nineteen and twenty-one."

"This is for the future. Our immediate duty is to win the war. We must speed up the war to the limit. We must try to finish it at the earliest possible moment, but be resolved to finish it, no matter how long it takes. We must insist on the peace of complete and overwhelming victory. We must remember that a huge army put in the field at one time will accomplish what the same number of men put to the field in dribs and drabs can never accomplish. We have a much larger population and much greater natural resources than Germany or than France and England combined. Therefore by next spring we should have thousands of our own field guns, and scores of thousands of our own airplanes at the front, and an enormous ship tonnage in which to ferry across the ocean so many troops that by April we may have four million trained fighting men at the front, not counting non-combatants and reserves. The age limits for the draft should be greatly increased and the exemptions greatly diminished."

Colonel Roosevelt enumerated some of the industrial problems that must be solved. He advocated co-operation among individuals and control by the government to help business men succeed but decided a fair division of profits among all concerned. Workingmen, he said, should have their right insured to collective action, including collective bargaining. In a very real sense, he said, they should be made partners in the business with a share in the profits and, at least along certain lines a share in the control. But there must be no limiting of production, no reduction of the efficiency of the skilful and hard-working men to the plane of the shiftless and inefficient.

Insuring the rights of the farmer, he declared, should be a cardinal feature of the national policy. The farmer should be enabled to own his own farm. The national agricultural department, he urged, should be completely reorganized and its activities made more productive. Legislation to make the working farmer a land owner should be at once enacted.

"Drastic action should be taken," said Colonel Roosevelt, "to stop the purchase of agricultural land for speculative purposes. A system of marketing must be developed so as to do away with the hold-up methods that, in so many places, still obtain. There must be co-operation on a large scale among the farmers in marketing their products."

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LEMON JUICE TAKES OFF TAN

Girls! Make bleaching lotion if skin is sunburned, tanned or freckled

Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of Orchard White, shake well, and you have a quarter pint of the best freckle, sunburn and tan lotion, and complexion beautifier, at very, very small cost.

Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply three ounces of Orchard White for a few cents. Massage this sweetly fragrant lotion into the face, neck, arms and hands each day and see how freckles, sunburn, windburn and tan disappear and how clear, soft and white the skin becomes. Yes! It is harmless.

LOCAL NEWS

Ship Carpenters' Union meeting Tuesday evening at the Hotel, Charlotte street. All ship carpenters invited to attend. 83681-8-28

For good work, try Victoria Laundry Wet Wash. Phone 880.

Young men with talent for drawing should read our "art prospects," cartooning, illustrating, designing, can be successfully learned by efficient home study method. Ask or write for information.—The International Correspondence Schools, 8 Sydney street, St. John, N. B.

LOCAL NEWS

At a meeting of the City Cornet Band and Navy League it was decided to co-operate in an "Around the World Fair" in October.

Rev. Dr. H. T. DeWolfe of Acadia Seminary occupied the pulpit of Germain Baptist church at both services yesterday.

Captain Victor Heron has gone to Ontario on three weeks' leave, and in absence Lieutenant Foster, depot battalion, is acting General Staff Officer at headquarters.

Elvin W. Cameron, of Providence (R. I.), and formerly of 42 Durham street, St. John, has enlisted in the United States naval reserve force and will be stationed at the present time at Newport (R. I.).

The Saturday afternoon tea at the Rothery Tennis Club was given by Mrs. Horace Porter, Mrs. Gordon McDonald and Mrs. Walter Gilbert. The proceeds were for the Loyalist Chapter, I. O. D. E.

William S. Montgomery has been elected mayor of Fredericton, and the eleventh time. The election was caused by the resignation of ex-Mayor James Stewart, who has gone west to spend the winter with his children.

There were two fires in the city on Saturday evening, one in the Consumers' Coal Company's warehouse, Charlotte street, and the other in the residence of William Shaw, Waterloo street. In both instances the damage was slight.

On Saturday afternoon a survey of the exhibition buildings and of the army was made by Hon. F. B. Carvell in company with representatives of military headquarters. The purpose was to get information relative to housing the depot battalion for the winter months. It has been said that the battalion will be quartered for the winter in Fredericton.

A few days' grace are yet available for defaulters, deserters and others who were granted an extension of time, until August 24 last, in which to comply with the military service act. Nothing definite has been announced in this regard, but it is understood that, until the machinery provided for dealing vigorously and harshly with those who have defied or ignored the law is put into operation, men who come forward in the meantime voluntarily, will be treated with due clemency.

Members of the Young Women's Patriotic Association who were delegated to go over the plant of T. McAvity & Sons on Marsh road, were shown through last week by John A. McAvity. The new building at the plant which is to be provided with a canteen for women workers and which will give employment to about 500 women, will be opened about Nov. 1. The delegation was favorably impressed with the work of the work. One member has decided to try it. There is a trained nurse in attendance at the plant. At the present time there are about thirty women employed.

THE STORES YOU FIND THE BARGAINS

Special Offers for Friday, Saturday and Monday

At —

Parkinson's Cash Stores

NOTE THE ADDRESS:

113 Adelaide Street. Phone 962

East St. John Post Office. Phone 279-11

Brown Sugar. 12 lbs for \$1

King Cole Tea. 54c. lb.

Orange Pekoe Tea. 54c. lb.

Soap Cosmos. 4 for 25c.

Babbitt's Cleanser. 5c, 6 for 25c.

Green Peas. 50c. peck

String Beans. 60c.

Tomatoes. 15c. 2 lbs. for 25c.

Yellow Beans, finest quality. 32c.

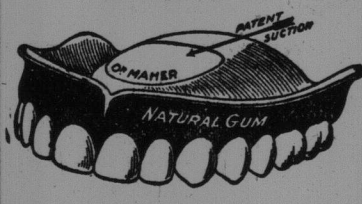
White Beans. 30c. quart

Pork. 32c. lb.

Other Goods Equally Cheap.

Canada Food Board License, B-5486.

PAINLESS EXTRACTION Only 25c



We make the best teeth in Canada at the most reasonable rates.

BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS

Head Office: 527 Main St. 35 Charlotte St. Phone 688.

Branch Office: 527 Main St. 35 Charlotte St. Phone 688.

DR. J. D. MAHER, Prop.

Open 9 a. m. Until 9 p. m.



FOR RELIABLE AND PROFESSIONAL SERVICE

Call at S. Goldfarb's, 146 Mill Street. Phone 3604.

Out of the High Rental District.

FORTUNES GIVEN AWAY.

(The Wall Street Journal.)

Culm, once considered waste by inhabitants of Hawley, Pa., is now being turned into dollars as quickly as trucks can haul it to the numerous factories and mills in neighboring manufacturing cities. Culm, or small particles of coal, has for years been dumped wherever a large vacant field could be got rid of it. Companies were glad to get rid of it.

Unknowningly, many farmers were practically handed a fortune, for the coal shortage made itself felt, the burning of culm was tried and the experiment proved successful.

Many farmers had piles 100 feet high, which are now being sold to trucking companies on a sliding scale, ranging from \$2 to \$3 a ton. Thousands of dollars have thus been made by those who several years ago would have considered themselves fortunate had the culm been taken away without any charge.



ROBERTSON'S TWO STORES

24 lb. bag Wheat Flour. \$1.65

24 lb. bag Whole Wheat Flour. 1.60

3 lbs. Graham Flour. 25c.

3 1/2 lbs. Corn Flour. 25c.

2 lbs. Rice Flour. 25c.

SUGAR

10 lbs. Finest Granulated. \$1.00

11 lbs. Light Brown. 1.00

2 lbs. Cut Loaf. 25c.

TEA

Lipton's. 50c.

King Cole or Morse's. 55c.

Ridgway's Famous English Tea. 60c.

COFFEE

Our Special Blend (fresh ground). 40c. lb.

Chase & Sanborn's Seal Brand.

Barrington Hall, 1 lb. tins. 55c.

CANNED GOODS.

Peas. 15c.

Wax Beans. 20c.

Corn. 22c.

Tomatoes. 25c.

Peaches, Fancy Canadian. 25c.

California Peaches, large. 30c.

Clark's Corn Beef. 42c.

Loafers. 19c.

Clams. 19c.

Shrimp. 21c.

Sardines (Norwegian). 25c.

Sardines (Domestic). 25c.

Hunt's Supreme Royal Anne Cherries. 42c.

Very Special at 42c.

2 lb. tin of Pure Strawberry Jam. 42c.

Libby's Pineapple. Large grated. 39c.

Clam Chowder, large (American). 40c.

Clam Chowder, medium (Canadian). 20c.

Red Salmon 7/8, 1 lb. tin. \$2.10 doz.

Finest Shelled Walnuts. 65c. lb.

Finest Shelled Almonds. 70c. lb.

Marinichio Cherries. 15c. bottle

55c. bottle Plain Olives.

Very Special at 40c.

Fancy Dates. 15c. pkgs.

2 pkgs. Seedless Raisins. 25c.

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4 cakes Ivory or Fairy Soap. 28c.

4 cakes Surprise Soap. 30c.

Old Dutch Cleanser. 2 for 25c.

Soap Powders. 4 for 25c.

2 cakes Bon-Ami for 25c.

2 lbs. Mixed Laundry Starch. 23c.

Prices.

4 cakes Life Buoy Soap. 25c.

4 cakes Diagram's Electric Soap. 25c.

4 cakes Comfort Soap. 27c.

4 cakes Ivory or Fairy Soap. 28c.

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