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STILL FIGHTING AT THIS TIME IN NEXT YEAR

New York Paper Quotes Opinion Of High Authority In England

"Germany Must Be Beaten Into the Dust" — What They Will Have to Give up — Britain Will Fight Ten Years For Victory if Necessary

New York, April 14—A special cable to the Tribune from London says:

The Tribune is able to state, on the highest authority, that all Germany's extra-diplomatic peace efforts, such for instance, as interviews with the Pope, have been vised in Berlin before being allowed to be sent to New York.

The Socialist propaganda, suggestions, too, for terms of peace, on the lines of the status quo ante bellum, etc., will be unavailing.

"Germany must be beaten into the dust," said the Tribune's authority.

"How long do you think the war will last?" was the opening question.

"I never did think it would be a short war," was the answer.

Pressed for a more exact statement, the reply came after a brief but thoughtful pause: "It will not be over this time next year."

"Not even if Italy comes in?"

"No, not even if Italy comes in. You must think of the terms of peace."

There was another short pause, a very anxious pause, as the correspondent wondered if he would hear the allies' terms of peace and then:

"Germany will have to be humiliated, and the Germans are a brave people, you know. We must not forget that. The Germans are as brave as any of us, and it will be hard for them to accept humiliation.

"We will have to beat them into the dust. They will have to give up Alsace and Lorraine, they will have to give back Belgium, with a big indemnity to the Belgians, besides Schleswig, too, belongs to Denmark. They will probably have to give back Schleswig. Austrian Poland—already gone, Germany will have to give up German Poland. That is one of her richest provinces, and it will be hard to make her give up Poland.

"Bukowina and Transylvania will go, Austria will lose also Bosnia, Herzovina, Dalmatia and Croatia. Italy will get the Trention and Italia Irredenta.

"And there must be a limitation of armaments. That is where America can come in and help us in making peace. She can help us in the limitation of armaments.

"Germany will not accept such terms easily. Again, I say, she must be beaten into the dust, and England will fight ten years for victory, if necessary."

These terms will probably have to be modified on some points, anyway, but without question they state what is in the allies' minds now as the price of peace, and there is little question thaat they feel an absolute confidence in their ability to impose them on Germany.

AMENDING THE HIGHWAY ACT

Caucus at Fredericton Considers Matter—St. John Bills Likely Tomorrow—Donald Munroe May be Deputy Receiver-General

Fredericton, April 14—There was a caucus of government supporters this morning to consider some amendments to the highway act. The principal changes provide that road supervisors may appoint road masters in their divisions to assist in road repairs during the summer season, also that road taxes of those who do not perform statute labor shall be collected by the road superintendent and paid into the hands of the county secretary instead of by the parish collector. Another section provides that parish road superintendents shall expend the moneys in divisions in which they are collected unless otherwise upon special order of the minister. Supervisors are required to render their accounts up to Oct. 31 by November 10 on pain of dismissal and they also are required to furnish a copy of their accounts for road expenditure to county secretaries.

County councils are authorized specially to assess an amount for keeping highways open in winter where the number of people resident is not sufficient to do so.

Committee work is at a standstill in the legislature this morning in a great measure because of a trip of most of the members to visit the experimental farm.

It is expected that the municipalities committee will tomorrow morning consider the St. John bills with regard to tax exemption and the plebiscite to change to the ward system.

There is much canvassing for candidates for the office of deputy receiver-general. It is said that Donald Munroe, M. P. P., of Woodstock has the inside track. If the principle of promotion prevailed W. C. Cruikshank would be the natural successor to Mr. Babbitt but politics is likely to prevail.

FROM NORTH SEA TO THE GULF OF ALASKA

British Fishermen Driven Far By Menace of German Mines

Seward, Alaska, April 14—Two British steam trawlers driven from the North Sea by the menace of floating mines, are fishing in the Gulf of Alaska. They are making their headquarters at Prince Rupert, B. C., but are cruising far out in the Gulf of Alaska.

Hanged In Toronto

Toronto, April 14—John Ziolko, a Russian Pole, was hanged yesterday for the murder of a fellow countryman. For the same crime, John Cekoski, a third compatriot is under sentence of twenty years.

Phelix and Pherdinand

WEATHER BULLETIN

Issued by authority of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, R. F. Stupart, director of meterological service.

A few local showers or thunder storms occurred during the night in Alberta and Saskatchewan and there was rain in Cape Breton, otherwise very fine weather has prevailed.

Fine and Mild

Maritime—Light to moderate winds; fine and mild today and on Thursday.

New England forecasts—Fair tonight and Thursday; moderate to fresh north winds.

TO SEND REPORT FOR CANADIAN PAPERS

That is Mission of W. L. Griffith to the Scene of Allies' Action

London, April 13—Sir George Perley states that W. L. Griffith, secretary to the Canadian High Commissioner's office, has joined the official journalistic tour of the allies 'lines, not as a substitute for Sir Max Aitken, but to give the Canadian papers an authorized report of the tour. Sir Max is the eye-witness for the Canadian troops only, but the British authorities, through Sir George Perley, have invited the dominion government to send a newspaper man to cover the general movements. In the meantime, Sir George has persuaded Mr. Griffith to undertake the duty of representing Canada.

SCHOONER TOWED IN; SAID TO HAVE COLLIDED WITH WARSHIP

New York, April 14—The six masted schooner Edward B. Winslow, one of the largest afloat, was brought into New York harbor today in the tow of a tug, her bow stove in. She sailed from Boston on April 9, for New York. It was reported that the schooner had been in a collision with a British warship off Sandy Hook.

SMACKS OF MYSTERY

Vancouver, B. C., April 14—At least one person is dead, and several others seriously injured as the result of an explosion in a house in Third avenue, west, late last night. Two men seen running from the house jumped into a waiting automobile and quickly drove away.

ITALY SOON WILL BE AT IT

Early In May Is Opinion Of Those Watching

Now No Possibility of Germany Preventing Italy Joining Allies, Says Rome Correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph

London, April 13—R. Mackenzie of the London Daily News telegraphs from Rome:—

The cabinet council on Tuesday decided several important military measures, the nature of which is withheld, but they are undoubtedly connected with Italian intervention in the war, which any Austro-German effort now is absolutely powerless to avert. I am informed from an authoritative source that negotiations have been successfully initiated between the allies and Italy, as a prelude to the settlement of various questions which it is necessary to decide before the intervention comes.

The most important of these is that of a Serbian port on the Adriatic. This has been practically solved and Italy's rights fully recognised, aspirations guaranteed, and the protection of her interests assured.

The time when Italy will join the allies is not far distant, but it is not likely to be prolonged beyond the beginning of May. It is possible that intervention may be annouped when parliament reopens on May 12, although, according to the constitution, the king is entitled to declare war without parliament's approval.

SENATE STRIKE STILL CONTINUES

Minister of Militia Gives House Statement on Meningitis Cases Among Soldiers

Ottawa, April 14—Speaker Landry is still on strike in the senate.

In the commons the minister of justice and the Liberals are working in committee trying to get the soldiers' vote bill into workable shape.

Replying to a question by J. H. Sinclair, the minister of militia said that since the opening of the war there had been eighty-five cases of spinal meningitis among the Canadian soldiers. Of these forty-seven had proved fatal and in the case of twenty-eight the patients had completely recovered. The disease was regarded as contagious.

General Hughes also gave further information concerning Major McQuarrie who, in the public accounts committee, acknowledged having given a receipt to W. Wylie for $1,200 received by him for his influence with General Hughes. The minister said that Major McQuarrie resigned.

He presumed that the money which he had received had been paid to the major as a commission is paid to any agent. The department had not yet considered whether the major would retain his rank.

To a question by Hon. Geo. P. Graham, General Hughes said that the clothing made for the Canadian soldiers was being manufactured in Canada.

To a question by Alphonse Verville, Postmaster General Casgrain said the total claim in the Carsland Hotel case, Montreal, which is now before the exchequer court, by the Carsland Hotel Company, is for $407,880.

Hon Rodolphe Lemieux inquired whether an order in council had been passed to grant a subsidy or a guarantee of bonds to Sir Rodolphe Forget's railway, The Quebec and Saguenay.

"Nothing of the kind has been passed of late," replied Premier Borden.

"Is it under consideration?" asked Mr. Lemieux.

"Everything that has been passed is still under consideration," replied the premier.

Alphonse Verville asked Hon. T. W. Crothers whether he was aware of the fact that campaign literature was being sent out of the department of labor.

Mr. Crothers replied that he was not aware of anything of the kind.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier asked whether the roll of soldiers had yet been prepared for distribution.

The minister of militia replied that some of it was ready, but not all of it.

BURIED TODAY.

The funeral of Mrs. Ellen Lilley took place this afternoon from her late residence, Cranston avenue. Burial services were conducted by Rev. J. C. B. Appell and Rev Hammond Johnson. Interment took place in Fernsill.

The funeral of Miss Charlotte A. Stevens took place this morning from the residence of George R. Johnson, 89 Paradise row. Burial services were conducted last evening by Rev. R. P. McKim. The body was taken to Ingleside this morning for interment.

The funeral of James Baker took place this afternoon from his late residence, Lancaster avenue. Burial services were conducted by Rev. W. H. Sampson, and interment took place in Cedar Hill.

The funeral of Edward J. Dennett took place this afternoon from St. Jude's church, West St. John, following burial service conducted by Rev. G. F. Scovil. Interment took place in Cedar Hill.

The funeral of Patrick Foley took place this afternoon from his late residence, 14 Drury Lane, to the Cathedral, where burial services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Bourgeois. Interment took place in the new Catholic cemetery. Relatives acted as pall bearers. Many beautiful floral tributes were received.

MORE GERMAN TRICKERY

Trawlers, Flying Norwegian Flag, Were Laying Mines

Immense Number Being Planted When Collision With British Patrol Vessel Led to Discovery—North Sea "Battle" Explained

Toronto, April 14—A Mail and Empire special cable says:

Your correspondent understands that there has been no naval fighting in the North Sea. The true explanation of the origin of the reports to this effect is that a patrolling squadron frustrated by gunfire an attempt by Germans to lay mines in immense numbers by means of trawlers.

The squadron sighted numerous apparently innocent trawlers flying the Norwegian flag. The weather was thick, and the density of the fog in part of the area resulted in a collision between one of the British warships and a trawler. The latter was instantly blown up by a terrific explosion. The other trawlers tried to escape, but were pursued and captured. It was then discovered that they were Germans, whereupon they were sunk by gunfire which, with the huge explosions of the trawlers, gave a vivid impression of a battle.

The incident is additionally interesting in view of the endeavors again to raise the cry of Great Britain's misusing neutral flags.

BOOK CASE AND ADDRESS GIFT TO REV. DEAN SCHOFIELD

Golden Wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Miles of St. Mary's—The River and the Logs

Fredericton, N. B., April 14—Rev. Dean Schofield, who is to remove soon to Victoria, B. C., yesterday received a farewell address from the Ministerial Association accompanied by a Dickens book case. Rev. Dr. McDonald made the presentation.

Mr. and Mrs. George A. Miles of St. Mary's, celebrated their golden wedding last evening. Three sons, two daughters and nine grand-children were among those present. John C. Harding of this city, who officiated as best man at the wedding, was among the guests. A congratulatory address was read by Rev. Dr. McDonald.

There is still considerable loose ice in the river and the water is rising steadily. Tugs are expected here tomorrow to swing the booms for the St. John River Log Driving Company. The first steamer is expected here on Saturday.

BELGIAN RELIEF SHIP SAFELY AT PLYMOUTH

Pomeranian at Halifax Has Thirty Returned Canadians

Halifax, N. S., April 14—The Belgian relief steamer Camino, from Halifax on March 27 for Rotterdam, arrived at Plymouth.

The Allan liner Pomeranian which arrived in port yesterday from Glasgow, did not see any submarines, but they were only about fifteen miles from the Elder Dempster liner Falaba when that steamer was torpedoed. The Pomeranian brought thirty returning Canadians.

MILITARY TRAINING GOOD FOR THE PRINCE

London, April 14—The first thing the Prince of Wales did on his arrival in London from the front carrying despatches from General French was to have a swim at the Bath Club, at which he was a regular visitor before the war.

Every one who has seen him since his arrival remarks at his improved appearance, saying that he has grown taller, put on weight, and that there is a healthy tan on his cheeks.

MAKING VODKA ILLICITLY, FIFTEEN PEOPLE KILLED

Petrograd, April 14—Fifteen persons were killed last night by an explosion in an illicit alcohol distillery in a suburb. Serious damage was caused by a fire which followed.

SOLDIERS' VOTE BILL IS SENT TO SENATE

Ottawa, Ont., April 14—At one o'clock the commons gave the soldiers vote bill its third reading and sent it to the senate.

Death of Only Negro K. C.

Amherstburg, Ont., April 14—Delos P. Davis, the only colored king's counsel in Canada, and the first negro to receive that title in this country, died at his home here yesterday. He was born in Virginia in 1846.

FRANCE HAS GIVEN GENEROUSLY OF HER LIFE BLOOD

Paris, April 14—The losses of the French armies in the present war, up to February 15, are estimated unofficially as follows:

Killed in action, 150,000; wounded, 245,000; prisoners 300,000; disabled 25,000; permanently disabled, 30,000.

GERMAN OFFICERS KILLED IN ORGY IN BRUSSELS HOTEL

Loss of Papers by General Followed by Suicide of Several Subordinates

Paris, April 14—The Figaro prints details of the alleged scandalous behavior of some German officers in one of the big hotels of Brussels. Although the name of the hotel is not mentioned it is known to be the Palace Hotel, which once was the German headquarters, but has now been barred to officers by the military governor of Brussels.

After a night spent in the hotel in gay company, the Figaro says, a German general missed some important secret documents, whereupon several subordinate officers committed suicide. Soon afterward, following a drinking orgy in the hotel, Hanoverians, Bavarians, Saxons and Prussians began quarrelling about slashes, supposedly from dueling, on the faces of some of the officers, the Bavarians insinuating that barbers were not unacquainted with the scars which ornamented the Prussians. Glasses flew about and finally the officers fought with sabres and revolvers.

According to the evidence of reliable residents five of the officers were killed.

Weddings.

SHOULD GET ADVICE EARLY

Facts Reported in Local White Plague Fight — Some Cases in St. John

Out of sixteen patients suffering from tuberculosis who were examined by Dr. Townshend on his last visit to St. John, only three cases were in the incipient stages, such as might be successfully treated at the River Glade sanitarium.

It may not be generally known that Dr. Townshend will now examine patients in any part of the province, without charge to the patient, unless the latter chooses to make a contribution for the benefit of the sanitarium.

The St. John Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis met yesterday afternoon with the president, J. A. Likely, in the chair. It was decided, at the suggestion of Dr. McAvenny, to have leaflets printed, giving directions to persons who may be suffering from tuberculosis, and to have these distributed throughout the city as a part of the campaign against the disease. The matter was left in the hands of E. L. Rising and Dr. McAvenny.

Mrs. E. A. Smith told of the case of a young Hungarian who has been working at East St. John, but who is now in the advanced stages of tuberculosis. He is boarding in the city. He cannot speak English. She had endeavored through an interpreter to have some arrangement made by his compatriots to erect a shack for him near their quarters at East St. John, but had been unable to do so, and she referred the case to Dr. G. G. Melvin. He pointed out that the board of health had no money for such purposes. He would, however, inquire into the matter, and see what could be done. It was pointed out that it was most important to have the young man isolated, to prevent others from taking the disease.

Mrs. Smith told of being able, through the generosity of half a dozen ladies of the executive, to provide out-patients in the city with a good supply of eggs for Easter, and she told also of a visit paid to a sufferer from the disease, who has two small children and whose husband is in the war. This woman is being well cared for, and will soon move to the country for the summer. Mrs. Smith also drew attention to the importance of providing magazines and other reading matter for patients, since no family where there is a consumptive is permitted to take books from the public library. Mrs. Arthur Adams is the lady visitor for the current month. Dr. Townshend will be in St. John tomorrow.

MR. THOMPSON DIED

Member of Theatrical Firm So Well Regarded Here

A telegram received by F. G. Spencer this morning from Boston from W. C. McKay, manager of the Thompson-Wood Company's interests here, told of the death of Monte Thompson at his home in that city. Bright's disease was the cause of death. Mr. Thompson was about fifty years of age. He was a Southerner by birth and had attained success and prominence in the world of theatricals across the border.

His first visit to St. John in connection with the stage was as manager of the Bennett, Moulton Company, of which he was part owner. He also sent other companies over this route from his offices in Boston, prior to leasing the Opera House from Mr. Spencer some three years ago and establishing it in the chain of theatres controlled by the Thompson-Woods Company. He had been in St. John just once since that time, leaving the local management in other hands. Mr. McKay, who had been for years associated with him in the Boston office, was deeply moved a few days ago on receiving news of his serious illness, and left yesterday for that city.

Lumber Mill Destroyed.

Windsor, Ont., April 14—Fire this morning destroyed the mill of John Piggett & Sons, a large lumber firm with plants here and in Chatham. The loss is estimated at $40,000.

Germans' Rapid Move May Force Russians to Give Up Onward March For a Time

Intimation of Temporary Abandonment of Invasion of Hungary by Way of the Carpathians—The Day Goes Against Teutons in Western Theatre

Petrograd, April 14—German commanders in the eastern war theatre have effected another of their rapid shifts, made possible by their superior railroad facilities, and despatches received from Lemberg today intimated that the Russian invasion of Hungary through the Carpathians might have to be temporarily abandoned.

The Russian wedge moving southwest and south of Przemysl to the Carpathian passes, is now menaced on both flanks. Immediately following their offensive against the Russian left wing in the Stryj region, the Teuton allies have begun an advance in force eastward from the Dunajec River to strike the Russian right.

French Official Report.

London, April 14—The French official report says:

"The day of April 13 was calm along the front. As a whole we maintained and consolidated our positions where we had made progress during the last week. Our aviators successfully bombarded the military sheds at Vigneullas, in the Woevre region, and dispersed not far from there a German battalion on the march. A Zeppelin threw bombs over Bailleul. Its objective was our aviation ground which was not hit. Three civilians were killed and two German aeroplanes were forced to descend to earth within our lines, one near Braine, and the other near Lunneville. The aviators were made prisoners. A third German flying machine winged by the fire of our advanced posts, fell near Ornes (north of Verdun) 600 yards from our lines. One of the aviators was hit by a bullet."

The Kron Prinz.

Newport News, Va., April 14—Expecting permission from Washington to move into dry dock, Captain Thierfelder of the Kron Prinz Wilhelm today ordered his vessel made ready to proceed upon the James River

(Continued on page 2, third column.)

Retailers to Fight For Better Business Conditions

Say Customers Would Profit by Many of the Reforms Advocated at Convention of Retail Merchants Association

The morning session of the Retail Merchants 'Association convention was devoted to the consideration of resolutions upon matters of importance to business men in particular and, in most cases, to the public as well.

Among the matters dealt with were: The position of the retailer in war supply contracts, pedlars' licenses, prosecution for giving short weight, abolition of fees for inspecting scales, dominion jurisdiction for provincial judgments, arrest of delinquent debtors about to leave a community, and municipalities engaging in retail business.

The suggestion for the appointment of a minister of inland trade to protect the retailers' interests was sent back to the executive and the amendment to the early closing law brought forth protests against any such law.

The adoption of the daylight saving plan was approved, but left to the local associations.

A resolution to the effect that errors in purchasing war supplies in Canada were due to the fact that the retailers who were qualified to judge goods, were not consulted, was made by the secretary.

E. M. Trowern, dominion secretary, said that if any blame attached to middlemen the middlemen were not retailers, adding that if the retailers had been asked for their advice it would have been given willingly and freely and many mistakes would have been avoided. "If the press comes out plainly and says that political grafters must go we will hold up their hands but when they merely say that the middlemen must go it is time for this association to speak." The resolution was moved by T. J. McPherson, seconded by M. E. Grass, and carried.

The next resolution called upon the provincial government to impose a license on pedlars, a portion of the returns to be refunded to each municipality.

In moving the resolution Alex. Skene of McAdam, said that the retailers did not fear ordinary competition but this competition was regarded as unfair; seconded by D. J. Barrett and carried.

A resolution asking for the prosecution of those guilty of giving short weight was referred to the dominion board. Mr. Trowern spoke of the difficulty of securing evidence against offenders under the present provisions of the law and pointed out the need of special officials.

William Hawker spoke of getting "pound" rolls weighing as little as 11½ ounces. He thought that the difficulty lies not so much in lack of laws as in the lack of enforcement. He also mentioned the need of better inspection of milk.

The resolution was adopted.

The appointment by the government of a minister of inland trade to protect the interests of the retailers was urged in a resolution which was referred back to the executive.

A resolution asking that retailers be given the same power to secure the arrest of delinquents attempting to leave town as the hotel keepers now enjoy, was adopted.

Closer co-operation between the retailers and the press was advocated in another resolution.

A resolution asking for a Dominion act to enforce all over Canada provincial judgments against debtors was adopted.

Retailers were urged to communicate to the governing board the names of manufacturers of adulterated goods in another resolution.

A proposed amendment to the early closing act to provide for closing one afternoon a week as well as evenings under the provisions of the present act evoked vigorous opposition to the entire early closing law and the resolution was withdrawn.

The chairman suggested action to secure the adoption of the daylight saving plan, earlier opening and closing. The suggestion was well received but was left to the local association.

On motion of Mr. Hawker a resolution calling upon the Dominion government to abolish the fees for the inspection of scales was adopted.

A resolution expressing disapproval of any municipality engaging in any business in competition with tax payers was adopted.

A resolution asking for government

(Continued on page 2, second column).

SEEDING GENERAL IN SASKATCHEWAN

Wheat Crop at Least Fifteen Per Cent Greater Than Last Year

Toronto, April 14—The Globe's correspondent wires:

"The weather has been extremely mild throughout Saskatchewan during the last week, and seeding operations are now general in all parts of the province. Reports from 120 points in Saskatchewan show that wheat acreage has been increased. The wheat crop area will be at least fifteen per cent larger than in 1914.

THE FRENCH HOLD 544 MILES OF THE FRONT; THE BRITISH THIRTY-ONE AND HALF

Paris, April 14—The Matin gives the extent of the allies' front, based on careful calculations. The space occupied by the different armies is as follows:

	Miles.
French troops	544 -
English troops	31 1-2
Belgian troops	17 1-4
Russian troops	857 -
Serbian and Montenegrin armies	219 -
Total	1,668 3-4

PLAY BALL!

New York, April 14—Reports from the various cities where the big leagues are opening the baseball season today, indicate fine weather, and the probability of good crowds.

New York and Brooklyn play here at the Polo Grounds, in the National League.

At Washington, President Wilson will toss out the first ball in the Washington-New York American League game.

The Chicago Nationals play St. Louis at Chicago.

The Detroit and Cleveland Americans will meet in Detroit.

The Pittsburg and Cincinnati Nationals will play in Cincinnati.

The Philadelphia and Boston Americans will play at Shibe Park, Philadelphia, and the Boston Nationals and Philadelphia in Boston. St. Louis and Chicago Americans will play in St. Louis.

CANADIAN PERSONAL NOTES OVER CABLE

Montreal, April 14—A Gazette cable says J. L. Elderkin of Halifax, N. S., has arrived in London from Rotterdam, where he spent several months in connection with the distribution of Canadian food stuffs to the Belgian sufferers. He has also done some emigration recruiting.

Mrs. North, widow of Major North, of the Royal Engineers, and daughter of Sir Hugh Allan, has given birth to a posthumous daughter.