From The Daily Colonist, Jan. 28.

FULL COURT BUSINESS.

Appeal in Johnson v. McCallum Dismissed With Costs—Cases For To-morrow.

An Interesting Point on an Interpleader Issue Taken by Vancouver Water Works Company.

(Full Court. Present: Sir Matthew Begbie, C.J., Crease, Walkem and McCreight, J.J.)

Johnson v. McCallum—This was an appeal arising out of the long-standing suit of Gray against McCallum, brought to determine the right of ownership of sixteen-thirtieths of the Ophir Bedrock Flume Company, which had been transferred by the Grays to McCallum, the Grays, however, claiming that the transfer was by way of mortgage only for securing six thousand dollars. Together with the shares, the Grays transferred the stock of goods at the mine. The original point in the case, as to whether the transaction was a mortgage or an absolute sale, was determined in August, 1891, before Mr. Justice Drake and a jury, when a decision was rendered in favor of McCallum. A further point arising upon the trial was as to whether the stores at the mine, bought by McCallum, were bought by him on his own account or as agent for the company. In the latter case, the company would have to pay McCallum the price paid by him, according to the shares of the members. Mr. E. M. Johnson, one of the shareholders, holding a one-tenth interest in the mine, contended that Capt. McCallum's purchase was on his own account solely, but upon further hearing of the case Mr. Justice Drake decided that, whether originally purchased on his own account or on behalf of the company, the latter had adopted the purchase as having been made for them by levying an assessment for the price of the same at a meeting of the company held on the 28th September, at which all the shareholders, including Johnson, were present, and no dissent raised.

The present appeal was taken by Johnson from this decision, and was heard yesterday before the court constituted as above. The evidence was fully gone into on both sides, with the result that their lordships held that Mr. Johnson had committed himself by his acquiescence, and was therefore, liable. The appeal was accordingly dismissed with costs. Hon. Theodore Davie, Q. C., Attorney-General, appeared for the respondent McCallum, and Hon. C. E. Pooley, Q. C., for appellant Johnson.

Gabriel v. Mesher — A summons was heard before Hon. Mr. Justice Walkem in chambers yesterday to fix a day for a new trial, an order for which was given some time after the original trial, in which judgment was given for the plaintiff, Gabriel, for $5,000, as damages for injuries received while in the plaintiff's employ. A new trial was granted on condition that plaintiff paid the costs of the first, which has not been done. The summons was, therefore, dismissed with costs. Mr. Ernest V. Bodwell for defendant, Hon. Attorney-General for plaintiff.

Ward v. Vancouver Waterworks Co.—This was an appeal from the judgment of Judge Spinks, sitting as a County Court Judge, to two Judges of the Supreme court. There were present His Lordship the Chief Justice and Hon. Mr. Justice Walkem. The question arose out of a contract made by Jno. F. Ward some years ago for the laying of a water pipe across the Narrows at Vancouver. Ward had a contract to furnish a certain quality of pipe, and lay it so as to connect with the shore ends of the Vancouver Waterworks company's pipe. The pipe laid by Ward was to be connected by Ward's flexible joints, and was to stand a certain test provided for in the contract. He was to be paid one-half the contract price when the pipe reached Vancouver, and the remainder after the completion of the work and the test provided for. Ward purchased a quantity of the pipe, and shipped it to the order of the Vancouver Waterworks company, whereupon the company paid him one-half the contract price, and delivered the pipe to him to proceed with the work. Before the completion, Ward abandoned his contract, and it was taken up by the company, who let another contract to McGillivray & Keefer. In the meantime some of Ward's creditors obtained judgment against him, Dunn & Co., one of the execution creditors, issuing an execution under which the sheriff seized the pipe. An interpleader issue was then taken to decide whether under the original contract the property in the pipe passed to the Vancouver Waterworks company by reason of its shipment to them in accordance with the contract, or whether it was the intention of the parties that the property in the pipe should remain in Ward until the completion of the work, in which event his creditors would have the right to seize it under a writ of execution.

The case has been twice tried, and now came before the court by way of appeal from Judge Spinks, who decided that the property in the pipe remained in Ward, and that therefore the sheriff had a right to seize and sell it under a writ of execution. The water company appealed. Their lordships, after hearing argument, took the case under consideration. Hon. Theodore Davie, Q.C., appeared for the company, and Mr. Ernest V. Bodwell for the execution creditors.

The Attorney-General for Canada v. Hughitt & McIntyre, and Varelman v. Phœnix, are set for argument before the divisional court to-morrow.

ALWAYS UNTRUTHFUL.

(From the Vancouver World.)

"The Vancouver World reports the Chilliwack meeting as entirely favorable to Premier Davie, and unfavorable to Messrs. Kitchen and Sword. In this respect the World's report is at variance with all other reports, but that was of course to be expected. But the World also gave an extended report of a speech supposed to be delivered by Mr. McLagan, while as a matter of fact the meeting refused to listen to that gentleman's remarks. It may be an advantage to Mr. McLagan to be able to deliver his speech through the columns of the World, but the circumstance hardly tends to establish the accuracy of the whole report.—Victoria Times, January 20."

Our answer:—The report of the Chilliwack meeting as it appeared in the World of last week is a plain, unvarnished and unbiased record of what transpired, and the Times is challenged to point to a single sentence at variance with its truthfulness, the accuracy of which can be vouched for by hundreds in Chilliwack who were present. To be honest, our contemporary should have told of Mr. Kitchen's discomfiture at the hands of Mr. McLagan on the question of veracity, as well as in reference to the scotching he gave the secessionists, every word of which, as narrated in the World, was listened to attentively by the meeting. Therefore, when the Times asserted that the report in the World as to Mr. McLagan's remarks was misleading, as they were only "supposed to have been delivered," the writer of the paragraph penned a deliberate falsehood, and the person who published it is equally guilty. Grossly false is the assertion that the audience refused to listen to Mr. McLagan, Not only was the reverse the case, but dozens came forward and congratulated him on the manner in which he had so effectively, in a few moments, vanquished the man who had been so energetic for months back in reviling him and the journal with which he was connected. Whoever supplied the Times with the information upon which it based its editorial note basely deceived it. Another person, equally as notorious for being economical with the truth, Mr. J. C. Brown, Westminster's Postmaster-M.P.P., is industriously circulating the report that Mr. McLagan was denied a hearing. Mr. Brown was not there, consequently he received his information second-hand and was misled. Such palpable lies only recoil on those who utter them. We defy contradiction of the absolute correctness of these remarks.

THE CITY.

On and after February 1, the tramway company will put two additional cars on the Douglas street and outer wharf line, giving a ten minute service. New time tables will be printed and distributed throughout the city before the change.

Mr. John Vantreight writes that "as showing the abnormally high temperature prevailing this winter, there are in this locality (Gordon Head), blooming out of doors all this month, several of the common garden flowers — the pansy, wallflower, tuberosa, etc."

Last evening at the Manse, 74 Cook street, Rev. Dr. Campbell united in marriage Mr. John M. Malcolm and Miss Emma Simpson; Mr. S. Malcolm and Miss A. Simpson were groomsman and bridesmaid. The happy couple intend to make Victoria their home.

Mr. H. D. Helmcken's claim for damages, consequent upon an accident due to the negligence of workmen in leaving unprotected an excavation in front of the new South ward school, has been satisfied by the contractor, thereby relieving both the city and the School Board of all liability.

A new order has been issued by the street car management, or rather directions for the enforcement of an old rule, which is to the effect that while there is room in the interior of the cars, no person is to be allowed to stand on the rear platform. Conductors not carrying out this regulation, are promised two weeks' vacation, without salary.

The newly elected officers of the Trades' and Labor Council are: President, George White; Vice-President, Walter Nathan; Secretary, William McKay; Treasurer, J. B. Colvin; Sergeant-at-Arms, John McDonald. After the election of officers the Council considered and adopted the following resolution: "That, considering the present distress in the city, and the enforced idleness of skilled and unskilled laborers, this Council deplores the delay in the commencement of the work on the Government buildings."

Some of the matter which finds its way into the press of Eastern Canada as news of this Province is not calculated to give the best impression of the state of this community, but is rather amusing when read here. The Ottawa Free Press, for instance, last week published a tale of woe said to have been sent by George O'Hara in a letter to his wife, in which, with a beautiful disregard for geography as well as for other facts, he is made to tell of having been held up by "road agents" near Port Moody, when on the way, with two Toronto friends, from Victoria to Sidney, and robbed of $2.000 in cash, besides a gold watch worth $175 and a diamond ring. When the readers of the Free Press learn that Sidney is only eighteen miles distant from Victoria, both being on Vancouver Island, and that Port Moody is on the Mainland, they will be prepared for the further fact that no person of the name mentioned has reported any robbery in this Province. But a St. Catharines newspaper recently published a story which puts in the shade the Ottawa yarn just given. It tells that "news has been received of a massacre on Thursday last on Vancouver Island, many natives being killed by hostile tribesmen." The origin of this startling piece of informotion was a dispatch which, when it left Vancouver, briefly referred to a massacre of natives of Thursday Island, in the South Pacific.

MEETING AT CHILLIWACK.

A public meeting of the supporters and friends of the Provincial Government was held at Henderson's hall, Chilliwack, on Saturday, the 20th inst., for the purpose of organizing a political association, and other public matters of interest to this section of the Province. A large number of persons were in attendance shortly after the appointed time, with others coming in occasionally during the meeting. On motion it was resolved that D. McGillivray take the chair and W. M. Wood act as secretary. The chairman having briefly outlined the object of the meeting, it was resolved that the time had arrived when it was expedient that a political organization was necessary in the public interests of Chilliwack, and that we do now proceed to the election of officers.

It was resolved that D. McGillivray be president of the association; J. C. Henderson, first vice-president; James Mercer, second vice-president; and G. W. Chadsey, secretary and treasurer. The following with the officers elect were named as the executive board: Messrs. A. C. Wells, S. A. Cawley, J. A. Campbell, D. J. Kennedy, J. L. Atkinson, C. T. Higginson, L. W. Paisley, William Knight, H. Webb, E. A. Kipp, A. E. Willis and A. H. Gillanders.

A committee was appointed consisting of Messrs. J. C. Henderson, W. M. Wood, S. Mellard, S. A. Cawley and L. W. Paisley, to prepare a constitution and by-laws to govern the proceedings of this association and report their findings at the next meeting.

It was determined that the name of this association be "The Chilliwack Liberal Political Association." It was also resolved that a delegation consisting of Messrs. D. McGillivray, J. C. Henderson, G. R. Ashwell, S. A. Cawley and J. L. Atkinson, be appointed to go to Victoria with instructions to interview the Provincial Government and lay before it the public wants of this municipality, and to report the result of their mission to a meeting to be called by the president.

It was further ordered that a report of the proceedings of this meeting be sent to the Colonist, World, Columbian and Progress, and the meeting adjourned to meet on Saturday the 27th inst., at Henderson's hall.

Fort William, Jan. 27.—A detachment of sailors and marines en route to the coast are on the train to-day.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

"England" Defeats the "Colonies" at Rugby—"Hornets" to Visit California's Fair.

Mountain District Wheelsmen Organize—An Aquatic Carnival for Saturday.

A match of Rugby, England v. Colonies, was played at Beacon Hill yesterday afternoon in the presence of a good attendance of spectators. In the first half the Old Country forwards, headed by Gibson, rushed the ball over the line and that player touching down scored a try. The kick was a difficult one, but Warden converted into a goal. In the second half Haines scored a try for England; the attempt at goal was a good one, the ball just passing outside the post. The resul at call of time was: England, 8 points; Colonies, nil.

Notes of the Game.

A feature of the match was the excellance of the half-backs on both sides. Ward played a very hard game as usual, but Smith kicks rather often; in many cases he might have passed to his three-quarters with advantage. Yesterday was the first appearance of White, late of the Clydesdale club, Glasgow, and he put up a sterling game. There was a noticeable improvement in the forward play, but there is still room for more combination, and the scrimmages are not always properly formed. There is good material in the local team this year, and if the men practise consistently they should show up well in the remaining matches.

COLLEGIATES V. CHOIR.

The Collegiate and Choir teams played a match of Rugby yesterday morning at Beacon hill, which resulted in a victory for the former by twenty-seven points to sixteen. The playing of Jack Rithet and G. Kane for the school, and C. Berkley and W. Marshall for the choir, was admired by all.

VICTORIAS V. WANDERERS.

The Association football contest between the above teams, on Beacon hill, yesterday afternoon, resulted in an overwhelming defeat for the Victorias, who failed to score throughout the entire match, but who allowed their opponents to get nine goals. The Wanderers have but one more match to be successful in the competition for the Provincial challenge cup. In this they will play the Nanaimo boys, whose privilege being to arrange the date for the game, have not done so, but probably will this week.

"HORNETS" FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

Nanaimo, Jan. 27.—(Special.)—Arrangements are now being made to send a joint Association and Rugby team to San Francisco, to take part in the international sport.

BROCKTON POINT GROUNDS.

Vancouver, Jan. 27.—(Special.)—Brockton Point grounds are in bad condition still, so that the match between Vancouver and Australia has been further postponed.

THE WHEEL.

THE "CRESCENT" CYCLERS.

A a meeting held at Northfield on Friday night a cycling club was formed to be known as the Crescent Cycling Club of Mountain District. The club starts with a membership of nine, including cyclists from Wellington, Northfield and East Wellington. The following officers were elected: President, Alex Clarkson, Northfield; captain, James Deeming, Northfield; secretary-treasurer, Theo. Bryant, Wellington; board of management, Albert Deeming, Northfield; L. A. Murphy, F. Bryant, Wellington.

AQUATIC.

A SWIMMING CARNIVAL.

A boys' festival will be given at the Leander Swimming Baths, Five Sisters' block, on Saturday evening next, which will, it is expected, prove very interesting. The boys, through constant practice, have become quite proficient in the water, and their performance will, no doubt, be a good demonstration of the fact. The exhibition will include three lengths, seven lengths and nine lengths swimming matches, and a lighted candle race.

HERE AND THERE.

Peck, Cassell, Fitzpatrick and Hart, Nanaimo's four crack hose team runners, have been invited to run for Tacoma at the Midwinter Fair.

The Toronto rowing club has decided to enter J. J. Ryan, amateur champion sculler of America, for the diamond scull race at Henley-on-the-Thames, in July next.

KASLO SLOCAN.

A. D. Wilson, who by reason of personal observation is an enthusiast with respect to the now famous Kaslo-Slocan country, lectured on that subject last evening in the City Hall, which was well filled at the outset. By request, W. J. Sutton took the chair, and he introduced the lecturer as a gentleman well posted on the resources of West Kootenay.

Mr. Wilson opened with the announcement that he was not interested in any mines or mining country, but his object was simply to state what he knew of what was undoubtedly the richest mining district in North America, with the prospect of becoming the richest in the world. He had been a resident in the Kaslo-Slocan district for about eighteen months. Lying as it did in the heart of the Selkirks this country was for a considerable time supposed to be inaccessible, and it was not until the discovery of the Silver King and Toad Mountain mines that general attention was attracted to it. There were two lines of communication, one from the north by the Columbia river, and in a short time by the completion of the Nakusp & Slocan railroad and the railroad from Revelstoke to the Kootenay lake, there would be direct communication from the north at all seasons of the year. The other route was from the south, by the Columbia river and Kootenay lake and Salmon arm, where connection is made with the Nelson & Fort Sheppard railway. There is now direct communication by telegraph with all points. The actions of the great railroad corporations in pushing in there were evidence of the value of the country. The West Kootenay is essentially a mining region, though there are strips or benches of level land which may be utilized for ranching purposes. On the Columbia and on some of the other streams there were stretches of level land. The Kootenay district, however, would have to mainly depend upon outside for supplies. He described the location of the present chief city—Nelson, back of which lies Toad mountain with the famous Silver King mine, as well as many other properties. The Silver King mine ran 400 or 500 ounces to the ton, and 38 per cent. of copper, and this mine alone would give support to a considerable town. Nelson, he was informed, has now a population of 1,500. Proceeding up Kootenay lake the next town is Balfour, opposite which is Pilot Bay, where the Hendryx Smelting company had been proceeding with the erection of a smelter, but though only a month's work was required to complete it, nothing had been done for more than a year, and he thought the location would have to be changed. Proceeding up the lake the next town, on the opposite side, is Ainsworth, whose mines were considered excellent properties until the discovery of the Kaslo-Slocan deposits. Twelve miles above Ainsworth, on the same side of the lake, is Kaslo, at the mouth of Kaslo creek. This place took its main start in September or October of 1892, and is now incorporated as a city, and beautifully laid out. The people of Kaslo inaugurated the building of a wagon road to the mines, and by private energy got the wagon road constructed to Watson, on Bear lake, and thus secured the trade from the mines. To ensure the permanent prosperity of the place, he advocated the construction of the Kaslo-Slocan railroad. About twenty miles up Kaslo creek is Watson, at the Summit, some 1,750 feet above Kaslo, which is about the same above the sea level. Thirty miles from Kaslo by wagon road is New Denver. Kaslo creek, Bear lake, Fish lake and Seaton and Carpenter creeks form a natural pass to New Denver. At the summit Three Forks is the centre of the mining region. On the north fork is the dry ore belt, on the south the wet ore belt. In the last mentioned the principal development has been made. Up the south fork of Carpenter creek are the principal mines of that region. In one of these, the Slocan Star, alone there is in sight to-day $1,000,000 worth of ore, and there is as much in sight in the new drifts of the Noble Five. In the Washington mine, in June last, there was found a solid mass of ore 75 feet long and averaging 53 inches in thickness, and 355 tons of ore was taken out during the summer. The shipments from the lead ore mines up to the 1st of January, had been 2,935 tons, and in three weeks up to the 10th of January, there had been shipped from Kaslo ore valued at $113,336 The owners of these mines are, as a rule, comparatively poor men, there being but little capital yet in the region. Few sales had been made to companies with capital sufficient for development. The Washington had been worked more like a mine than any other proposition, and had been more fully developed, having some capital behind it. The beauty of most of the prospects in the Slocan was that pay ore could be mined from the grass roots down. Those located so far had been mostly on the higher levels, discovered through superficial indications, but on the lower levels where drifting would have to be done there had been little prospecting. Not one-tenth of the ground had yet been gone over. The mines can be worked at a good profit notwithstanding the low price of silver. All the trade of the Slocan at present goes to the States. Victoria and Vancouver had not sought much after that trade, the business men having overlooked their opportunity, and they would have to fight for it now, especially against Winnipeg, which had made strenuous endeavors for the grocery and for the butter and egg trade. Spokane would remain an active competitor in certain lines, flour for instance, and fruits. It behooved Canada to inform herself as to what was contained in the Kootenay country.

The chairman proposed a vote of thanks to Mr. Wilson, which J. B. Lovell seconded, and the meeting dispersed at 10.20.

To Enforce an Insurance Contract.

Chicago, Jan. 27.—The suit to recover $500,000 from the Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York for alleged breach of contract will be commenced to-day in the Superior court by John Young, administrator of the estate of Henry S. Jennison and Mrs. Annie Jennison. Twenty years ago Jennison was employed as general agent by the defendant. Plaintiff alleged that Mr. Jennison held a contract with defendant by which he was to receive a percentage of all the policies obtained by him for 30 years. Some difficulty arose between the parties about twelve years ago, and Mr. Jennison was deposed. A few years afterwards his mind became deranged, and it is said representatives of the defendant obtained from him while in this condition $6,000 and a release of all claims on account of his contract. He died in 1879 nearly destitute. His widow is now endeavoring to enforce the contract by means of the suit. Mrs. Jennison says there is more than $100,000 still due her husband on account of percentages under the contract.

Ottawa Citizen: Apparently, according to Mr. Allan Stuart, of Glasgow, Scotland, one of the most prominent marine architects and naval engineers of the Clyde, who is at present in the city on lumber business, the war scare is having its effect on the Admiralty: "Yes," he said to a reporter at the Russell House last night, "the Clyde, Tyne, Barrow-on-Furness, Belfast and the Government yards of England will be busier this spring with more important work than they have since 1884. Already the Clyde yards are laying the stocks for no fewer than four war vessels—notably the new cruiser to be christened the Terrible, a sister ship to the Powerful being built in Barrow. She will be 500 feet long. They are intended to conform more to the type of fast Atlantic lines and will have great coal endurance. Speed will be their first consideration, but they will also be heavily armored. The Naval Construction and Armaments Company at Barrow, have also been commissioned to build two vessels of similar type. They are to have an armoured deck, which, with the coal bunkers, will afford admirable protection. A novelty in their construction will be the use of the water tube boiler for the first time in a high speed cruiser."

Montreal Star: The local cattle exporters are going to send a deputation to Ottawa to ask the Government to use its influence with the American Government to get it to allow the shipping of Canadian cattle in bond by American ports. Their reason for asking this is that there will be a big number of Canadian Cattle ready to ship in March and if the owners are forced to feed them until the opening of navigation by the St. Lawrence they will do so at a big loss to themselves. It is generally thought by the trade that if the American Government allow Canadian Cattle to be shipped from American ports it will be on the understanding that American cattle will be allowed to be shipped from Canadian ports. The exporters do not believe that the embargo on Canadian cattle will be removed by the Imperial Government. They are inclined to think that it was not put on to be taken off again.

The Diocesan Synod meeting in Montreal, last week, passed the following resolution: "That this Synod do respectfully memorialize the Government with a view to securing such legislation as shall prevent the landing at Canadian ports of helpless and incapable immigrants, the only result of whose coming to this country is to transfer their care and maintenance from their native land to it."

CANADIAN NEWS.

Quebec, Jan. 27.—Everything is now in readiness for the opening of the carnival on Monday. The ice fortress was completed to-day, and all the arches are now ready and the ice statues are in position. McCulloch, champion skater, and Grahame, the fast steeplechase snowshoer, of Winnipeg, arrived yesterday.

Toronto, Jan. 27.—The wholesale merchandise firm of White, Pearson & Co. has gone into the hands of a receiver, as the result of a disagreement among the partners.

Bracebridge, Jan. 27.—Archibald Melvin was sentenced here yesterday to two years' imprisonment for bigamy. Prisoner had been married five times in all and three of his wives are still living and appeared in court against him.

Napanee, Jan. 27.—John Davern, charged with the murder of Angus McLeod on September 13, was honorably acquitted, not enough evidence being adduced that could in any way connect him with the crime.

Only the Scars Remain.

"Among the many testimonials which I see in regard to certain medicines performing cures, cleansing the blood, etc.," writes Henry Hudson, of the James Smith Woolen Machinery Co., Philadelphia, Pa., "none impress me more than my own case. Twenty years ago, at the age of 18 years, I had swellings come on my legs, which broke and became running sores. Our family physician could do me no good, and it was feared that the bones would be affected. At last, my good old mother urged me to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I took three bottles, the sores healed, and I have not been troubled since. Only the scars remain, and the memory of the past, to remind me of the good Ayer's Sarsaparilla has done me. I now weigh two hundred and twenty pounds, and am in the best of health. I have been on the road for the past twelve years, have noticed Ayer's Sarsaparilla advertised in all parts of the United States, and always take pleasure in telling what good it did for me."

For the cure of all diseases originating in impure blood, the best remedy is

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

The sower has no second chance. If you would at first succeed, be sure and start with

FERRY'S SEEDS.

Ferry's Seed Annual for 1894 contains the sum and substance of the latest farming knowledge. Every planter should have it. Sent free.
D. M. Ferry & Co.,
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What Finer Can You Drink Than

JOHN JAMESON & SONS'

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"OWN CASED" Very Old

BLACK-BOTTLE

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Please see you get it with

Metal Capsules { BLUE - One Star. PINK - Two Stars. GOLD - Three Stars

Sole Export Bottling Agents to J. J. & S.—
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Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated publicly in court that Dr. J. Collis Browne was undoubtedly the inventor of Chlorodyne that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was literally untrue, and he regretted to say that it had been sworn to.—*Times*, July 13 1864.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE IS THE BEST AND MOST CERTAIN REMEDY IN COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, CONSUMPTION, NEURALGIA RHEUMATISM, &c.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is prescribed by scores of orthodox practitioners. Of course it would not be thus singularly popular did it not "supply a want and fill a place."—*Medical Times*, Jan. 12, 1885.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is a certain cure for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Colics &c.

CAUTION — None genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne," on the stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle. Sole manufacturer. J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russe St., London. Sold at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s.
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GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins by Grocers, labelled thus: JAMES EPPS & Co., Ltd., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.
no26

VICTORIA NURSERY.

P. T. Johnston & Co. offer for sale a large and varied stock of Fruit Trees, Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, Bulbs, etc. As they wish to clear a portion of their Nursery quickly, parties purchasing for cash before the end of October, can obtain great bargains.

Nursery, St. Charles Street, off Cadboro Bay Road. Seed Store, 52 Douglas street.

Inspection solicited. Catalogues on application.
oct-dy&wky

PROVINCIAL BOARD OF HORTICULTURE.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

Pursuant to Section 7 of the "Horticultural Board Act, 1892," as amended by the "Horticultural Board Act (1892) Amendment Act, 1893," the following Rules and Regulations are published:—

Rule 1. All agents, dealers, nurserymen, or persons importing, selling, or distributing nursery stock, plants, and fruit (unless they have in their possession a certificate from the Horticultural Board that their property is free of pests), before distributing, offering for sale, or disposing of any article as above mentioned, shall notify the member of the Board, his agent or representative, in whose district any such article is found, or the Secretary or Inspector of this Board, who shall inspect or cause to be inspected said nursery stock, trees, plants or fruit, and if they are found to be free from pests, shall issue a certificate to the owner or person in charge, stating said articles appear free from injurious insect pests.

Rule 2. All persons possessing, forwarding, or distributing nursery stock, trees, plants or fruit infested with any insect, such as—Woolly aphis, apple tree aphis, scaly bark-louse, oyster-shell bark-louse, San Jose scale, red scale, borers, currant worms, or other known injurious insects, shall have the same disinfected and cleansed of such insects before forwarding, distributing, selling, or disposing of said nursery stock, trees, plants, or fruit.

Rule 3. All persons shipping, sending or delivering any fruit, fruit trees, scions, cuttings or plants within the Province shall place upon or securely attach to each box, crate, or other package or parcel containing the same, a distinct mark, stamp or label showing the name of the producer and shipper or sender, and the locality where grown.

Rule 4. All persons having in their possession boxes, crates, or other packages or wrappings in which nursery stock or fruit has been imported, shall have such boxes, crates, or other packages or wrappings destroyed by fire, in order that the expense of disinfecting may be avoided. Should disinfection be preferred, however, the following method will be considered sufficient, viz: By dipping the boxes, crates, or other packages or wrappings, for five minutes in boiling water containing not less than one pound of concentrated lye to every five gallons of water.

Rule 5, Nursery stock or any trees or plants infested by any insects as included in Rule 2, shall be disinfected by dipping in a solution prepared as follows: Take three pounds of soap (whale oil or good home made soap), three pounds sulphur and one pound Gillett's concentrated lye, or lye of equal strength and purity, boil one hour in four gallons of water, add one gallon coal oil, then boil slowly twenty minutes and add twenty-five gallons of water. This preparation is more effective when luke warm, and it should therefore be used at about 100 degrees.

Rule 6. Where insect pests, such as are mentioned in the British Columbia Fruit Growers' Supplement for 1893, or other known injurious insects, are found to exist, spraying must be done and other remedies applied during the growing season, while the trees are in leaf, as shall be recommended by the Board from time to time, so that the insects can at least be held in check until the stronger washes of the dormant season can be safely applied.

Rule 7. Where hop-fields are infested with the hop-louse, spraying must be done as shall be recommended by the Board.

Rule 8. All members of the Board are hereby authorized to inspect any garden, orchard, trees or nursery of trees, fruit, packing-house, warehouse, store-room, sales-room, or any other place in the Province liable to be infested with any noxious insects or eggs or larvæ of any such insects, in order to satisfy themselves that the rules and regulations of the Board are duly observed.

Rule 9. Any person having infested material, trees, plants, fruit or packages, and refuses or neglects to take action to have the same disinfected, or pests exterminated, after due notice has been given, shall be deemed guilty of an offense against the Act, and shall be dealt with according to law.

Horticultural and Fruit Growers' Societies are requested to work in harmony with this Board, and may, without expense to the Board elect from their number one or more persons to act as local Inspectors or Advisers, who shall report to the member of the Horticultural Board of the district in which such Society is located, or to the Secretary or Inspector of the Provincial Board, cases where the owner or person in charge of plants or trees which are infected refuses to obey the directions of the Society in carrying out the rules of the Board; also any other matters of importance to the interests of said Society.

Members of the Board.

James R. Anderson, of the City of Victoria, to represent the Province.

Andrew Ohlson, of Lansdowne Road, Victoria District, to represent the First Horticultural District, which comprises Victoria, Victoria City, Esquimalt and Cowichan Electoral Districts.

Theodore Trage, of Beaver Point, Salt Spring Island, to represent the Second District, which comprises Nanaimo, Nanaimo City, Alberni, Comox, and the Islands Electoral Districts.

Ernest Hutcherson, of the settlement of Ladner's, to represent the Third District, which comprises all that portion of the Westminster Electoral District situated to the south of the Fraser River.

Thomas Cunningham, of the City of New Westminster, to represent the Fourth District which comprises the New Westminster City and Vancouver City Electoral Districts, all that portion of the Westminster Electoral District situated to the north of the Fraser River, and the Cassiar Electoral District.

Thomas G. Earl, of the Town of Lytton, to represent the Fifth District, which comprises all the rest of the Mainland of British Columbia not mentioned heretofore.

Inspector of Fruit Pests:

R. M. Palmer, Victoria.

J. R. ANDERSON,
Secretary.

Office of the Provincial Board of Horticulture, Victoria, 12th December, 1893. ja27-fe2

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