

Seizure and
detention
of goods.

24. The Corporation may seize and detain any goods, where

- (a) any sum is due for rates in respect of such goods and is unpaid; or
(b) a provision of this Act or of a by-law in force under this Act has been violated in respect of such goods. 5

Charges
against
vessels.

25. (1) Every lawful seizure and detention made under this Act is at the risk, cost and charges of the owner of the vessel or goods seized and all such vessels and goods may be detained until all sums due and penalties incurred together with all proper and reasonable costs and charges incurred in the seizure and detention and the costs of any conviction have been paid in full. 10

When
seizure
may be
made.

(2) The seizure and detention may take place either at the commencement of any suit, action or proceeding for the recovery of any rates, sums of money due, penalties or damages or pending such suit, action or proceedings or as incident thereto or without the institution of any action or proceedings. 15

Who may
order
seizure.

(3) The seizure and detention may be effected upon the order of, 20

- (a) a judge of any court;
(b) a magistrate or justice of the peace having the power of two justices of the peace; or
(c) the collector of customs at the city of Belleville. 25

Application
for and
execution.

(4) An order for seizure and detention may be made on the application of the Corporation, its authorized agent or its solicitor, and may be executed by any constable, bailiff or other person entrusted by the Corporation with the execution thereof and such constable, bailiff or other person may take all necessary means and demand all necessary aid to enable him to execute the order. 30

GENERAL.

Pecuniary
dealings with
members
prohibited.

26. The Corporation shall not have any transactions of a pecuniary nature, either in buying or selling, directly or indirectly, with any member of the Corporation. 35

Who may
administer
oaths.

27. Where, by or under this Act, a person is required to take an oath, it may be administered by a commissioner, the secretary of the Corporation, the harbour master or a justice of the peace.

Accounting
and
reporting.

28. (1) The Corporation shall keep separate accounts of all moneys borrowed, received and expended by it under this Act and shall account therefor annually to the Minister in such form and manner as he may direct. 40