THE BUTTERFLIES OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

Papilio asterias, Fabr.

(PAPILIO POLYXENES.)

This species is usually abundant, but during the past two years it has been very rare in the vicinity of St. John. Not uncommon on the Belleisle and at Frederieton.

Family HESPERIDÆ.

Carterocephalus mandan, Edw.

This species is not uncommon in two or three localities near St. John, but it appears to be extremely local in its habits frequenting wood roads and open grassy places in woods. Flies in June and July.

Pamphila zabulon, Boisd-Lec.

(ATRYTONE ZABULON.)

The form HOROMOK, Harris, is common throughout the Province, flying in June and July.

Pamphila leonardus, Harris.

(ANTHOMASTER LEONARDUS.)

This species is rare in this vicinity, only two specimens having been taken, and at present it is not reported from any other locality in New Brunswick.

Pamphila peckius, Kirby.

(POLITES PECKIUS.)

PAMPHILA WAMSUTTA, Harris.

The most common Pamphila in this locality, frequenting meadows and oat fields, found in every part of New Brunswick, flying in June and July.

Pamphila mystic, Seud.

(THYMELICUS MYSTIC.)

This species is found in the same localities as the preceding, but it is not nearly so abundant. Flies in July and August.

Pamphila cernes, Boisd-Lec.

(LIMOCHORES TAUMAS, Fabr.)

PAMPHILA AHATON, Harris.

Common at St. John, Fredericton, Hampton, and also abundant in Victoria County. Flies in June and July.

Nisionades brizo, Boisd-Lee.

(THANOS BRIZO.)

Rare in the vicinity of St. John, only two specimens having been taken.

Nisionades icelus, Lint.

(THANAOS ICELUS.)

Taken at St. John and Fredericton. This species is quite abundant in the vicinity of St. John, frequenting wood roads and pathways bordered by low shrubbery.

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