

An Act for the relief of Mary Christine Sweeney.
 An Act for the relief of Corinne Ryder Nurse.
 An Act for the relief of Evelyn Sue Newton.
 An Act respecting The Cumberland Railway and Coal Company and the Sydney and Louisburg Railway Company.
 An Act respecting the Civil Service of Canada.
 An Act respecting the Observance of the Centennial of Confederation in Canada.
 An Act to amend the National Housing Act, 1954.
 An Act respecting the Construction of a Line of Railway in the Province of Alberta and in the Northwest Territories by Canadian National Railway Company from a point at or near Grimshaw, in the Province of Alberta, in a northerly direction to Great Slave Lake, in the Northwest Territories.
 An Act to amend certain Agreements Respecting the Administration and Control of Natural Resources in the Provinces of Manitoba, Alberta and Saskatchewan.
 An Act to Encourage Fitness and Amateur Sport.
 An Act to authorize the Minister of Finance to make payments to the Governments of the Provinces and to authorize the Government of Canada to enter into tax collection agreements with the Governments of the Provinces.
 An Act to amend the Transport Act.
 An Act to incorporate The Equitable General Insurance Company.

The Honourable Roland Michener, Speaker of the House of Commons, then addressed the Honourable the Deputy of the Governor General as follows:

May it please Your Honour:

The Commons of Canada have voted certain supplies required to enable the Government to defray the expenses of the public service.

In the name of the Commons, I present to your Honour the following bill:

An Act for granting to Her Majesty certain sums of money for the public service for the financial year ending the 31st March, 1962.

To which bill I humbly request Your Honour's assent.

The Honourable the Deputy of the Governor General was pleased to give the royal assent to the said bill.

SPEECH OF DEPUTY OF GOVERNOR GENERAL

The Honourable the Deputy of the Governor General was pleased to close the Fourth Session of the Twenty-fourth Parliament with the following speech:

Honourable members of the Senate:

Members of the House of Commons:

The fourth session of this Parliament, the longest in Canada's history, has been particularly significant for the people of Canada, and the number of measures enacted on their behalf has been unusually large.

Mounting international tensions have been a source of deep anxiety, made more acute by the Soviet Union's resumption of nuclear tests and the resultant fear of a renewed menace to human health through radioactive

fallout. These and related developments continue to command the vigilant attention of the Government.

Berlin is the latest and most dangerous in a series of regional crises precipitated and exploited by the U.S.S.R. In the Congo, in Southeast Asia, as well as in Berlin, Canada has been active in international arrangements to contain conflict and restore stability. At the same time my Government has been energetic in promoting and exploring through the United Nations and in the North Atlantic Alliance all possibilities for negotiated settlements of an honourable and lasting nature.

Despite delays and setbacks in progress towards a treaty providing for controlled disarmament, agreement has been reached on a framework to guide future negotiations with the Soviet side. The Government has taken its part in formulating a new and comprehensive Western plan which offers a realistic basis for early and effective measures to reduce both conventional and nuclear armaments under safeguards and to provide adequate international means for keeping the peace as disarmament proceeds.

At a meeting in London in March, the Prime Ministers of the Commonwealth resumed their discussions of major world crises and reviewed constitutional developments. Far-reaching decisions were taken affecting the composition and character of the Commonwealth.

The importance of bearing a fair share of assistance to less developed nations continues to be recognized by the Government. Established programs of aid were maintained and new emphasis given to educational assistance, drawing upon both of the historic cultures of Canada. Administrative changes were introduced to improve the central direction of all external assistance programs. Canada's diplomatic representation abroad was expanded, particularly in Latin America.

In the face of the increase in world tension it is necessary to maintain the strength of the free world. You have been informed of the measures being taken to strengthen the Canadian forces in Europe and at home, and of the survival training plan to be conducted in all parts of Canada this year.

During the present session you have welcomed and heard in Parliament the President of the United States.

Important international tariff negotiations have been in process in Geneva. In these negotiations every effort has been made to meet the trade problems of Canada in a constructive way in dealing with the new economic grouping in Europe. My ministers have taken a leading role at a meeting of Commonwealth economic ministers at Accra, convened to consider economic questions of