[English]

S. O. 31

STATEMENTS BY MEMBERS

[English]

MEDAL OF BRAVERY

Ms. Paddy Torsney (Burlington): Mr. Speaker, today the Governor General, His Excellency, the Right Hon. Ramon Hnatyshyn, will honour three police officers from Burlington with the medal of bravery.

Sergeant Stephen J. Carroll, Constable Gonzalo Couce and Constable Thomas A. Doherty are officers with the Halton Regional Police Force.

On September 27, 1993, Sergeant Carroll and Constables Couce and Doherty were called into a high risk situation and attempted to save a woman who had been shot outside her home. Although Sergeant Carroll managed to carry her to safety, the Burlington woman did not survive. Constables Couce and Doherty later entered the house to find that the gunman, her former husband, had killed himself.

Police officers across the nation take incredible risks to keep us safe. I commend all of them for their hard work and their dedidedication to public safety.

Today the efforts of Sergeant Carroll, Constable Couce and Constable Doherty are being recognized with a medal. I would like like to extend my thanks and appreciation to all 30 recipients of medal medals today and to all Canadian police officers for their dedication to all canadian police officers for their dedication.

[Translation]

FRANCOPHONE PUBLIC SERVANTS

Mr. Gilbert Fillion (Chicoutimi): Mr. Speaker, according to a front-page report in Le Droit on June 11, 1988, "francophone Public Public servants must bite their tongue".

Paul Gaboury reported at the time that in spite of the Official Languages Act, English was still the language of work in the federal federal Public service in the Ottawa region. By all accounts, the situation situation is not all that different in 1994.

Francophone employees realize that there is a world of difference between the public service's language policies and day-to-d $d_{ay-to-day}^{avenue}$ reality. French, their mother tongue, must take a b_{ack}^{avenue} back seat to English.

Many have said that they are unwilling to stand up for their ghts for a nghts for fear of reprisals ranging from isolation to being denied opportunities of reprisals ranging from the instance of the second s ^{opportunities} for advancement. This is just one more example of the dubi the dubious results of federalist rhetoric.

THE FAMILY

Mr. Ed Harper (Simcoe Centre): Mr. Speaker, this week's family poll indicated that, although the majority of Canadians are happy with their own family life, they fear for the future of their families. They see warning signs that indicate the family is seriously threatened.

I am disappointed at the apathetic attitude of the government toward these fears and concerns. Throughout this past week my colleagues and I have presented in the House the issues of concern to families.

The government has not responded with a single constructive word. The Liberals have ignored the wishes of Canadians by maintaining and pursuing legislation that is harmful to the family. It is a betrayal of the trust of those who elected them.

If the Ministers of Justice, Finance, and Human Resources Development would dare to get close to the grassroots of Canada they would discover how deeply troubled the families feel. But the Liberals are not paying attention.

I can assure you, Mr. Speaker, that my colleagues and I are here to defend the interest of Canadian families but we will not allow the family to die a slow death at the hands of the government.

• (1105)

WATER

Mr. Francis G. LeBlanc (Cape Breton Highlands-Canso): Mr. Speaker, here is another example of how the government is putting sustainable development into action.

On June 9 an agreement was signed in Halifax between the Government of Canada and the province of Nova Scotia. This agreement, called the Canada-Nova Scotia Economy Agreement, was developed under the authority of the Canada Water Act.

Its purpose is to help integrate good water resource management practices with economic decision-making. By better understanding the value of water and its importance to economic prosperity, Canadians will be able to make informed decisions about their water use.

The real value of the new agreement will be improved long-term economic growth by ensuring that water will be used wisely in Nova Scotia and that it will be kept available for future economic development.

This agreement illustrates our ongoing commitment to establishing frameworks in which environmental policy and economic policy work together, laying a firm base for sustainable development.