

### **Logs and Pulpwood: Originating from the Yukon Territory**

10. Exporters must apply to DFAIT for a normal export permit, and should allow 20 working days for processing. The delay in processing is due to the fact that each case must be discussed among DFAIT, DIAND and the government of the Yukon. While other governments are involved, the approval or rejection of an export application will be made by EPE/DFAIT officials on behalf of the Minister. Any questions exporters have about their application are to be directed to EPE/ DFAIT.

### **Softwood Lumber**

11. Exports of softwood lumber require export permits if destined to the United States. For detailed information on these controls, please consult *Notices to Exporters No. 90, 92, 94, 107, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, and 121 (Softwood Lumber Products)*.

## **G. What Administrative Procedures Apply In The Processing Of Export Permits?**

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### **Opinions on Proposed Exports**

1. It is common for exporters to request an opinion on the prospect for receiving an export permit. This advice is provided wherever possible, but is not binding on the Minister. Therefore, exporters who want a binding decision are encouraged to apply for an export permit rather than requesting a written opinion.

### **Permits for Temporary Exports**

2. Temporary permits are common for goods exported for trade shows, exhibitions, demonstrations, geological surveying, and other events where the goods will return to Canada. Exporters must apply for a permit as normal, but note in the body of the application that they are asking for a permit for a temporary export. In granting a permit for a temporary export, EPE/DFAIT may place certain conditions on the export. These conditions may include:
  - adhering to the expiry date of the permit (normally 12 months);
  - ensuring the goods are properly supervised while abroad; **and**
  - providing proof that the goods are returned to Canada unchanged.and other conditions as required.

### **Multiple Shipments/Multiple Consignee Permits (Strategic/Other Goods)**

3. In some cases, an exporter may use an export permit for more than one shipment to the consignee(s) specified on the export permit (a maximum of three consignees per permit in a single country) up to the value and quantity noted on the permit. This procedure applies to all goods in Groups 1, 4, 5 (except ECL Items 5501, 5502 and 5503), 6, 7 and 8.