

It thus follows that certain special needs of different countries will not be met without recourse, in particular, to German existing stocks, current production and services, as well as Soviet reciprocal deliveries under Part IV of the Potsdam Declaration.

It goes without saying that the foregoing shall be without prejudice to the necessity of achieving the economic disarmament of Germany.

The above-named Delegates would therefore deem it of advantage were the Control Council to furnish the Inter-Allied Reparation Agency with lists of existing stocks, goods from current production and services, as such stocks, goods or services become available as reparation. The Agency should, at all times, be in a position to advise the Control Council of the special needs of the different Signatory Governments.

### 3. *Resolution regarding Property in Germany belonging to United Nations or their nationals.*

The Delegates of Albania, Belgium, Czechoslovakia, France, Greece, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway and Yugoslavia, taking into account the fact that the burden of reparation should fall on the German people, recommend that the following rules be observed regarding the allocation as reparation of property (other than ships) situated in Germany:

(a) To determine the proportion of German property available as reparation, account shall be taken of the sum total of property actually constituting the German economy, including assets belonging to a United Nation or to its nationals, but excluding looted property, which is to be restored.

(b) In general, property belonging legitimately to a United Nation or to its nationals, whether wholly owned or in the form of a shareholding of more than 48 per cent, shall so far as possible be excluded from the part of German property considered to be available as reparation.

(c) The Control Council shall determine the cases in which minority shareholdings of a United Nation or its nationals shall be treated as forming part of the property of a German juridical person and therefore having the same status as that juridical person.

(d) The foregoing provisions do not in any way prejudice the removal or destruction of concerns controlled by interests of a United Nation or of its nationals when this is necessary for security reasons.

(e) In cases where an asset which is the legitimate property of one of the United Nations or its nationals has been allocated as reparation, or destroyed, particularly in the cases referred to in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) above, equitable compensation to the extent of the full value of this asset shall be granted by the Control Council to the United Nation concerned as a charge on the German economy. This compensation shall, when possible, take the form of a shareholding of equal value in German assets of a similar character which have not been allocated as reparation.

(f) In order to ensure that the property in Germany of persons declared by one of the United Nations to be collaborators or traitors shall be taken from them, the Control Council shall give effect in Germany to legislative measures and juridical decisions by courts of the United Nation concerned in regard to collaborators or traitors who are nationals of that United Nation or were nationals of that United Nation at the date of its occupation or annexation by Germany or entry into the war. The Control Council shall give to the Government of such United Nation facilities to take title to and possession of such assets and to dispose of them.