

FIRST IRISH CATHOLIC PILGRIMAGE

To Ste. Anne de Beaupre, (For Men only), UNDER THE PERSONAL DIRECTION OF THE REDEMPTORIST FATHERS OF ST. ANNE'S CHURCH, MONTREAL.

SATURDAY, 24th AUG., 1889.

By the Grand Trunk Railway, connecting at Point Levi with steamer for Ste. Anne. Train leaves Bonaventure with steamer for Ste. Anne, and returning leaves Point Levi at 4 p.m. Sunday, arriving in Montreal at 10 o'clock same evening.

News of the Week.

EUROPEAN.

Three thousand French deserters have left Geneva for France under the new amnesty law.

King Humbert has appointed Thomas A. Edison a grand officer of the order of the Crown of Italy.

Fifty-two members of the English House of Commons have signed a petition in behalf of Mrs. Maybrick.

The Archbishop of Cologne, while at Remscheid, Westphalia, was insulted and stoned by anti-Catholics.

Madame de Struve, the brilliant wife of the Russian Minister to the United States, died in St. Petersburg, Russia, Thursday, aged 45.

Emperor Francis Joseph has conferred the honorary colonelcy of the Seventy-first Austrian Infantry regiment upon Gen. Count von Moltke.

Mr. Gladstone will shortly go on a yachting cruise on the west coast of Scotland. During the trip he will visit a number of places and make political speeches.

The coroner's jury in the case of Alice MacKenzie, the last woman killed in the Whitechapel district, returned a verdict that she was murdered by some unknown person.

Private communications have been sent to Mr. Gladstone by members of the French Ministry urging him to visit the exhibition while all the members of the cabinet are in Paris.

President Carnot goes to the country on Monday, and he desires Mr. Gladstone to postpone his visit until October.

LONDON, August 15.—The new governor has proclaimed martial law in Crete.

MADRID, August 15.—Twenty-eight municipal officers of the city have been arrested charged with frauds in the city administration.

LONDON, August 15.—A Chinese syndicate, with a capital of 60,000,000 taels, is about to begin the construction of a trunk railway from Hankow to Peking.

LIVERPOOL, August 15. Mr. Stewart, a chemist of Glasgow, who was prepared to testify at the trial of Mrs. Maybrick, and whose evidence the condemned woman said was kept back, has written a letter in which he says that Maybrick died through his own secret habit of arsenic eating.

LONDON, August 15.—Two men belonging to the crew of the Collingwood, one of the squadron defending Beahaven, were put on board a torpedo boat Tuesday. They went to sleep in the forward compartment, and as it was raining, closed the manhole. Both men were found dead yesterday. It is supposed they were asphyxiated, as the compartments had no other means of ventilation than the manhole.

BERLIN, August 15.—All the accounts of the experiments with smokeless powder at the Spandau range yesterday occur in saying that no smoke was visible at a distance of 300 yards and that no sound was heard beyond a slight tapping. A strange effect was produced by the spectacle of a large mass of troops in firing position seemingly inactive, but really pouring forth a deadly fire.

ZANZIBAR, August 15.—European residents here fear that riots will occur during the Musselmans' celebration of their New Year's day, which falls on August 28, and are consequently much frightened. A slight riot occurred last night, a number of Indians being attacked by Musselmans. The Indians were pained and struck. The ringleaders of the attack are imprisoned.

IRISH. St. Edward Strickland, K. C. B., Com-missary-General, died in Sidney, New South Wales, recently. He was born at Loughglynn House, Co. Roscommon, in 1811.

Mr. Baillie Wallace, who conferred the freedom of Edinburgh upon Mr. Parnell on July 20, is one of the ablest public men in the northern capital. He has served Edinburgh for many years on the Town Council, and he has taken a leading part in other local bodies. He is a very sincere Liberal.

A New Home Rule weekly paper is soon to be started in London under the editorship of Mr. Wynnes Reid, formerly editor of the Leeds (Eng.) Mercury. Mr. Reid is an able journalist with a wide experience, and is a sound Liberal. Since the adoption of Home Rule by Mr. Gladstone there has been no weekly organ in London of high standing which has supported that policy, and the need of one has been apparent for some time.

The Wicklow Assizes were opened on July 25 by Mr. Justice Murphy. The business before the jury was trifling. Mrs. Bright, matron of the Wicklow Lunatic Asylum, brought an action against the Great Northern Railway Company of Ireland for £5,000 compensation for injuries received in the disaster on June 12. The daughter of the plaintiff certified that her mother was not able to retain the position of matron in consequence of the effect of the accident upon her. The jury found a verdict of £700 damages for the plaintiff.

Mr. Matt Harris, M.P., wrote a funeral oration which was to be delivered over the grave of John O'Mahony in 1877. The composition did not see the light until July 23, when it was read in the Parnell Commission Court by Sir Henry James. Sir Henry read it with considerable feeling and apparent sympathy, the audience listening with deep attention. When he had finished he turned to one of the Irish members, and said with much earnestness: "That is one of the most beautiful things I ever read in my whole life; and fancy, the author of it is a builder, and a country town in Ireland!" He took away a copy of the oration when leaving court for the purpose of showing it to his friends.

Mr. Parnell's two speeches in Edinburgh on the occasion of the presentation of the freedom of the city to the Irish leader, have

already been published in a handsome pamphlet by an enterprising Liberal publisher and circulated throughout Great Britain. A circular sent out to members of Parliament and others by the publishers recommends the pamphlet in the following way: "These speeches constitute the most unanswerable indictment of the Piousist Government, and should be widely distributed amongst the English, Scotch and Welsh electorates. They fully explain the trickery of the Government which deliberately concocted the plot, which lent its lawyers and its spies, which blabbed away its official secrets, and exhausted every resource of trickery to gain its ends—the ruin of the Parnellite party."

LONDON, August 14.—In the House of Commons last night, Postmaster-General Raikes said he believed the letter addressed by President Harrison to the Mayor of Dublin had been opened, but by whom and when he was unable to state. Mr. Sexton having refused to place the envelope in his hand, Mr. Sexton thereupon promised to produce the envelope.

LONDON, August 13.—Among those who voted against the Government on Gray's amendment to the 17th bill in the House of Commons last night are six Unionists, eight Conservatives and all the Parnellites.

LONDON, August 13.—A bill introduced by Mr. Healy, providing for an appeal in all criminal cases in Ireland, passed its first reading in the House of Commons to-day.

LONDON, August 13.—The Cork Harbor Commissioners have unanimously petitioned the British Postmaster-General in support of the memorials of the Londonderry corporation and the Chamber of Commerce urging the Government to leave undisturbed the present mail arrangements, whereby Moville is the present port of call for the Canadian mails.

Dr. Kenny raised the question in the House of Commons to-night. Postmaster-General Raikes, replying, said that the subject was one for the Canadian Government. The Imperial Post Office really had no voice in the matter.

AMERICAN. The Virginia State Democratic Convention has nominated Captain Philip W. McKinney for Governor.

The United States ordnance building at Sandy Hook, N. J., was struck by lightning yesterday and burned. All the fine instruments were destroyed.

TRIO, N.Y., August 13.—The residence of James H. Jones, of Waterford, was burned this morning. James Jones, 75 years old, was overcome with the smoke and so badly burned that he died.

PITTSBURG, Pa., August 14.—Seven hundred men struck at Philip Nimitz & Co's Sligo mill yesterday because the firm required them to work with non-union men.

PHILADELPHIA, August 13.—The annual athletic exhibition of the Clans-Gael yesterday was attended by 25,000 persons. The profits, amounting to \$5,000, will be devoted to securing the arrest and punishment of the murderers of Dr. Cronin.

BALTIMORE, Md., August 13.—Frederick Schmeiss, a tailor, yesterday placed a bouquet on his wife's grave and then shot himself through the heart.

NEW YORK, August 13.—The death watch was placed by the Sheriff on the five murderers in the Tombs this morning. The condemned men are Packerham, Lewis (colored), Nolan, Giblin and Carroll, and they are sentenced to be hanged together on August 23. They are now confined in a long iron cage. They all killed women.

ST. JOSEPH, Ill., August 13.—Harry Lee, a well-known farmer, was found dead yesterday in his house with two bullet wounds in his head. It is believed he was shot in a family row and in self defense by his wife, who is out and bruised and bears many marks of ill usage. She refuses to say anything.

NEW CITY, N. Y., August 13.—Last Thursday, a family named Wylds ate for dinner what they supposed were mushrooms gathered from the fields near by. Shortly afterward four members of the family were taken ill, two of the daughters being seriously affected. On Sunday one of them, 25 years old died, and the other sister is still very sick, but may recover. The supposed mushrooms were toadstools.

NEW YORK, August 14.—Judge Book-staver, at the hearing of the case of Flaek against Flaek this forenoon, set aside all proceedings and annulled the decree of divorce. Flaek is sheriff of New York city and through conspiracy with prominent lawyers there had his wife given an absolute divorce when she applied for only a separation.

CHICAGO, August 13.—Pat O'Sullivan, the ice-man, charged with complicity in the murder of Dr. Cronin, attempted to hang himself in jail yesterday, but the guard frustrated his purpose.

NEW YORK, August 13.—The steamship City of Paris made the voyage from Sandy Hook to Queenstown in 5 days, 23 hours, 40 minutes. This beats her previous record and best eastern record by 49 minutes.

LEXINGTON, Ky., August 13.—A dastardly deed was made yesterday by assassin D. L. Baxter, a well-known newspaper correspondent, with a deadly machine which was left at the Leader office directed to that gentleman. There was sufficient dynamite in the parcel to have blown up any building in the city, and it only failed to accomplish its purpose because the parcel was taken to the office by a negro boy. Some persons think the sender intended to blow up the Leader office as well as to kill Baxter.

SEATTLE, W. T., August 14.—The James Hamilton Lewis, of Seattle, a sealing schooner, arrived here last night from Behring sea and reported that the Rush boarded her at sea, and found no skins and let her go, warning her out of the sea. At the time she had 123 skins on board, skillfully concealed. It is imagined here that the search officer of the Rush is either a fool or intentionally blunders in searching for skins.

NORFOLK, Va., August 14.—Littleton Owens, a colored politician who has represented Princess Anne county in the Legislature, armed himself with an old army musket loaded with buckshot yesterday and went to a barber shop kept by "Bob" Gorton. Finding Gorton asleep, Littleton placed the musket at his breast and riddled the body with buckshot. The barber's death was instantaneous. Owens was arrested. He suspected Gorton of being intimate with his wife.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., August 14.—The Secretary of State has licensed the world's fair of 1892 at Chicago for the holding of an international exposition or world's fair in the city of Chicago, to commemorate the 40th anniversary of the discovery of America. The capital stock is \$5,000,000.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, August 14.—Shortly after midnight W. H. Hansen, a book writer in the Covington pool room, and formerly a detective, entered the police station and seeking Taylor Herbert, the turnkey, became involved in a quarrel, during which Herbert shot and fatally wounded Hansen. Herbert was arrested.

BALTIMORE, Md., August 14.—The new three masted schooner Marion Manson, from

Bath, Me., reports that during a severe gale on August 5, two of the crew, John Trender, of Syracuse, N. Y., and Bernard McKinnon, of Philadelphia, were swept overboard and drowned.

COLUMBIA, S. C., August 15.—Alfred Moore was stabbed and killed by his brother Robert in Chesterfield county Tuesday night. The brothers were paying court to the same woman, out of which grew the trouble. The murderer escaped.

ROSLYN, W. T., August 15.—Fred Toashman, a saloon keeper, was lynched this morning for shooting a man named Thomas. Toashman was a hard character and had threatened to shoot four or five other men. Thomas is still alive, but in a critical condition.

MINNEAPOLIS, August 15.—The subsidiary High Court of the Ancient Order of Foresters to-day voted to sever all connection with the High Court of England and organize as an American High Court. The differences arose over the admission of colored men to the order, the English High Court insisting on it and the American objecting.

HELENA, Mont., August 15.—A Townsend the Missouri river is so low that a large area of the river bed is exposed. Townsend people recently began ground sluicing for the placer gold on the exposed portion of the river bed and have struck it rich. The first experiment yielded \$7 to \$10 a day to the men. During the low water these placers can be worked to advantage. The Missouri will probably soon be filled with gold miners for fifty miles each way from Helena.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., August 15.—Frank Weller, deputy collector of inland revenue for the Tallahassee district, was shot and killed last night by John Braswell, a moonshiner living near Westville. Braswell escaped.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., August 15.—The storm which passed over the Missouri Valley Monday night was the most disastrous known to this section this season. Over twenty persons were killed by lightning and the damage in animals killed and crops ruined will run up to over half a million dollars.

NEW YORK, August 12.—The counsel employed here by Mrs. Maybrick's friends to obtain evidence in support of the appeal for reprieve, have received a letter from Mr. Alfred Monk, lawyer of Montreal, suggesting that one Mrs. Yapp, who had to leave Montreal three years ago to avoid indictment for perjury for testimony given by her in a divorce suit, in which after entering into a conspiracy with the husband and his mistress, she swore the wife was an adulteress, might be the same Mrs. Yapp who was the chief witness against Mrs. Maybrick. Enquiries are being made.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., August 15.—A daring robbery took place last Sunday night on board Hamilton D'astion's steam yacht Manatee, which lay half a mile from the inlet wharf. The victims of the robbery were J. S. P. of New York, who lost a valuable gold watch and \$30 in greenbacks, and Jacob Whitmore, who was robbed of a valuable gold watch.

BATH, Me., August 15.—When President Farnon arrived here yesterday he made a speech, referring to Bath's principal industry, shipbuilding, which has greatly declined during the recent years, saying: "In every way that I probably can, whether as a citizen or a public official, I shall endeavor to promote the rebuilding of our American merchant marine and the restoration of that great carrying trade which we once possessed in every sea."

CANADIAN. An old bachelor named James Colter, living near Deloraine, Man., hanged himself Monday to a scaffold while temporary deranged.

A fatal accident happened at Broadview, Man., Monday, when a respected citizen named John Joyly was struck by a passing engine and killed.

At a largely attended meeting of Winnipeg citizens Thursday night it was decided to erect a monument to the memory of the late Hon. Mr. Norquay, subscriptions being limited to \$1.

The number of licenses granted American fishermen along the Atlantic coast under the *modus vivendi* is double the number issued last year. The Government regards this as conclusive proof of the recognition of the Canadian contention throughout the present controversy.

A nickel mine has been discovered upon Mr. Andrew McCormick's land, near Sudbury Station, which is considered very valuable. The copper company now operating in the neighborhood have offered to sink a shaft to test the quality of the ore on condition that they have the option of purchase.

Word has reached Ottawa that Mr. James D. Leary, the ship builder, of New York, will shortly build a timber raft to British Columbia and tow it to San Francisco, Cal. He was the builder of the two Joggins rafts, one of which broke upon the way to New York from Nova Scotia and was never recovered.

The Department of Customs has received a report from the collector at the port of Queenstown to the effect that the steambarge Kincaidine, of Goderich, has been seized. The vessel left without a clearance, the clearance having been refused on account of the vessel having a second licensed engineer. She is now tied up at Owen Sound, pending the minister's decision.

The dwelling house of John Garrett, of Souris, P. E. I., was wrecked by lightning on Saturday night. The lightning struck the roof, scattered the bricks in every direction, tore the shingles off the roof, smashed the rafters into matchwood, passed into the cellar, cutting out slabs of the flooring, shoving a piece of the stove and doing other damage. Mrs. Garrett and her infant had a miraculous escape.

There is trouble among the members of the White Lead Association of Canada. The association is composed of seventeen firms, ten of which are in Montreal, six in Toronto and one in Ottawa. It was formed last December with the object of controlling the price of white lead and regulating the purity of the article. The William Johnson Company of Montreal, manufacturers of paint and colors, have withdrawn from the association, and three other Montreal firms have signified their attention of doing the same. At the meeting of the Toronto branch it was decided to allow individual members to fix their prices, but the association will continue and guarantee the quality of white lead manufactured by them. The immediate effect of the withdrawal of the Montreal firms will be a cutting in prices.

OTTAWA, August 13.—Lieut.-Col. Walker Powell, adjutant-general, recently wrote to Quebec to ascertain just how many deserters there had been from "42" Battery. In reply he received a communication stating that eleven deserters and absentees without leave from "42" Battery, Quebec, have been reported since July 24. The reasons given are that there are always more desertions at this time of the year than any other, and it so happens this summer that labor is very well paid and

the demand for soldiers in the port so great that "crimping," which has not been heard of for years, is in full blast again.

WINNIPEG, August 13.—The Free Press makes the following announcement to-night, the practical correctness of which has been ascertained from the parties most deeply interested: "The Hon. Mr. Pendergast, representative in the Manitoba Government of the French, has stepped down and out. A week or so ago, when it was rumored that he would resign, he stated that he would retain his portfolio until the return to the city of the other ministers, when he would demand from them an explanation of the policy they proposed following. Apparently he followed this course, and their reply was such that he felt that he could no longer remain a colleague, which was accepted Saturday and as a result the portfolio of Provincial Secretary is vacant."

QUEBEC, August 14.—During a thunder storm at St. Thomas Montigny on Saturday night the electric fluid played numerous pranks at the residence of a farmer named Louis de Couzon, in the new parish of Notre Dame de Rosaire. It struck his building twice within a few minutes, entering at different places. The window glass was smashed, the stove split up, crockery demolished, timber scorched and various other evidences of the visit were left behind.

WINNIPEG, August 14.—Harvesting is general throughout the province. The weather has been favorable for operations in the harvest fields. Wheat will grade high. In the Fall districts the penalty of poor farming will be paid for with vengeance this year, while the reward for good farming will be very good.

HALIFAX, August 14.—Last evening Private Hill, of the West Riding regiment, who has been on guard duty on McNab's Island, incidentally to one of the soldiers there that "This was a queer world." Nothing was thought of this remark until about 12.30 this morning, when the report of a gun was heard in Bill's apartments. On going to his sleeping room a terrible sight was presented. Bill was lying in a pool of blood with the top of his head completely blown off, the brains being splattered over the wall. The immediate cause of the suicide was a letter from his girl in England.

STERLING, Ont., August 15.—Walter Smith, a school teacher, was killed here about twelve o'clock this morning by a freight train west of the station. He was struck by the engine while sitting on the track and horribly mangled.

HALIFAX, August 15.—Richard McAndrew, a colored bandman on board the British warship Tourmaline, has just died in the Dockyard hospital from gutty. Those sleeping in the same ward with McAndrew say his groans were terrible. He deceased was 45 years of age and leave a wife and family at Barbadoes.

TADOUSSAC, Que., August 15.—A fire broke out at 4 o'clock this morning in a bakery store at Tadoussac, and spread to three neighboring houses. They were all burned. The school house and the upper part of the village were saved only with much difficulty. There being no fire service, the water had to be carried from the river and thrown on the flames. The cottages of Archdeacon Evans and Mr. Henry Thomas, of the Academy of Music, were in imminent danger at one time. strenuous efforts to prevent the spread of the fire were made by Sir Roderick Cameron and his two sons, Rev. Care Lemieux, Mr. Caron, mayor of Tadoussac, Mr. Henry Thomas, Archdeacon Evans, and some other residents. The loss will reach \$5,000.

GOVERNMENT LAND IN DAKOTA. Millions of acres of free government land in the Mouse River, Turtle Mountain and Devils Lake regions of Dakota, near the great markets of St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth, secure a home in Dakota. For further information, maps, rates, &c., apply to F. I. Whitney, G. E. & T. A., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

WARRING BAPTIST ELDER. The Pastor's Nose Broken and the Brethren Badly Battered.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., August 13.—The congregation of Mount Zion Baptist church was in court yesterday for having participated in a general fight in the church. There has been trouble over the pastor, Elder Morton, the congregation being about equally divided in opposing and supporting him. He was locked out of church by the direction of the trustees, and this provoked threats of violence from his followers, but with a view to bringing about an adjustment of the difficulties the Elder was induced to tender his resignation.

Elder Williams was brought to the church to conduct the services as Morton's successor. One of the deacons got up and declared he should not occupy the pulpit. The Elder replied he was there to preach the Gospel, and proposed to do so if he had to fight. With this the row began. The pastor's nose was smashed, and a general knockdown followed. Several of the brethren were badly disfigured when they appeared in court. The contending factions swore out warrants for the arrest of each other on charges of assault and battery and of disturbing the peace.

WHO CAN GET GOVERNMENT LAND IN DAKOTA? All settlers in taking free government land in Dakota are protected from obligations to the amount of 160 acres of land, and seed, stock, implements and provisions to a reasonable amount; and sicc, are not liable for obligations incurred in other countries.

Catholics of the World. Rev. P. Lynch, of the Oratory of the Holy Family, Manchester, England, recently preached a statistical sermon, showing the strength of the Church in different sections of the world, in the course of which he introduced the following facts and figures in order to demonstrate the past and present condition of the Catholic population of the universe:

"Of the fourteen hundred millions of people in the world, about two hundred and thirty-five millions belong to the Catholic Church. In England the two dioceses of Liverpool and Salford contained 500,000 Catholics, or one-third of the entire Catholic population of the country. In Great Britain and Ireland there were some six millions of Catholics who did not comprise within their ranks to any great extent the wealthy and powerful. Many people in this insular country imagined that the Catholic Church abroad must be like what it was in England, holding an inferior position, and perhaps composed of an ignorant body, a body by no means remarkable for their literary attainments, wealth or power. In France, Protestants never found a firm footing; the French people had always remained true to the faith, Spain, Portugal, Austria, Hungary, Italy were at the present day Catholic countries, and the Catholics of Europe made up half the

population of that continent. Norway and Sweden were certainly Protestant countries, but in Germany more than a third of the people were Catholics. In England, it was not fair to add all the non-Catholic sects together to make up a Protestant total. The Church of England possessed about fifteen millions of adherents in England and Wales, and the total number of Protestants in the whole of the empire could scarcely be said to exceed twenty millions. So that whilst the Catholic Church could claim one in every six of the people of the world, the Protestant religion could only claim one in every seven hundred. The United States was the country in which the Catholic Church had its greatest influence in store for it. About one-fifth of the population belonged to the Catholic Church, and that Church was rapidly making headway whilst other religions were fast losing their hold on the minds of men. In India, of the two millions of Christians there, nearly one and three-quarters were Catholics. Mr. Craine, a Baptist, had recently referred to the failure of Protestant missions in India where the Baptist body progressed at the rate of a convert and a half per annum, each conversion of a heathen costing over £300. It was a well-known fact that the non-Catholic congregations in India were largely made up of the poorest of the poor, bribed, fed and paid to attend non-Catholic services. Mr. Craine said the only missionaries in India who were making any impression on the minds of the Pagan people were the Catholic missionaries and the salvation army, the latter of which, added the preacher, owed its progress to the fact that it worked on Catholic lines. In China there were about twenty-eight Bishops, over five hundred native priests, and over a million and a quarter native Chinese Christians. Every day the Church was receiving a large increase to the number of its converts in China. The Catholic Church was progressing in Japan also.

[FOR THE TRUE WITNESS. "FREETHOUGHT." BY JAS. T. NOONAN.

Thou much-applauded term, yet monstrous lie! Thou many-mothered single-eyed fraud, Sired by Satanic Demony, yet upraised on high by every adversary of Charity and God; Vile has thy course since infancy, thy lowly birth; Back to its source—perdition foul and grim; Countless the souls polluted and then strewn As rotid corpses in thy Bastille dim.

And whence begun thy warfare hideous ghoul? Even in the highest heaven's bright domain, Lucifer protested—protest vain and foul— Against the great Creator's everlasting reign; This was thy term Freethought's everlasting reign; Hence bold, This was thy fountain head, oh monster great! And angels bright and glorious rows cold, And lustreless and fallen low in state.

Case from thy far domed headlong down: Hurl'd into chaos, maddened in thy wrath; Fearful thy rage and furious thy frow, While desolation marked thy hated path. Yet forced wert thou in prison to remain With consolation only one—devoid of hope— And that to tempt poor human nature, e'en From peasant to the sovereign, peer or Pope.

And foundedst thou disciples after lapse of years, In Europe Martin Luther thou possessed; And then the peace of nations turned to fears, While hopes of happiness were sore distressed, Then plunder, pillage, tyranny and war, Stalk'd forth to fury, desolating all; While vile impurity made fierce endeavor for To ruin chastity and glory in her fall.

Then England, "brave and merry land" of yore— Where St. Augustin planted faith and hope— Land of religion, from its near to distant shore, Was smitten by this plague to disobey the Pope.

That only Vicar, representative of Him Who died in mortal pain on Calvary's hill; Lustful pretences and despotic plunder's vim, Was tyrant Henry's only wish and will.

Thousands of martyrs then were stricken down; Thousands of temples were profaned and pillaged their. While neither Sister's veil nor Bishop's gown, Nor hoary hair, nor infancy protected them; Wrecked were the convents—seats of all the lore—

Likewise the monasteries—refuge of the poor— While bloody Cranmer with his missions o'er All this fair country cast a desolation sure.

This was the "Godly Reformation," mislead men; These were the "Saints" renowned in history's page Cromwell and Cranmer, Luther, Calvin then, And monker Henry, vilest of this fearful age— What was their mission? Was it love and peace?

What was their object? Was it heavenly-born? No, but the devilish love of plunder, to increase Their lustful aims and villainies of scorn.

Misguided millions stop and ponder well! Compare these modern "Saints" with Saints of yore With Saints Augustin, Patrick, Columkill and Cell.

If much-prized "reason" leads you any more; Think how the Catholic Faith took root in peace, Think how the "Later Creed" has drenched with blood; Reflect and think, and then forever cease Those lying slanders on the pure and good.

Contrast in Canada the howling crew Whose yells resound along Ontario's lake, In deadly hate against these heroes true— The Jesuit Fathers—who for duty's sake Offer their lives in sacrifice at heaven's shrine; Contrast those bigots with the Jesuit—Lallement; With Brubeuf—martyred for that Faith divine; Or brave Marquette, and then conclusion draw.

And now "Freethought," thus traced to thy true source, We see you no doctrine heavenly born; But snare of demon, false, depraved, of course, Dangling millions, doming them to scorn; Thy day on earth is waning fast and sure, Thy fall designs are clearer brought to view, And victory crowns the suffering of the pure, For doctrine will not last unless 'tis true.

Glen Tay, Ont., Aug. 10th, 1889.

Election of Officers. At the last regular meeting of the Father Mathew Temperance Association of Almonte, the following officers were elected for the ensuing six months:—Rev. Director, Rev. D. F. Foley; President, Mr. John O'Reilly; first vice-president, Patrick Daly; second vice-president, L. W. McGarry; secretary, R. J. Slattery; assistant secretary, J. Hourigan; treasurer, J. Curtin. Committee of management, Messrs. J. J. O'Neil, E. J. McGarry, J. M. E. Levallee, M. Frawley, J. Malone, E. J. Cloutier, P. Slattery, B. Bolton and J. Oakley.

The disagreeable sick headache, and foul stomach, so frequently complained of, can be speedily relieved by a single dose of McGarr's Battered Pills.

A trouble and earnest prayer is more agreeable to God than one made with sweetness and tranquillity.—B. Henry Suso.



A NATURAL REMEDY FOR Epileptic Fits, Falling Sickness, Hysterics, St. Vitus Dance, Nervousness, Hypochondria, Melancholia, Intemperance, Sleeplessness, Dizziness, Brain and Spinal Weakness.

The medicine has a direct action upon the nervous system, and restores the vitality and increases the power of the brain. It is perfectly adapted to all cases of nervous debility, and leaves no unpleasant effects. It is a specific for all forms of nervous disease, and its use is recommended by the highest medical authorities. It can be obtained in this medicine free of charge from the Proprietor, Messrs. W. E. Saunders & Co., 188 Dundas Street, London, Ont. Price, \$1.00 per bottle; Six bottles for \$5.00.

KOENIG Medicine Co., Chicago Agents: W. E. SAUNDERS & CO., 188 Dundas Street, London, Ont. Price, \$1.00 per bottle; Six bottles for \$5.00.

EVERYBODY

Should keep a box of MCGARR'S PILLS in the house. They are carefully prepared from the Butternut, and contain nothing injurious. As an Anti-Bilious Pill, they cannot be equaled.

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE—25 cents per box.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION OVER A MILLION DISTRIBUTED.



Louisiana State Lottery Company. Incorporated by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes, and its franchise made a part of the present State Constitution, in 1870, by an overwhelming popular vote.

Its MONTHLY DRAWINGS take place Semi-Annually (June and December), and its GRAND ANNUAL DRAWING (DRAWINGS take place in each of the months of the year, and are all drawn in public, at the Academy of Music, New Orleans, La.)

FAMED FOR TWENTY YEARS For Integrity of its Drawings, and Prompt Payment of Prizes, Attested as follows:

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."

Commissioners. We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in the Louisiana State Lottery which may be presented to our counters.

H. M. WAINSWORTH, Pres. Louisiana Nat'l Bk. PIERRE LANAUX, Pres. State National Bank. A. GARDWIN, Pres. New Orleans Nat'l Bank. CARL KOHN, Pres. Union National Bank.

GRAND MONTHLY DRAWING, At the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, September 10, 1889.

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$300,000. 100,000 Tickets at \$20 each. Halves \$10; Quarters \$5; Tenths \$2; Twentieths \$1.

LIST OF PRIZES. 1 PRIZE OF \$200,000 \$200,000 1 PRIZE OF 100,000 100,000 1 PRIZE OF 50,000 50,000 1 PRIZE OF 25,000 25,000 2 PRIZES OF 10,000 20,000 2 PRIZES OF 5,000 10,000 2 PRIZES OF 2,500 5,000 200 PRIZES OF 500 100,000 500 PRIZES OF 200 100,000