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**North-West Territories.**


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**SUPREME COURT.**


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RICHARDSON, J.]

[April 23.

IN RE F. H. MARTIN.

*Criminal law—Extradition Act, s. 19—Fugitive not surrendered and conveyed out of Canada within two months.*

The accused was committed by Mr. Justice Richardson for extradition to the United States on a charge of having committed grand larceny in the second degree, in the State of Minnesota.

The fugitive was not surrendered and conveyed out of Canada within two months after his committal for surrender, and application was made to the committing Justice on behalf of the prisoner under s. 19 of the Extradition Act, for an order discharging him out of custody. No cause being shown by the Minister of Justice, upon whom notice of the application had been served, order was granted.

*Hamilton, Q.C., for accused.*

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**Flotsam and Jetsam.**


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X RAYS AS EVIDENCE.—A district Court of Colorado seems to have had the honor of determining for the first time the rule of law governing the admission in evidence of shadowgraphs or photographs made by what is known as Cathode or X ray process. *Smith v. Grant*, Chicago Legal News, December 26, 1896: The Court held such photographs admissible as secondary evidence upon the same ground as maps or drawings.—*Central Law Journal*.

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It is well known that a great many barristers in the Temple have been having a bad time during the last year or so. One evening last winter a certain young barrister—now a Welsh M.P.—went across to the Inner Temple library. He was surprised by the sudden appearance of his errand boy, who was looking very excited. "If you please, sir," the boy gasped, "a gentleman is waiting for you at the chambers with a brief! He can't get out, sir, I've locked him in!"—*Ex.*

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Justice—You are charged with stealing Colonel Julep's chickens. Have you any witnesses?

Uncle Mose—I heb not. I don't steal chickens befo' witnesses.—*Ex.*