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EIGHTH YEAR — THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 17, 1887. — PRICE ONE CENT

BATTERING THE BUDGET.

FORSAKING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR R. AND R. TACTICS.

The Ontario Assembly Waxes Warm Over the Ashes of Campaign Cries—Mr. Meredith and Mr. Evanturel Have it Out—The Debate Closed.

The Attorney-General was late yesterday and it was 3.45 when the Legislature said its prayers and settled down to work. The first item of importance was a motion by Mr. Meredith that the Government furnish a detailed statement of its expenditures in connection with Regiopolis College, Kingston. The Provincial Secretary said the building had been utilized to accommodate about 150 lunatics from other overcrowded institutions, and agreed to furnish the figures asked for.

Col. Clarke moved the second reading of the bill making the members of county councils ex-officio justices of the peace. The Attorney-General strongly opposed the provisions of the bill, and held that it would create too many magistrates. He was always willing to appoint new magistrates on proper qualifications, but this bill was too sweeping. Mr. Meredith supported the bill, which was referred to committee.

The debate on the Budget was resumed by Mr. N. Awrey of South Wentworth. He defended the expenditures of the Government, which relieved the people of possible direct taxation. If Sandfield Macdonald's surplus had been retained, it would have been simply retained in the Treasury instead of the pockets of the people where it belonged. The increased school expenditure of the province was especially commendable, and in public institutions the country demanded greater accommodation. The Opposition could not find fault with the colonization road expenditure, as two elections are to be held in the free grant district this summer. He claimed that this expenditure was less per mile than under the Sandfield Macdonald administration. A large increase of population in the free grant districts is the result of the Government's policy.

Mr. W. S. Biggar (North Bruce) compared the Quebec and Ontario expenditures to the advantage of the former. If Quebec had an impoverished treasury she had saved her people from direct taxation. He advocated another appeal to the Dominion Treasury. The Dominion had completed its most pressing public works and should now assist the provinces. There was too much direct taxation in this province. The financial condition of the province he considered a bad one and a day of reckoning was before the Government.

Mr. J. Waters (North Middlesex) criticized the statements of H. E. Clarke that the Provincial Treasurer should number among the assets the crown lands. By this method the timber and mineral lands would also have to be computed at a present value, which was impracticable. If any blame attached to the increase of expenditure the Opposition was as responsible as the Government as they had always refused to move any reductions in the estimates before elections. The speaker deprecated party feeling, and said the Government owed its majority to the votes of Liberal-Conservative electors. He urged economy upon the Administration.

Dr. Wylie (West Simcoe) made a general attack on the Government benches. He accused Mr. Mowat of gerrymandering, and called Archbishop Lynch the real Premier of the province. He was in favor of making the public institutions self-sustaining.

Mr. Pacaud (North Essex) took the floor and in defective English told the House how his election had been won by the race and revenge cry of the Conservatives. He was severe on the leader of the Opposition and taunted him with his attack when he (the speaker) was unable to reply from his position in the press gallery. He went into the race and revenge issue over again, and said that the events disposed this cry, of which his own election was a proof. The Liberals were trying to reject the cry, which did not affect the legislation of the country. Mr. Pacaud proceeded to pay his respects to the Mail newspaper, and referred to his support by the Essex military battalion. He made a few remarks on the surplus, and received generous applause as he resumed his seat.

From 6 to 8 the House took a recess, after which Mr. G. F. Marter (Muskoka) continued the debate. He accused the Government of using the colonization road funds for election purposes, and said that Muskoka always suffered in the years when there were no elections. He had not come to beg grants from the Government, but would uphold the just claims of his district.

Mr. S. Armstrong (Parry Sound) said that as a matter of fact the districts which received most road moneys from the Government gave Conservative majorities. He made a strong plea for the free grant districts, which he said had a population as large as that of British Columbia, which had an assembly of its own. The Government had a surplus, and his district wanted some of it.

Dr. W. A. Willoughby (East Northumberland) said there was a strong feeling in the country that the common schools were not getting enough from the Government, and that there was too much higher education legislation. He would like to know how many agricultural college graduates followed farming?

Mr. T. Murray (North Renfrew) re-opened the old sore and confined his speech to the Race and Revenge issue. He said he was surprised at his own election, and that the cry was a weakness instead of strength to the Government. As a Catholic, he repudiated the statement that Archbishop Lynch controlled the Administration. The Catholic clergy took no part in the elections except when their own interests were in danger. ["Oh, oh!"] He contended that the race cry emanated from the Dominion Government, and that this was why Mr. Mowat brought on the local elections.

Mr. W. P. Hudson (East Hastings) said he had lost the entire Catholic vote in his constituency, but was elected by a larger majority than before. [A Reform member: "Me, too."]

Mr. Evanturel (Prescott) presented the claims of the older counties of Eastern Ontario for road grants, and then launched into a spirited speech on "Race and Revenge." He denied that this cry came from the east. The Catholics of Ottawa had shown their repudiation of it by electing Protestants. Mr. Evanturel was particularly severe on the Mail newspaper and the short-lived Standard.

Mr. Meredith was the next speaker, and he briefly criticized the Budget. He held that the Government was misleading the country regarding its financial position. He objected to a readjustment of the subsidies out of the Dominion Treasury. Ontario should fight against any increase in subsidies. This province would have to pay a large share of the additional taxation for such purposes. The Opposition leader did not dispute the necessity for increased expenditure, but he held that the increase was an undue one. It was time for the Government to retrench if direct taxation is to be avoided. Every dollar of the alleged surplus is due to the Dominion Government's aid and is a Dominion debt.

Mr. Meredith answered the remarks of the Prescott member on the religious issue. He (Mr. Evanturel) was a standing monument on the floor of the House of the Government's responsibility for the race issue. Mr. Meredith denied that he had raised the "No, Popery" cry. The charge that Mr. Dalton McCarthy raised this cry in Haldimand was also false and unjust. He was in favor of the same rights for all religions. No seat in Cabinet or office of any kind under the Government should be given because of any particular faith. The speaker dealt with the school question, and repeated his arguments against the Ross Bible. He was loudly applauded by the Opposition members.

Hon. A. M. Ross closed the debate. He defended the bookkeeping of the department, which had been freely criticized by the Opposition. Mr. Creighton's statement that the common school fund should not be included in the assets, the Hon. Treasurer held to be wrong, as the province could draw and use it whenever desired. He considered all the assets in the financial statement clearly good. He denied that the annuities sold were liabilities of the Government. He criticized Mr. Meredith's speech on the religious issue, and held that gentleman responsible for raising the cry.

A wordy personal debate ensued, in which Hon. Mr. Hardy, Hon. Mr. Ross and Mr. Meredith took part. Mr. Ross finished his speech at 11 o'clock, and the House went into Committee of Supply and immediately adjourned.

Echoes of the Debate.

Mr. Pacaud may not believe in "Race and Revenge," but he had his "revenge" on Mr. Meredith yesterday.

The debate could have been finished in one day if the speakers had confined themselves to the Budget.

The fustings harangues of hon. members are a part of themselves and got a fresh airing.

Mr. Evanturel is the coming orator of the Reform side of the House.

The bitterness of the religious cry will not lose its edge for at least one session.

The debate was without interest, except for the side issues bequeathed from the campaign.

"Burlesque and Tragedy" was the designation respectively of the speeches of Mr. H. E. Clarke and Mr. Meredith, given by Hon. Mr. Ross.

New members preface their remarks with "Mr. Speaker" occasionally, but frequently with "Mr. Chairman," "Gentlemen" or "Sir." The fustings leaves its mark.

Free Law Books for Reeves.

Among the notices of motion given were these:

Col. Clarke (Wellington): Resolved, That in the opinion of the House it is desirable that one copy of the statutes of this province shall be annually supplied to each reeve and deputy reeve of the municipal counties in Ontario, under the provisions of R.S.O., 1877, c. 2, s. 3.

Mr. Graham: On Monday next—Inquiry of the Ministry, whether it is the intention of the Government to reduce the rate of interest on drainage debentures held by them against the several municipalities of Ontario; if so, to what extent.

Feasting the Members.

Hon. Speaker Baxter gave a dinner party last night at which the guests were:

Hon. A. S. Hardy,	Col. Gibson,
A. Bishop,	J. Blyth,
J. S. Cruess,	W. M. Dack,
C. Drury,	R. Fell,
C. C. Field,	P. Graham,
G. Hess,	A. B. Ingram,
G. F. Marter,	J. S. Miller,
O. J. Phelps,	J. Rayside,
E. W. B. Snider,	J. A. Sprague,
R. Tooley,	J. Rorke.

W. B. Wood,

THE QUEBEC LEGISLATURE.

The Most Important Part of the Speech From the Throne.

QUEBEC, March 16.—The session of the Provincial Legislature, which opened at the end of January and adjourned early in February last for the re-election of new ministers, was resumed at 3 o'clock this afternoon, when the speech from the throne was read. After congratulating Her Majesty on the jubilee of her reign and dealing with many local matters, the speech said:

"My Government intends inviting the Governments of the other provinces and that of the Dominion to examine a question of vital importance, namely, that of their financial and other relations with the Federal Government.

"The obscurity in some respects of the B.N.A. Act of 1867 and the interpretation given to some clauses of that Act, under certain circumstances, have given rise to well-founded fears for the maintenance of our local institutions and necessitate an understanding between the provincial and Federal Governments, with a view to arriving at a state of things more satisfactory to all.

"The lapse of twenty years since confederation has shown the insufficiency of the financial arrangements made at the outset. Upon entering into confederation the Province of Quebec, like the others, gave to the central power its portion of the customs and excise revenues, which have more than doubled since. It has received in return only a yearly fixed and settled grant. While the provinces gave up in this way the surest and most important of their revenues, they remained burdened with heavy expenses for the support of their local institutions, which expenses must of necessity increase with the growth of the population and the development of the country.

"Under these circumstances, and for these reasons, my Government believes the time has come for the provinces to consider the situation seriously and to consult together upon the means to surmount the present difficulties and prevent their recurrence.

"You will be made acquainted with the progress of the negotiations which may take place on this subject, and called upon if need be to pass resolutions suitable to the circumstances."

—Steel wire door mats will not wear out. They require no shaking as they clean themselves. They do not fill with dirt and dust; all dust falls through and can be readily swept up. 136

The Regents Prepare for Trouble.

BUCHAREST, March 16.—The Bulgarian regents, fearing an outbreak of hostilities, have divided Bulgaria into two military zones, and appointed a commander for each zone with virtually absolute powers. Tirnova has been fortified and garrisoned, and the Varna and Bourgas shore defences have been strengthened with artillery.

The Striking Belgian Miners.

BRUSSELS, March 16.—The strike inaugurated by the miners at Wens is spreading to Soignies. The men are greatly excited and an outbreak is feared. Extra troops have been despatched to the scene.

Music and eloquence in the Pavilion to-night. Remember the Orphans; help the Newsboys.

Banquet in Honor of Dr. Junker.

BERLIN, March 16.—The Geographical and Anthropological Societies gave a banquet this evening in honor of Dr. Junker, the distinguished African explorer. The Doctor, in a speech, gave a graphic account of his travels in the Congo country.

An Italian General Disgraced.

ROME, March 16.—The Italian Government has recalled Gen. Gene, the commander of the Italians at Massowah, disapproving of his course in giving the Abyssinians 1000 rifles in exchange for the captive members of Salimbeni's expedition.

The Emperor's Birthday.

BERLIN, March 16.—On the German Emperor's birthday eighty-five members of the reigning houses will assemble, with 350 notables in their suite.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

Geo. F. Belden & Co., rubber dealers, have assigned; liabilities $50,000.

Ex-Governor Hoadley of Ohio was admitted to practice in the courts of that state yesterday.

Alexander Hairstone, a Reidsville, N.C. negro butted his wife in the head until he killed her.

The Reed Manufacturing Company's factory at Canayoharie, N.Y., was burned yesterday; loss $50,000.

A fire at the corner of Hamilton-street and Broadway, Albany, yesterday caused a loss estimated at from $25,000 to $40,000.

Half of the business part of Blackville, N.C., and some dwellings, were burned yesterday. The total loss is estimated at nearly $100,000.

A great gale swept over George's Bank on March 11, and it is feared much damage was done, as a large fleet of fishing vessels were on the bank.

It is stated that Mr. Bayles, who has been appointed President of the Board of Health of New York City, has long been a prominent Knight of Labor.

The remains of Capt. James B. Eads, who died at Nassau, Bahama Islands, on March 8, arrived at St. Louis yesterday morning. The funeral will take place to-morrow.

Warden McGarigle, of the County Hospital at Chicago; Warden Varnell, of the County Insane; Edward McDonald, Engineer at the hospital; Richard Driscoll and James Connelly have been arrested as boodlers.

Steel wire Mats are now in use in all our principal churches, schools, banks and public buildings. Offices and factory, 6 Wellington west. 136

THE CZAR AGAIN ESCAPES.

BOMB-LADEN STUDENTS AWAIT HIM IN THE STREET.

But He Passes by Another Way and the Liberators are Unable to Get at Him—The Bombs Were Charged With Dynamite, Bullets and Strychnine.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 16.—The Official Messenger publishes the following: On Sunday last, at 11 o'clock in the morning, three students of St. Petersburg University were arrested on Newski Prospect, having in their possession bombs. The prisoners admitted that they belonged to a secret criminal society. The bombs found on them were charged with dynamite. Each bomb was arranged to throw eleven balls, and all these balls were filled with strychnine.

His Imperial Majesty Wept.

LONDON, March 16.—On Sunday morning the Czar had no suspicion of any danger whatever. He had been congratulated by Gen. Gresser upon his continued safety. The story that a bomb was thrown beneath the Czar's carriage appears to have emanated from Vienna. The Czar cried on hearing of the danger which he had escaped. He did not learn the particulars until he arrived at the Gatschina Palace.

The persons arrested in connection with the constitutional plot indignantly deny that they are in any way connected with the outrage, and repudiate any idea of conspiracy. Their motto is, they say: "The people's with the Czar or against the Czar." They have published a lithographic periodical, composed mainly of extracts from the works of notable writers, on constitutional law and political economy. The statutes of the society obliged all the members to join at the signal of their chief, in doing their utmost to subvert the existing government and establish a constitutional government.

A Gloomy View.

BERLIN, March 16.—The Post takes a gloomy view of the plot to assassinate the Czar and says: "With terror and regret we say that Europe must prepare to see Russia adopt a policy of despair, taking shape either in fatalistic resignation or frantic adventures. The latter is the more probable. It will require a superhuman effort on the part of the Czar to oppose the tempest of voices calling for war as a remedy for Russia's woes."

Another Account.

LONDON, March 16.—A despatch from St. Petersburg to the Daily News says: "While the Czar was returning from the requiem services in the Cathedral of St. Peter and St. Paul, a bomb attached to a cord was thrown in his direction. The intention was to tighten the string, which was in connection with mechanism, and this exploded the bomb, but before it could be executed the criminal and a suspected accomplice were seized. It was found they lived together in a lodging house in a suburb of the city. The police visited this house and discovered a quantity of explosives and a number of revolutionary pamphlets. Over 200 persons already have been arrested in connection with the affair, and domiciliary visits are being made throughout the city."

A Woman Among the Accused.

LONDON, March 16.—A despatch from St. Petersburg to the Standard says that one of the six students arrested in connection with the plot carried a hollow book, containing a bottle filled with dynamite and poisoned bullets. Others had parcels and bags containing bombs. A woman was arrested who had a bomb concealed in her muff. The would-be assassin is of the Russian stature, and refuses to reply to any questions.

The Plot Very Extensive.

VIENNA, March 16.—It has been ascertained that the recently discovered conspiracy of Russian land owners and tradesmen to overthrow the Czar's Government was very extensive, and included a number of military officers, and that it was chiefly on this ground that the Czar was averse to embarking in war.

Congratulated on His Escape.

LONDON, March 16.—Baron De Staal, Russian Ambassador, has received from all the diplomats in London and from Prime Minister Salisbury expressions of congratulation on the Czar's escape from assassination last Sunday and of horror over the plot against his life.

Twenty Females Arrested.

LONDON, March 16.—A despatch from St Petersburg says two of the six persons arrested on the Newski Prospect are quite young and that two others appear to belong to the peasant class. All six carried poisons and it is presumed they intended to commit suicide in the event of arrest. Twenty female students of the Bestwcheff institute are among those arrested in connection with the plot.

Royalty's Regrets.

LONDON, March 16.—Queen Victoria has sent a telegram to the Czar congratulating him on his escape. The Prince of Wales visited the Russian Ambassador to-day and expressed the grief of himself and the Princess of Wales that such an attempt had been made upon the life of the Czar and offered their congratulations upon the Czar's escape.

Emperor William Favors Peace.

BERLIN, March 16.—It is reported that Emperor William on receiving the French general, the Marquis D'Absac, said: "Tell your compatriots that there is no danger of war. So long as I live I shall use all my influence to maintain peace. God will soon call me to himself. I do not wish to leave my people a heritage of blood. Germany shares my desire for good relations with France."

Germany's New Battalions.

BERLIN, March 16.—A bulletin issued by the War Minister disposes of the new battalions formed by the Army Bill. According to this order two battalions will be continued at Moulhouse, three at Cologne and one each at Rastadt, New Brisach, Hanau, Cassel, Munster, Dusseldorf, Aachen, Goerlitz, Strasburg and Inowrazlaw.

A French Tragedy.

TOULON, March 16.—To-day M. Anbergal, the conductor of the orchestra at the Grand Theatre, quarrelled with his mistress, an actress named Lery, and shot her dead just as she was buying a ticket at the railway station preparatory to leaving the city. The murderer then threw himself beneath a passing train and was crushed to death.

CABLE NOTES.

A shock of earthquake was felt in Mandalay yesterday. No damage was done.

Stewart Brothers, slate and timber merchants, London, have failed; liabilities $500,000.

A fire at Mandalay yesterday destroyed much valuable property belonging to Europeans and natives.

The Indian Government intends to station a force on the frontier in the Pishin district to morally support the Ameer of Afghanistan.

Emperor William has conferred upon Count Di Robilant the Italian Minister of Foreign Affairs, the decoration of the Prussian Order of the Black Eagle.

M. Constans, French Minister to China, announces that the Chinese Government has authorized the joining of the Annamite and the Chinese telegraph systems.

A disastrous explosion of dynamite occurred Tuesday in a stone quarry at Loboeltz, Bohemia. All the men at work in the quarry at the time were blown to atoms.

Letters from Prague refer to an earthquake on Saturday around Perjbram, and say that the Village of Birkenberg was destroyed, the inhabitants taking refuge in Pragne.

The Vienna Correspondent of the London Standard says it is reported that Emperor William on his birthday will proclaim Crown Prince Frederick William co-regent with the consent of the Bundesrath.

Pesth despatch: Many members of the Unterhaus and Oberhaus have enlisted in the army. Gen. Jelentzix addressed them yesterday in patriotic terms, assuring them that the Emperor relied upon their devotion for the protection of the country.

A MAJORITY OF FORTY.

The Government's Retention of Office Beyond all Doubt.

OTTAWA, March 16.—The result of the election in the Northwest Territories puts the Government's retention of office beyond all doubt. The Premier now figures on a majority of at least forty. Several Rielite Bleus have already caved in and will be found on the Ministerialist side, and it is understood that Bergeron, a leading bolter, is ready to "confess his fault" and return to the fold.

Mr. Small, M.P., and F. D. Barwick, who have been here two days, will be back in Toronto to-morrow night. Mr. Small saw the Minister of Public Works to-day re Toronto Harbor improvements, and handed him a telegram from City Clerk Blevins asking if Toronto contributed $100,000 would the Government complete the works and keep them in repair. Sir Hector will declare himself on this proposition to-morrow.

The contract for the supply of 75,000 gallons of oil to the lighthouses has been divided between the Imperial Oil Company of London and the Petrolia Oil Company. The Imperial has the larger share of the contract.

A telegram received to-day from Mr. C. H. Mackintosh, at Port Arthur, says Dawson's majority in Algoma is twenty-six.

The Government has issued an Order-in-Council naming Tuesday, June 21, as the official date for celebrating the Queen's jubilee. This date is not obligatory on the part of the municipalities, who can celebrate on any day they choose.

THE DEDHAM TRAGEDY.

Many So Badly Injured That Their Death May Be Looked For at Any Time.

BOSTON, March 16.—A number of victims of the Forest Hill accident were buried from Roslindale, Dedham and West Roxbury to-day. There are many who are seriously if not fatally injured in Roslindale, whose death at any moment may be looked for, and the probability is that the dead will number over thirty. Some of the injured are so badly shaken up and internally injured that their recovery will be a matter of months.

Self-Murder at Windsor.

WINDSOR, March 16.—Last evening, about 9 o'clock, John McNish, carpenter and builder, aged 65, committed suicide. About the hour named McNish seems to have experienced a fit of temporary insanity. He arose, secured his razor, and with one desperate stroke severed the muscles, windpipe, jugular vein and chief artery of the throat, expiring in a few minutes. His aged wife, who no doubt witnessed the act, was so overcome that she lay in hysterics for several hours.

An Essex County Reeve Unseated.

WINDSOR, March 16.—Thomas White and H. E. Cunningham ran for Reeve in Anderdon Township, Essex County, last January. White was elected, but his opponent brought a charge of bribery against him, and the case was tried before Judge Horne one month ago. The principal charge against White was that just before election day he paid a voter $5 to drive his mother to his brother's house. Judge Horne yesterday decided against White, and a new election will be held.

Little Lord Fauntleroy, only 25c. McAinsh & Ellis, opposite the Postoffice.

A C.P.R. Baggageman Killed.

OTTAWA, March 16.—Wallace Veitch, baggageman on the C.P.R. local train from Montreal to the city, was killed at 10.30 to-night. Just as the train was arriving in the station the baggage car ran off the track and Veitch, who was inside, opened the door to jump out. Just as he jumped the car overturned, falling on him and crushing him into a shapeless mass. He was aged about 22. His father, Wm. Veitch, is a conductor on the road.

A New Election in East Bruce.

WALKERTON, March 16.—Mr. Cargill, the member elect for East Bruce, has resigned on account of the flaw in connection with the postmastership of the village of Cargill. The returning officer has issued his proclamation calling for the nomination of candidates on March 26. If Mr. Cargill is opposed the election will be on April 2, but so far there is no opponent in the field.

Lawrence Barrett's Difficulties.

MILWAUKEE, March 16.—Lawrence Barrett says, in regard to the suit of Henry Gillig, of the American Exchange in London, that on his European tour in 1884, which was generally thought to have been very successful financially, he was obliged to borrow money of the Exchange. He says the Exchange is now trying to collect thirty-five per cent. interest, and that suit was brought in an irregular way with the notion that he would rather submit than make public the facts.

Little Lord Fauntleroy, only 25c. McAinsh & Ellis, opposite Postoffice.

Another Bridge Accident.

MARIETTA, O., March 16.—The engine and tender of the eastbound morning train on the Marietta, Columbus and Northern Railroad went through the Vincent trestle, twelve miles from Marietta. The engineer and fireman were killed, and the conductor and brakeman badly hurt. M. Early, a passenger, had his legs mashed.

Capital Punishment Abolished.

AUGUSTA, Me., March 16.—The repeal of the Capital Punishment Law has been effected and imprisonment for life is substituted for death in all cases of murder in the first degree. Such convicts, however, are to be kept in close confinement away from all associations and no pardoning power is left to the Governor and Council unless the convict is proved innocent.

OUR OWN COUNTRY.

Items of Interest Received by Mail and Wire.

Listowel is to have a new Presbyterian church costing $15,000.

An attempt was made a few nights ago to fire the North American Hotel, Kincardine.

It is understood that Mr. D. Smith, the Woodstock Chief of Police, will resign shortly.

Harry Rice, a Burford hotelkeeper, has recently paid $150 in fines for violating the Scott Act.

In consequence of the death of the late Mr. Fraser, the Dominion Board of Appraisers will be reorganized.

The Government have chartered another schooner of 150 tons to be fitted out as a fishery protection cruiser.

The contract for building the Hamilton drill shed has been awarded to Messrs. Pigrott of Hamilton for $33,000.

A Mrs. Smith, an agent for a Connecticut corset factory, has been fined $10 and costs at St. Thomas for peddling her wares in that town.

Mr. J. A. Macdonald, a lawyer belonging to Sarnia, jumped from a moving train at Brockville on Tuesday morning and narrowly escaped death.

J. Knight of Brantford, a brakeman on the Grand Trunk Railway, was killed on Saturday morning on the Milwaukee Junction, near Detroit.

The address of the County Council of Frontenac to Her Majesty the Queen will be an elaborate affair of great value. It will be in book form.

Eight hundred men are at work on the Rocky Mountain division of the Canadian Pacific Railway clearing away the snow left there by the recent slides.

Charles Smith, colored, who stole a sum of money from James Sherwood of Trafalgar a short time ago, has been sent to the Penitentiary for three years.

Oscar Ault, a carpenter working in the Stormont mill at Cornwall, fell into a vat of boiling indigo, and before he could be taken out the flesh was stripped from his bones.

Thomas Hopkins and Mrs. Peers, inmates of the Elgin County Poorhouse, eloped on Saturday night. The lower part of the man's face is eaten away with cancer and the woman smokes.

It is reported that the Ontario Government have refused to agree to the legislation asked for by the Ottawa City Council to enable the corporation to issue new debentures for street improvements.

An old Frenchman who keeps the Dusty Miller Hotel in Cumminsville was arrested last Saturday for violating the Scott Act, and kept in jail for three days, when it was discovered that he was not the man wanted. An action for damages will result.

THE AMERICAN CARDINALS.

A Reception at Rome at Which Many Ladies Were Present.

NEW YORK, March 16.—A despatch to the World from Rome says the American Cardinals held another reception in the Palace of the Propaganda yesterday, and the attendance was very large. At the reception of the new French Cardinal recently elevated to the purple, which was also held yesterday, ladies were denied admittance, as it is contrary to etiquet on such occasions. The fair sex, however, were again admitted to the reception of the American Cardinals, in deference to the wishes of Cardinal Gibbons, who insisted that it was an American custom, and that as he was an American their presence was desirable. The rule was therefore set aside for the time being, and the Cardinal's gallantry was rewarded by a perfect avalanche of ladies, who swarmed about him and vied with each other in doing him honor.

Conferring the Mozetta and Beretta.

ROME, March 16.—Cardinal Pecci, the Pope's brother, received the new cardinals to-day and accompanied them to the throne room, where the Pope conferred upon them the mozetta and crimson beretta. Cardinal Mazella addressed the Pope, who replied. In the morning the Vatican messenger went to the residence of Cardinals Gibbons and Taschereau, and other members of the Sacred College, to notify them that a public consistory would be held to-morrow.

Dr. McGlynn's Case.

NEW YORK, March 16.—The correspondence between Cardinal Simeoni and Archbishop Corrigan in relation to the McGlynn matter is still in progress. Persons who have access to the Vatican asserted yesterday that Mr. McGlynn would not come to Rome, and that Cardinal Gibbons will not espouse his cause before the Vatican. Should this prove true the doctor's excommunication is not unlikely to follow soon.

FROM AN AMERICAN SOURCE.

A Report That Canada Proposes a Fisheries Commission.

NEW YORK, March 16.—An Ottawa despatch says the Canadian Government eight weeks ago forwarded to the Colonial Office in London a proposition which, it was suggested, should be sent to the United States Secretary of State by the English authorities, suggesting a modus vivendi for the settlement of all differences between the British North American possessions and the United States. It is suggested that in order to settle all difficulties Canada submits that Great Britain should at once propose to the United States the settlement of all questions without reserve, by the appointment of a commission to consist as follows: One delegate to be named by the Governor and Council of Canada; one from Newfoundland by and with the consent of Great Britain; two from the United States, and one from some independent European power. With such a commission, it is said, all questions could be satisfactorily adjusted. It is understood Germany is the power which Canada would prefer as referee.

THE CHOLERA IN SOUTH AMERICA.

Merchandise from the Infected District Admitted Without Question.

NEW YORK, March 16.—The Tribune says: In spite of the fact that cholera had been raging in the Argentine Republic since last November, merchandise from the River Platte and Chili has been steadily brought into this port and distributed over the country in a thousand different directions, with no attempt at precaution on the part of the quarantine officials. Now that the winter is over and such safeguard as frost gives can be depended upon for only a short time longer, shipping brokers, customs officials, longshoremen and others who are brought into direct personal contact with the merchandise from the cholera-infected countries, are alarmed over the inaction of the health officials. Even some of the importers who own the merchandise, but who do not run the risk of handling it, are feeling a lively interest in the question whether there is to be a quarantine established here this summer against the products of the River Platte. It is said some of the brokers whose business it is to handle and inspect the stuff for the importers have refused to perform this duty.

See American illustrated papers for description of Henry Ward Beecher's funeral. McAinsh & Ellis, opposite Postoffice.

Great Floods in Dakota.

BISMARCK, Dakota, March 16.—The Northern Pacific train from the West was delayed seventy hours by the flood. It reached here last evening. Reports indicate that the Missouri must break within a week, and there is great alarm among the people living along the banks. Thirty bridges on the Northern Pacific, between this point and Billings, have been swept away. Much other damage has been done. Miles City is under water. At Medora the water surrounded the extensive slaughter-houses and refrigerators of the Marquis De Mores. Never in the history of the country has there been so much snow. The water is now pouring into the Missouri in immense torrents and every creek is swelled to the proportions of a river.

The Journey of Two Canadian Girls.

ST. PAUL, Minn., March 16.—Two children wandered into Windom, Minn., Sunday evening and gave their names as Charlie and Bertie Byers of Rochester, N.Y. Yesterday it was discovered that they are girls named Lily Davey and Kate Leeker, aged 14 and 16 years. They were born in Lindsay, Ont., and on the death of their parents were taken to Rochester by their brother, W. A. Byers of Calgary, Northwest Territory. Wearying of eastern life, they started without money to join their brother. After several vain attempts to get away they exchanged their attire for that of boys. They traveled on foot or in box cars with tramps, encountered all imaginable dangers, and finally wandered into Windom Depot. Their friends have been notified.

Murdered by a Burglar.

NEW YORK, March 16.—The residence of Layman Weeks, No. 1071 Dekalb-avenue, Brooklyn, was entered by a burglar at midnight. He broke a side light by the basement door and gained an easy entrance. Mr. Weeks heard the noise and jumping out of bed rushed down stairs. As he reached the lower hall the burglar pulled his pistol and fired. The bullet lodged in Mr. Weeks' breast and caused instant death. The murderer escaped without being seen by any of the inmates of the house, nor is there any clue to his identity.

Mr. Weeks was 36 years old. He leaves a wife and several children.

Kansas Women Determined to Vote.

LEAVENWORTH, Kas., March 16.—During the last two days over 1000 of the leading women have registered and will vote under the recent law granting municipal suffrage to women. Mrs. Helen M. Gouger of Indiana is here doing herculean work. She is paying special attention to organizing colored women and has aroused great enthusiasm. Meetings of the law and order party are being held every afternoon and evening. The whisky alliance is also fully organized and at work. The spring election will therefore be hotly contested.

Munroe's Squad Drill, Otter's Guide and other military books. McAinsh & Ellis, opposite Postoffice.

Losses of Canadian Insurance Companies.

BUFFALO, March 16.—The loss by the Courier fire last night was $30,000 to $40,000. The Courier carries an insurance of $315,000, of which the British American of Toronto had $3000, the Quebec of Toronto $1500 and the Western of Toronto $4000.

The Old Rulers of the "Classic Suburb."

—When the pretty little village of Yorkville first became incorporated Postmaster Dobson ruled the roost. Good old John Severen, Jimmy Wallace, Tom Atkinson and big-hearted Peter Hutty also sat around the council board. The coat of arms of the old village still can be seen on the main entrance of the Town Hall. Tonkins' hats, 718 Yonge-street north, Toronto. x

THE CELT A BURNING ISSUE

THE ENGLISH DO NOT KNOW WHAT TO DO WITH HIM.

He Continues To Look With Contempt Upon the Law and Those Who Enforce It and Manages To Keep John Bull in Very Hot Water.

DUBLIN, March 16.—In the Bankruptcy Court to-day Father Keller of Youghal, County Cork, was called to testify respecting his action as trustee under the Plan of Campaign. He was absent. Testimony was then given that a summons to appear had been served on the priest, that he refused to receive it and that Mr. Harrington, who was present, took the summons and threw it out of the window.

At the Hanlon inquest at Youghal to-day, Mr. Harrington asked the Inspector of Police if a statement made in the House of Commons last evening by Mr. Balfour, Chief Secretary for Ireland, that twenty-one out of the twenty-two policemen engaged in the work of serving the first summons on Father Keller were injured in the riot which resulted was true. The inspector replied that but three of the policemen were injured. He added that it was not he that supplied Mr. Balfour with the report, but Capt. Plunkett, the Magistrate. Witness was unable to say whether he had reported to Capt. Plunkett that twenty-one policemen had been injured, but he swore that Mr. Balfour's statement was untrue.

Parnell's Line of Action.

LONDON, March 16.—Mr. Parnell will oppose any Irish land purchase bill based upon the existing judicial rents, which, it is generally admitted, are at least 25 per cent. too high. During the Easter recess Mr. Parnell will abstain from political work.

Trevelyan Favors Conciliation.

LONDON, March 16.—Sir G. O. Trevelyan, speaking at Liskeard this evening, said his position as regards Ireland had not changed. He hoped, however, that a basis of agreement would yet be found by conciliatory methods. The Liberals were all agreed upon a general policy and desired a similar agreement with reference to Ireland. He repeated that the Gladstone bills were dead and buried, and could be ignored. He believed there was very little real difference between Lord Hartington's conditions for the settlement of the Irish question and those which Mr. Gladstone enunciated in Parliament; but the latter, the Unionists thought, were not sufficiently embodied in Mr. Gladstone's bills. He never expected that the leaders who had been separated from the Liberal party by the objection to Gladstone bills would return to that party unless their objections were definitely met, but he certainly believed it possible to reconcile the differences and to deal with the Irish question in a manner more thorough than the half-hearted style of the Conservatives.

The Pope Congratulates William.

ROME, March 16.—The Pope has sent a letter to Emperor William congratulating him upon the 90th anniversary of his birthday, stating that as the conditions of the Papacy do not permit the sending of a special representative, the Pope hopes that his sincere good wishes will be equally acceptable.

CRACK CLYDESDALE STALLIONS.

A Grand Collection of Heavy Draughts on Haymarket-Square.

The Clydesdale Horse Association of Canada held its first spring stallion show in Haymarket-square yesterday. A large number of horsemen and farmers gathered to view the heavy horses, which were gayly decorated with ribbons of various colors. Many of them presented a fine appearance, and credit is due to the owners for having them in such fine shape at this season of the year. Mr. A. Galbraith of the firm of Galbraith Bros., Janesville, Wis., American breeders and importers of Clydesdale horses, acted as judge and every satisfaction was expressed as to his decisions. The scene around the Haymarket reminded one of old-time horse shows, with the spirited animals trotting up and down to show off their good points, the crowd of hangers-on, the innocent farmers and the busy fakirs with their pills and patent medicines. The weather was favorable and helped to make the show a success. The prizes were awarded as follows:

CLASS I.—Clydesdale Stallion, foaled previous to Jan. 1, 1884—Robert Beith, Bowmanville, Imp. Glinns, 1st; Beattie & Torrance, Markham, Imp. Pickwick, 2d; Graham Bros., Claremont, 3d; David Annan, Pickering, Imp. Laird O'Logie, 4th; Wm. L. Taylor, Doncaster, Imp. Macarthur, 5th.

CLASS II.—Clydesdale stallion foaled in 1884, Robt. Beith, Bowmanville, Imp. Norseman, 1st; Wm. Rennie, Toronto, Imp. Richmond, 2d; John Bell, Markham, Imp. Campsie Lad, 3d; Robt. Beith, Bowmanville, Imp. Lord Borthwick, 4th; Robt. Melkleham, New Hamburg, Imp. Middleton Laddie, 5th.

CLASS III.—Clydesdale stallion foaled in 1883—Graham Bros., Claremont, Imp. Macqueen, 1st; James Smith, Brantford, Imp. Gladstone of Oakbank, 2d; Wm. Rennie, Toronto, Imp. Barclay, 3d; Prof. Smith, V.S., Toronto, Imp. Sir William Bryce, 4th; Prof. Smith, V.S., Toronto, Imp. Cairnbragie of the Dean, 5th.

Mr. Colter Says He Is "Counted Out."

Mr. C. W. Colter, the defeated Reform candidate in Haldimand, is in the city. He declares he has been "counted out," and proposes to enter a protest against Dr. Montague's return.

Mr. Colter has had particularly hard luck with his parliamentary efforts. After defeating Mr. Merritt last September the House was dissolved before he ever saw his seat, and now he says he is elected and can't get a chance to take the seat.

Messrs. Edwards and Robillard, the Russell County representatives in the Dominion and Local Legislatures, will be banquetted in Metcalfe on Monday night.

The Irish National League.

The local branch of the Irish National League met last evening in St. Vincent Hall. The treasurer reported a number of subscriptions, Mr. Teefy read one of the recent speeches of Michael Davitt. The Executive Committee reported that there was every indication of the annual banquet this evening being a success. Father O'Reilly of Detroit, Col. Atkinson of Detroit and other Irishmen of note will be present.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

Mr. Goldwin Smith will deliver an address to the Fortn