

FROM SON TO NORTH

Route is given by the Railway-C.N.R. to Winnipeg-Railway compelled to Come Into Underground.

Hon. George Gray, of railways, had been considering today a western railway route rival, including application, Northern Railway and its proposed new union station of Winnipeg.

The city was looked by Solicitor Hunt, and M.P., was on hand to the proceedings. Mr. Hunt had the proposal to run into the station on the increase the congestion in the congested conditions. He at the C.N.R. ought to come into the station on or underground. Mr. Hunt would refer the application to the railway commission, whose conditions under way will be permitted to plans.

The lines were approved from the Dominion Railway Lines Co., Biggar to other towards Peace Valley (subject to the approval of a line if there is a variation in the matter will have to be made).

Northern Railway, Vondra and the Dominion Railway, from Ross Lake on branch, Manitoba, north, Pacific, revision of Lang-branch Lines Company the approval of a line to Edgely and the Dominion Railway to Dyer. The proposed lines practically another, Hon. Mr. Gray to allow the application to cover for the present, and McNutt, M.P., during the hearing.

ED BY PRAIRIE FIRE. Narrowly Averted at High River. Alberta, May 9.—A triple wheat and cattle car when a steam plow (ang J. E. Conlin, was struck and a fire and escape cut off a contract to break out the above property and at dinner a fire was being fought in prairie plow was taken out to a sudden change of wind found themselves in flames. A Hankin, had his crisp and suffered and became unconscious. He was driving the plow when a head in a smock when he danger and succeeded in outfit through the fire zone men will recover. Guns and harness were de-

FOR GUARDIAN. Newspaper Will Have One Correspondent in Western Provinces. May 10.—At the annual book committee of the Church in Canada, held in the city of Winnipeg, a western editor for the guardian, one minister from four western conferences selected to be responsible for church news and editorial in his own conference. Creighton, editor of the will on his approaching coast, confer with each regarding the appointment.

for Grande Prairie. May 8.—Thomas Foster has started off Grande Prairie and his holdings. Arctic Ice company. They are all their farming equipment, etc., and will travel their new home 250 miles. He secured scrip which his this summer, and 200 acres for a real estate man.

Northwest Opponents. May 10.—Northwest of the Canadian settlement will be heard by finance committee tomorrow Nelson today arranged for the Minnesota, chosen at the recent conference. Paul and Senator Mc- side a similar arrangement with Dakota delegation.

to Meet Hackenschmidt. May 9.—Frank Gotch, the champion wrestler, announced he would sign articles for a championship match with Hackenschmidt, the Russian, and will travel to the Canadian League baseball park. Gotch will receive his share of the purse, with terms for the contest were tonight, it is said.

Essexped Accident. May 11.—A bolt of lightning struck a chimney on the farm of Dons, and the house was within three hours before the engineer saw action. He stopped the time to escape the wreck, which struck the rock and damaged.

Obtaining New Factory. Ont., May 10.—The enclosed an order for the McAfee for the establishment of a factory to manufacture insulating paper. The cost is \$50,000. It is guaranteed by the amount on first mortgage.

TERRIFIC STORM SWEEPS MANITOBA

It is feared that there may have been loss of life—Rainfall measured 2.6 inches, one of heaviest on record—Tents Flooded Out—Long Distance Telephone Cable Carried Away.

Winnipeg, May 11.—Manitoba has been swept by one of the worst tornadoes in years. The wires are down in every direction from here and it is impossible to ascertain the extent of the damage, but it is feared that it has been very great, including loss of life. The storm wrought its greatest havoc west of this city, broke over Winnipeg with tremendous thunder, wind and sleet at an early hour this morning.

The city is practically cut off from outside communication, other than an intermittent service over a single wire the C.P.R. have been able to maintain south and east and communication with Brandon and the head of the lakes over the C.N.R. All this afternoon the C.P.R. had not a wire working west of Winnipeg, or either the main line or the branches to the north and east and rain and buffeted by the heavy rain of early this morning, wires have gone down at many points, taking with them the poles and wrenching of the cross arms which carry them. The worst hit up on the C.P.R. system is this side of Portage, where a long string of poles went down together. While trouble east and west along the north shore has been not been altogether interrupted, and it is more a matter of adjusting strained wires than rebuilding the line, but the local service with Fort William and Port Arthur was cut off.

The C.N. telegrams were quite badly affected during the early hours of the day, but there was no wholesale shutting of poles and lines towards noon had restored communications nearly as far as Regina and Saskatoon west and covered a wire to the head of the lakes. The G.N.W. is in very bad shape, the storm having carried away a section of the line just south of Morris. Citizens had to walk this morning to their offices, the street car system and practically all power and light in the city being cut off by the burning out of the feeders at the substitution of the Winnipeg Electric Co., apparently caused by a lightning bolt, which struck just outside the building. The heavy rain and sleet did an immense amount of good, according to market gardeners in this district. One of the heaviest rains on record fell here last night, being 2.6 inches, and campers had been had night tents being flooded out, but their tents were not blown down by the gale. A lightning bolt struck the Winnipeg Electric Company's power transmission cable at Douglas, Man., fourteen miles east of here. A special train has been sent to the scene of the accident and members of the steam plant, carrying a peak load, is maintaining a partial street car service. The long distance telephone cable at Daotah, Man., was carried away in the storm and telephone communication with southern and South-Western Manitoba is consequently cut off.

"TAKE HIM AWAY; HE IS DRIVING ME MAD" Camorrist Works Himself Into a Prisoner When Confronted by Accuser—Asks to be Taken in Asylum—Judge Adjoins Court.

Viterbo, Italy, May 10.—The afternoon sitting of the trial of the Camorrist was brought to a sudden close by a scene in which Enrico Alfano Ericone was the principal actor. He had gradually worked himself into a frenzy during the confrontation of the Abbatemaggio by Giovanni Rapi, the alleged treasurer of the organization. Alfano's wrath burst forth when the informer began to ridicule Rapi on the explanations of his whereabouts at different times. He suddenly leaped to his feet, and pointing to the witness, he said: "Take him away; he is driving me mad. Take me to a lunatic asylum. Send me to hard labor, although I am innocent, but relieve me of the presence of that fiend. I cannot stand him a moment longer. Ericone was ghastly and trembling. He was surrounded by the prisoners in the case and fearing he might collapse, the president adjourned the court. The court was crowded today, but women were excluded. Rapi said that he had been accused of theft in Naples in 1902-03, but declared that he was innocent and in Paris during the time. He attempted to prove this by some documents which he signed in those places.

CANAL CO. INCORPORATED. May Built From Fort Frances to Long Sault. Ottawa, Ont., May 11.—The House of Commons railway committee this morning reported the Senate bill to incorporate the Western Canal Company, the promoters of which are: G. A. Graham, John T. Horne, Fort William; David C. MacKenzie, G. A. Stephen, H. Williams and O. A. Albert, of Fort Frances. The bill proposes to construct a canal from a point on Rainy Lake, five miles east of Fort Frances, by way of Rainy River, to a point five miles west of the foot of Long Sault Rapids on Rainy River. The company is authorized to dispose of the bonds or other securities in any amount not exceeding two million dollars. The bill provides that, in certain conditions the canal may at any time be taken over by the government.

Ontario Cuckoo Dead. London, Ont., May 9.—Richard Gibson, of Delaware township, one of the most widely known cuckoos of Canada, died last night. For many years his entries have been carrying him to fame at all the big stock fairs in the United States and Canada. For soreness of the muscles whether induced by violent exercise or injury Chamberlain's Liniment was excellent. This liniment is also highly esteemed for the relief it affords in cases of rheumatism. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

IN THE SENATE

Bill to Incorporate the Alberta Electric Railway Co. Given a Third Reading. Ottawa, May 9.—In the senate the following bills were given third readings: To incorporate the Alberta Electric Railway Co., and respecting the Songhess Indian reserve.

On moving the second reading of a bill respecting the sale of seeds Sir Richard Cartwright stated that it had been passed by the Commons and provided standard regulation for sale of seeds. Senator Loughheed asked Sir Richard Cartwright if any arrangement had been made for the adjournment of parliament, Sir Richard replied that Senator Loughheed should consult the leader of the Opposition in the Commons. He hoped, however, that arrangement would be made which would enable Parliament to adjourn before the month.

NIGARAGUAN PRESIDENT RESIGNS FROM OFFICE

Juan Estrada Gives Order President to Vice-President Adolfo Diaz Not to Attempt to Leave State—Constitutional Assembly May Elect Estrada's Opponent, General Lina Mena, to Succeed.

San Juan Del Sur, Nicaragua, May 11.—A proclamation dated Granada, capital of the department of the same name, on the northwest shore of Lake Nicaragua, published here today, announces that Juan Estrada, resigning the presidency of Nicaragua to Vice-president Adolfo Diaz, tried to embark at Corinto on board a south-bound steamer last night. The president was accompanied by General Moncado, the Nicaraguan minister of Interior. Telegraphic communication between this city and the capital at Managua is cut off. Earlier advice received from Granada indicated that a crisis had been reached in the long existing ill-feeling between President Estrada and his minister of war, General Lina Mena. It was reported that the president had imprisoned the war minister, but later had been forced to release him, merely withdrawing from the presidency. The constituent assembly of Granada, according to the despatches, discuss the legality of the presidency of Adolfo Diaz and probably will elect General Mena to succeed.

FEDERALS' MACHINE GUN IS EFFECTIVE

300 Troops Under General Navarro Are Holding Jurez Against the Insurrectos—Fire Has Broken Out in the Town.

El Paso, Tex., May 9.—Nearly 300 Federals, with two machine guns, concealed somewhere in town and they are hesitating to move in close formation for fear of a rear or flank attack. The rebels have forced the fighting in the face of the deadly fire of the Federal machine gun. They are reported to have forced the officers for an attack on the Federals because the artillerymen of General Navarro many times demonstrated manumission with the southern and South-Western Manitoba is consequently cut off.

Western Students Who Won Recognition at University of Toronto. Toronto, May 9.—The successful students in the examinations at McMaster University included the following from the West: Graduates in arts, degree of B.A.: Mabel Helen McKen, Vancouver; Vincent Walter Price, Dauphin, Man.; Graduates in arts, degree of M.A.: John Gordon Ferguson, Brombury, Sask.; Duncan Alexander McMillan, Brandon. Third year, Thompson scholarship, in special political economy, J. E. Fitch, Barons, Alberta (tied with another student). First year, Elmore Harris, Prize in Latin, William Turnbull, Vancouver; Elmore Harris, Prize in Greek; Walter Clark, Diamond City, Alta.

Rain at Saskatoon. Saskatoon, Sask., May 9.—This district was visited last night and all today with one of the best rains of the season, there being a steady fall for upwards of fifteen hours, in some places taking the form of snow. The rainfall at this time, just after farmers have finished seeding, is taken as a splendid omen for the season's crop, the grain being up from one to three inches in many places.

ANGLO-AMERICAN PEACE PACT HAS BEEN PROVISIONALLY DRAFTED

Provision for Permanent Peace—Arbitration for Everything—Questions of National Honor to Have Special Courts—Other Disputes—Rights of Allies Protected and Further Alliances Forbidden Except by Mutual Consent—Treaty Indefinite.

Washington, May 10.—The Anglo-American arbitration treaty, which is expected to establish permanent peace between the two great English-speaking nations, and to hasten materially the end of war, has been drafted after long and thoughtful conferences. While some of the clauses are likely to be remodelled by the respective governments, the substance will not be changed. The treaty is to be submitted to the State Department for an indefinite term, for the arbitration of every dispute that may arise. Ordinary differences are to be submitted to the Hague tribunal. Questions involving "the mutual interests, the independence and the honor of the two high contracting parties" are to be adjudicated by a high commission, mutually appointed. As the suggestions now stand they are preceded by a preamble, although it is not sure whether it will be allowed to remain. The treaty, which is said tonight to be ready, is deplorable of making it far-reaching, and the British suggestions do not seem to be met definitively.

As an authority on international law, Mr. Bryce decided, after long consideration, to make the new treaty much like the Anglo-American treaty of 1905 as possible, although both will be separate. Mr. Bryce, it was learned tonight, feels that the provisions of the original Hague agreement could be retained to apply to all states and the government of the United States and the government of Great Britain, finding it advisable and humane to settle all differences that may arise in the future without resort to force, in order to preserve order and peace in conformity with existing arbitration treaties and understandings, hereby agree to consider and enforce the settlement of all questions involving the vital interests, the independence and the honor of the two high contracting parties by means of arbitration and peace under such conditions and for such a period of time as shall hereinafter be fixed. "I. Differences which may arise of a nature which it may not be possible to settle by diplomatic means hereafter be referred to the Court of Arbitration at The Hague, established by the convention of the 29th of July, 1899, but which however, shall not affect the vital interests, the independence or the honor of the two contracting States and do not concern the interests of third parties. "II. That in all cases of differences which affect the vital interests, the independence and the honor of either or both of the two contracting States, the question shall, upon termination of consultation by the respective diplomatic officers, be referred to arbitration, under continued amicable relations, pending the selection and appointment by plenipotentiary high commissions, accredited with all necessary powers to act as a neutral court, of the settlement of the dispute. "III. That in all cases of differences which concern the vital interests, the independence and the honor of either or both of the two contracting States, the question shall, upon termination of consultation by the respective diplomatic officers, be referred to arbitration, under continued amicable relations, pending the selection and appointment by plenipotentiary high commissions, accredited with all necessary powers to act as a neutral court, of the settlement of the dispute. "IV. That during the operation of this treaty the United States, on the one hand, and Great Britain, on the other, consent not to become parties to any convention, treaty, understanding or alliance with any power of powers except and by the consent of the other. "V. The provisions of treaties and alliances to which both the contracting States are parties at the time this treaty goes into operation are not considered binding upon either of the two States in the settlement of disputes involving the vital interests, the independence or the honor of the two contracting States, except under the provision of section III. "VI. Each government agrees that, in the event of a dispute not adjudicable by the permanent Court of Arbitration at The Hague, under the terms of this treaty, each government will hold itself responsible to defray all expenses and pay all damages arising from said dispute, the amounts to be submitted to and agreed to in the course of the arbitration conferences brought about by such a dispute. "VII. An indefinite period. "VIII. In each individual case the high contracting parties, before appointing the permanent Court of Arbitration at The Hague, and before the settlement of the dispute, shall arrange separate prayers in duplicate, defining clearly the matters in dispute, the scope and nature of the differences to be arbitrated and the period fixed by common consent for the formation of the plenipotentiary arbitration commissions and the duration of their terms. "IX. The plenipotentiary commissions shall be appointed for the United States and for England by His Majesty the King, but subject to the confirmation of the respective governments, which shall ratify the sittings and the findings of the high arbitration commissions. "X. It is agreed that all differences not affecting the vital interests, the independence and the honor of either of the two contracting States will be submitted to the permanent Court of Arbitration at The Hague, in accordance with the provisions of the existing arbitration treaties not superseded by this agreement, and the two governments will observe the stipulations of such treaties as may concern the subject in dispute. "XI. Both high contracting parties are at liberty to agree to arbitration treaties under such terms with any other governments. On this subject both high contracting parties shall be bound to the new treaty.

A SENSATIONAL TRIAL OPENS AT LETHBRIDGE

Two Men Charged With Conspiring With a Woman to Defraud a Property Insurance Company—Accused Aids Lethbridge to Secure Farming Congress.

Lethbridge, May 8.—The second trial of Dr. Fuller and Frederick Thaeler for compelling W. H. Johnson, a power to act as a witness, was a note for \$500 and a certain assignment of a lease by using violence, and with a woman, to defraud Johnson, started today. The trial is a sensational one and more exciting sensations than at the first trial are expected. Nearly all the morning was given to the testimony of jurors and the unusual incident of trying a juror for fitness to serve took place. It is agreed that the witness expressed prejudice. He was adjudged unfit. Only one witness gave evidence. Mrs. Spaven, who worked for the Thaeler, as her evidence was substantially the same as before. Orville Smith, of Lethbridge, on his part, having been called to the stand last week, was surprised to find that he had been murdered as a juror for two years. His brother had identified his dead body positively after he was supposed to have been killed by tramps and thrown on a railroad track in Montana, and it was buried. He left home four years ago and had not written for over two years until a few weeks ago. The family did not tell him he came home and they saw it was really he. William Whyte, vice-president of the C. P. R., has written the board of directors promising to investigate the claims regarding the destruction of the old bridge-Weberburn from the western end. The board has been insistent that this be done this year as hundreds of workers are suffering from the lack of the line, which has been surveyed for years. The board has undertaken to ask their friends in Utah to influence with Salt Lake City to withdraw their claim for the dry railroad track in Montana, and it was learned that the board has written to Lethbridge, which is also after it, and believes it has aprior claim.

JUDGES TO EXAMINE OCTAGENARIAN FRASER

Divisional Court of Toronto Decides to Visit Home of Aged Man Who Married Young Woman in Order to Make Test of Sanity Under Most Favorable Conditions. Toronto, May 9.—The case of Michael Fraser, the octogenarian who married Miss Robertson, of Dundas, aged 21, was called in the Divisional court again today. The Rev. Wm. Robertson, the bride's father, was the principal witness. He was the officiating clergyman at the wedding and told of the strenuous time the bride's wedding party had in order to reach the bridegroom. Late this afternoon the case came to a conclusion when the chief justice announced that the court would visit Michael at his home and judge for itself. A. E. H. Creswick, K.C., for the applicants, sought to secure an order that Michael Fraser should be examined at the court house, Midland, but the court decided to see him under the best conditions. The three judges and a stenographer will form the entire examining body. No counsel will be allowed part in the examination. On this interview was the result of the fight over the \$50,000 estate of Michael Fraser.

WINNIPEG BOARD OF TRADE. Freight Rates in Canada and U. S.

Winnipeg, May 9.—The articles in the Manitoba Free Press on the subject of freight rates in Canada and the United States formed the subject of a general discussion at the annual meeting of the Winnipeg board of trade today and the discrepancy between the rates charged shippers on the Canadian side and those charged on the United States side of the international boundary was pointed out to the representatives of the shippers' association, with a strong recommendation that that section take it up at the earliest possible date with a view to having the matter reopened with the board of railway commissioners. The election of officers resulted as follows: President—H. Bruce Gordon. Vice-president—E. A. Mott. Treasurer—J. J. Read. Secretary—C. N. Bell (4th year). The small number of new settlers locating in Manitoba was also discussed.

A complaint from the fire underwriters was read on the delay in making public the finding of the report of the fire commission appointed last winter. The representation of Winnipeg at the meeting of the board of directors of the fire underwriters by the council of the board. The board has a large increase in back-funds.

GREAT DISORDER AT CAMORRIST'S TRIAL

Judge Upon Being Charged With Partiality to Accuse Declares in Reply That Lawyer Was Never Known to be Impartial. Viterbo, Italy, May 9.—Although unable to appear at the morning session, Abbatemaggio, the informer, took the witness stand again this afternoon at the trial of the members of the Camorra, who were charged by Giuseppe De Martinis, who like all the other prisoners, made a sweeping accusation against him, maintained his charges to the end. Abbatemaggio, however, interrupted the witness, who cried out: "There is also a rod in pickle for you, Lawyer Lodi!" All the lawyers of the defence here entered violent protest, accusing the president of the court of partiality to Abbatemaggio. To this the president responded with contempt: "There never was an impartial lawyer."

AN ECHO OF THE REBELLION.

Compensation Granted for Loss of Time by Imprisonment. St. Thomas, Ont., May 9.—Adam W. Graham, Manitoba, is receiving congratulations because of the following item in the estimates of the House of Commons on Monday, May 8, 1911: "Compensation for A. W. Graham, of St. Thomas, for loss of property in Port Garry in 1876, \$524." In the troublous times in the Canadian west in 1871, Mr. Graham with three o'clock this afternoon several others were injured by burns.

SHOT DEAD BY BANDIT.

Robber in Salt Lake City Kills One of the Mounted Police. Salt Lake City, May 9.—Joseph Axton, a hotel fireman, was shot and killed this evening, while trying to stop a bandit who robbed a pawn shop of \$5,000 worth of property. Before he was overpowered and turned over to the police, the fleeing robber shot Axton through the body and F. D. Hignebon in the leg. He gave his name as J. J. Morris, a ranchman. Wellman is at a hospital and is thought to be mortally wounded.

Huge Chinese Loan.

Peking, May 9.—An Imperial edict issued today authorizes the conclusion of the Hukwang loan of \$30,000,000 for railroad construction in Central China. The loan was signed a year ago by financiers representing the United States, France, Great Britain and Germany. Despite provincial opposition, the amount of the loan remains at \$30,000,000 and notwithstanding the elimination of a branch section of the railroad, the four groups of bankers will participate.

Big Steamboat Merger.

Montreal, May 9.—Representatives of Richelieu and Furness interests will meet this afternoon to sign the documents making the big steamboat merger an accomplished fact. The appraisers of the properties of the Inland Navigation Company were instructed as to the footing on which the valuation was to be arrived and commence their work immediately. The work will be done by the Canadian Appraisal Company.

THE ANNEXATION OF THE BAHAMAS.

London, May 12.—The Birmingham Post understands that Sir Wilfrid Laurier has promised to visit the Bahama Islands, and that he will visit here, provisional negotiations with the Colonial Office with a view to the annexation of the Bahamas to Canada. Not any objection is likely to come from the home government.

INSURRECTOS ARE IN POSSESSION OF TOWN

Francisco Y. Madero, Jr., the Victor in the Bloodiest Battle of the Revolution, Fought at Juarez—General Navarro Surrenders With His Garrison.

Juarez, Mex., May 10.—This little bullet-riddled city tonight is the provisional capital of Mexico, and Francisco Y. Madero, Jr., provisional president, and his staff, have taken complete possession after winning the bloodiest battle of the Mexican revolution. In a corner room of the barracks, which for two days he held against the terrible fire of the rebels, sits General Juan J. Navarro, the Federal commander, a captive, having surrendered today with almost his entire garrison of several hundred men. His sallow face is sunken, his head is bowed, and he does not talk for the bitter sting of defeat has disheartened him. In contrast, in another part of the little town, is Francisco Y. Madero, Jr., the conqueror, surrounded by members of his family and his staff, joyous, exultant and the victor, ready, he says, to make peace with the Mexican government if it is disposed to do so sincerely and without such vague promises as "President Diaz" manifesto contains.

In the hotel lobbies, store fronts and hallways the improvised hospitals of the battlefields, are the wounded, attended by a score of surgeons and nurses from El Paso, who have volunteered their services. The doors of the Portio Diaz Hotel, where thirty wounded lay tonight, are covered with blood and gore soaked clothing. New Railway for Quebec. Toronto, May 9.—Construction work commenced yesterday on the first section of the Quebec and Saguenay railway, which is estimated to cost \$1,000,000. The project was promoted by Mr. Rodolphe Forget, is intended to be the first link of a railway to reach the Labrador coast in connection with a project to establish a fast steamer and railroad route with one terminus at Queenstown. It will be necessary to blast a way along the face of the bank of the first section, and it is estimated that construction cost will amount to about \$75,000 a mile. Attempted Jewelry Fraud. Winnipeg, May 9.—A barefaced attempt to defraud DeWolfe's of \$1,000 of jewelry was frustrated by a clerk's precaution of calling up the bank to verify the check presented in payment, but in the meantime the man and woman who tried to make the haul escaped to the door and got away. The police, on hearing of the case, expressed indignation at not being informed at once. Oh Tanks Exploded. Topoka, Kansas, May 9.—Phillip Blatner and Peter Burghart, car repairers, were killed by the explosion of several oil tanks in the car repair shops of the Santa Fe Railroad at three o'clock this afternoon. Several others were injured by burns.

FOR SALE

1,500 head of First-class Breeding Ewes, with Lambs by side. Sold in large or small bunches. MCKELVEY & BROWN, Ponoka. H. W. MILLS, Real Estate and Employment Office, 270 Jasper St., Edmonton, Phone 4183. City Lots, Farm Lands, Wild and Improved Land. Three Lots First street, \$225; half cash, 6 and 12. One Lot First street, \$250; half cash, 6 and 12 months. Three Lots Namayo, \$200; half cash, 6 and 12. One Lot, Namayo, \$200; half cash, 6 and 12. Lot 6, block 7, Namayo, \$250 per foot. One Lot, 18, Block 77, Norwood, \$400; \$125 cash, 6 and 12. Two Lots, 5, block 13, Norwood, \$550 half cash, 6 and 12. Two Lots, 1 and 2, block 11, Westmount, \$125; \$125 cash, 6 and 12. Farm 2 miles from Wakamau Lake, half mile from school, \$11 per acre; terms.

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