

## ENGTH

pe of more enduring  
of battleship, for  
it to be ephemeral  
vention, it is essen-  
relative strength of  
of men voted for  
2,000, and for Ger-  
expenditure involved  
undoubted advantage  
the policy pursued by  
relation to manning  
to be put out of view  
our strength with  
While the number  
12,800 and Germany  
States is 61,000.  
aining our Navy, as  
of Germany, again  
example of the differ-  
ence voluntary and  
e. Taking the year  
Great Britain amount-  
pay, in round figures  
pensions £1,500,000, a  
This as against Ger-  
So vast an expendi-  
incurred unless the  
attached, let us ex-  
importance to the  
gun. Our strength  
tainly an element not  
view when we compare  
two-power standard.  
relative strength, we  
at Admiral von Tir-  
that the Germans will  
Dreadnoughts, and  
detracted that if the  
power by Parliament  
sary authority in the  
sent financial year, we  
Dreadnoughts in the  
metified in adding the  
Lord Nelson class, and  
ranored cruisers, which  
half of twenty-six Dread-  
it seems to be sufficient  
certainly not excessive.  
said Lord Brough-  
"to consider the  
en the merits, unal-  
allegiance, and I am  
Government are doing  
e country in regard to

## N FIRST ROUND.

Association Craft Are  
ed Up.  
2.—The first test of  
engo in the lake was  
ame today when the  
lth birthday time for  
was unable to get out  
w men could not be  
e engineer also quit,  
amen said, completed  
getting out of the  
ft. Chicago today, but  
ed by union men,  
racious, belonging to  
Transportation Com-  
of the Lehigh Val-  
Marion, of the Pa.  
dians Transportation  
Seneca went to South  
was the only boat  
and none left that  
ed of the Lake Car-  
n arrived in the river  
locks of the river and  
ers were distributed  
today at South  
e stated: "The Lake  
ation has made work-  
on the boats so in-  
ill self-respecting men  
ndure the persecutions  
en. The ship owners  
to deprive seamen of  
liberty through an at-  
tack the notorious "con-  
charge look  
knows this to be the  
sting scheme ever in-  
an effort to establish  
erica. The unions of  
trying to prevent this  
for them reasonable  
treatment and their  
ve gone on strike."  
an, agent for the Lake  
ation, against which  
directed, had only this  
now nothing of any  
ow have sailed and it  
to send out others,  
when they are ready."

## TY DISRUPTED.

Are Ready to Fly at  
Other's Throats.

Ill., May 2.—The calm  
is the state of affairs  
pending a meeting of  
ouncil on Monday even-  
the present plans,  
sor to Dowle, and his  
d seek to count out the  
ticket candidates who,  
judges of the election  
elected to run the city.  
nts plan is also to  
e Voliva crowd at this  
ion. No outbreak oc-  
today. Mayor Glen-  
clamation of Saturday  
ning the people not to  
to the conduct of city  
a quieting effect, but  
ed adherents are still  
city departments. The  
action is whetting its  
ver, and a coup is pro-  
oday, which will put  
e crowd to rout. Voliva  
erty of the old council,  
e, declare the recent elec-  
ion, and possibly call a  
step, and, backed up by  
mas, will probably seek  
the office.

## Chair at McGill.

Que., May 1.—It was an-  
McGill in conversation  
committee of four mil-  
of the university were  
aising a fund of \$60,000  
professorship in science  
the name of the late  
n, of McGill. The con-  
posed of W. E. Childs,  
Messrs. Jeffrey H. Bur-  
Thompson and D. Ogil-  
real. They stated that  
have secured \$20,000 and  
aining \$40,000 promised.  
erson also announced  
an anonymous donation  
the McGill fund was Mr.

## PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD CONCLUDES SESSIONS

Next Meeting to Be Held in Edmon-  
ton—Important Questions Dis-  
cussed at Sessions in Calgary.  
Theological Conference Being  
Held This Week in Southern City.

Calgary, May 1.—With the singing  
of the doxology and the pronouncing  
of the benediction by the moderator,  
Rev. G. Hamilton, of Calgary, the  
Presbyterian synod of Alberta closed  
its annual meeting in Knox church  
last night, and will not meet again  
until the last Monday in April, 1910,  
when the members will gather at Ed-  
monton.

The moderator in his closing re-  
marks last night expressed his satis-  
faction at the work accomplished, and  
thanked the members of the synod  
for their attention during the four  
days the synod was in session. A-  
though the majority of the ministers  
and laymen will leave for the re-  
spective districts today, some of them  
will stay in the city over Sunday, and  
quite a few of those who are com-  
pelled to leave to attend to their  
work will return again on Monday to take  
part in the third theological confer-  
ence held in connection with the an-  
nual meeting of the synod, which  
opens at two-thirty on Monday after-  
noon.

The last day of the session was nat-  
urally a busy day, and a great deal  
of work was done and a number of  
cords and ends cleared up.

**Church Life and Work.**  
In the morning an exceptionally  
comprehensive and carefully prepared  
report on church life and work  
was presented by Rev. C. Stewart,  
of High River. The report was a  
very long one and its consideration  
took up the greater part of the morn-  
ing. It is made up of returns from  
all the presbyteries in Alberta, and  
these returns says the report, "indi-  
cate that we are face to face with  
most serious problems that concern  
our homes and schools and therefore  
our national well being."

The questions that were sent out  
to the presbyteries to procure their  
returns were grouped under five heads  
or main divisions, and these were:  
1.—The home and its problems.  
2.—The home and the public school.  
3.—The home and the church.  
4.—The home and the community.  
5.—General suggestions.

**Problems for the Home.**  
Under the first heading the question  
was asked as to what were the most  
serious problems that confronted the  
home in the several communities.  
Needless to say, the answers were  
many, and according to the location  
of the presbytery, varied, but the  
following are given as fairly well sum-  
ming up the replies received:  
"A low moral tone which tolerates  
vice, and is indifferent to the pro-  
gress and maintenance of the  
of Christ; general carelessness and  
seeming lack of conscience among  
parents towards Sabbath keeping and  
church attendance, and the frequent  
evil resorts by husbands; insubordi-  
nation, lack of home life and religious  
atmosphere, indifference about in-  
terference, and love of pleasure, togeth-  
er with the busy life of the people."

**The Simple Life.**  
Another question that was asked  
was: How far would a simple way of  
living go towards solving this prob-  
lem?  
To this a variety of answers were  
received. Edmonton, Vermilion and  
Lacombe were of the one opinion that  
the present manner of life is suf-  
ficiently simple, but at Red Deer there  
comes a call for a simpler life than  
the one we now lead, which call be-  
comes stronger and more insistent  
as the presbyteries to the south are  
reached.

**The Parental Authority.**  
The third question asking to what  
extent it is true that the center of  
authority had shifted from the parents  
to the children in the home, drew  
almost unanimous reply, the majority  
of the reports agreeing that parental  
authority is not exercised as it ought  
to be, but few were bold enough to  
make the comparison for which the  
question called.

**Family Prayer and Bible Reading.**  
The Edmonton presbytery alone re-  
ported any increase in the number  
of homes in which family prayer is  
observed, but a number spoke en-  
couragingly of the practice of Bible  
reading and study in the home.

The general answer as to what evi-  
dence there was of a sympathetic re-  
lationship between the home and the  
school appears to be sympathetic.  
Words of praise were spoken for the  
teachers who for the most part were  
reported consistent members of the  
church. One presbytery alone reports:  
There is little or no sympathy with  
the public school. Our parents send  
their children because forced to do  
so. They have no other means of  
educating them." Needless to say,  
that report comes from a community  
in which the prevailing influence is  
non-Christian.

To give character-building a large  
place in the schools, most of the re-  
ports recommended scriptural teach-  
ing, but it was agreed by all that  
more depends upon the character of  
the teacher than anything else.  
A course in domestic science was  
suggested by all the presbyteries  
regarding what change should be made  
in the public school curriculum to  
more fully equip girls for the home  
sphere.

**Home and Church.**  
Under the heading home and the  
church, it was suggested that parents  
should show their interest in the Sab-  
bath school by their presence, and  
that teachers should visit the pupils  
in their homes, which sections would  
tend to make teachers and parents  
more helpful in doing good work.  
The question of mixed marriages  
was broached, but on the whole these

are not reported to be on the in-  
crease. The report says that in them-  
selves these marriages are undesirable  
and as a remedy one session suggests  
upholding the Roman Catholic church  
in denouncing them, emphasizing the  
evil of not having a common place of  
worship.

**Bill Boards Are Indecent.**  
In regard to what should be done to  
minimize the evils of bill boards, play  
houses and saloons, in the interests of  
the home, the report says that many  
of the bill boards are positively in-  
decent and certainly do not add to the  
wholesomeness or beauty of any town  
where they are displayed. It is sug-  
gested that if decent people were re-  
fuse to tolerate what they know to be  
unworthy, or what is in any way  
suggestive of evil, it would go far  
toward lessening this evil.

**Religious Instruction in Schools.**  
The report concluded with recom-  
mendations concerning religious in-  
struction in the schools, and an over-  
ture was presented from the Presby-  
tery of Red Deer reading as follows:  
"We hereby beg to overture the  
Synod of Alberta to appoint a com-  
mittee to meet a similar committee  
from the corresponding church courts  
of other denominations to arrange, if  
possible, a common basis of religious  
instruction in the public schools of  
the province."

This overture was adopted, and the  
following committee appointed: Jus-  
tice Stuart, Dr. McQueen, Rev. J. A.  
Clark, J. P. Ross.  
**The Synod Expenses.**  
The first business of the afternoon  
session was the presenting of the re-  
port of the committee on levying, as-  
sessments on Presbyteries for Synod  
expenses. The committee levied the  
following assessments, which were  
agreed upon: Presbyteries of Calgary  
and Edmonton \$45 each; Presbytery  
of Vermilion, \$15. The remainder  
were assessed at the rate of \$20 each.  
Mr. Murray, of Coleman, was then  
given an opportunity to address the  
Synod on the use of lantern slides in  
missionary and Sabbath School work.

His suggestions were embodied in the  
recommendation attached to the For-  
eign Missions report, and the Synod  
agreed to accept it, as such and adopt  
it.

**Work of the Y.M.C.A.**  
A pleasing break in the routine  
work of the session was the report  
of the Y.M.C.A. of Edmonton, read  
by Morrison of the Y. M. C. A. railroad  
construction camp work. Mr. Morrison  
addressed the Synod, telling of the  
splendid work that was being done  
among these camps and the way in  
which it was appreciated by the men.  
At the conclusion of the address, the  
Synod expressed its appreciation of the  
work of the Y.M.C.A. in the follow-  
ing resolution, which was moved by  
Mr. McDonald: "Resolved, that the  
Synod places on record its cordial and  
sympathetic appreciation of the splen-  
dour work being done by the Y.M.C.A.  
in the practical and noble efforts of  
putting forth to help and save the  
young men of the land."

The next business was the report  
of the special committee appointed to  
deal with the overture of the Vermil-  
ion presbytery re the appointment of  
a field secretary for Sunday school  
and young people's work in the synod.  
Mr. McDonald reported that the  
synod recognized the action of the as-  
sembly's Sunday school committee  
in placing at its disposal so generous  
an amount for the present year  
work, and views with satisfaction the  
efficient service of the Rev. A. J.  
Archibald in this connection.

They recommended that in the event  
of the amalgamation of the funds of  
the assembly's committee on Sunday  
schools and young people's societies, a  
suitable grant be made available for  
the continued prosecution of this  
work.

The report was adopted in toto, and  
the committee added a second resolu-  
tion authorizing its committee on Sun-  
day school and young people's work  
to utilize the grant placed at their  
disposal in the appointment of a man  
to superintend the work so long as  
the need for such work existed.

The recommendations attached to  
the foreign missions report, published  
in the Bulletin yesterday, were taken  
up and were all agreed to and heartily  
endorsed by the synod.  
A further recommendation was add-  
ed that the synod request the as-  
sembly's foreign mission committee  
to take steps to place in the hands  
of presbytery and synod conveners  
blank forms containing questions for  
their sessions answers, in order that  
definite information may be more re-  
adily obtainable for report, and that  
these forms be issued as early in the  
church year as possible, that efforts  
may be made along the lines suggest-  
ed in the report.

**Telegram from Mr. Oliver.**  
At the morning session the follow-  
ing telegram was received from Hon.  
Frank Oliver in answer to the resolu-  
tions regarding the social evil and  
temperance question, which were  
wired him on Wednesday night:

Ottawa, April 29.  
Rev. Gavin Hamilton, Calgary.  
Yours April 28th regarding prohibi-  
tion of liquor on railway lines un-  
der consideration. Matter in hands  
of committee. It puts in effect after  
March 31, 1910, a maximum provision for  
an additional 25 per cent. advance on  
all the rates of the senate bill and  
then gives to the president the power  
to apply the minimum rates to any  
city or section of country by proclama-  
tion. It provides for a duty of five cents  
on coffee and ten cents on tea imported  
from countries to which the maximum  
rates are applied. The section also gives  
the president the power to employ a tar-  
iff commission for the purpose only of  
gathering the information.

**FRANK OLIVER.**  
Ottawa, April 29th.  
Rev. Gavin Hamilton, Calgary—  
Yours 28, expressing wishes of Al-  
berta Presbytery synod. Minister  
justice has already introduced meas-  
ure on subjects mentioned, which  
expresses view of government at present  
on Am. mailing copy.  
FRANK OLIVER.

During the day Mr. Short, on be-  
half of Mr. Ballantyne of the Y.M.C.A.,  
invited the members of the synod  
to make full use of the building dur-  
ing their stay in town.

**The Evening Session.**  
An overture from the Edmonton  
presbytery asking for the ordination  
of Mr. James Kelly of Goshen, was  
the first business of the evening ses-  
sion. The overture stated that Mr.  
Kelly had been doing good work as  
a layman in his field, and his congrega-  
tion had petitioned the presbytery

to ordain him. The presbytery passed  
the matter on to the synod, who in  
turn referred it to the general as-  
sembly, who will take action in the  
matter.

A vote of appreciation of the good  
work done by Rev. Mr. White as tem-  
porary superintendent of home mis-  
sions in Alberta, was passed with en-  
thusiasm.  
**Red Deer Ladies' College.**  
The overture from the presbytery of  
Red Deer asking for the establish-  
ment of a ladies' college at that point  
was laid over until next year, and in  
the meantime a committee was ap-  
pointed to look into the advisability  
of erecting same. The following  
were named as the committee ap-  
pointed: Messrs. Brown, Red Deer  
convenor; Clark, Calgary; Stewart,  
High River; Gibson, Lethbridge;  
Archibald, Ponoka; Myers, Edmon-  
ton, and McDonald, of Lamont.

Dr. McQueen also handed in a re-  
port regarding the site for a Presby-  
terian theological college at Strath-  
cona. He reported that the senate  
of the university had set aside a por-  
tion of the grounds for sites for the-  
ological colleges that wanted to  
establish there, but that so far no  
selection of the site had been made.

**Salaries of Ministers.**  
The committee on the much vexed  
question of guaranteeing the salaries  
of ordained missionaries, which was  
appointed at the afternoon session  
then presented their report, which  
read as follows:

"Whereas, there exists within the  
synod of Alberta considerable dis-  
satisfaction with regard to the present  
method of remuneration of home mis-  
sionaries within its boundary, and  
whereas, in the opinion of many  
members of the synod the grievances  
of our missionaries would be remov-  
ed, better work done, and larger giv-  
ings made to the home mission funds  
of the church if the assembly's home  
mission committee would undertake  
to guarantee the salaries of mission-  
aries in full, leaving them free to  
devote their fields for the home mis-  
sion schemes of the church, and  
whereas a real cause of misunder-  
standing lies in the fact that under  
the present system our missionaries,  
especially those from the East, do not  
clearly understand that the pay-  
ment of their salaries is conditional  
on the amounts raised from their  
fields, therefore the synod of Al-  
berta overtures the venerable gen-  
eral assembly to instruct its home  
mission committee to take into con-  
sideration the whole matter of salar-  
ies in full of home missionaries and  
to make recommendations to clearly and  
fully inform all missionaries at the  
time of their appointment as to the  
terms upon which they are engaged."

**PERILOUS LIFE OF A SAILOR.**  
Young Halifax Bride Undergoes Har-  
rowing Experience on Honeymoon.

Halifax, N.S., May 2.—The decision  
of Miss Sadie Hester, of Lunenburg,  
to become a sailor's bride and share  
the perils of the sea, has been re-  
sponsible for the harrowing experi-  
ence through which she has just pas-  
sed with her husband, Captain Laur-  
ence Hester, who is a member of the  
crew of the ill-fated Nova Scotia  
schooner Addie and Beatrice. Her  
thrilling experience in the ship-  
wreck, when the schooner ran on a  
coral reef off a small island in the  
Bahama group, and days and nights  
lay on an uninhabited and barren is-  
land and a wild dash in an open sail-  
boat of more than a hundred miles  
through a rough sea to gain a point  
of land in the track of ocean steam-  
ships. Capt. Walters, his wife and  
four members of the crew arrived in  
Halifax last night.

**WILD ITALIAN RUNS AMUCK.**  
With Stiletto He Stabbed Several Wo-  
men of West Side of New York.

New York, May 2.—In three upper  
west side streets, filled with prome-  
naders tonight, a wild-eyed foreigner  
brandishing a stiletto, ran amuck,  
and caused the injury of three per-  
sons. All of the victims were women,  
one being Mrs. Gertrude Heston, of  
Minneapolis, who is here visiting rela-  
tives. Two of them were stabbed and  
one was knocked down by the assail-  
ant. It was due to the protection  
of three policemen that the crazed  
man was not lynched by a mob when  
he was captured after a run of half  
a mile. That his name is Anthony  
and that he lived somewhere in West  
Thirty-Third street, was all that could  
be learned from the gathering crowd.  
The motive that controlled his  
wandering mind in this wild chase  
and attack of strangers is a mystery.  
He first appeared running through  
West Seventy-Seventh street.

**CHANGE IN U.S. TARIFF.**

All Countries Placed on Maximum Basis  
After March 31, 1910.

Washington, May 2.—The senate finance  
committee substitutes for the Payne  
tariff bill maximum and minimum  
provision was reported to the senate to-  
day by Senator Aldrich, chairman of  
the committee. It puts in effect after  
March 31, 1910, a maximum provision for  
an additional 25 per cent. advance on  
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then gives to the president the power  
to apply the minimum rates to any  
city or section of country by proclama-  
tion. It provides for a duty of five cents  
on coffee and ten cents on tea imported  
from countries to which the maximum  
rates are applied. The section also gives  
the president the power to employ a tar-  
iff commission for the purpose only of  
gathering the information.

**"Nevens" of English Judge.**

London, May 3.—Judge Willis, who  
recently stated he had never used a  
telescope and would not know how  
yesterday remarked in court that he  
didn't claim exceptional probity, but  
he had never read a Sunday news-  
paper. "Other nevers of this sum-  
ary of the British bench are: Has  
never ridden in the tube railway.  
Kelley had been doing good work as  
a layman in his field, and his congrega-  
tion had petitioned the presbytery

## NOTHING TO FEAR FROM ORIENTAL IMMIGRATION

W. L. Mackenzie King in Vancouver  
on Route From Orient, Where in  
Pekin He Attended Opium Con-  
ference as Canada's Representative—  
First World Conference in  
Which Canada Participated.

Vancouver, B.C., May 2.—W. L. Mac-  
kenzie King, who is to be Canada's  
minister of labor, returned last night  
after an extended voyage in the Orient.  
Mr. King left Canadian soil in  
December last and will have complet-  
ed a tour round the world on his ar-  
rival in Ottawa. He left for the east  
in afternoon. Mr. King said: "The  
opium commission was a remarkable  
and notable gathering from many  
points of view. The countries repre-  
sented were the United Kingdom, the  
United States, India, Canada, Ger-  
many, France, the Netherlands, Rus-  
sia, Portugal, Austria, Japan, China,  
Persia and Siam. Most of the coun-  
tries had two or more delegates.  
There were five on the British dele-  
gation and three on the delegation from  
the United States, besides secretaries  
and clerks.

It is the first world conference in  
which Canada has had a place and  
as marking a stage of Canadian de-  
velopment within the imperial struc-  
ture was, of course, the purpose for  
the English language throughout the  
proceedings was also significant in an  
international gathering. It reveals  
the extent to which English is becom-  
ing the language, not only of com-  
merce, but of diplomacy in the Far  
East.

**Important to the World.**  
"The chief significance of the gath-  
ering was, of course, the purpose for  
the commission was a world pro-  
nouncement upon the opium traffic,  
an empire is seeking to free itself  
and as such points the way to co-op-  
eration among nations in furthering  
the cause of humanity. It reveals  
the extent to which English is becom-  
ing the language, not only of com-  
merce, but of diplomacy in the Far  
East.

**DANGERS OF NEGLECTING  
A SORE.**  
NEVER neglect a cut or sore,  
however trivial it may appear.  
Mrs. B. E. Bedford, of 327, Prov-  
ence Avenue, St. Boniface, Winnipeg,  
had a small sore on the second finger  
of her left hand. She thought it  
would get right unaided, but it did not.  
Instead, blood-poisoning set in. She  
says:—"I then tried poisons and  
an ointment, but they did not help.  
I did not have the desired effect, and  
as the finger began to fester, I had to  
call in a doctor, who lanced it.  
Despite his care, however, it again festered,  
and the treatment, liniments, and other preparations  
which the doctor gave me seemed absolutely un-  
able to do any good. We were in a great  
dilemma. I then saw a small advertisement  
in a paper similar to the one in which Zam-Buk had effected  
a cure when everything else had failed, and  
therefore, decided to give Zam-Buk a trial. It only  
needed a few days to show the wisdom of this  
decision. The sore disappeared, and the finger  
restored, and the pain became less acute. In  
under three weeks from Zam-Buk the finger was  
quite sound again."

**BUILDING TROUBLE AT COAST.**  
Men Demand Closed Shop—Contractors  
Refuse to Accept.  
Vancouver, B.C., May 3.—There are ru-  
mors of coming labor trouble along  
several lines in the building trades to-  
day. Just what the outcome will be in  
Minneapolis, who is here visiting rela-  
tives. Two of them were stabbed and  
one was knocked down by the assail-  
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of three policemen that the crazed  
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on coffee and ten cents on tea imported  
from countries to which the maximum  
rates are applied. The section also gives  
the president the power to employ a tar-  
iff commission for the purpose only of  
gathering the information.

**FRANK OLIVER.**  
Ottawa, April 29th.  
Rev. Gavin Hamilton, Calgary—  
Yours 28, expressing wishes of Al-  
berta Presbytery synod. Minister  
justice has already introduced meas-  
ure on subjects mentioned, which  
expresses view of government at present  
on Am. mailing copy.  
FRANK OLIVER.

During the day Mr. Short, on be-  
half of Mr. Ballantyne of the Y.M.C.A.,  
invited the members of the synod  
to make full use of the building dur-  
ing their stay in town.

**The Evening Session.**  
An overture from the Edmonton  
presbytery asking for the ordination  
of Mr. James Kelly of Goshen, was  
the first business of the evening ses-  
sion. The overture stated that Mr.  
Kelly had been doing good work as  
a layman in his field, and his congrega-  
tion had petitioned the presbytery

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bination of attractive trend effects, nobly cut and comfortable, dressy fit.  
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Brand Clothing once, you will never wear anything else.

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