

Northumberland County Council Annual Meeting

\$30,000 Voted to the Two County Patriotic Funds. Bye-Laws Revised. Jail Reported Unsanitary.

Wednesday, Jan. 19. Ald. James Stables took his seat as representative of the Town of Newcastle.

Coun. Vanderbeck asked that he be relieved from duty as a member of the Almshouse Visiting Committee, and that Coun. Chaisson be appointed in his place. Carried.

Coun. Lamont—The committee of last year visited the Almshouse last week and will submit a report. Another visit will not be necessary.

Coun. O'Shaughnessy referred to a notice of expiry of an insurance policy on the Court House, and urged that the rate was too high. He moved that, as the policies fall in the Sec. Treasurer renew them at public tender to the amount of \$20,000. Carried.

Coun. O'Shaughnessy moved that the Sec. Treasurer be refunded \$10, as he had given the collector for No. 2, Northesk, a receipt for \$10 more than he got from him. Carried.

Coun. Burchill reported on the south side ferry slip. The slip had been advertised by the County to lease, and Mr. Davidson, for the town, objected, claiming that the town owned the property. Since then the local Government had advertised the slip for sale.

The Sec. Treasurer said that the County had a deed of the ferry from the trustees of St. Paul's Church. The Government had built the slips. Report filed.

On motion of Coun. Doyle the Sec. Treasurer was authorized to borrow \$6,000 from the Royal Bank to meet the financial exigencies of the county.

Coun. Schofield said he would not report from the Committee on Almshouse accounts until he had time to thoroughly examine the books.

On motion of Coun. Burchill the following accounts passed: Wm. Irving, prisoner's board, July to January, \$382.80; Dr. McGrath, \$10; Michael Bannon, \$17.80; Dr. Desmond, coroner, \$27.70; Mr. S. N. Co., \$11.20; E. P. Williston, stationery, \$80; Zephelein Breaux, balance due on conveying a lunatic to the asylum, \$14; Dr. Duffy, certificate of lunacy and telephone, \$12.50; Union Advocate, advertising, \$1.75; B. F. Maltby, repairs to jail and courthouse, \$36.95; D. J. Buckley wood, 12.10; Wm. Troy, prisoner's board, \$13.43; Dr. Beaton's account, professional services to Albert Forbes, \$21.20—the county not liable. Adjourned.

Wednesday Afternoon. On motion of Coun. Parker a committee was appointed to meet the Patriotic Fund delegates. Committee—Parker, Anderson, Ryan, Burchill, McNaughton, O'Shaughnessy.

When Council re-assembled the delegates were invited to speak.

Hon. L. J. Tweedie said they were all aware of the great war and that recruiting offices were open in Chatham and Newcastle. Volunteers were not easily obtained. They had to make sacrifices in order to go to fight for King and Country. It was a war to the death and required every man who could be got. The men who have gone to the front have left dependents, and a Patriotic Fund had been established to assist the dependents of those who have gone to the war. As loyal subjects, it was our duty to throw aside all feeling against taxation. It was our duty, as men with hearts, and representatives of this loyal and generous country, to contribute to this fund. In every parish of this county, if the matter were put before the people, every hand would be raised in favor of this. If the men had the same pluck as the women there would be no need of feel the war—didn't know we were at war. The British fleet protected us, easy to sit back and do nothing, but that was not the way to win the war. Suppose they refused aid, it would kill recruiting. It would be a shame for Northumberland not to do its duty by giving necessary assistance to this project. Several counties had voted large sums—York, Sunbury and others. So far as the committee of which he was President had gone, \$800 had been subscribed by 900 persons. The great majority of the people had given nothing. You couldn't go back to the 900 people and ask for more. As the volunteers in-

creased more money was needed. In voting money for this purpose they would be helping their own people. They were now drawing on the subscriptions of other parts of Canada for the relief of Northumberland's people. He was ashamed of that, if money were not voted there would be nothing for the dependents of our volunteers without drawing on the contributions of other provinces. It was considered that the best way would be for the County to issue bonds, payable in thirty or forty years, in aid of the fund. At the close of a successful war the country would be prosperous and could well afford to pay this debt. He asked them as loyal men to vote a generous contribution so that the dependents of the soldiers could be properly protected. It was objected that some were getting too much, but there were always leaks in the distribution of any fund. The committee of the fund had taken great care to do justice. Putting themselves in the same place as other provinces and the Empire, would they say to the people who are giving their lives—You ask for bread and we will give you a stone?

Mr. Tweedie read a proposed resolution on the subject for the consideration of the Council.

Mr. Tweedie trusted they would be guided by the loyal spirit the county had ever shown, in liberally contributing for the support of the dependents of those who were fighting our battles.

Mr. C. J. Morrissey said it had been found that the Patriotic Fund could not be run any longer on a voluntary basis. Very small contributions had been received from the outlying parishes. If Germany beat England she would beat Canada. The soldiers were fighting for our homes. We should not class ourselves as British citizens if we did not contribute to the support of the families of the men who are fighting our battles in the trenches. They should grant a liberal issue of debentures and not borrow or beg from other parts of Canada.

Mr. W. A. Park felt that he was addressing the largest meeting of the Patriotic Committee he had ever met, as all the Councillors were members. They had been made members so that they could give the committee necessary information in respect to the distribution of the fund. The men who have given most freely were poor men who said they were glad to give it. The debenture plan would not bear heavily on any poor person. We are having good times in Northumberland. The county is not poor. Instead of drawing money from other places we should be ready to give something to portions of the country that were not as well off. Thirty thousand dollars would probably be required in 1916. They need not be afraid that the people would not back them up in making a contribution that would show their loyalty to King and Country.

Mr. George Watt said the Councillors had not done their duty in the past. The amounts they had collected in the county were nothing in comparison with contributions of the towns. The county had drawn more than it had contributed. The county was prosperous. Was it fair that it should be indebted to other parts of the country for assistance to the families of its volunteers? The interest on \$30,000 would be only \$1,500. Everything would be prosperous after the war. There were 8,000,000 in Canada. The fund would require \$3,000,000, or \$1 a head. We didn't feel the war—didn't know we were at war. The British fleet protected us, easy to sit back and do nothing, but that was not the way to win the war. Suppose they refused aid, it would kill recruiting. It would be a shame for Northumberland not to do its duty by giving necessary assistance to this project. Several counties had voted large sums—York, Sunbury and others. So far as the committee of which he was President had gone, \$800 had been subscribed by 900 persons. The great majority of the people had given nothing. You couldn't go back to the 900 people and ask for more. As the volunteers in-

many who thought the soldiers were getting good pay, but \$1.10 would not attract anyone who did not want to do his bit for his country. The question was, which was the best and easiest way to raise money for this fund? It would not be a burden—\$1,500 a year would be a mere trifle. Why should they hesitate for a moment in granting the money so that we would be self-sustaining and not beggars. It was objected that some soldiers' families were better off. Why shouldn't they be better off? They had the pluck to go to the war and deserved to be better off. The funds would be carefully looked after by the Committee. Not a dollar had been misapplied. Montreal and other cities had contributed amounts equal to \$7 a head of population. He trusted they would authorize a loan of \$30,000 and felt that every reasonable person would clap their hands on the back and say they had done the right thing.

Mr. Walter J. Jardine had seen the reports that had resulted to wives and children of men who had gone to the front. He felt that the amounts given were equitable. The Newcastle Committee had fifty names on its list. A bond issue was the most equitable way of raising the money. All the bonds need not be issued at once, but only as required. He hoped for careful consideration of the matter.

Mr. Tweedie thanked the Council for the hearing that had been given to the delegates. As Mr. Jardine had said only part of the bonds need be sold at once.

Mr. Morrissey also thanked the Council for courteous hearings.

Coun. Swin asked how much would be required for this year.

Mr. Tweedie—That is the amount we estimate.

The city of Kingston has issued debentures taxing the people \$7 a head.

Coun. Schofield asked who got the allowances.

Mr. Tweedie said the wives and the children of the soldiers were assisted. Mr. Watt said it was only those who needed help that drew on the fund. The majority of the people had contributed nothing.

Coun. Parker—If we bond the County for \$30,000 are we to pay it all at once? He was willing to pay from \$1,000 to \$5,000 a year, but was not willing to vote for a bond issue of \$30,000. Let us face the situation and what we vote.

Mr. Tweedie said it was not a question of taxation, but of his moral and patriotic import. Five thousand dollars would not last three months. The bonds would all be issued at once, but only be used as required. If the war ended in six months only half of the bonds would be sold.

Coun. Sinclair said the committee could come back next year for another \$30,000.

Coun. Doyle would vote every dollar the County could afford when it appeared that they were not wasting money in paying big salaries and giving big dinners. The members of Parliament still drew \$2,500 a year and the Governor of New Brunswick, \$16,000, equal to the salary of the Governor of the Great State of New York. There was plenty of money to spend in buying worthless bonds at big prices as was done in Nova Scotia, and one man in New Brunswick had been allowed to make \$10,000 in supplying patriotic potatoes. The families of soldiers should be cared for, but it must be remembered that the County had been giving every week to some fund or other. Why didn't the rich men put up the money that was needed? He that giveth to the poor lendeth to the Lord. The lumber lords gave thousands to the Premier for an election fund when they wouldn't lend a dollar to the Lord by giving to the Patriotic Fund. They evidently thought it would pay them bigger interest.

Coun. Vanderbeck said the money that was wasted by the Local Government in hunting for the brown tail moth ought to be given to the fund.

On motion of Coun. Burchill the matter was postponed till 2 o'clock Thursday.

Coun. Burchill reported in favor of paying H. H. Carvell's bill, taking prisoners to jail, 10 trips, \$15.50.

Coun. O'Shaughnessy wanted to know why they had not been taken by train at a cost of only \$7. Any thing from Chatham appeared to be engineered right through.

T. H. Whelan's bill for commitments, \$154, was passed at \$99.

T. H. Whelan's bill as Registrar, \$134.40, was reduced by the committee by striking out the item of postage and stationery, \$7.50.

Coun. Vanderbeck would pay his postage.

Sec. Treasurer said the blanks were supplied by the County, but he thought the postage should be paid.

On motion of Coun. Swin it was referred back to the committee.

Bill of Jos. Jardine & Co., \$678, passed; no further bill for the jail to be passed unless ordered by the proper committee.

Loggie Parker, constable, \$8.20 mileage. Passed.

Coun. Lamont thought it would be a good idea to have one from each parish on the County Accounts Committee.

Coun. Vanderbeck—That is done in York.

Coun. Swin said he had been attending a meeting of the Hospital Board, and he had been directed to ask the Councillors to visit the institution and look it over, and also to choose a representative to sit on the Hospital Board.

On motion of Coun. Parker it was resolved to visit the hospital tomorrow in a body at 1:30.

Coun. Vanderbeck presented the petition of Mr. Napke, for a lease of a lot on the public wharf, in the slip, and it was referred to the Committee on Petitions.

At the request of Coun. Sinclair the Sec. Treasurer read letters from the railway department on the proposed high level crossing at Sinclair's Sidings, the gist of them being that Mr. Gutelius had not yet had an opportunity to inspect the place and decide what should be done.

Adjourned.

Thursday, Jan. 20. Coun. Parks proposed that the overhead crossing matter be finished.

Coun. Vanderbeck—If the county got up in arms and put its foot down the work would be done.

Coun. Sinclair—A resolution in favor of an overhead crossing has passed this Council every year.

Coun. Vanderbeck—Railway men are saying that the Council is no good.

On motion of Coun. Schofield parish and county officers were appointed for Blackville, and the following returns passed—Richard H. Carr, par. clerk, \$8; Walter Marsden, col. of rates; pauper lunatic account, \$62 clerk, \$6; road account, \$4.89 on balance; ad. assessment, \$20; parish hand; S. J. Jardine, supervisor of roads.

On motion of Coun. McAleer the following Ludlow returns passed—Thos. Pond (\$2.17 due collector) and Ernest O'Donnell, col. of rates; pauper lunatic assessment, \$52; Percy Hickey, parish clerk, \$11; road account, \$15.35 on hand; pauper lunatic account; John S. Pond, supervisor of roads; list of parish and county officers.

On motion of Coun. Savoy, officers were appointed for Hardsheke and the following returns passed—Israel Durst (\$2.25 due by him) and Alex. McDonald (\$3.10 due by him), col. of rates; road tax collection.

Coun. Hayes reported from the Finance Committee, recommending that \$1,400 or more of county bonds be bought at 97 per cent on sinking fund account, and moved the adoption of the report.

Coun. Burchill suggested laying it over till after the Patriotic matter had been disposed of, and then moved that the brokers be asked at once if they would accept the offer. Carried.

Reports adopted.

On motion of Coun. Parker the returns of George Sutherland, Wm. Hyland and Daniel Stilliker, col. of rates Southesk, passed.

On motion of Coun. Lamont the N. S. Leader's bill of \$5 was ordered to be paid and charged to Newcastle.

Coun. Watling said Glenelg was charged with three pauper lunatics in the asylum. He knew of only one from the parish. One of the three was a woman from Chatham, who should not be charged to Glenelg. The name of the third one was not given and he didn't know who it was. The bill was clearly not right.

Sec. Treasurer Williston explained that a certificate of parish residence goes with every one sent to the asylum, and the charge is made in accordance therewith. The certificate that went with the woman referred to was that she belonged to Glenelg.

Coun. Watling wanted to know if anything could be done respecting property owned by pauper lunatics—if the parishes could be recouped from such property.

The Sec. Treasurer didn't think the county could get at such property.

On motion of Coun. Lamont the following Newcastle returns passed—Miles Fox and Neil McKinnon, col. of rates.

On motion of Coun. Allain the following Alnwick returns passed—Henry Legere \$6.71 due by him; John W. Hierlihy, Samuel Martin, John T. Burchill, col. of rates; Thos. Hickey dis. clerk, \$8; W. Simpson, par. clerk \$12.50; Jas. Loggie, dis. clerk, \$9; Jas. X. Muzzler, dis. clerk, \$8; road account, pauper lunatic account; pauper lunatic assessment, \$253.63.

On motion of Coun. Gill the following Nelson returns passed—Thos. Lynch, Wm. Goggin, and Peter O'Neill, col. of rates; Thos. Lynch, Jr. par. clerk, \$11; road assessment, \$156.

On motion of Coun. LeBlanc the following Rogersville returns passed—Fr. G. Porrier, col. of rates; road account, \$64.43 on hand; John Finnegan, sup. roads; pauper lunatic account, \$153.35 due; and pauper lunatic assessment of \$221.65 ordered.

On motion of Coun. Hurley the following Blaisfield returns passed—Thos. Cowie, col. rates; road account, \$403.89 on hand; lunatic account, \$46 on hand.

On motion of Coun. Parks, these Southesk returns passed—road account; David Stilliker, col. road tax; John D. Goodfellow, sup. roads; John Keyes, par. clerk, \$11; Wm. Taylor, dis. clerk, \$6.50; Wm. Matthews, dis. clerk, \$7.

On motion of Coun. Savoy the following Hardwicke returns passed—John Mills, par. clerk, \$10; Thos. Sarjeant, dis. clerk, \$7; Elmore Theriault, taking lunatic to Chatham, \$6; pauper lunatic assessment, \$104.

On motion of Coun. Gill the Nelson road account passed.

On motion of Coun. Watling the Glenelg road account passed. He would not be said, pass the pauper lunatic account, as it was not correct.

Glenelg did not have three pauper lunatics in the asylum.

Sec. Treasurer Williston—You ordered it paid by resolution last session, I paid it, and now you refuse to

Prohibition Is Asked for Canada

Representative Men Place Evil of Liquor Traffic Second Only to the War.

A resolution calling for prohibition of liquor in Canada for the duration of the war and the reconstructive period of three years thereafter, and until repealed by a vote of the people, was passed Wednesday at a meeting of members of the Dominion Alliance executive, the Senate and Commons and the Ottawa committee recently organized to further the Federal prohibition movement.

The meeting was in the Parliament House, Ottawa. The resolution in effect determines the wording of that which will be introduced in the Commons later in the session. A committee was appointed to wait on the cabinet and ask that the government facilitate passage of the resolution and follow it up with legislation. At the instance of the committee on Federal prohibition which is seeking to force the issue in Parliament the resolution was altered to ask for prohibition during the war and for a reconstructive period of at least three years thereafter, and until repealed by vote of the people.

A. W. Fraser, K. C. Ottawa, said the committee was attacking liquor from the economic viewpoint. They estimated the savings Canada would effect by total prohibition at upwards of \$150,000,000 per year.

J. R. Booth, the Ottawa millionaire lumberman, put the prohibition issue second in importance only to the prosecution of the war. "With liquor wip out of Canada would be the happiest country in the world," he declared.

Senator King, of New Brunswick, and F. B. Carroll, M. P. for Carleton, N. B., expressed strong approval of the proposed legislation.

The following were named as a committee to wait on the cabinet: F. H. Spence, Rev. B. H. Spence and Rev. Dr. T. Albert Moore, Toronto; Rev. Mr. Flemmington, Fredericton; Rev. Mr. Grant, New Glasgow; Messrs. W. E. Roney, Toronto; J. H. Carson, and J. H. Roberts, Montreal; Rev. Dr. Hazelwood, Toronto; J. I. Booth, I. Ram Robinson, G. H. Millen, A. W. Fraser, J. W. Hennessy, Chas. Hopevell, E. S. Ribold and W. J. Keane, Ottawa.

pass my account. That would put me in an awful position." The account passed, and an assyment for \$115 was ordered. Road account, \$39.72 on hand; return of Malcolm Watling, Collector of rates; and \$18 for parish and district clerks, passed.

Coun. LeBlanc moved that the Rogersville default list be placed in the hands of Francis J. Poirrier. Passed. Also that Rogersville be made three collection districts. Referred to Bylaw Committee. The boundaries proposed are as follows:

No. 1 To comprise all that part of the said parish lying east of the Intercolonial Railway from Kent County line along the said railway to the Monk's bridge called East Rogersville to the County of Kent and the Parish of Glenelg.

No. 2 To be all that part of the said parish lying west of the said railway from the Kent County line and running along the said railway to the said Monk's bridge comprising St. Augustine Village and Marcellville and the Blackiere settlement, West Rogersville.

No. 3 To comprise all that part of Rogersville from the said Monk's bridge to the Nelson Parish line comprising east and west of the said railway known as Collet settlement, East and West Rogersville.

On motion of Coun. Chaisson parish and county officers were appointed for Rogersville, and his resolution for the establishing of a lock-up in the village was referred to the Bylaw Committee.

On motion of Coun. Parker, adjourned till 2 o'clock for visiting the hospital and for dinner.

Afternoon. On motion of Coun. Schofield it was ordered that \$1.40 be refunded to Benj. West and \$1.70 to Ernest Stephen, overpayment of taxes in Blackville; and that the parish clerk be paid his usual fee.

On motion of Coun. Chaisson it was ordered that \$11 be paid to the parish clerk of Rogersville.

On motion of Coun. O'Shaughnessy, parish and county officers were appointed for Northesk.

On motion of Coun. Lamont, officers were appointed for Newcastle.

10 CENT "CASCARETS" IF BILIOUS OR COSTIVE

For Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Sluggish Liver and Bowels—They work while you sleep.

Furred Tongue, Bad Taste, Indigestion, Sallow Skin and Miserable Headaches come from a torpid liver and clogged bowels, which cause your stomach to become filled with undigested food, which sours and ferments like garbage in a swill barrel. That's the first step to untold misery—indigestion, foul gases, bad breath, yellow skin, mental fears, everything that is horrible and nauseating. A Cascaret tonight will give your congested bowels a thorough cleansing and straighten you out by morning. They work while you sleep—a 10-cent box from your druggist will keep you feeling good for months.

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We have on hand a complete line of the following articles for daily use about the house. Cooking is made twice as easy by having what you require of these on hand. Make your good wife's work lighter and help her prepare a better meal by presenting her with the following:

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Capital Paid-up.....	11,560,000
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Total Assets.....	180,000,000

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These facts, obvious as they are to the experienced advertiser, should be noted by every reader who has anything to offer the public. Advocate advertisements pull for the advertiser who has something of real merit to offer.

TRY THE CLASSIFIED ADVT. COLUMN ON PAGE 3

The following resolutions were passed unanimously.

Moved by Coun. Burchill, seconded by Coun. Gill, Resolved That the County Council of the Municipality of Northumberland in session assembled desire to place on record its sincere expression of devotion and loyalty to His Gracious Majesty, King George The Fifth, and to the British Empire, and to express the hope that the disastrous war in which Britain and its allies are now engaged may speedily terminate, and a lasting peace be declared, but not until the enemy has been thoroughly subjugated and subdued and the principle for which our country is contending accepted as irrevocable, so that in the future no power however great will be able to work injury upon a lesser power or endanger the peace and fundamental interests of Christian Society.

Moved by Councillor Ryan, seconded by Councillor McAleer, Resolved, That this Council extends its heartfelt sympathy and condolence to the parents, wives and families of our volunteers, who have given up their lives in defence of their country, and to

Cross, Soldiers' Comforts, and Belgian Fund.

Moved by Councillor Parker, seconded by Councillor Swin, Resolved That this Council extend its heartfelt congratulations to the Northumberland boys, who at the call of war so readily and cheerfully volunteered their services in defence of the Empire, and to express the hope that their action may stimulate other young men of the county to enlist in the services of the Country, in this, her hour of danger.

This Council at the same time desires to convey to our volunteers the assurance that the country appreciates the great sacrifices they have made, and that the welfare of the dependents whom they have left behind will be properly looked after and all necessary assistance and aid given.

Moved by Councillor Hayes, seconded by Councillor Schofield, Resolved, That this Council extend its heartfelt sympathy and condolence to the parents, wives and families of our volunteers, who have given up their lives in defence of their country, and to

(Continued on page 4)

AN IDEAL TONIC

When your head is dull and heavy, your tongue furred, and you feel done-up and good for nothing, without knowing what is really the matter with you, probably all that is needed to restore you to health and vigour is a few doses of a reliable digestive tonic and stomachic remedy such as Mother Seigel's Syrup. Take it after each meal for a few days and note how beneficial is its action upon the stomach, liver and bowels—how it restores tone and healthy activity to these important organs, and by so doing enables you to gain new stores of vigour, vitality and health.

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The new 1.00 size contains three times as much as the trial size sold at 50c per bottle.