WEEKLY CALENDAR—JULY.

First Quarter—4th day, 6h. 38m. even., S.
Full Moon—11th day, 9h. 26m. morn., N.W.
Last Quarter—18th day, 1h. 1m. even., W. by N.
New Moon—26th day, 4h, 53m. even., W.

DAY MONTH	DAY WEEK.	SUN rises	SUN sets	High water morn	Moon sets	Day's length.
		h m	h m	h m	h m	h m
13	Sunday	4 27	7 45	0 37	8 59	15 18
14	Monday	28	44	1 23	9 17	16
15	Tuesday	29	44	2 7	9 42	15
16	Wednesday	30	43	2 49	10 7	13
17	Thursday	31	42	3 31	10 33	11
18	Friday	32	41	4 17	11 1	9
19	Saturday	33	40	5 6	11 33	7

Agents for the "Protestant."

Rev Henry Crawford, St. Peter's
Rev Robert S. Patterson, Bedeque
Mr Aitken, Georgetown
D C. Ramsay, Port Hill
William Rogerson, Crapaud
James Bearisto, Esq., Princetown
Daniel Fraser, Esq., Belfast
George McKay, Esq., Campbelton, N. L
Charles A. Crosby, Park Corner
Patrick Brown, Summerside
John McMillan, Esq., Woodville.
Rev Allan Fraser, Cascumpec.
Rev Alexander Munro, Brown's Creek
Henry Brehaut, Esq., White Sands
Rev Jesse Whitlock, Murray Harbor
Donald Campbell, Lot 16.

MAILS.

BY STEAMER "WESTMORLAND."

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

THE MAILS FOR THE NEIGHBORING Provinces, etc., will, until further notice, be made up and forwarded as follows—

For Nova Scotia, via Pictou, twice in each week, as follows: The week in which Mails are forwarded to England, on MONDAY, at 12 o'clock, noon, and WEDNESDAY, at 8 o'clock, p. m., and the following week on MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For New Brunswick, Canada, and the United States, via Shediac, every TUESDAY and FRIDAY morning at a quarter past eight o'clock.

For Newfoundland, every MONDAY, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For England, Bermuda, and West Indies, every alternate MONDAY, at 12 o'clock, noon, viz —

MONDAY,	June 24th.	MONDAY,	Sept. 1st.
"	July 7th.	"	Sept. 15th.
"	July 21st.	"	Sept. 29th.
"	Aug. 4th.	"	Oct 13th.
"	Aug. 18th	"	Oct. 27th.

SUPPLEMENTARY MAILS for England and Newfoundland, will be made up every Wednesday, in the same week as the above-dated Mondays, at 8 o'clock, p. m.

L. C. OWEN, Postmaster General.

General Post Office, June 13, 1862.

House of Assembly.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON, March 25.

HOUSE IN COMMITTEE ON THE AWARD, &C.

(Continued from our last.)

Hon. Mr COLES—The hon. member appears to think that some of the Opposition will support his resolution. Those on this side of the House never pretended to oppose it altogether, when he said it was to include the whole Award But now we have his statement that the loan is no part of the Award; and his resolution does not refer to the loan at all. I cannot let his statement go forth to the country that if we obtain the loan we must have to take the whole at once. This is only to mislead the people. The hon. member for the second district of Queen's County said that the Rothschilds would not give a loan on such terms. I do not say they would; but I maintain that such a loan as we require would be a great benefit to the small capitalists of Britain The loan is the first matter referred to in the Award, and my resolution is in favor of a Bill being introduced to carry out the first recommendation of the Commissioners. In reference to the concluding remarks of the hon. member for Belfast, I may say that I believe we will stand as well before the country, at the next election, as the supporters of the Government. He seems to hold out a threat to those on this side of the House but, Sir, I shall not hold out any threat.

Hon Col. GRAY—I do not hold out any threat. I said I would test who are the friends of the people

Hon Mr POPE—I do not intend to say much in this matter I consider there is scarcely any alternative for us, but to confirm the Award, since this House agreed by a vote 18 to 8 to leave the difficulties between landlord and tenant to arbitration. I was not a little surprised to hear the hon. member for King's County ask us to stultify ourselves by rejecting the Award. The question, Sir, is not whether we are satisfied with the Award in every respect; but are we doing our duty as honest men in setting it aside. He, however, argues that we should apply to the loan. If we were to apply for it only, what would the Imperial Government say? They would say these men are not to be trusted; they asked for an arbitration before and would not abide by it; if we guarantee them a loan to-day, they will object to it to-morrow.

Hon Mr PERRY—It has been said that the loan is not a part of the Award. I certainly differ with the hon leader of the Government in regard to what he has stated on this point. This, however, is only a matter of opinion. I am in favor of confirming the Award, for certainly there is some good in it. It is not what I would wish it to be, but I am inclined to take it as it is. My opinion is that every hon. member who considers there is any benefit to be derived from the Award, must feel it to be his duty to support the resolution introduced by the hon leader of the Government. I would have no objections to support a resolution afterwards for a separate Bill to guarantee the interest on the loan; but I certainly think that the amendment of the hon leader of the Opposition would have the tendency to set aside the Award altogether. We may get the loan again, and work it along with the arbitration clause It is hardly fair, I think to have any factious opposition in regard to this question. I shall, irrespective of party, vote for what I consider will be for the good of the country at large.

Hon. Mr LAIRD—A great deal has been said respecting the Award, but the most of it to very little purpose. My opinion is that we must take it as it is. We can neither add to it nor take from it.

Mr OWEN—I shall support the resolution introduced by the hon leader of the Government, because I believe it is to take the Award and get all out of it we can. I am, however, not of the opinion entertained by members of the Government that no benefit is to be derived from the loan I think it is the part of the Award which is to do the most good. I do not consider much is to be gained by the arbitration clause. It was said when the Land Purchase Bill was passed that the proprietors would not sell, but we saw that some of them did sell. I shall support the resolution as brought in by the hon. member, Col. Gray and if the present Government does not go for the loan, perhaps the next may. I think as it is set so prominently forward in the Award, if we apply for it we shall probably be successful. Near the last of the Award the Commissioners say they "cannot close this branch of their report, without again expressing their conviction that the purchase of the estates, by the negotiation of a loan through the Imperial Government, presents advantages so significant that they cannot too strongly recommend its adoption, in preference to all other plans for the settlement of those unhappy disputes." They thus recommend the loan in the strongest terms. Let us then confirm the Award, and leave it to the country at the next election—which I hope is not far distant—to decide whether they are in favor of the loan or not.

The question was then put on Hon. Mr Coles' amendment in reference to introducing a Bill to guarantee the interest on a loan of £100,000.

For the amendment—Hons. Messrs. Coles, Whelan, Kelly; Messrs. Conroy, Cooper, Doyle—6.

Against it—Hons. Col. Gray, Haviland, Longworth, Perry, Thornton, Hensley, M'Aulay, Wightman, Speaker, Yeo, Pope, Laird; Messrs. Sinclair, Owen, Donse, Ramsay, Montgomery, Beer, J. Yeo, M'Neill, Howat, Holm, Davies—22.

Hon. Mr Whelan then moved, in amendment of the resolution introduced by Hon. Col. Gray, to strike out all after the preamble, and at the end thereof insert the following:—

"But it does not appear to be the intention of the Secretary of State for the Colonies that the said copy of the Award should be made the basis of any legislation for the present, inasmuch as that His Grace has not submitted the original or official copy, nor intimated any desire to have the printed copy confirmed by the local legislature: *And whereas*, the Secretary has declared, in a Despatch of the 7th February, 1862, that one of the principal provisions in the Award, namely, that in reference to local arbitrations, is open to "insuperable objections," which he proposes to obviate by some "fresh suggestions" at a future opportunity—thus manifesting his desire that legislation on the whole subject of the Award should be postponed: *And whereas*, the recommendation for a loan of £100,000, so earnestly urged by the Royal Commissioners, in order to buy out the claims of the proprietors, is not favorably entertained by the Colonial Minister; and the other principles of the Award being such as are only calculated to confirm proprietary claims without conferring any benefits on the tenantry;

"*Therefore Resolved*, That in the opinion of this Committee, no advantage would accrue from passing a Bill to confirm the award of the Royal Commission, until, at least, such time as the Colonial Minister shall have fully declared the views of the Imperial Government on the several questions submitted to them in the said Award, and when His Grace the Duke of Newcastle shall have furnished the "fresh suggestions" promised by him."

This amendment was lost on the same division as the foregoing

The original resolution was then put and carried, after which the Speaker took the chair. When the question was about being put on the resolution, Hon. Messrs. Coles and Whelan moved their amendments in succession, which were lost 23 to 6 as in Committee, the chairman, Mr Sutherland, voting against them, as did the Speaker in Committee.

Hon Mr Haviland, from the special Committee, to bring in an Elective Legislative Council Bill, presented a draft which was read a first time.

House adjourned

WEDNESDAY, March 26.

SAVINGS BANK BILL.

On motion of Hon. Mr Haviland, the engrossed Bill from the Council to establish a Savings Bank in Prince Edward Island, was read a first time.

Hon. Mr HAVILAND said upon principle he was not opposed to a Savings Bank, but he had not given this Bill any consideration; however, he would move that the tenth rule of the House be suspended, and the Bill be now read a second time. He understood the Savings Bank was not to be a separate matter, but connected with the Treasury. In that case it would impose additional duty on the officers of that department, and he thought the Bill made no provision for their additional payment.

The Bill was then read a second time and committed. Hon. Mr Kelly in the chair.

Mr BEER was happy to think that such a measure was before the House, and considered it would be a great benefit to the poorer class of the community if it were only carried into operation These institutions had worked admirably in the old country, and he thought one could be conducted here so as to be an advantage to the Colony in different ways. The Bill provided that the interest allowed the depositor should be 4 per cent.; the Government might give 5 per cent, allowing one per cent. to the Deputy Treasurer for transacting the business, and then employ the money with advantage in buying up Treasury warrants. He was of opinion that such a bank would be a greater benefit to the people of the country than those of the town, particularly if the Award of the Land Commissioners came into operation; because then parties desiring to purchase their farms could lay up their money in the Savings Bank until they had sufficient to pay an instalment.

Mr DAVIES said something considerable would have to be given to the Treasurer for his additional trouble The Bill should be made self-sustaining, as the country could not afford to pay £100 or so out of the public funds for such a purpose

Hon Mr HENSLEY remarked that the principle of the Bill appeared to be a very good one. He understood it was intended to allow the Deputy Treasurer £20 a year until the sum deposited amounted to £2000, after which it would be self sustaining, the only cost being the expense of paper. * * * *

After a few other hon. members had expressed similar opinions on the Bill the Committee rose, and the Chairman made no report.

A number of petitions were then presented among which were the following:

By Hon. Mr Pope—a petition of John Hazard, Thomas Linkletter, and other inhabitants of Prince County.

By Hon Mr Yeo—a petition of divers inhabitants of Cascumpec and its vicinity.

By Mr Conroy—a petition of divers inhabitants of Lots 1 and 2.

By Mr Douse—a petition of divers inhabitants of Belfast and its vicinity,—all praying that the section of the Act relating to the recovery of Small Debts restricting the imprisonment of debtors to sums over £10, may be repealed or otherwise dealt with as to the House may seem meet.

The House then went into the order of the day for taking into consideration the petitions lying on the table.

All the ordinary road petitions were severally referred to the members for the different districts.

The petition of divers inhabitants of Cascumpec and its vicinity, praying a repeal of the section of the Small Debt Act restricting the imprisonment of debtors to sums of £10, having been read, it was resolved that the House go into a Committee of the whole to consider the prayers of said petition. The several petitions on the table praying for a similar object were referred to the same Committee.

Hon. Mr PERRY said when this clause was introduced into the Small Debt Act he did not think a change would be required so soon He believed, however, that it had worked well enough When credit was too accessible it was no advantage He could prove that there had been far less suing in his part of the country since the non-imprisonment clause had come into operation. This was a benefit, because when merchants took it into their head to sue there was a great deal of expense connected with it. If persons could not buy anything on account of this clause without paying down for it, they should become honest men, and then they would get credit He was aware that last year there had been scarcely more than one-third of the summonses issued compared with what had been in former years. He could not support the repeal of the clause, unless he heard good reasons brought forward for the change.

Mr HOLM remarked that the hon. member who had just sat down was the first person whom he had met that was satisfied with the clause He (Mr H.) thought it had worked injuriously in all parties The hon. member had said that there was less suing than before; but probably the reason was that the debtor had set the creditor at defiance It operated against the poor man's getting credit, because merchants sometimes did not know who were the honest men He thought it would be the duty of the House to repeal the clause in question

Hon. Mr POPE said when the last amendment to the Small Debt Act was passed it was considered a great advance in the scale of civilization, it being thought almost barbarous to imprison a man for debt Though the hon. member, Mr Perry, says the people in his district are satisfied with the Act as it now stands, yet here is a petition signed by about 1000 persons, and most of them are his constituents, praying for a repeal of the clause referred to. It is not only signed by the merchants but by all classes of the community. [The hon. member then mentioned the names of some parties who had signed the petition, and gave a case or two where parties had come to the Island, remained a short time and did business, and become indebted to several persons to an amount not exceeding £10, and then went off with the money in their pockets.] He thought it ought to be placed in no person's power to set creditors thus at defiance It was no more just that an individual owing £9 19s 11½d. should be allowed to get clear than one owing £10. I will submit a resolution on this matter.

House adjourned for one hour.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, March 26.

Mr DAVIES advocated the repeal of the clause which, instead of working beneficially, had the effect of preventing credit being given. While he approved of the principle of the clause, and was reluctant to adopt a retrograde principle, he was bound to say that the clause was not applicable to the country.

Mr M'NEILL could see no reason why, if a man was liable to imprisonment for £10, he should not be liable for £9 19s. The operation of the clause had been injurious. It had prevented worthy, but poor men, obtaining necessary supplies * * *

Hon Mr LONGWORTH had supported the clause in the Act, having confidence that the principle, on which it was based, was a good one But its operation, for upwards of a year, as stated by the petitioners, had shewn that the anticipations, in favor of it, had not been realized On one side, it might be said that the clause would induce greater caution in the mutual relations between debtor and creditor, but it appeared that the privilege of arrest indeed credit which, without it, would not be afforded. They might modify the present Act, without going to the full length of that which it superseded. It was a monstrous injustice and absurdity to keep an honest, but unfortunate, man in prison until the debt for which he was deprived of his liberty, had been satisfied by the expiration of a period of incarceration proportionate to the amount. He would place all debts, within the jurisdiction of the Small Debt Courts, on the same footing, and he then proposed the following resolutions:—

"*Resolved*, That those portions of the Act now in force relating to the recovery of Small Debts which prohibit imprisonment for debt for sums under Ten Pounds be repealed, and that the benefit of the provisions of the present Insolvent Act be extended to all sums under Twenty Pounds

"*Resolved further*, That no Defendant imprisoned under Capias or Execution issued under the Small Debt Act aforesaid, shall under any circumstances be fed or supported in prison at the expense of the Government."

In addition to these the Hon Mr Hensley moved the following:

"*Resolved*, That the Debtor shall in no case be entitled to relief under said Insolvent Acts, if it can be shown that he has, since contracting the debt for which he may be imprisoned, made away with any property in order to defeat the detaining Creditor's claims."

Hon. Mr M'AULAY was in favor of repealing the clause. Unprincipled men had, it appeared, taken advantage of it to defraud their creditors. No one was, he hoped, so malevolent as to sell his goods for the pleasure of depriving the purchaser of his liberty. He had supported the clause as an experiment, and would be in favor of extending its operation if it had been found to work well. The voice of the country has declared against it, and to that voice they were bound to listen.

Mr COOPER—The abolition of imprisonment for small debts was merely a display of mock humanity. No honest poor man need fear the gaol, but it was quite clear that the clause had encouraged swindling, while it prevented honest men obtaining credit.

The resolutions were agreed to.

ON SALE.

AT THE SUBSCRIBER'S ROOM:
12 chests 30 half chests Congou TEA,
10 casks Kerosene OIL,
50 doz Carpet BROOMS,
6 bales HOPS,
A quantity of Neats' LEATHER,
Lot of COOKING STOVES, suitable for Vessels.

All at Lowest Prices.

June 18, 1862. 4i WILLIAM DOOD, Queen Square.

HAT & CAP FACTORY.

THE SUBSCRIBER GRATEFULLY acknowledges the liberal support hitherto received, and acquaints his friends and the public that he continues the Manufacture of PARIS, SILK, CLOTH, and other HATS and CAPS, from the best materials, and at lowest prices. Silk and Felt Hats re-stiffened and cleaned. Ladies' Felt Hats altered to the newest style. Military and other Cap Peaks for sale.

JOHN HOBBS.

Volunteers, Attention!

SHAKOS AND OTHER MILITARY CAPS, made to order.

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GENTS' HALF-WORN CLOTHES, LADIES' MANTLES, &c., cleaned and renovated, the colors restored, and the garment made to look as well as new, by

JOHN HOBBS.

TEA, SUGAR, MOLASSES, AND OTHER Choice GROCERIES, for sale by

JOHN HOBBS.
Opposite the Temperance Hall.

June 14, 1862. 2m

Judson's Worm Tea!

WOOL!

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR WOOL.

J. S. CARVELL.

June 14, 1862

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THE SUBSCRIBER HAS ON HAND 2500 pcs. ENGLISH ROOM PAPER, in variety of styles, varying in prices from 9d. to 6s each.

Lengths warranted 12 yards, and 22 inches in breadth A piece of English paper covers nearly double the space of the American manufactures.

BENJ. DAVIES, Cheapside, Queen Square.

SUMMER

DRESS MATERIALS!

JUST RECEIVED, PER STEAMER, *via* Halifax, a Choice Assortment of

DRESS FABRICS,
Latest and most Fashionable!

— IN —

MUSLIN DELAINES
Grenadines, Fancy Mohairs, Cross-overs
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A LOT OF

SILK DRESSES!

In Plain, Glace Bar'd, and Black Bar'd; very cheap.

ALSO, JUST RECEIVED,

A large Lot of Hooped Skirts,

Direct from Boston. The styles are various, and comprise the LATEST MANUFACTURED.

☞ The above completes our Importations for the season, and, with the Stock in hand, will be found, on inspection, ONE OF THE BEST ASSORTMENTS IN THE CITY.

JAMES DESBRISAY & CO.

Queen Square, June 21, 1862.

Carlton's Condition Powder.

International S. S. Co's Steamers.

"New Brunswick," & "Forest City."

THESE FAVORITE STEAMERS LEAVE ST. JOHN, for EASTPORT, PORTLAND, and BOSTON, alternately, every MONDAY and THURSDAY morning, at 8 o'clock.

June 13, 1862. 6m J. S. CARVELL, Agent.

EASTERN AND N. A. RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

TRAINS LEAVE ST. JOHN, 8 a. m., arrive at Point Du Chene at 1.57 p. m.

Trains leave St. John at 2 p. m., arrive at Point Du Chene at 9.11 p. m.

Trains leave Point Du Chene at 7.30 a. m., arrive at St. John at 3.30 p. m.

Trains leave Point Du Chene at 2.15 p. m., arrive at St. John at 8.3 p. m.

On TUESDAYS a train will leave St John at 5.30 p. m., to connect with steamers "Westmorland," "Lady Head, and "Arabian," on Wednesday mornings.

June 13, 1862. 6m J. S. CARVELL, Agent.

Redwood! Redwood!!

PERSONS WHO HAVE FOUND IT DIFFICULT to get good REDWOOD, may rest assured that M. W. SKINNER can supply them with an article he can Warrant.

Cash Drug Store, June 28, 1862.

A Superior Lot of

MADE CLOTHING!

Hats, Caps, Gloves, Shirts, Collars,
Ties, Boots and Shoes,

INCLUDING EVERY ARTICLE OF GENTS' WEAR.

TO BE HAD

At the British Warehouse.

May 30, 1862. W. & A. BROWN

Judson's Pills!

IRONMONGERY.

JUST RECEIVED BY THE "GAZELLE," from ENGLAND

15 Casks assorted HARDWARE,
2 Casks SHOVELS,
1 Cask Hook and Eye HINGES,
1 Cask ZINC,
1 Cask CART BUSHES,
1 Case SAWS, in Cross Cut, Hand, Tenon, etc
1 Case KNIFE MACHINES,
11 Bundles SPRING STEEL,
14 Bundles and 231 Bars IRON,
77 Bags NAILS and SPIKES,
93 Boxes GLASS, from 8 by 10 to 33 by 45.
131 Kegs White and Colored PAINTS,
4 Casks LINSEED OIL,
2 Casks PUTTY,
4 Drums VARNISH,

Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvils and Vices, Shot, Scythes, Scythe Stones, Bakepans, Iron Pots, Plough Metals, Bathbricks, Glue, Shoemakers' Hemp, etc., which, with the Stock on hand, comprises the largest and most complete assortment the subscriber has yet offered to the public, and he is fully prepared to sustain the reputation already acquired, viz: that of keeping the

Cheapest Hardware Store in the City.

A large supply of SADDLERS' GOODS, and a further Stock of IRON, to arrive by the "Princess," daily expected.

W. E. DAWSON.

Gibson's Brick Building, May 17, 1862.

FURNITURE & UPHOLSTERY.

GEORGE DOUGLAS WOULD CALL the attention of Ladies and Gentlemen intending to purchase FURNITURE, to his STOCK, being the

Largest and best assortment on the Island;

CONSISTING OF

EVERY ARTICLE IN FURNITURE,

required in furnishing. Also, 1 new Rosewood COTTAGE PIANO, all of which will be sold very cheap.

GEORGE DOUGLAS,
Kent Street, next door to Hon. George Coles.

March 3, 1862.

PARENTS READ!

Judson's Mountain Herb WORM TEA.

HERBS, BARKS AND ROOTS

VERSUS

Poisonous Minerals and Drugs.

Do you when observing the uneasy actions of your children, consider that it may be more than a mere Cholic that afflicts them? In nine cases out of ten, the cause of the little sufferers' anguish is WORMS, AND SHOULD BE AT ONCE LOOKED TO.

Heads of Families

Do not let your children suffer when we present you in

JUDSON'S WORM TEA

A safe and pleasant cure for Worms.

How much better and safer it would be to have it always in the house. A little delay when a child is taken ill may often be the cause of its death, while acting without delay, and by giving the MOUNTAIN HERB TEA immediately you will not only save the child a long and tedious illness, and yourself much expense, but also feel happier in knowing that you have done your duty, and perchance saved its life.

HERBS AND ROOTS

NOT A PARTICLE OF

CALOMEL OR MINERAL

Is used in it. No more filthy Vermifuge will be used by those who once use this Tea. The only active principle of all other Vermifuges and Worm killers is MERCURY.

GIVE NO

POISON

TO YOUR CHILDREN!

☞ Use this Simple, Safe, Vegetable Remedy. ☜

B. L. JUDSON & CO., Proprietors,
NEW YORK.

Sold by all Dealers, at 25 Cents per Pkge

Queen Insurance Company,

OF LIVERPOOL.

FIRE, LIFE, AND ANNUITIES.

CAPITAL, £500,000 STERLING.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN appointed AGENT for the above FIRST-CLASS INSURANCE COMPANY, is prepared to accept risks and issue policies on all descriptions of property, at moderate rates.

J. S. CARVELL, Agent for Prince Edward Island.

April 5, 1862.

[EXTRACTS FROM THE NEWSPAPERS.]

On reference to a return made to Parliament, and ordered by the House of Commons to be printed, 7th June, 1861, it will be seen that the increase of Duty for the year, paid by the QUEEN was £2567, being upwards of £1000 more than paid by any other office ever yet established in this city.

[From Gore's General Advertiser, Oct. 24, 1861.]

"Indeed, we believe that we are perfectly justified in saying that no other Company, within the same period, ever attained so large an income in either the Fire or Life Departments, as the Queen Insurance Company. In making this statement, we make no exception even in favor of our older local companies, namely, the Liverpool and London, the Royal, and the Lancashire Insurance Companies."

[From the Civil Service Gazette, Nov. 2, 1861.]

——"Among these important institutions, stands eminent for its solidity, as well as for its success, 'The Queen Insurance Company,' which last week held its annual meeting of proprietors in Liverpool A reference to the ample report in another page will fully satisfy every reader of the signal progress made by this association since its foundation. Such success is, indeed, rarely attained; and it attests at once the excellence of its management, and the public confidence in its constitution.

[From the Liverpool Mercury, Nov. 2, 1861.]

"It must be gratifying to the public generally, and especially to the proprietors, to find that its income during the past three years has increased at the rate of £20,000 per annum. We believe that no other Company, within the same short period, ever attained so large an increase, either in the Fire or Life Department. This speaks highly for the activity and zeal of the management, while the promptness with which all the claims, arising out of the late disastrous fire in London were met, testifies to their financial ability and the care and prudence which marked the investment of these funds."

PAINTS,

OILS,
GLASS,
NAILS,
LOCKS,
CARPENTER'S TOOLS,
&c. &c. &c.

W. E. DAWSON.

Charlottetown, May 31, 1862.

PIANO FOR SALE.

ONE VERY HANDSOME ROSEWOOD COTTAGE PIANO (new) 7 octave, will be sold very cheap, at the Furniture Warehouse

GEORGE DOUGLASS

Dec. 21st, 1861.

TYNES AND SMITH,

SHIPPING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 39 South William Street,
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JULIAN G. TYNES. ADOLPHUS D. SMIT

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MARBLE WORKS,

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Great George Street,
immediately adjoining Knight's "City Bakery,"
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

Sept. 28th 1861. tf.

NOTICE OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS TO ACQUAINT the public that from the 1st January, inst., he has taken into partnership Mr HENRY A. HARVIE, so favorably known in his establishment for the last 14 years. The Bookselling and Stationary business in future, will be conducted under the firm of George T. Haszard & Co.

All persons indebted to the Subscriber are particularly requested to settle their accounts

GEORGE T. HASZARD

JUST PUBLISHED,

And for Sale at all the Bookstores,
Price, stitched, 2s.; in boards, 2s. 6d.,

AN ABSTRACT OF THE PROCEEDINGS

BEFORE THE

LAND COMMISSIONERS' COURT,

held during the Summer of 1860, to inquire into the differences relative to the rights of land owners and tenants in Prince Edward Island; to which is added, as an appendix, the AWARD; the whole making a volume of about 250 pages, and forming the only complete account of the progress and result of the most important investigation that has ever taken place in the history of Prince Edward Island.

ALSO,

THE AWARD,

In separate form, price 9d.

Charlottetown, April 19, 1862.

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MESSRS S. D. & H. SMITH'S

MELODEONS!

CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

At the same Prices as at the Warerooms in Boston.

MARK BUTCHER.

East Corner King's Square, May 24, 1862.

THE READY & RELIABLE REMEDY

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

CIRCULAR TO THE SICK.

The first hospital surgeons and medical authors of Europe admit the unparalleled anti-inflamatory and healing properties of this Ointment; governments sanction its use in their naval and military services; and the masses in this country, and throughout the world, repose the utmost confidence in its curative properties It penetrates the sources of inflamation and corruption which underlie the external evidences of disease, and neutralizes the fiery elements which feed and exasperate the malady.

RHEUMATISM, SCROFULA, ERYSIPELAS.

These are among the most terrible and agonizing disease, yet in their worst forms, and when seemingly incurable, they invariably disappear under a persevering application of this soothing, healing antitote to pain and inflamation.

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In cases of King's Evil where medicinal waters, lotions, and every receipe of the pharmacopœia have proved useless, the Ointment will accomplish a thorough cure. Fever Sores heal quickly under its influence, and its relaxing effect upon contracted sinews is truly wonderful.

DISCHARGING ULCERS.

A most remarkable and happy change is produced in the appearance of malignant ulcers after a few applications of this Ointment. The surrounding redness vanishes, and granules of healthy flesh begin to take the place of the discharged matter. This process goes on more or less rapidly, until the orifice is filled up with sound material and the ulcer is radically cured.

A WORD TO MOTHERS.

The young are the most frequent sufferers from external injuries and therefore every mother should have this healing preparation constantly at hand. It is an absolute specific for burns, sprains, and bruises, and quickly removes the encrusted sores which sometimes disfigure the heads and faces of children.

HEATED BLOOD, SCORBUTIC ERUPTIONS

This Ointment is universally resorted to with the happiest effects by seafarers for easing and curing the skin diseases resulting from the continued use of salted provisions. It is largely and successfully employed by sailors of all nations, for curing the scurvy and the annoying eruptions which spring from overheated blood Its fine cooling properties are invaluable in inflamation, ulcers, or sores, of the legs or feet, and it gives greater ease than any other application to the aches and darting pains, produced by varicose veins or neuralgia, resulting from exposure to cold or wet.

WOUNDS, BRUIZES, BURNS, SCALDS.

The extent to which mechanical and manufacturing industry in this country has reached, is greater than in any other, therefore, the liability to bodily accident has increased in the same ratio. Accidents are lamentably frequent, and often when seemingly trivial in themselves, are made to end fatally from want of due attention and proper remedies The most powerful curative ever applied to wounds, bruises, burns, or sores of any sort, is Holloway's Ointment. Every tradesman, in fact, every man in whom an accident may happen—and who is there exempt?—should be provided with it against the physical dangers which though never foreseen, are of hourly occurrence.

BAD LEGS, PILES, FISTULAS.

The cures which this Ointment effects, in healing Ulcers of long standing, and, which have resisted all other applications, as well as in curing bad legs, Piles and Fistulas, have been so countless and so notorious throughout the world, that any effort to give an adequately detailed statement of their number or character would be in vain. It is sufficient to say that the Ointment has never proved ineffacious.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases

Bad Legs	Contracted and Stiff Joints	Sore Nipples
Bad Breasts	Elephantiasis	Sore Throats
Burns	Fistulas	Skin Diseases
Bunions	Gout	Scurvy
Bite of Moschetoes and Sand-flies	Glandular Swellings	Tumors
Coco-Bay	Lumbago	Ulcers
Chiego-Foot	Piles	Wounds
Corns (soft)	Rheumatism	Yaws
Cancers	Scalds	

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each pot.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

Sold at the Establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices, viz.—1s 1½d. 2s 9d. 4s 6d, and 11s. sterling.

June 21, 1862.

TRIPLE REMEDIES!

CURES COUGHS, COLDS, Asthma, Bronchial Complaints, and all Throat Irritations leading to Actual Consumption.

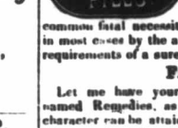
Its great feature is a freedom from every component which produces debility, and its unerring certainty in all of the above Complaints rests with the fact that it may be used every hour without restraint. Therefore from childhood and its terror, WHOOPING COUGH, to old age and its infirmities, allow it to be the companion from the cradle, and the grave will be spared many of its early victims.

Make it your pocket companion by day, and your bedside friend by night, using it whenever you please.

Small bottles 1s 6d, large do. 3s.

Cures all Complaints of Nervous and Spasmodic character, such as NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, ST. VITUS' DANCE, TOOTH AND EAR ACHE, BOWEL COMPLAINTS, NERVOUS AND SPASMODIC SICK HEAD ACHE, to that terror of all Nervous dispositions, and probably the chief cause of Insanity, "LOSS OF SLEEP."

3s. per Bottle.



Designed as special assistant to the above named preparations, when aggravated by BILIOUSNESS OR INDIGESTION, and the great substitute for all MERCURIAL PREPARATIONS.

The ECLECTIC PILLS, without the common fatal necessity of almost making a meal of such, will in most cases by the application of a single Pill, produce all the requirements of a sure, gentle, and reliable

FAMILY PHYSIC.

Let me have your confidence to make trial of the above named Remedies, as the only sure tribunal by which real character can be attained, and my declaration is that such confidence will not be misplaced. The greater justice, is to procure and read the descriptive Pamphlet to be found with all dealers, or will be sent free at

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DENTIFIRICE SOAPS &C

Rimmells White Rose Dentifrice Soap
Robinson's Indexical Dental Soap.
Pelletier's Antiseptic and Aromatic Tooth Soap.
John Gosnell & Co's Cherry Tooth Paste

THESE DENTAL SOAPS, WHICH ARE offered as substitutes for all the Powders and Washes heretofore used, are prepared expressly for the Teeth, of the PUREST MATERIALS OF WHICH SOAP CAN BE MADE.

They are tasteless, save an agreeable aromatic flavor, imparted to them by the Antiseptic and Astringent properties with which they are combined.

They effectually rid the mouth of the fœtid matter and tartar which render the breath so impure and disagreeable. They give tone and strength to the gums, and a clear, pearly whiteness to the Teeth; preventing the premature decay of these priceless organs, the full value of which is never realized until they are lost to us forever

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OR

Dentists' Tooth Brushes.

These Tooth Brushes have been extensively introduced the highly recommended by the most eminent Dentists, and are warranted to purchasers by JOHN GOSNELL & Co., inventor, and patentees of the TRICHOSARON HAIR BRUSH.

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W. R. WATSON.

January 4, 1862.