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THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

Official Organ of The Fishermen's Protective Union of Newfoundland.

Vol. III. No. 137.

ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, THURSDAY, JUNE 22, 1916.

Price: 1 Cent.

HUNS REPULSED BY RUSSIANS ON STOKHOD RIVER

Total Number of Prisoners Taken By Russians From June 3rd to 15th is 172,484—Large Quantities of War Supplies Are Also Captured by General Brussiloff

PETROGRAD, June 22.—The War Office announced to-day that the number of men captured by the Russians in their offensive in Volhynia and Galicia, up to Thursday last week, was 172,484. The total number of prisoners taken by General Brussiloff from June 3rd to 15th inclusive, says the statement, was 3,350 officers, 139,134 men, and also captured 550 machine guns, 189 bomb throwers, 119 artillery limbers, 34 searchlights and a large quantity of other war material. An official announcement says: In a severe engagement on Stokhod River, the German troops, which made an attack in massed formation, were repulsed and took to flight.

Germans Gain In Verdun Sector

PARIS, June 22.—After violent attacks lasting all night the Germans captured the front line trenches between Fumin Wood and Chenois in the Verdun sector, according to an official statement. The Germans attacked in force on both banks of the Meuse. Later the usual heavy bombardment and an attack on the south slope of Deadmen Hill, was checked by grenade detachments. On the right bank of the river there were violent engagements west and south of Fort Vaux, during which the Germans gained a footing in a corner of Fumin Wood, but were immediately expelled. Later they returned to the attack then some trenches were captured. A German grenade assault north of Hill 321 was stopped by French fire.

Is Mentioned in Canadian List

OTTAWA, June 22.—The name of William Ladre, of Newfoundland, appears in the casualty list of wounded.

READ THE MAIL & ADVOCATE

DESPERATE FIGHTING AT KISOLINE

Germans Attack Russian Lines on Stokhod River in Mass Formation—Unable to Resist Steady Pressure of Russians—Germans Took Flight Leaving Prisoners Behind Them in Their Haste

PETROGRAD, June 22.—At 3 o'clock yesterday morning in region of the Village of Rajnasto, on the Stokhod River, northeast of Vorontachine, the enemy attacked in mass formation. The engagement became a hand to hand fight, with the Germans unable to sustain our steady pressure, took flight and left in our hands wounded prisoners not yet counted. Desperate fighting is in progress in the region of Kisoline. Further south, on the extreme left wing, we are still pursuing the enemy who have crossed the Sereth River.

Lightship Sunk

YARMOUTH, June 22.—The Gorton, lightship, stationed several miles off the English coast, has been sunk by a mine, according to survivors, two in number. They say that Captain Russ, who was at the bow, sighted the mine and gave warning of the explosion, which came in an instant later. The force was so terrific that the vessel was raised out of water and completely broken up.

LONDON, June 22.—The "G. Gorton" lightship, situated several miles off the English East coast, has been sunk with the loss of five members of her crew drowned or killed, says a Central News despatch to-day from Great Yarmouth. Whether the sinking was due to a mine or submarine is unknown. Survivors of the disaster badly injured have been landed.

Verdun Sector.

PARIS, June 22.—The Germans exploded two mines before launching their infantry attack against the French trenches. Their repulse was, the statement says, to the effectiveness of the French screen of fire. In Verdun sector no infantry action was reported, but mutual bombardment was maintained during the night.



THE LATEST STYLE
"Excuse me, Mr. Aker, I felt like that myself when I put it on first."—Passing Show.

AMERICANS CLASH WITH THE MEXICANS

U. S. Cavalry Have Engagement With Carranza's Forces 90 Miles South of El Paso—Both Sides Suffer Losses—Americans Lose 40 Men—Mexican General Felix Gomez Reported Dead.

EL PASO, June 21.—A detachment of American cavalry clashed with Carranza's forces at Carrizal about 90 miles south of El Paso early to-day, both sides suffering heavy casualties. According to unofficial reports received by the Mexican military authorities who are investigating, forty Americans were killed by machine gun fire in a surprise attack. The Mexican casualties are said not to have been so heavy, but General Felix Gomez is named as being among the Mexican dead.

An American command, said to have been a part of a scouting patrol from Anzman, is returning to General Pershing's line of communication. Gen. Gonzalez, a Mexican commander in Juarez, gave out the statement which he announced as official, that the Mexican commander had taken 17 American prisoners; he also said that Gen. Gomez' death is confirmed, but said he had no official reports.

HUNS NOW TRY TO RESUME INITIATIVE

Heavy Fight is in Progress Around Gouziatyn—Germans Make Fresh Attacks in Smorgon and Riga District—General Letchitzky Out-generalled Austrian Commander and Cuts His Force in Half

LONDON, June 21.—Official issued today by Austrian and Russian War Office all indicate what has been anticipated, that the Germans are making a determined effort to resume the initiative lost by the Russian Gen. Brussiloff's diversion, by a strong attack on Gen. Kuropatkin's army in the north, especially in Volhynia, on the Styr and Stokhod rivers in an effort to prevent the Russians receiving reinforcements. Although up to the present the Germans are making no striking advances, they are clearly holding up their opponents, most stubborn fighting, with fluctuating results proceeding around Gouziatyn, west of Kolk. The Germans are again attacking farther north in Smorgon district, and in the region of Riga. Military experts say that it remains to be seen whether the Germans will be able to bring sufficient pressure in those sections to relieve the hard pressed Austrians in Bukowina and enable them to make a fresh stand on a new line.

LONDON, June 21.—Confirmatory reports of the cutting in two of Gen. Pflianger's army in Bukowina are contained in a despatch to the Star from Petrograd today. When the Austrians retreated due south along the Rumanian border and others towards the

TAKES OVER CONTROL OF OIL SUPPLY

British Government Will Henceforth Control the Supply of Petrol For Which a License of Sixpence per Gallon Must Be Paid at Time of Purchase

LONDON, June 21.—The Government have declared that a more effective diminution in the use of petrol by motor cars will be obtained by control than by increasing taxes on cars. Henceforth, according to the announcement made in the House of Commons today, increased taxes are to be restricted to a central authority to be created, with power to grant permits for the purchase of a specified amount of petrol for which a license of six pence per gallon must be paid at the time of purchase. For commercial cars or those of doctors and veterinary surgeons, permits will be issued at half rates. The discussion in the Commons elicited the general opinion that control of petrol would be more equitable than increasing the tax on motor cars, though one member of the House pointed out that the extra cost of petrol would be more than the amount of the extra tax.

Efforts were made in the House of Commons to have the maximum income tax reduced from five to four shillings per pound, but the Government declined to do anything except to endeavour to relieve the incidence of tax on small unearned incomes.

SUSPECTED FIRMS MUST SHOW CAUSE

Two Firms Who, it is Alleged, Are Controlled by Foreign Parties, Get Four Days to Show Why They Should Not be Wound Up as Enemy Firms

LONDON, June 22.—The Board of Trade has ordered the Hop Extract Company and Horst Co., whose officials state they are controlled by S. J. Partello, of Chicago, to show the cause within four days why they should not be wound up as enemy firms. One of the organizers of both companies, Baron Von Horst, a Californian, who was interned in England soon after the war began, stated that the Baron, who has lived in England for years, accepted a German title after leaving the United States, and no longer owns shares in stock of either company.

Carpathians the hope was to save time and hold the Russians on a fortified line running from Kutly to the Sereth and along the rivers Mikhodra and Sereth, but despite the delay caused by the prolonged defence of Czernowitz, General Letchitzky threw his reserves upon the heels of the retreating Austrians with such speed that he succeeded in reaching that line simultaneously with them, with the result that Pflianger's force was cut in half midway between Kutly and Sereth, at Strogoin.

OFFICIAL CASUALTY LIST FIRST NEWFOUNDLAND REGIMENT

NOT PREVIOUSLY REPORTED
2nd. Lieut. Kevin J. Keegan, General Hospital. Admitted to 3rd. London General Hospital, Wandsworth; valvular disease of heart.
389 Private Charles D. Rogers, 88 George Street, Admitted to 3rd. London General Hospital, Wandsworth; debility.

J. R. BENNETT, Colonial Secretary

'T WAS LEFT TO OVERSEAS DELEGATES

Representatives of Canada and Australia at Mansion House Meeting Under Auspices of British Empire Producers' Association Drive Home Some Lessons of the Great War.

LONDON, June 22.—Coinciding with the publication of the resolution adopted by the Paris Economic Conference to-day at a Mansion House meeting, under the auspices of the British Empire Producers' Association, created a deep interest. It was left to the overseas delegates, Premier Hughes of Australia, and Sir Geo. Foster of Canada, to drive the lesson home. Sir George pointed out that the war has performed a great service in sweeping away old prejudices and bringing the nations of the Empire into closer union. He hoped when peace came there would be some willingness and ability to banish old controversies and disputes. He emphasized the fact that production was the only basis of trade within the British Empire, the diversity of climate rendering it possible to produce all requirements. He believed in nationalization, particularly as regards raw materials, when there was an attempt at monopoly. Referring to sacrifices made for the military struggle, the Minister thought that the Allies would be capable of similar sacrifices in any trade war against the Central Powers. The Australian Premier, in his usual vigorous style, urged the Paris resolutions be given effect by an immediate organization. He said there must be control of raw material within the Empire, re-peopleing of the land and inter-Empire trade.

CHANGES MADE BY MCKENNA IN FINANCE BILL

Duty on Cocoa and Coffee Now Reduced From 6d to 4 1/2d per lb.—New Scale of Duty Comes Into Immediate Effect—McKenna Explains Reason for Change.

LONDON, June 22.—During the discussion on the Finance bill in the Commons to-day, Reginald McKenna, Chancellor of the Exchequer, announced the reduction from 6d to 4 1/2d per pounds in the duty on cocoa and coffee, which comes into force to-day. McKenna explained that owing to the general admission of unfairness on taxes on tea, coffee and cocoa a thorough investigation resulted in this conclusion and true relations in the taxes was made, that on coffee and cocoa four and one halfpence per pound, and that on tea 12 pence per pound. This relation meant, he said, a cup of tea would bear the same taxation as a cup of cocoa or coffee, and hoped in any further alterations in the taxation they could still bear the same relation.

GERMAN AGENCIES ARE BEHIND CARRANZA, IT IS THOUGHT

Entente Allies Are Very Anxious That Nothing Should Occur Between Two Republics Just Now to Shut Off Oil Supplies From Tampico—Washington Learns European Diplomats Are Exerting Pressure on Carranza.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—Some intimation as to what General Carranza's next step will be was expected hourly to-night at the State Department. Official advices reported the American rejection of the demand for the recall of General Pershing's troops from Mexico under consideration by the first Chief and his Cabinet. Special Agent Rogers, who made a report, was unable to forecast the action of the de facto Government, and threw little light on what was going on in Mexico. The Capital, from other sources, however, learned that European diplomats were exerting pressure upon Carranza to prevent him from going to war with the States. The Entente Allies are particularly anxious, it is understood, that nothing should occur at this time to shut off oil supplies for the French and British navies from the Tampico fields.

Allied diplomatic representatives in Mexico believe too that German influence has been working on Carranza in an effort to create a situation which might embarrass the enemies of the Central Powers. They have asserted German agencies have been active in stirring up a feeling against the States, not only in Mexico, but throughout South Central America, to prevent this country from securing the trade formerly controlled by German merchants. The State Department had no official reports of peace-making effort in Mexico City, although it has been informed directly what is transpiring. The study of all General Carranza's communications and actions during the last few months, however, has given little ground in official circles to feel for a hopeful view. His attitude is one growing of hostility, and officials are not inclined to believe how it could be readily overcome at the War Department. Telegrams came during the mobilization of scores in regiments under canvas to-night, as yet no marching orders for the border have been given, but they will go before the week is out.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—General known. The number of Americans Funsten reported late to-night that killed or wounded is also unknown.

OFFICIAL BRITISH

LONDON, June 21.—The following communication was issued by the War Office tonight:—
"The day being devoid of any important incident, passed quietly on most parts of the front. An intermittent shelling occurred near Hebuterne, Souchez Valley and Frelingheim, while mining continued briskly near Neuville St. Vaast and Loos salient, near Labassee.
"Yesterday evening five of the enemy's ammunition lorries came under the fire of our artillery. One of them was hit, and all of them exploded."

Russian Advance Continues On Both Flanks

PETROGRAD, June 22.—A correspondent observes the Germans are making a stand before Kevel Vardimir, Volynski, but that the Russians' advance continues on both flanks, encountering a stubborn resistance only on the direct road to Lemberg and lower reaches of the Tigris. The correspondent adds, the German lines on the Russian front are assuming a zig-zag appearance, suggesting the many possibilities had better be left for the present to conjecture.

Another Cabinet For Greece

ATHENS, June 21.—King Constantine is taking up the question of changes in the Ministry, as a result of the continuation of the blockade by the Allies, and it is believed that former Premier Zaimis will be asked to try and form a Cabinet which will be acceptable to the Entente.

he had received an official confirmation of a clash between Carranza and American troops early to-day near Carrizal, Mexico. He transmitted to the War Department the following report from General Bell at El Paso:—
"There was a clash this morning at Carrizal near Villa, Ahumada, between Carranza and American troops, in which General Gomez and other Mexicans were killed, number is unknown. The number of Americans killed or wounded is also unknown."

NOTICE!

The Friends and Supporters of the undersigned are requested to meet this Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock, in the C. C. Hall, Mechanics' Building.

W. G. GOSLING,
C. P. AYRE,
F. W. BRADSHAW,
F. MacNAMARA,
JAMES McGRATH,
I. C. MORRIS,
J. W. WITHERS.

Notice to Citizens!

The Members of WALTER A. O'D. KELLEY'S Mayoralty Committee and Supporters are requested to meet at the Basement of the Star Hall TO-MORROW (Friday) Evening, at 8.30 o'clock, for the purpose of receiving reports and making arrangements for Polling Day. A full attendance is requested.
Candidate will be present at 9.30 and address the meeting.

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