

Money In Your Pocket!

OUR Moderate Prices never deplete a Man's Purse. The Man who buys his Outfitting here will always have money in his pocket! While our Clothing is the limit of Good Clothing Making and Good Value, our Prices are never lofty or beyond the reach of the Man with an ordinary income.

We secure the best Clothing that the Country's best Manufacturers know how to produce—Clothing, that's absolutely right.

We price it to sell at the lowest margin possible, a low gain ourselves only a living profit.

Look at these Reasonable Prices

MEN'S SUITS

\$12, \$15, \$18, \$20 to \$30

MEN'S OVERCOATS

\$10, \$12, \$15, \$20 to \$25

The Best Hats and Toggery
Priced on the Same Low Basis!

Money In Your Pocket If You Buy Here!

Quick & Robertson

WINTER FOOTWEAR



You need warm foot wear these zero days --Try a pair of our All Felt Boots, or celebrated Life Buoy Heavy Rubbers to

keep your feet warm.

Buckskin Moccasins

For Men, Women and Children.

THE HAINES SHOE HOUSES

BILLEVILLE, NAPANE, SMITHS FALLS

McINTOSH BROS.

Special Sale Events For All This Week

Many Odds and Ends throughout this store will be cleared out this week at money saving prices. Here are a few special numbers, many more are to be had in the various lines of wanted merchandise.

Regular up to \$2.25 Ladies' Sweater Coats, clearing at your choice of colors \$1.49

Regular up to \$4.00 Ladies' Separate Skirts, a few left to clear at \$2.49

SEE the Dress Goods clearing at 49c a yard Regular \$1.49 Children's Dresses, clearing at 98c 40c Large Bath Towels, very special 25c each Regular up to \$2.49 Ladies' Voile Waists clearing \$1.25 Men's \$4.50 Corduroy Pants, clearing at \$3.35

Men's Underwear, old time values and prices, buy now for next year and save money.

Come every day, something different in sales to be had at startling prices.

Why not try "The Ontario" Want Columns for the house you want to rent, or article for sale?

News and Views

From Our
Ameliasburg Correspondent

HAROLD

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Cranston, attended the funeral of her brother on Sunday at Harrold, the late Brakeman Bateman.

Mr. J. A. Tompkins, of Elerado, has bought Mr. E. White's farm at Harrold and Mr. White has bought his brother's farm in the 4th Con. of Rawdon.

Mrs. Jane Bailey intends holding her sale on Friday the 35th.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Lloyd is spending a few days with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Keen, of Madoc, spent the week-end at Mr. A. D. Russell's.

We are pleased to report that Mrs. A. D. Russell's is on the gain.

Mr. C. Kilpatrick spent the week-end at Harrold.

Mr. Harry Heath spent Monday in Harrold.

Miss Laura West was home over Sunday.

MASSAUGA

Miss Hattie Bwald has gone to Madoc and Campbellford to spend a few days.

Quite a few from here attended the Boys' Conference on Sunday evening.

We hear that W. W. Post has his farm up for sale.

Those on the sick list are, Mrs. H. Wallbridge, Mrs. Ray Vallem, Mrs. B. Hamilton, John Walker and baby Brunell. Last report they were improving.

Mrs. Wm. Wallbridge is entertaining company from Campbellford.

The W. M. S. held their monthly meeting at Mrs. H. Snider's on Wednesday.

We hear Red Cross is to be at Mrs. Ben Osbourne's next Tuesday.

Mrs. Howard Huff sold a beef cow on Monday last for a fancy price \$110.00.

FOXBORO

Mrs. Morden and daughter Ethel, and Mr. Walt of Trenton were visitors at the latter's son, Mr. Arthur Walt on Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Shaw and children visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Shaw, Jr. on Sunday.

Mrs. Walter Wickett and little son Alfred, spent the week-end in Belleville, visiting relatives and friends, returning home on Monday.

Mrs. Charles Rose returned home after spending a few days at the home of her brother, Mr. S. Bishel, of Halloway.

Mr. and Mrs. Neil Davis visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. Macdonald on Wednesday last.

Mr. Charles Burd spent Sunday afternoon at Mr. C. Rose's.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Danyes of Toronto, attended the funeral of the late Mrs. Albert Loucks on Thursday last.

Mrs. Adams, Miss Ethel Adams, and Mrs. Bonkin spent Thursday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. Pittman.

Mrs. Bruce Kennedy and children, Miss Lena Kennedy were guests of Mrs. Arthur Walt on Tuesday afternoon.

The Red Cross Knitting Circle was held at Mrs. J. A. Faulkner's on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Willard Hagerman, and Miss Gladys took tea at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Neil Davis on Thursday of last week.

Mrs. John Longwell spent Tuesday at the home of Miss Flossie Rose.

The weather continues very cold. Miss Nettie Stewart spent Friday with her cousin, Miss Stella Davis.

Miss Clara Derry and Miss Edith Mitchell called on the Misses Gladys and Nettie Stewart on Sunday afternoon.

TRENTON IS NOT PROMPT

In Payment of Quarterly Account Says Reeve of Thurlow

At county council yesterday, Mr. N. Vermylen, reeve of Thurlow suggested that the new Finance Committee take cognizance of Trenton's lack of promptness in payment of the quarterly accounts for Administration of Justice. For instance only the first quarter's account for 1917 to the amount of \$537.50 has been paid as yet and that payment was made without interest six months after it was due. The new finance chairman should make Trenton more prompt.

PRINCE EDWARD PROGRESSES

There are 80 schools in Prince Edward County, which accommodate a total of 2,332 pupils. Of these, 1,437 are boys and 1,395 girls. The average attendance for the past year was 1,806. Of 233 entrance candidates 151 passed with honors. One teacher receives a salary of \$1,000 and the average salary for 1917 was \$600.

So far as the outsider can judge preparations are being made for a Provincial election some time in June. Why would not the same argument against holding the last Federal election apply with some reason to the holding of a Provincial election now? While the holding of a Federal election after the war was strongly condemned by a good many at the time, perhaps more for party reasons and as strenuously advocated for the same reasons by the opposition, the final result, we believe, was of greater benefit to Canada in the establishment of a Union Government. It may be argued that the same benefit would not result in the election of a Provincial Union Government or the postponement of an election at all. All non-partisans will be willing to admit that unless some constitutional point of law will be violated from not holding an election at this time, it would be of greater advantage to the Province not to hold one for at least another year. A considerable expense must of necessity go with an election and would the expenditure of large sums of money for that purpose at the present time, when the curtailing of expenses is so strenuously advocated, justify it? It should not be a question of gratifying the ambition of any political party or private individual. We are so satisfied that the people of Canada who have the interests of their country at heart, more than the success of any particular party, would if an opportunity were given them, say, No Election Government. Candidates not already selected will likely be soon.

Let Prince Edward set an example worthy of the limitation of other constituencies in the Province. Elect or select delegates from every polling division in the county represent both political parties. Call a meeting of these delegates to select a Non-Party Candidate. This county, being an agricultural district, it would only be reasonable some intelligent farmer or who would make a creditable representative should be selected. Once selected, let everybody make election unanimous. The candidate then is the choice of both parties. He is the same interest in all his constituents irrespective of party. He is not bound down by party ties and those who at other times politically opposed to him could freely go and submit their claims or wants with a free feeling that the candidate is at their service as much as at any one else's. Not until some such method as this is adopted in the selection of Candidates, can we hope to see partyism cast aside, graft, pull, patronage and all the other things which have been a curse to honest politicians, become a thing of the past and Government actuated by only one grand thought, the country's interests first and their efforts supported by members of Parliament elected for the same purpose.

It is not our purpose to advocate the claims of any particular person as a representative for this county. We have only one ambition and that is to see a worthy and creditable representative who will do the County of Prince Edward honor and himself credit. Mr. Parliament, the present member has not been slothful in his duties. He was elected with comparatively no experience, as to the duties he was expected to discharge and has performed those duties in a manner which has reflected great credit upon him, exceeding the expectations of his warmest supporters. He has never lost an opportunity to render his constituents service when within his power to do so. Being with the opposition he had the same difficulties to contend with any other member similarly situated. But we believe he has always been able to command the respect of both sides of the House. He has always had the interests of his constituency at heart and has profited much from his parliamentary experience. We have no knowledge that at any time he has allowed himself to be actuated by party considerations alone. During the Federal election, some might say it would have been better had he not canvassed in the interests of the non-Union candidate. It must not be overlooked that while Mr. Hepburn was elected by a large majority he was not by any means a popular candidate. A large number who voted for him had no other means of showing their endorsement of a Union Government than to support him as the Union candidate, which under any other circumstances they would not have done. While at the same time we have no proof that Mr. Parliament was opposed to Union Government, we do not justify him in any efforts he may have put forth to defeat a Union candidate although he may from personal reasons felt

under an obligation to assist Mr. Horsey. We have confidence enough in the intelligence and good sense of the electors of Prince Edward they will be guided by their better judgment and select a member for this constituency by acclamation to represent them at the coming Provincial election who will be both an honor and a credit to them.

A good deal is being said and written for publication as to the best means of promoting an increase of food production. Many of these suggestions are made by armchair critics who are unacquainted with the true situation of farm affairs. While it is true every effort should be put forth to maintain our arm-power at this critical time, it is also just as necessary that the greatest possible assistance must be given those expected to produce foods. It is just as unreasonable to expect satisfactory results from the farm with inexperienced and worthless labor as it would be to successfully conduct any mercantile or other manufacturing business requiring skilled labor. No business firm in the cities and towns would stand for one moment to have some farmer dictate to them how they should run their business or the class of labor they should employ and still this kind of thing is being continually disked up to the farmer. Labor which should have been left on the farms has been taken away, and few farmers are going to put up with the annoyance of having a class of help unentirely unsuited for farm work. While those in cities and towns are after the eight-hour system farmers have been following that for years, but on a different schedule—eight hours in the forenoon and eight hours in the afternoon. The farmer having a number of cows to milk and being obliged to have the milk on the stand for the wagon at 5.30 a.m., going to the cheese factory, is not assisted very much by city help accustomed to go to work at seven or eight o'clock in the morning. A large number of the wives and daughters of farmers to-day are doing work which properly belongs to the men simply because no other help is available.

We ask how many of the ladies and their daughters in the cities and towns, possibly no better off financially than many farmers, how they would relish physical exercise of this kind, seven days in the week? All this stuff being talked by paid officials and others for farmers to increase the size of their machinery, thereby reducing the necessity of labor is in the majority of cases not only has the tendency to make the farmer sick at the stomach. Ontario is not like the Great West. Production can and will be only increased through the efforts of suitable labor and the sooner the Food Controller the Government or any other person, generously giving their advice to the farmer get that settled in their minds the better. The farmer is in need of help but he does not want a class of help that makes more work for him than he has now.

DONATIONS TO THE I.O.D.E.

The following sums have been received by Quinte Chapter I.O.D.E. for the Prisoners of War Fund for January:

Previously acknowledged	\$774.00
Mrs. E. G. Sills	5.00
Dr. J. J. Farley	2.00
Dr. W. J. Gibson	2.00
Mrs. W. J. Gibson	2.00
Miss H. Rathbun	2.00
Miss Edith Anning	2.00
Miss Stewart Masson	2.00
Miss B. Sills	2.00
Mrs. J. F. Dolan	2.00
Mrs. R. J. Graham	2.00
Mrs. Fred Deacon	2.00
Mrs. E. G. Porter	1.00
Mrs. H. Corby	1.00
Mrs. Carlaw	1.00
Mrs. W. W. Boyce	1.00
Mrs. W. B. Deacon	1.00
Mrs. C. B. Coughlin	1.00
Mrs. John Williams	1.00
Mrs. Stewart Masson	1.00
Miss M. Fraick	1.00
Miss L. Pallen	1.00
Miss H. Pallen, Toronto	1.00
Miss Sarah Richards	1.00
Mrs. E. B. Fraick	1.00
Mrs. C. M. Stork	1.00
Mrs. F. B. Smith	1.00
Mrs. T. Ketcheson	1.00
Mrs. S. Bongard	1.00
Miss Kate Lazier	1.00
Miss Hilda Roberts	1.00
Mrs. Thomas Ritchie	1.00
Mrs. F. S. Anderson	1.00
Mrs. W. C. Mikal	1.00

Mrs. J. W. Kinnear	25
Mrs. Stewart Robertson	25
Mrs. J. W. Johnston	25
Mrs. Curtis Bogart	25
Mrs. Arthur McGinnis	25
Mrs. John McKeown	25
Mrs. A. Abbott	25
Miss Eva Panter	25
Miss K. Gilles	25
Miss M. Holden	25

Total \$819.25
Annie A. Dolan, Treas.
17 Victoria Ave.

BELGIAN RELIEF FUND

Received by Quinte Chapter I.O.D.E. for Belgian Relief Fund for January:

Previously acknowledged	\$576.40
Mrs. E. B. Sills	5.00
Miss Edith Anning	5.00
Miss M. Holden	5.00
Miss Mary E. Stapley	2.50
Miss Harriet Stapley	2.50
Miss B. Sills	2.00
Miss Fannie Alford	2.00
Miss Stewart Masson	2.00
Mrs. John Williams	1.00
Mrs. J. H. Tower	1.50
Miss A. A. Miller	1.00
Miss Sarah Richards	1.00
Miss Hilda Roberts	50
Mr. C. C. Stewart	50
Mrs. W. Lattimer	50
Miss H. Lynch	25
Mrs. A. Abbott	25

Total \$608.90
Annie A. Dolan, Treas.
17 Victoria Ave.

HUNS TORTURE THE BRITISH CAPTIVES

GERMAN ATROCITIES BARED

Sir Conan Doyle Favors Widest Publicity to "Steel the Mind" Against Premature Peace

Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, the author, writing to the London Times from his home in Sussex, says:—

"I had occasion recently to talk with a British officer who had endured captivity in Germany. With a voice which was husky with passion, he was before me, he was trembling with the violence of his own feelings, he told me what he had and his comrades, gone through."

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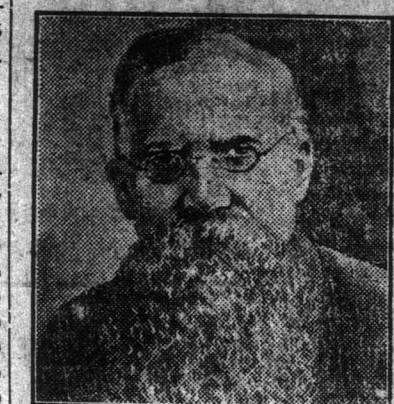
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A CRIPPLE FOR THREE YEARS

Helpless In Bed With Rheumatism Until He Took "FRUIT-A-TIVES".



MR. ALEXANDER MUNRO

R.R. No. 1, Lorne, Ont.

"For over three years, I was confined to bed with Rheumatism. During that time, I had treatment from a number of doctors, and tried nearly everything I saw advertised to cure Rheumatism, without receiving any benefit.

Finally, I decided to try 'Fruit-a-tives'. Before I had used half a box, I noticed an improvement; the pain was not so severe, and the swelling started to go down.

I continued taking this fruit medicine, improving all the time, and now I can walk about two miles and do light chores about the place."

ALEXANDER MUNRO.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

ambitions. To nourish hatred they invent every lie against us, and so they attain a certain amount of solidity. We have the true reasons for this emotion, we have suffered incredible things from a foe who is void of all civility and humanity. Yet though we have this material we do little to use it and to spread it. How powerful it can be told by looking into our own hearts.

TORTURED THE HELPLESS

"Many of us could conceive of a peace which included some compromise upon frontiers, so long as Belgium was intact. Many also would be content to sacrifice Russia, if she persisted in her rebellion. But no one who knows the facts but what would fight to the last drop in order to ensure stern justice being done to the murderers of our women and to the men who torture our helpless prisoners."

"What then should we do? We should have a statement drawn up, not coldly official but humanly moving, signed by the officers who saw and endured these things. This document should be translated into German and put under the nose of every prisoner in England, that they may at least appreciate the contrast in the culture of the two countries.

To Nerve Munition Workers

"The munition workers have many small vexations to endure and their nerves get sadly frayed. They need strong elemental emotions to carry them on. Let pictures be made of these and other incidents. Let them be hung in every shop. Let them be distributed thickly in the Sinn Fein districts of Ireland and in the hot beds of Socialism and pacifism in England and Scotland. The Irishman has always been a man of chivalrous nature and I cannot believe that even the wrongheaded Sinn Feiner has got down to the level of his allies of Prussia and Turkey. Let his eyes rest upon the work of his friends and perhaps he will realize more fully how he stands and the position which he has taken up in the world's fight for freedom. The tactics of the British camp took given us a driving power which we are not using, and which would be very valuable in this stage of the war."

Make The Facts Real Hot

"Scatter the facts. Put them in red-hot fashion. Do not preach to the solid south who need no conversion, but spread the propaganda wherever there are signs of enemy intrigues, on the Tyne, the Clyde, in the Midlands, above all in Ireland and in French Canada. Let us pay no attention to platitudinous bishops or gloomy deans or any other superior people who preach against retaliation or wholehearted warfare. We have to win and we can only win by keeping up the spirit and resolution of our own people."

No Asthma Remedy like it. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is distinctly different from other so-called remedies. Were it not so it would not have continued its great work of relief until known from ocean to ocean for its wonderful value. Kellogg's, the foremost and best of all asthma remedies, stands upon a reputation founded in the hearts of thousands who have known its benefit.