

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH, ST. JOHN, N. B., SEPTEMBER 19, 1900

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President Kruger is Now Subject to Detention.

London, Sept. 15.—According to the Daily Telegraph, Mr. Kruger is virtually a prisoner in the residence of the district governor. This is at the instance of the British consul, who protested against Mr. Kruger using Portuguese territory as a base for directing his executive. The French consul has been forbidden access to Mr. Kruger, as have also the latter's own officials. The district governor has notified Herr Pott, the Netherlands consul that he (Pott) who had acted as the Boer consul agent at Lourenço Marques, can no longer be recognized as a representative of the Transvaal, which is now British territory.

"I have had an interview with the American attaché who is here," says the correspondent, "and he is of opinion that hostilities may drag on for a considerable time, as the Boers in their desire threaten to go to the death."

"Acting President Schalk-Burger arrived here today (Friday) to confer with Mr. Kruger, but he was not permitted to see him, and he returned immediately to the Transvaal."

"The Imperial government," says the Cape Town correspondent of the Standard, "is at a state of peace in South Africa and to issue a proclamation that Boers refusing to lay down their arms will be treated as outlaws."

The Cross for a Canadian.
London, Sept. 14.—The Gazette today announces that the Victoria Cross has been bestowed on Sergeant Arthur Lindsay, of Strathcona's Horse, for rescuing a wounded trooper in the face of a heavy fire at North Standerton, August 5.

Roberts to the Burghers.
London, Sept. 14.—The following despatch has been received at the war office from Lord Roberts:

"Madagascar, Sept. 13.—Kruger has fled to Lourenço Marques and Botha has been obliged to give over the command of the Boer army temporarily to Viljoen on account of ill health. In consequence of this I have circulated a proclamation as follows: 'The late President Kruger, with Retz and the archives of the South African Republic, has crossed the Portuguese frontier and arrived at Lourenço Marques with the view of sailing for Europe at an early date. Kruger has formally resigned the position which he had as president of South African Republic, thus severing his official connection with the Transvaal. Kruger has formally resigned his position as president of the Boers, and his opinion is the war which has now been carried on for nearly a year, and his desertion of the Boer cause makes clear to his fellow burghers that it is useless to continue the struggle any longer. It is probably unknown to the inhabitants of the Transvaal and Orange River Colony that nearly 15,000 of their fellow subjects are now prisoners of war, not one of whom will be released until those now under arms against us surrender unconditionally. The burghers must be cognizant of the fact that no intervention in their behalf can come from any of the great powers, and that the British Empire is determined to complete the work which has already cost so many lives, and carry to a conclusion the war declared against them by the late government of the Transvaal and the Orange Free State, a war to which there can only be one ending.' Lord Roberts then proceeds to point out that with the exception of the small area which General Botha is defending the war has degenerated into irregular operations, which must be brought to a speedy end, and concludes: 'The means I am compelled to adopt are those which the customs of war prescribe as applicable to such cases. They are ruinous to the country, entail endless suffering to the burghers and the families, and the longer this guerrilla warfare continues the more vigorously must they be enforced.'"

Concerning Kruger.
Lorenço Marques, Sept. 14.—President Kruger has removed from the home of Herr Pott, the consul of the Netherlands here, to the residence of the district governor.

To Examine Paardebergers.
Ottawa, Sept. 14.—(Special)—A medical board will be assembled at Fredericton, N. B., at a date and hour to be arranged by the district officer commanding, to examine and report upon the fitness for further military service of Nos. 6336, Corporal Wallace, and 6336, Private Quinn.

R. C. B. J. President, Surgeon Lieut. Col. Robert McLean, R. C. B.; member, J. W. Bridges, A. M. S.

Terrible Barbarism by Soldiers of Civilized Nations

(Copyright 1900 The Associated Press.)
Pekin, Sept. 14.—(Special)—The British troops, who are now in the city, are being treated with the most terrible barbarism by the soldiers of the Japanese army.

General Fukushima, the Japanese commander, informed General Chaffee that brutal outrages were being committed in Tung Chow. He said the American commander that he had positive information that many women had been thrown themselves into wells, or committed suicide in other ways, after having been outraged, and that there were several authentic cases of coolies who had been killed under peculiarly atrocious conditions. He requested General Chaffee to investigate and then to co-operate with him to check these barbarities, so far as possible. General Chaffee ordered Major Blair to proceed immediately to Tung Chow and to report.

A council of generals today the Russian general Linavich said he had received information that two forces of Boxers, numbering 10,000 and the other 4,000, were marching from the south to endeavor to cut the communications of the allies between Peking and Tien Tsin. It was finally decided that the line was sufficiently guarded, as the allies would certainly receive definite tidings of the approach of the Boxers in time to mobilize at any given point. The council merely issued orders for increased vigilance on the part of the outposts.

The telegraph has been closed against press messages because of the enormous government business.

Li Hung Chang to go North on a Cruiser.

London, Sept. 15, 4.40 a. m.—"Li Hung Chang will be taken on board a Russian warship at Wu Sung and received by the Russians at Taku," says the Shanghai correspondent of the Morning Post, "and he will be accompanied by the Chinese minister of railways." According to the Shanghai correspondent of the Times, writing Wednesday, Early 14 considers that the difficulty of negotiating the Russo-Chinese treaty is the necessity, which he realizes, of denouncing Prince Tuan and his accomplices to the throne. He is of opinion that it would be advisable for the allies to take the initiative by compelling a list of those held chiefly responsible and by formulating their demands accordingly.

Other Shanghai despatches locate the Russian warship on September 8 at Hsing Chou, two days' march from Taku.

The Times has advice from Peking, dated September 1, saying that 5,000 Russians had arrived there during the previous three days.

The Paris correspondent of the Morning Post says: "France and Russia, I have been assured, have agreed to demand the complete disarmament of China, including the razing of the Taku forts and the fortifications and arsenals elsewhere."

The Russian legation in Peking, according to a Taku special dated Tuesday, was then preparing to move to Tien Tsin to some other point, owing to the difficulty of communicating with the home authorities.

General Chaffee is preparing to make his troops comfortable for the winter. When asked his opinion regarding the situation, he is reported to have answered: "It would be better for the United States troops to leave; the Chinese Christians will be provided for."

The Fate of Tio Liu.
(Copyrighted 1900, The Associated Press.)

Tien Tsin, Sept. 12, via Taku Sept. 13.—The expedition under General Dowdard against the Boxers, through the Tien Tsin region, reached Tio Liu on the Grand Canal without opposition and the city was occupied without a shot being fired. Three columns entered the city yesterday, and a two days' march and found that the place had already surrendered to the Boers and eight Bengal Lancers. General Dowdard ordered the town burned after it had been thoroughly looted.

The villages en route made peace offerings, and in most cases, were undisturbed. Apparently the Boxers have disbanded in that region and the whole country is quiet.

Prince Ching's Notification.
(Copyright 1900, The Associated Press.)

Pekin (date missing), via Taku Sept. 11, via Shanghai Sept. 13.—Prince Ching has notified the allied generals that he is in the vicinity of Peking and will come to confer with them regarding terms of peace on behalf of the emperor. He has been advised that he will be received.

A report has reached Mr. Conger, the United States minister, that the Boxers are massing in force at Cho Chao, the original headquarters of the Boxers, about forty miles south of Peking. Should further and more definite information be received a contingent of the allies will be sent to take the town.

The situation here in Peking is quiet, pending the receipt of instructions from the various governments.

The Russians are pushing the railway in this direction from Tien Tsin and it is hoped that the line will be ready for use in a month.

It is difficult to obtain stores, as the Peking below Tientsin is falling. Fortunately the Chinese are gradually returning and are ready to sell provisions.

The Best of Advice.
TO THOSE WHO FEEL SICK, WEAK OR DEPRESSED.

Miss Belle Cohoon, of White Rock Mills, N. S., Tells How She Regained Health and Advises Others to Follow Her Example.

From the Acadia, Wolfville, N. S.
At White Rock Mills, within sound of the noisy sea, of the Gaspe river, is a pretty little cottage.

In this cottage there dwells with her parents Miss Belle Cohoon, a very bright and attractive young lady who takes a lively interest in all the church and society work of the little village. A short time ago she was ailing, and her mother, Mrs. Cohoon, for the purpose of ascertaining her opinion of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which she had been informed she had been using, she was cordially received and found both Miss Cohoon and her mother most enthusiastic and ardent friends of the Pink Pills.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are now so universally used throughout the world. We give below in essentially her own words Miss Cohoon's story.

"Three years ago this spring my health was very much run down. I had not been feeling well for some time and when spring opened up and the weather became warmer my condition became worse. The least exertion exhausted me and I was followed by an awful feeling of weakness and a rapid palpitation of the heart. I seemed to lose my ambition, and a feeling of languor and sluggishness took its place. My appetite failed me and my sleep at night was disturbed and restless. In fact I was in a very sorry condition. I suffered in this way for some time. Then I began to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and they soon began to work a change for the better. My strength and spirits improved wonderfully, and the old feeling of weakness began to leave me. My appetite returned and my weight increased steadily. By the time I had used more than half a dozen boxes I felt stronger than I had done for years. Since that time whenever I feel the need of a medicine a prompt use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills has always brought me speedy relief, and in future when ailing I shall never use anything but these pills, and I can only advise others to follow my example."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills create new blood, build up the nerves, and thus drive disease from the system. In hundreds of cases they have cured all other medicines have failed, thus establishing the claim that they are a marvel among the triumphs of modern medical science. The genuine Pink Pills are sold only in boxes, bearing the full trade mark, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." Protect yourself from imposition by refusing any pill that does not bear the registered trade mark around the box.

Mr. J. E. Simmons, representing the Emerson Drug Co., Baltimore, Md., is in the city.

ANOTHER GROWING TIME STORY.

This Has Been the Biggest Year in the History of Canada--A Surplus of Over Eight Millions--Reducing the Debt.

OTTAWA, Sept. 14.—(Special) The details of the financial statement for the year ending June 30th last, were given out by the finance department today. Instead of a surplus of \$7,940,000, as announced by Mr. Fielding in Halifax, the revised figures show that it is over \$8,000,000. The revenue was \$31,000,783 and the expenditure \$24,976,051, leaving a surplus on ordinary revenue of \$8,024,731. This amount, with a sinking fund of over two millions, has been sufficient to meet the entire capital expenditure and to leave a balance of \$771,820 to reduce the public debt. This is almost phenomenal when the cost of the South Africa contingents are considered. The details are as follows:—

	1899.	1900.
Revenue.		
Customs, - - - - -	\$25,316,841	\$28,374,147
Excise, - - - - -	9,641,227	9,868,075
Post Office, - - - - -	3,191,777	3,205,535
Public Works, including railways, - - - - -	4,433,936	5,205,274
Miscellaneous, - - - - -	4,155,468	4,347,752
Total, - - - - -	\$46,741,249	\$51,000,783
Expenditure, - - - - -	\$41,903,500	\$42,976,051
Surplus, - - - - -		\$8,024,731.

The capital expenditure was \$9,718,543, against this there is a surplus of \$8,024,731 and a sinking fund of \$2,465,639, which, as already said, leaves \$771,820 to reduce the public debt.

The revenue for the current fiscal year, that is for July and August, amounts to \$3,217,006 as compared with \$7,492,192 for the same time last year, or an increase of nearly one million dollars. The expenditure for the two months was \$4,173,471, which leaves a surplus of over four million dollars.

If the capital expenditure be deducted the surplus for the two months will be about \$3,500,000. The figure for the month of August an increase in the revenue of over \$100,000 and a reduction in the expenditure of over \$50,000. There is abundance of evidence if any were required in the financial statement to show Canada's growing time not only continues but increases.

How the Last Victoria Cross Was Won--Kruger to Sail for Europe to Seek Terms of Some Sort--Boers Fighting Among Themselves.

Cape Town, Sept. 10.—The military authorities have taken over the Netherlands railway.

General Macdonald, operating in the northeastern corner of Orange colony, compelled the Boers to make a hasty flight from the Vet river. He captured thirty-one wagons, a quantity of cattle and stores and 65,000 rounds of rifle ammunition.

Boers Fighting Each Other.
Lorenço Marques, Sept. 15.—Boers who arrived here yesterday evening aver that the burghers are fighting among themselves at Lourenço Marques and are looting and burning buildings.

Final Appeal.
The Hague, Sept. 15.—The Boer delegates, Messrs. Fischer, Wolmarans and Wessels, have addressed an appeal to all nations for intervention in South Africa. After expressing the conviction that the Boers are fighting for a just cause, they appeal to the nations to intervene in their behalf.

The situation here in Peking is quiet, pending the receipt of instructions from the various governments.

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Prince Edward Island Terribly Swept.

Charlottetown, Sept. 14.—(Special)—This province was visited by a terrible storm Wednesday. A box car was blown from the rails and hurled across the ditch. Two Carquet fishing boats were driven ashore on the west coast and a dory washed ashore. The number of drowned is unknown. The lobster factory at Sea Cove was utterly demolished. An unknown schooner was driven ashore at Nail Pond. It is feared the crew all perished. The schooner Reality, while entering Casimere harbor, was driven ashore and her cargo of salt is a total loss.

A Number of Schooners Lost in Newfoundland Waters--The Grand Banks Fleet Not Heard From.
St. John's, Nfld., Sept. 15.—Further reports from different sections of the island show a number of schooners lost, though fortunately without many fatalities. Several schooners, however, are still missing and the fishing fleet on the Grand Banks has not reported yet. The Labrador coast is feared to have been swept. No news has been received from there for some days.

St. John's, Nfld., Sept. 16.—Seven fishing schooners have been lost here. One on the French raty Coast, four at Engle, three at Grigiet, five at Groce and seven at Quirpon. All are likely to go to pieces. As the company which is more or less seriously damaged by the storm. No lives were lost.

The Trolley at Toronto.
Toronto, Sept. 15.—(Special)—Ald. Lamb, chairman of the board of works, announced today he had received satisfactory assurances from New York that the company which is to build a radial electric railway system from Toronto would be financed there.

He stated, however, that Canadian capitalists take control of the work and raise the money. The scheme, which involves the construction of almost 50 miles of trolley lines, the chief of which would connect with Georgian Bay and Lake Simcoe.

Honest and True.
This is eminently the case with Polson's Nervine, and great pain were, as it is honest remedy, for it contains the most powerful, the purest, and most certain pain relieving remedies known to medical science. It is honest for it does all it claims to do. It is honest, because it is the best in the world. It only costs 10 or 20 cents to try it, and you can buy a bottle at any drug store. Nervine cures toothache, neuralgia, pain in the back and side. All pains are promptly relieved by Polson's Nervine.

An Incendiary's Victim.
Cornwall, Sept. 15.—(Special)—The residence of Joseph Kee was burned last night. The loss is about \$5,000. Three years ago the house was set on fire after Mr. Kee had received a warning letter. The government detective investigated the matter but without success. Three weeks ago Mr. Kee's barn was burned down and last night his residence. Mr. Kee is one of Cornwall's oldest and best citizens.

More Plague at Glasgow.
Glasgow, Sept. 15.—Another plague case has been reported here, making a total of 117. In addition there is one suspect and 115 persons are under observation.

Lumberman Drowned.
Eau Claire, Wis., Sept. 15.—Eighteen men employed by the Northwestern Lumber Company, were crossing the Eau Claire river in a boat this evening when a heavy cable capsized the boat. Eight men were drowned and six of them were injured.

Ministers on the Island.
Charlottetown, Sept. 14.—(Special)—Hon. Messrs. Fielding and Peterson met with the Premier last night. Premier Farquharson read an address of welcome. Two thousand people met them at the pier. The distinguished visitors were driven to Market square where the address was read.

Both Hon. Mr. Fielding and Hon. Mr. Peterson replied. Sir Louis Davies also spoke. The Liberals of West-Prince nominated Mr. B. D. McLellan for the federal house.

Canadians Who Have Won the Cross.
Peterboro, Ont., Sept. 15.—(Special)—Hamden Burnham of Peterboro, author of Canadians in the Imperial Service, says the cable message appearing in Saturday's papers to the effect that Lieut. Col. Dunn and Sergt. Lindsay are the only two Canadians who have ever gained the Victoria Cross is incorrect. Sergt. General Beade of Perth, Ont., Sergt. Colonel

Air about Galveston Heavy With the Odor of Dead.

Galveston, Texas, Sept. 14.—The first real attempt to clear away the great mass of debris piled along the beach front for a distance of several miles was begun today. Advertisements were printed in the News which appeared this morning, asking for hundreds of men and boys to do this work. A multitude responded. They were formed into squads and promptly put to work with poles and deputy sheriffs in charge. It is hoped that a vigorous prosecution of this work will lead to the early recovery of bodies still in the debris.

An Associated Press representative traversed the beach for some distance today, and the stench at different points was absolutely sickening. Everywhere little groups of men, women and children, some of them poorly provided with raiment, were digging in the ruins of their homes for what little household property they could save. In many cases those seeking their former residences were utterly unable to find a single remnant of them, so hopeless is the confusion of timbers and household furniture.

The exodus from the city was heavy today, and hundreds more were unable to secure transportation. Along the bay front there were scores of families pleading to be taken from the stricken city. Shipping men say today that damage to the wharves is by no means as serious as at first supposed. The chief damage has been in the tearing open of sheds and the ripping of planking. The sheds, however, can be quickly replaced.

More hopeful reports were received today touching the water supply. The company is placing men all along the mains, plugging the broken places and thereby assisting the flow. It was serving some of its customers today and hopes gradually to increase the service. The only difficulty the people are having is in carrying supplies to their homes or places of business. The ice supply continues plentiful and at many corners lemonade is being served at five cents for as many glasses as you can drink at one time.

More effective measures were taken today to keep undesirable people off the beach. Soldiers patrolled the water front and challenged all who could not show a proper reason for their landing or who were unwilling to work for the privilege of coming into town.

Assurances have been received by the railroads that they will do all in their power to reopen communication and their present plan seems to be to concentrate all forces on the work of reconstruction of one bridge.

Telegraph communication has been partially restored to the western Union and Postal companies having reached the city with one wire. Large forces have been at work along the shores of the water and connection with Galveston has been attended with many difficulties.

The Mayor of Galveston Reports to the Governor.
Austin, Texas, Sept. 15.—Governor Sayers last night received the official report from Mayor Jones, of Galveston, as to conditions there.

Galveston, Texas, Sept. 14.—To Hon. Joseph D. Sayers, Governor: "After the fullest possible investigation here we feel justified in saying to you and through you to the American people that no such disaster has overtaken any community or section of the history of our country. The loss of life is appalling and can never be accurately determined. It is estimated at 5,000 to 8,000 people. There is not a home in Galveston that has not been injured, while thousands have been destroyed. The property loss represents accumulations of 60 years and more millions than can be safely stated. Under these conditions, with ten thousand people homeless and destitute, with the entire population under a strain and strain difficult to realize, we appeal directly in the hour of our great emergency to the sympathy and aid of mankind."

Galveston, Tex., Sept. 15.—The exodus from Galveston grows in numbers as the facilities for getting away from the stricken city are increased. Among those who departed today were General McKibbin and Lieut. Ferguson and Perry, who were sent here by the United States government when the news of the horror was given to the world.

The news which was printed here this morning in the shape of a personal telegram from Vice President Huntington of the Southern Pacific, that that road is not to abandon Galveston, has created intense satisfaction and has materially accelerated the movement for the speedy construction of the city.

Dr. W. H. Bloom, state health officer, today printed a statement showing that apprehensions are justified that disease will result from the overflow just experienced.

Several thousand men are at work clearing away the debris on the beach. One hundred and fifty bodies were discovered in the wreckage and buried yesterday. No attempt is now being made to identify recovered bodies. A New York relief train arrived last night with a number of physicians and nurses and a large supply of provisions which were distributed today.

During the late hours of the evening decided improvement was made in the city's condition. Electric light wires had been strung for several days as rapidly as the linemen could work and in the evening the current was turned on. In different parts of the city much progress was made in clearing up debris. The best work in this direction was done along the shore line of the Gulf on the south side of the city. During the day bodies were found at frequent intervals and just at sunset seven were found in the ruins of one house.

It is expected that more will be found tomorrow as the work gang that today found seven bodies will clear up the debris where it is known the 15 people were killed.

The residents of Galveston are plucky in the extreme in their determination to rebuild and make Galveston a greater and better city than it has ever been before, but in one direction at least they have suffered a loss that is beyond repair. That lies in the extent of the territory ravaged from them by the storm. The waters of the Gulf now cover about 5,300.0 square feet of ground that was formerly a part of Galveston. This loss has been suffered entirely on the south side of the city where the finest residences were built, facing the Gulf. For three miles along the shore of the Gulf this choice residence property extended, but the shore line was so changed by the storm that at low tide the water is 30 feet higher along the entire three miles. The foundation pillars of the beach hotel now stands in the water. Before the storm there was a back in front of the hotel-site nearly 400 feet wide. There is no possibility of any of this land being reclaimed.

Two Horses Fell Over a Precipice.

Truro, Sept. 14.—(Special)—Great excitement reigned in Victoria Park last night when two horses dashed over a high precipice, opposite Picnic Dell, near the band pavilion. One horse fell over 100 feet into a ravine below and was killed instantly.

The other, a young horse, struggling for its life, gained a foothold on a narrow ledge part way down the cliff and remained braced with one side against the cliff and one foot on a projection about 8 feet in width, more than 50 feet above the ground for nearly half an hour. The park was full of pleasure seekers. A man was lowered to the horse and passed a noose around him. Then an attempt was made to lower the horse to the ground below. When 12 feet from the bottom the horse slipped through the noose, turned a complete somersault and landed on its feet uninjured. During the time the horse was on its side against the wall rock it remained perfectly quiet. The sagacity of the animal was admired by hundreds of spectators.

Born from a Window.
New Orleans, Sept. 15.—One of the most pathetic as well as remarkable stories of Galveston was learned last night when the Southern Pacific train arrived from Houston. Among the passengers were Mrs. Mary Quayle, of Liverpool, Eng., whose husband, Edward Quayle, was a tabulator on the Liverpool Cotton Exchange. Mrs. Quayle and her husband arrived in Galveston on the Thursday before the storm and took apartments in the Lucas Terrace, a fashionable place in the eastern end of the city. On Saturday, the day of the storm, Mr. Quayle was not feeling well and remained in his room most of the time lying down on a couch. When the storm became very bad after 8 o'clock he went to the windows frequently to see whether or not there was danger. Suddenly there came an unusually violent fit of wind and the window of which Mr. Quayle was peering was literally sucked out as if by a mighty air pump and her husband was taken along with it. Search began early Sunday and was kept up until Monday night (by which time all the wounded had been cared for in the best way possible and all the dead had become putrid) but no trace of him was to be found.

Too Little Food in Peking--May Level the Capital to the Ground.
Pekin, Sept. 8, via Shanghai, Sept. 15.—(Copyright, 1900, The Associated Press)—It is announced that owing to the impossibility of getting the railways through for winter sets in, all the Russian forces will be withdrawn and will make Tien Tsin their headquarters. This is causing speculation as to Russia's future in Peking with the ground before retreating to Tien Tsin.

The occupation of Peking during the winter is practically impossible for a large body of troops unless railroad connection can be established. Some forces were taken to Peking with the ground before retreating to Tien Tsin.

Gunboats for Cadets.
Washington, Sept. 15.—The two small gunboats Albatross and Osprey, which were captured in Cuban waters during the Spanish war, are to be commissioned September 19 and sent to the naval academy at Annapolis for use by the cadets there for exercising purposes.

Tugboat Men Censured.
New York, Sept. 15.—Two coroner's juries which had inquired into the deaths of the victims of the Hoboken dock fire returned their verdicts last night in effect as follows: "That the loss of life would have been lessened if some of the tugboat employees in the neighborhood had devoted more time to saving life than to looking for the cause of the fire, that the origin of the fire is unknown."

Death of a Prince.
Munich, Sept. 16.—Prince Henry of Hesse died here today.

An Englishman's Gift.
Washington, Sept. 15.—A private despatch received here states that Robert J. Houton, a member of the English parliament from Liverpool, has contributed \$5,000 to the Galveston relief fund.

Red Cross on Hand.
New Orleans, La., Sept. 15.—Miss Clara Barton, president of the Red Cross Society, arrived in the city this morning accompanied by her staff. She will go out on the evening train to Houston. She is accompanied by Miss Ellen Spencer Mussey, vice-president of the order, and several other Red Cross officials.

Shipload of Supplies.
New York, Sept. 15.—According to a despatch received from the Port Arthur Fisheries Company, Port Arthur, Texas, and sent to the manager of the company in this city, Capt. W. B. Church, a steamer belonging to the company at Port Arthur, has loaded a cargo of provisions and other supplies and gone to the relief of the sufferers in Galveston.

Constipation, Headache, Biliousness, Heartburn, Indigestion, Dizziness.
Indicate that your liver is out of order. This is the best medicine to regulate the liver and cure all these ills. It is found in Hood's Pills.

Hood's Pills
35 cents. Sold by all medicine dealers.