MARINE NEWS

PORT OF ST. JOHN, N. B.
Wednesday, May 10, 1922.

Arrived Tuesday.

Stmr Caraquet, 2,975, from Bermuda and West Indies.

Stmr Fredensboro, 1,835, Almstead, from New York.

Coastwise—Stmrs Keith Cann, 177, McKinnon, from Newport; Granville, 364, Culkins, from Annapolis Royal; Centreville, 34, Lewis from Digby; gas schr Laura Marian, 53, Graham, from Wilson's Beach.

Cleared Tuesday.

Coastwise—Stmrs Granville, 364, Culkins, for Annapolis Royal; Centreville, 34, Lewis, for Digby; Prince Arthur, 923, Crosby, for Digby; gas schr Laura Marian, 53, Graham, for Belliveau's Cove.

Arrived Tuesday.

Stmr California, from New York.

CANADIAN PORTS.

Quebec, May 8—Arvd, Tug Gopher, St. John, N. B. Cleared, stmrs Scotian, Montreal; Canadian Logger, Montreal Tug John S. Thom, Great Lakes.

Shipping Briefs.

The schooner Georgina D. Jenkins has been chartered to load lumber at Apple River for New York.

The schooner Charles M. Vernon, now on passage from Hampton Roads to St. John with a cargo of coal, has been chartered to load lumber here for a Sound port.

The schooner Seaman A. O., now discharging at Providence, has been chartered for a series of trips with plaster from Bay of Fundy ports to New York.

The schooner Minas Prince has been fixed for a similar charter.

S. S. Fredernsboro arrived in port at seven o'clock yesterday morning from New York, and docked at the potato shed to load potatoes for Havana.

The Canadian Aviator arrived at Glasgow from St. John on May 7.

The Lord Downshire sailed from Clyde for Montreal on May 7.

The Orthia sailed from Avonmouth for Montreal on May 6.

The Mina Bras sailed from Halifax for St. John Monday.

The Canadian Challenger sailed Monday from Halifax for Chatham, where she will load a cargo of lumber.

The Western Plains will sail for Hamburg and Rotterdam today.

The Trompenburg has been fixed to load deals at Chatham for the United Kingdom.

The Trafalgar has been chartered load sugar in Cuba for Montreal.

The Marengo is due to sail from New York today for St. John to complete cargo with refined sugar for Hull and Newcastle.

The Canadian Trapper will sail from Chatham the latter part of the week with lumber for the United Kingdom.

The Canadian Planter has been Chartered to load lumber at Chatham for the United Kingdom.

The Manchester Importer will sail for Philadelphia either tonight or Thursday.

Glenclova Being Repaired.

The seamer Glenclova, which has been discharging her cargo of raw sugar at the refinery wharf, shifted yesterday morning to the Market Slip, where some repairs will be made. The Glenclova suffered mishaps en route here from San Domingo. She is of the lake boat type and is somewhat of novelty in this port.

R. M. S. P. Caraquet.

The Royal Mail Steam Packet Caraquet arrived in port yesterday morning at 8.30 O'clock and docked at McLeod's wharf, to discharge her passengers and mails. At noon she shifted to the refinery wharf to discharge a cargo of sugar. She carried 115 passengers, of whom 71 were cabin, nine second and thirty-five third class There were no St. John people on board. Among the cabin passengers for this city were Mr. and Mrs. T. Geddes Grant. Mr. Grant is the Canadian Trade Commissioner to the West Indies, and will remain in the city for several days, in the interests of trade extension.

Among the third class passengers were eight Chinese, who left on the C. P. R. yesterday on the next stage of the journey to their homes in China. The Caraquet has 2,500 tons of sugar for the refinery and also 500 puncheons of molasses and a quantity of onions for this port. The passengers reported a pleasant and uneventful trip.

CHINA'S CIVIL WAR BROUGHT TO CLOSE

Last of Chang's Troops Have Surrendered and Given Up Their Arms.

Tientsin, May 8—The war between the forces of General Wu Pei Fu and General Chang Tso-Lin is over as far as Tientsin is concerned. The last organized body of Chang's troops, the second cavalry division, surrendered and gave up its arms eight miles from Tientsin early Monday morning. The defeated men were given new clothing and $5 each.

They also were allowed to retain their horses and were promised transportation to their homes. The British volunteers who left Sunday for Kuyeh in the coal mine region, returned tonight.

EASTERN STEAMSHIP LINES, INC.

Until the resumption of Service on the International Line between Boston and St. John, freight shipments for the Province from the United States, especially Boston and New York, should be routed care Eastern S. S. Lines, Boston, and same will come forward every week by the B. & Y. S. S. Co. and S. S. "Keith Cann" to St. John. This weekly service means prompt dispatch of freight.

Rates and full information on application

A. C. CURRIE, Agent,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

RESTIGOUCHE BACKS CURRIE FOR SENATE

Letters and Telegrams Daily Going Forth to Ottawa, Pressing Claims.

Special to The Standard.

Campbellton, May 8—Things outwardly appear calm so far as the appointment to the vacancy in the Senate is concerned. Restigouche Liberals are not resting. A large number of letters and telegrams are going to Ottawa daily setting forth the claims of this county for the appointment. It is said that there are over twenty applications for the vacant seat among them being several M. P.'s who are tired of the strenuous life in the House of Commons and would like to enjoy this soft cushion of the Red Chamber, but of all the applications so far received none are said to stand a better chance than Hon. Wm. Currie, of Restigouche. The justice of our claims are admitted on all sides and prospects indeed look bright for Restigouche.

COURT TWELVE YEARS TOO LATE

Combinations Dissolved Several Years Before U. S. Court Issued Dissolution Order.

New York, May 8.—Federal Judges Rodgers, Hough and Manton, today filed a dissolution order against the American Sugar Refining Company and other corporate and individuals defendants in the government's "anti-trust" lawsuit begun twelve years ago.

During the twelve year wait, caused in large part by a decision to await rulings of the United States Supreme Court in the Steel and Harvester Trust cases, the defendant corporations in the sugar trust case have "abandoned their combination and conspiracy to restrain trade and commerce, and to monopolize the business of manufacturing and dealing in refined sugar," said the decree.

The judges sitting as an expediting court, held, however, that at the time testimony in the case was heard enough of the allegations in the government petition were proved to entitle it to a dissolution order. The companies named in the petition were the American Sugar Refining Company, the National Sugar Refining Company, of New Jersey, the Great Western Sugar Company of Chicago, and the Michigan Sugar Company of Detroit.

BRITISH PARLIAMENT CHEERS LLOYD GEORGE

Text of Letter to Monsieur Barthou Read to Parliament.

London, May 9.—The House of Commons, this afternoon, cheered the reading by Austin Chamberlain, the government leader, of the text he had just received of the letter Prime Minister Lloyd George wrote to M. Barthou, head of the French delegation at Genoa, with reference to the reports that the British Premier had told M. Barthou the entente was at an end. The letter said:

"I value Franco-British co-operation too highly to tolerate public misstatements regarding official conversations on the subject at a moment of great importance in the relations of our two countries. I was a strong partisan of the entente between France and Great Britain long before the war, and to me, as to every Englishman, that friendship means the more since it has been consecrated by common sacrifices."

Sees No Menace of German Aircraft

French Air Minister Regards Restrictions Imposed by Allies Ample.

Paris, May 9—Although Germany regained the right to manufacture and operate commercial airplanes and dirigibles the French aviation minister sees no air peril, holding the opinion that the measures adopted by the Allies will prevent serious construction of aircraft suitable for modern warfare, their importation and exportation.

Apparatus capable of climbing higher than 12,000 ft. or of more than 100 miles per hour speed at 6,000 feet altitude or of carrying a useful load of 1,300 pounds will be ruled out as military airplanes. Rigid dirigibles are limited to 30,000 cubic metres capacity and semi-rigids to 25,000 and non-rigids to 20,000 cubic metres.

Laurent Eynas believes a small Allied commission in Berlin can prevent the importation of military aircraft into Germany or the exportation of commercial aircraft to Russia or airplanes which could be utilized there for military purposes.

NEW TRAIN SERVICE IS GIVING SATISFACTION

Trains Between Campbellton and Edmundston via St. Leonard a Great Convenience.

Travellers are finding the new train service between Campbellton and Edmundston a great convenience.

Train No. 37, leaves Campbellton on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7.20 a. m., arriving at St. Leonard at 12.35 noon and reaching Edmundston at 1.30 p. m.

Train No. 38, leaves Edmundston on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12.30 p. m., and arrives at St. Leonard at 1.35 p. m., and reaches Campbellton at 6.30 p. m.

NEW DEFEAT INTERPRETED AS WARNING TO REPUBLICANS

Results of Tuesday's Indiana Primaries Said to Constitute a "Stop, Look, Listen" Sign to Party.

Washington, May 8—"After Beveridge, Pinchot." Thus tersely, in high Republican quarters in Washington the result of Tuesday's primaries in Indiana is interpreted and elucidated. The victory of one of the recognized leaders of the old progressive wing of the G. O. P. is looked upon as the certain forerunner of the nomination for Governor of Pennsylvania of a Republican who was so bravely represented in the same cause As this week's events have produced the resurgence of Albert Jeremiah Beveridge, they are viewed as foreshadowing the triumph of Gifford Pinchot.

It is not with the personal equations, represented by either Mr. Beveridge or Mr. Pinchot, that political analysts are now occupied. They see in the Indiana result significant outstripping the fortunes or ambitions of any one man. What Indiana Republicans have said to the country and to their party facers of the facts declare, is not that they repudiate the Harding Administration. They allege there is no foundation for that contention beyond the incidental cricumstance of the Harding-New friendship.

Indiana Republicans, it is pointed out, have rather put up a "Stop, Look, Listen!" sign which the entire G. O. P. organization will ignore at its peril. The warning they have given is that the time has come to reform the Republican Party from within on constructive, progressive lines If the warning is unheeded, certain leaders are convinced, there will not only be a Beveridge retribution in Indiana and a Pinchot reckoning in Pennsylvania but a deluge which will carry reactionary Republicans, everywhere swirling down the stream of irretrievable disaster

Incompetency of Majority.

Mr. Beveridge's strongest card in Indiana was the incompetence of the "regular Republican" majority in Congress. He did not assail the Harding Administration or seek support because of hostility to it. But the nation-wide unpopularity of the Congress, of which Senator New is a member and leader, was water on the Beveridge mill. The Beveridge vote ran like wild-fire through the Hoosier farming constituencies. Although Indiana is not nominally included within the farm bloc's country, that amalgamation has its cohorts wherever there is an agricultural community, and Indiana has thousands of farms Many authorities today look upon the farm bloc as the nearest approach to the old Roosevelt progressive "bloc" that now exists—consider it, in effect, the recrudescence of the progressive movement.

In 1920, the Nation by its landslide vote, indicated its determination to be rid of the Democratic Party. The Indiana vote is interpreted by many Republican leaders as demonstrating that the country not only intends to remain rid of the Democratic Party, but to be rid of non-progressive forces within the Republican Party. The Indiana voice—and prospectively the voice of Pennsylvania in the judgment of such authorities—demands Republican reform from within. It is described as a clarion call to arms for action in that direction. If the Beveridge win in the middle west is followed by a Pinchot win in the east, the prediction is ventured that there will be a "band-wagon" movement all along the Republican line Sheer dictates of self-preservation, it is declared, will require "progressivism" within the G. O. P., if no higher motives impel it.

Need for Vigorous Leadership.

Although his friends make stout denial of the claim that Senator New's defeat is defeat by proxy for President Harding and his policies, the President's closest political advisers recognize the hour has arrived for more vigorous and actual leadership of the Republican Party. Every sign of such leadership that Mr. Harding has given produced prompt and gratifying reactions through the country. His stand against the bonus and for a navy personnel of 86,000 were cases in point.

Many Republican captains insist that the President could break no more effective lance for his own political fortunes, or those of the G. O. P., than to interpret the Indiana primary result as a mandate to go out on the firing line and lead. They go further. They say perhaps nothing but verile Harding leadership can stem the adverse tide. Congress continues to dawdle and to haunt White House policy. Albert Jeremiah Beveridge snowed Senator New under because of that dawdling and flaunting, among other reasons.

It probably will not be easy for the country to envisage Warren G. Harding as the leader of a vigorous progressive upheaval within the ranks of the Republican Party, yet necessity has forced many a statesman to resort to the unexpected. There is more than one old guardsman in Washington who has found, by personal experience and to his dismay, that President Harding is far less "reactionary" than is generally imagined. Men who have had opportunity of close-range study of his impulses since he entered the White House will tell you they are all in the direction of constructive policy and away from discredited stand-pattism such as Indiana has just repudiated.

Propaganda In West To Keep Workers Off The Farm

Despite Cry for Laborers Agents at Work Keeping Unemployed in Cities.

(Financial Post.)

What appears to be a well organized and deliberate effort to interfere with agricultural production in Canada is being noted in Western Cities. Active agents are successfully preventing workers from going to the farm at anything like reasonable wages. The result is that despite unemployment in the cities there is already a shortage of efficient labor on the land and the seeding is suffering. Should these tactics continue until harvest the indications are that the benefits of the crop so important to the re-establishment of stable conditions in the West may be largely lost not only because of high wages but also because of low production for such high wages.

The campaign is well directed to prevent a return of prosperity in Canada because nothing is more important than that we should have a profitable crop this year.

An Alberta farmer describes the situation:

It is a great misfortune that most of the men who were taken care of by the cities through the winter, and who went into the country as farmers, when spring came, and help was needed on farms, turned out not to be farmers at all but all sorts of tradesmen. It has not been at all easy to get good farm help even so small a number as have been required. Men go out as farmers who can not even harness a team, and put men to all sorts of inconveniences, and delays, and there seems no way to forestall this. I took out some men, last week, and before I took them, I grilled them carefully as to what they could do. I told them unless they were real farmers, and could handle horses, they had better not go, as I would not keep them a day. When I set them to harness a team, two of them said if I would show them a little they thought they could get along all right. When questioned closely on the spot, it turned out they never handled a horse in their lives. They were 100 miles out in the country, had their bed and meals, and I had missed the chance of getting men such as we need, and had to make another expensive trip to Calgary, to get other men, while at the critical time, my teams were standing in the barn, useless till drivers were got. This is a frequent occurrence.

Wages are of course lower than last year, but some men make this up by doing work only up to the amount that will just pass. They are not pleased at the reduction and want to get even some way.

If we have a good harvest, I am almost afraid we will have a big contract on our hands. If men find that there is a chance to hold a farmer up they will take the first opportunity to do so.

I noted in Calgary, there seemed to be just outside the employment offices, some self-appointed men, who made it their business to watch every farmer who went in for men, and when men were hired, tried to get them to demand more wages. I hired two last week, and made full arrangements with them, and they were seemingly satisfied, and wanted to go out. I arranged for them to be at the station to come on the train I was coming on, and so did not try to get others. I waited at the train, right up to the moment of starting, and they never turned up at all, and so I had no chance to get others, as I had to go on this train.

Fooled By Work Of Super Spy

Sched Breaks Up Allied System in Germany by Posing as Prussian Officer.

Berlin, May 8—The operation of several Entente espionage bureaus—for the triumphant Western Powers still maintain secret services in Germany to supplant the powers of military control given them by the peace treaty—have been thrown out of kilter by a super-spy named Schede, who was clever enough to sell his services to all sides and accumulate enough money to establish himself as a big estate owner in the richest agricultural section of Germany. The story now comes out, accompanied by the names of British attaches who were fooled by the super-spy, the addresses and firm names under which they conducted operations and other material which necessitates scrapping the old system and starting afresh.

Schede, who obtained large sums for selling out various employers to each other and equipped himself, it is said, with a valuable collection of foreign passports to use in further dealings as "Schieber" or profiteer, is now giving his employers the laugh, confident they will not venture to prosecute him.

Schede, who assumed for his work the name and title of Prussian Lieutenant Wonalten, retired, is credited with having entered into relations last summer with Sinn Fein representatives to whom he professed ability to sell large amounts of army rifles, cartridges and other concealed German war materials, and also offered to charter a steamship to convey the arms and material to Ireland. He no sooner started these negotiations, according to the published story, than he hastened off to the British embassy, got in touch with the military attache and offered to keep him informed on Sinn Fein doings as well as German military credits. The attache passed him on to the colonel in charge of the British secret service, who rewarded him liberally for the information and employed him for further researches. Two officers are compromised by the publication of names and ranks.

Among the choice bits of information which Schede is reported to have supplied the trusting colonel was the statement that the British Government had been supporting the Irish insurrection—for proofs of which he naturally was promised large sums without, however, delivering.

The trial last March of a number of highly connected persons for dealing in millions of German army rifles contrary to the disarmament law, had connection with this case. One of the alleged purchasers claimed to act on behalf of the Irish Free State. The accused were acquitted when it was proved the arms existed only on paper

Something to Kick About

Mr. Brown—"And so your husband lost his leg? Isn't it awful?"

Wife—"You may well say it. And it was only last week that he bought a new pair of boots—a pair, Mrs. Brown."

JAPAN RAISES HER VOICE IN PROTEST

Takes Strong Objection to Statements of Russia Which Malign Japan's Good Intentions.

Genoa, May 8—A protest against allegations that have been made by foreign Minister Tchitcherin of Soviet Russia, to Foreign Minister Schanzer, concerning Japan's attitude in Siberia and Korea, was issued today by the Japanese delegation to the Economic Conference. The protest says Japan has no intention of taking advantage of the unfortunate situation in Russia by following a policy of conquest or pursuing selfish aims.

Concerning Korea, the communique declares the question of the political status of Korea is purely one of internal politics in which the Soviet Government, according to the Canaris resolutions of the Allied Supreme Council, has no more justifiable grounds for intervention than Japan has for intervening in the present regime in Russia, "under which the Soviet Government, representing a minority, is relentlessly following a policy which is against the interests of the unfortunate majority of the Russian people."

U. S. CABINET REVIEWS GENOA CONFERENCE

Believe Attitude of Powers on Soviet Question Agrees With Policies of U. S.

Washington, May 9.—A discussion of the Russian problem, as it is affected by the negotiations at Genoa, occupied most of today's session of the United States Cabinet. It developed an opinion that the attitude of the Allied Governments toward the Soviet regime had shaped up at Genoa in virtual agreement with the policies of the United States.

An administration spokesman said a hope was expressed at the meeting that the solution of the whole problem, which could be endorsed by the United States Government might be reached at Genoa. It was added that should the Conference fail, the United States would have to go ahead, independently, in adjusting its relations with Russia.

It was reiterated that the basic principles, which had been set forth as conditions for resumption of relations with Russia remained unchanged. Nothing which had transpired at Genoa, it was said, had changed the position of the United States. As a consequence, officials said, if the conference failed in the solution, the United States, in its relations to the Soviets, will be exactly where it was before.

CHINA CONSIDERING ITS NEW CABINET

General Wong Urged to Accept Premiership But Demurs Because of Age.

Peking, May 8—President Hsu Shih Chang and acting Premier Chow Tsu-Chi conferred today with representatives of General Wu Pei-Fu to consider the formation of a new cabinet.

General Wong Shi Cheng, who at one time was head of the government, was offered the Premiership in the new cabinet. He is regarded as the choice of Wu Pei-Fu. When presented before the conference General Wong pleaded that old age disqualified him. He declared that China needed vigorous young brains to cope with the world problems. It is understood that General Wong is still being considered.

A train from Tientsin arrived here today guarded by foreign soldiers. The locomotive flew the British and United States flags. The passengers reported that the training soldiers of Chang Tso-Lin were still on the move.

Child With Diphtheria In Hospital Five Years

Her Girl Playmate, Aged 8, Suffers 2½ Years; Throats Refused to Heal.

New York, May 8.—Charlotte Peters, aged 8, of Bloomfield, N. J., who was admitted to the Essex County Hospital for Contagious Diseases at Soho, near Newark, five years ago, is still a patient there, it was disclosed yesterday in a report submitted to the Hospital Committee of the Board of Freeholders by Dr. William Runyan, temporarily in charge of the hospital. She has had a congenial playmate of her own age in Mary Magoly, also a patient in the diphtheria ward, who has been there two and a half years. Mary mother is now living in West Virginia.

Dr. Runyan says that the children have not been discharged because their throats have not healed so that they can breathe without the rubber tubing inserted when diphtheria is at its worst. This tubing has to be changed at regular intervals, and the hospital authorities fear to discharge the girls until their throats have healed.

Although the girls sleep in the ward with the patients, they pass much of their time during the day in playing in the hospital grounds. They have contracted several contagious diseases, such as measles and chickenpox, during their stay at the hospital, but appear to be healthy now, except for the throat condition. Relatives have visited them several times.

Jack Dempsey Gets Marriage Proposal From French Dame

Refers Her to His Manager Through Whom All His Matches Are Made.

Paris, May 9—After a conversation today over the long distance telephone with Jack Kearns, his manager, Jack Dempsey decided to remain another day in Paris. He had intended to leave the French capital for London this morning. Kearns told him that the terms for a return fight with Carpentier were still undecided.

Dempsey said today he was tired and homesick, and that he would make every effort to leave England for New York on the Aquitania May 13, proceeding from New York to Los Angeles.

"Europe is all right," Dempsey declared "but it has nothing to equal California. I am getting lonesome for my old dad and my friends, and I won't remain in London any longer than is necessary."

The champion said he regretted that he had not been able to do any training at all here, as his time had been taken up with entertainments, receiving visitors and negotiations over the details of proposed fights. He hoped to be able to spend most of the time crossing the Atlantic to New York in the gymnasium of the Aquitania.

Among Dempsey's numerous visitors this afternoon was a trim Parisian cloak model. She asked Dempsey to marry her, saying she was just his age and of his tastes and temperament.

She was sure they would be happy together. She was fond of children, she said, and could cook, embroider, sing and dance. Dempsey gallantly listened attentively to the offer. Then he explained to Mademoiselle with a twinkle in his eye tht all proposals for matches with him must be made through his manager, Kearns.

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WANTED—General maid. References required. Mrs. F. M. Keator, 157 Germain street.

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ENGRAVERS

F. C. WESLEY & CO., Artists and Engravers, 59 Water street. Telephone M. 982.

ANNUAL MEETING

The Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Saint John Real Estate Company, Limited, will be held in the office of the Company, Pugsley Building, 39 Princess street, on Wednesday, the 10th of May, 1922, at 4 p.m.

L. P. D. TILLEY,
Managing Director.

WANTED

LATH SAWYER MAN capable taking charge machine and millwrighting. References. Hazen Flemming, Greenwich Hill, Kings County.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—FERTILIZERS. Buy Standard FERTILIZERS. Special Fertilizer for lawns. Get our prices. St. John Fertilizer Co., Chesley Street, St. John, N. B. 'Phone M. 4317.

FOR SALE—Property at Gondola Point suitable for summer camp or all the year round house. J. F. H. Teed, 120 Prince William Street.

FOR SALE—Building lot, freehold, Summer Street. J. F. H. Teed, 88 Summer Street.

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PRIVATE DANCING LESSONS, 50c. afternoons and evenings. R. S. Searle. Phone M. 4282.

TENDER FOR GRANITE CURBSTONE

Sealed Tenders addressed to H. E. Wardroper, Esq., Common Clerk, City Hall, will be received up to 11 o'clock a m. of Monday May 15th 1922 for 1875 lin. ft. of straight granite curbstone and 144 lin. ft. of circular granite curbstone.

Each bid must be accompanied with a cash deposit or certified check for $225.00.

Specifications and tender forms may be obtained at the office of the Road Engineer, City Hall.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JAMES H. FRINK,
Commissioner P. W.
ADAM P. MACINTYRE,
Comptroller.
St. John, N. B., May 3rd, 1922.

The Russian Soviet government and the Turkish Nationalists are planning to hold a conference at Kars to draw up a new treaty providing for the resumption of commercial relations between Turkey and the small republics of the Caucasus such as Georgia and Azerbaidjan.

A treaty to that effect was signed by the Russians and Turkish Nationalists last fall, but has not been ratified by the states concerned on the ground that it was unworkable owing to the abnormal conditions in Russia.

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Cures in 24 hours CATARRH of the BLADDER
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No. 1 for Bladder Catarrh. No. 2 for Blood & Skin diseases. No. 3 for Chronic Weaknesses. SOLD BY LEADING CHEMISTS. PRICE IN ENGLAND 3s. Dr. LECLERC Med. Co., Haverstock Rd., N.W.5, London. SEE TRADE MARKED WORD THERAPION IS ON EXT. GOVT. STAMP AFFIXED TO GENUINE PACKETS.

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