

THE PRINCESS OF WALES GREETED ENGLAND'S PRINCESS ON HER HAPPY WEDDING DAY

The Marriage of Princess Mary to Viscount Lascelles Yesterday Was a Great National Event Which Will Live Long in the Memories of Those Who Witnessed the Ceremonies and Incidents Thereto—England's Dream Realized.

London, Feb. 26—King George today gave his only daughter, Princess Mary, in marriage to Viscount Lascelles. It was a great national event which will live long in the memories of the vast throngs who streamed to the palace to witness the wedding of the Princess of Wales. The happiness, everywhere evident among the street throngs, was quite as apparent in the Abbey, it is doubtful whether in its centuries that edifice ever contained a more cheerful gathering. The guests, however, were obliged to confine their attention to the bride and groom, as the bride, in silver with long-flowing veil and train held by two of her attendants, passed gracefully down the scarlet-carpeted aisle on the arm of the King.

Awaiting them inside the railing of the sacristy were Dowager Queen Alexandra, Queen Mary, the bride's brothers, the Duke of York, Prince Henry and Prince George, and other members of the Royal Family. The King wore the resplendent scarlet and gold uniform of the Grenadier Guards, in compliment to the war-time service unit of Lascelles. This uniform was also worn by the tall, slender bridegroom.

The contrasting colors of Prince George's naval uniform, and the Royal Air Force regalia of Prince Henry, and the richly embroidered red cloak-like vestments of the clergy, far outshone in brilliancy the crown and gold brocade of Queen Mary's gown, and the more subdued shades of Queen Alexandra's dress. Both Queens wore a great V-shaped corsage set with dozens of gems.

The King and Queen, the Duke of York and Viscount Lascelles each wore the blue sash of the Order of the Garter, the bridegroom having received that honor from the King on Sunday.

As within the sacristy the predominant scarlet of the men's court dress among the guests in the nave blazed forth amidst the subtler hues of the women's apparel. At one side, near the royal group, sat the Spanish Prince, Don Jaime, a distinctive figure in a closely fitting military uniform.

Just before the bride and King reached the chancel railing, the Duke of York noticed that the carpet, leading from the steps to the high altar, was wrinkled. He rose from his seat beside Queen Mary, stooped and straightened the carpet, and resumed his seat. But, apparently, he had not smoothed all the wrinkles for when the King, bearing the bride on his arm, reached the top step, he tripped, but quickly regained his poise by bracing his arm against the railing.

The first veteran was said to have been seen on the streets of San Francisco two days ago with a large roll of bills.

Washington, Feb. 28—President Harding came out strongly in favor of the St. Lawrence waterways project in the course of his message to Congress on the ship subsidy bill this afternoon. Alluding to the awakened interest in water transportation Mr. Harding said: "We have had a new manifestation of this broadened vision in the enthusiasm of the great Lakes-St. Lawrence waterways by which it is intended to connect the great lakes with the markets of the world. There is far seeing vision in the proposal and this great and commendable enterprise deserving your favorable consideration is inseparable from a great merchant marine."

This portion of the President's address as did other specific points, drew forth applause from members of Congress and the galleries.

Dominion Government Cabled Its Congratulations to Princess

Ottawa, Feb. 26—The following cablegram was dispatched to Her Royal Highness, the Princess Mary, by Premier King: "My colleagues in the Government of Canada join with me in offering respectful congratulations and best wishes upon the occasion of your Royal Highness's marriage. The people of the Dominion share our hope that your Royal Highness and Lord Lascelles, whose sojourn in Canada made him many friends in our country may enjoy through the years of happiness the blessings of companionship in united service."

The following reply from Princess Mary was received by the Prime Minister this evening: "I warmly thank you and your colleagues in the Government of Canada for your kind message of good wishes which has been a great pleasure to me to receive on this happy day."

EGYPT DECLARED A SOVEREIGN AND INDEPENDENT STATE

Paris, Feb. 28—A Cairo despatch this afternoon states Field Marshal Allenby, British High Commissioner in Egypt, has issued a proclamation abolishing the British protectorate over Egypt and declaring her a sovereign and independent state, with a provisional status quo for the defense of Egypt, the security of the Empire communications and the protection of foreigners and of the Sudan.

London, Feb. 28—A Parliamentary paper giving the correspondence on the Egyptian question, shows that Field Marshal Viscount Allenby, High Commissioner in Egypt, has been asked by the British Government since the middle of November to withdraw the protectorate and bring into force the principal proposals of Lord Milner's draft treaty; that on January 12, he

again, after the decision to deprive Field Marshal Allenby, asked for authority to inform the Sultan of England's intention to abolish the protectorate without awaiting the conclusion of the treaty, but that the government would hold permission and requested that certain officials should be sent to London to advise the Cabinet on the situation.

To this Field Marshal Allenby, on January 26, returned the objection that such a course would weaken his authority and declared that the officials mentioned were in full accord with him, and he signed under acceptance of his proposals.

After further objections, Lord Curzon, Secretary of Foreign Affairs, finally on January 28 requested the High Commissioner to come to London for a consultation.

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 28—Full reports of all the circumstances surrounding the seizure of the schooner Emerald, by federal agents of the British two-masted schooner Emerald, as an alleged runner, were made today to the British Ambassador in Washington, it was announced by Barton Myers, British Consul, Myers said his communication was not a protest against the seizure of the boat and the confiscation of 500 quarts of liquor.

Five of the six men arrested at the time the schooner was captured were still in jail tonight, their attorney having failed to secure sufficient bond for their appearance at the hearing before United States Commissioner Brinkley next Monday.

BRITISH HIGH COMMISSIONER ISSUES PROCLAMATION ABOLISHING BRITISH PROTECTORATE OVER THE COUNTRY—PROVIDES FOR SECURITY OF EMPIRE'S COMMUNICATIONS AND PROTECTION OF FOREIGNERS.

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New York, Feb. 28—Union pressmen in all New York morning newspapers abandoned their posts tonight, according to an announcement by the Publishers' Association of New York City. Immediately following the announcement the publishers gave out the following statement:

"The arbitration fixed \$61 and \$55 weekly as pay for day pressmen-in-charge, and journeymen respectively, and \$48 and \$54 weekly for each night pressmen-in-charge and journeymen. These are the highest wages paid such men in the country, and the arbitrator abolished various union practices by which wages were artificially increased far above the basic scale."

A short session of the Legislature is forecasted at present. Indications are that the number of private bills will be less than is ordinarily the case. Government bills also are expected to be not very numerous, and although they will be controversial to some extent, the impression is that the session will not be longer than the average and may be shorter.

COOK'S STORY

James Carter, cook, told the jury he was asleep when the tragedy occurred, but was roused out and went with the mate and man to the master's cabin. He said that when he took off the shade to light the lamp, it was hot, as if it had just been blown out.

The mate maintained his innocence. It was only after four days' fruitless examination that Amore stated that he had seen the mate coming out of the Captain's cabin after hearing the shots. His first story was that he was foraging when the shots were fired.

The other members of the crew were not held, but are under surveillance, pending the decision of the legal authorities as to whether the accused can be tried in an American court. Although the schooner Lewis Brothers, is owned in Mobile, Ala., she is under British register and as the alleged incident occurred on the high seas, it is considered probable that the trial of those implicated may take place in Halifax, her port of registry.

It is understood that the legal authorities will decide tomorrow whether or not the American courts are competent under international law, to try the case.

It is recalled that when the ship Portland Palace arrived in Halifax, N. S., some years ago with the dead bodies of Captain and Mrs. Nash and second mate Blamberg aboard, the trial of the first mate, Bram, who was accused by other members of the crew of killing them could not be held in Halifax, because the ship was not under American registry. Bram, who sought extradition proceedings, was eventually taken to Boston for trial.

While all the members of the crew are, from the fact of carrying a certain time on American ships, presumed to be American citizens, the three accused are natives of other countries. Carter, the cook, being from Grand Cayman in the Bahamas, and Amore from Italy.

Washington, Feb. 28—William S. Fielding, Minister of Finance in the Canadian Cabinet, arrived today in Washington from Ottawa and was received by acting secretary Fletcher in a lengthy conference at the State Department. While there was no information given out either at the department or by the minister regarding the conference, it was understood that the object of Mr. Fielding's visit was to canvass the possibilities of a reciprocal trade agreement between Canada and the United States.

In that connection, it was pointed out that a reciprocal agreement, to be reached through Acts of Congress and the law-making body of Canada, was attempted in 1911. On July 26 of that year the American Congress passed an act fixing import duties on meats, flour and cereals, farm machinery, building materials, motor vehicles and various other commodities. That act was to become effective when a reciprocal law was promulgated in Canada. Opposition to the measure developed in Canada, however, and the act never became effective.

Washington, Feb. 28—Members of the Russian Soviet trade delegation today in London told of an interview that George Chitcherine, Soviet Foreign Minister, gave on February 24, in which he declared propositions had been put forward which appeared to totally conflict with the Russian resolution of January 6. (The Cannes resolution adopted by the Allied Supreme Council, provided for the holding of the Genoa Conference and made certain stipulations for participation therein.)

If such proposals are adopted M. Chitcherine is expected to have said, the result might obligate the Russian Government to change its attitude toward the Genoa Conference. If, for example, the project fixing a period of six months probation for Russia is adopted as a preliminary basis for her participation in the conference, her decision to participate would be problematical. Such a project, M. Chitcherine declared, was absolutely unacceptable since it was in conflict with Russia's perfectly warrantable desire to treat as an equal with equals. He said Russia would reject any form of tutelage or admission of inferiority.

MATE HELD FOR THE MURDER OF CAPTAIN CHUTE

Coroner's Jury at Key West, Fla., Return Verdict in Schooner Murder Mystery.

Key West, Fla., Feb. 28—The coroner's jury, investigating the mysterious death of Captain Joseph N. Chute, of Harborville, N. S., late master of the schooner Lewis Brothers, registered at Halifax, N. S., who was found dead in his cabin with three bullet wounds in his body while the vessel was in the Florida Straits outside the territorial waters of the United States, today ordered that the first mate, V. Brackelburt, a Dane of the Virgin Islands, be held on a charge of murder, and that Charles Carter, cook, and Giuseppe Amore, sailor, be also held as accessories.

When the jury met today for its fourth session, Amore, who has requested that he be recalled as he had additional testimony to give, was heard. Repeating under oath statements he made to the Sheriff yesterday, Amore said:

"I was at the wheel when I heard pistol shots. I looked below and saw the mate in the captain's cabin blowing out the light. He came out of the cabin and shut the door. The mate, according to Amore's testimony, then proceeded to the crew's quarters, and turned them out, saying he had heard shots in the Captain's cabin. When the mate and members of the crew went to the master's cabin, Captain Chute was lying in his bunk dead."

James Carter, cook, told the jury he was asleep when the tragedy occurred, but was roused out and went with the mate and man to the master's cabin. He said that when he took off the shade to light the lamp, it was hot, as if it had just been blown out.

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HEATED PARTY STRIFE MARKED DAIL SESSION

Deputies on Both Sides Accused Each Other of Violating and Compromising.

Dublin, Feb. 28—Heated party strife marked the opening session of the Dail Eireann today. Deputies on both sides accused each other of violating the spirit of the Ard Fests compromise. Mr. De Valera, stipulating the terms which he would consent to remain in the Dail, has rather strengthened belief in the possibility of the secession of himself and his followers.

Numerous divisions were forced and the proceedings dragged to such an extent that little business was transacted. The divisions showed majorities as high as ten for the supporters of the treaty. The main line of cleavage concerned the real function of the Dail as the supreme authority, while the Griffith party refused to be responsible to the Dail for their acts in the provisional government. Mr. De Valera attacked such importance to this that he more than once indicated that he and his friends would discontinue participation in the proceedings unless Dail supremacy was recognized.

Mr. Collins presented details of the United States accounts to the end of December last.

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London, Feb. 28—A despatch to the Berlinghede Tidende from Helsinki, Finland, reports serious rioting, accompanied by bloodshed, in Moscow. The trouble had its origin in the railway strike, says the despatch.

POLICE USE TEAR BOMB TO CAPTURE ROBBER GANG

Cleveland, Feb. 28—Falling in their endeavor to gain an entrance to an apartment here where it was reported a gang of alleged safe breakers were living, police today resorted to a "tear" bomb. The officers said they were defied because they had no search warrant and were warned by the occupants that they were heavily armed. Thereupon one of the officers went to police headquarters for a "tear" bomb which had been left there by a salesman as a sample. A window was broken and the bomb thrown inside. The result was almost instantaneous. Four men and three women surrendered and were taken to police headquarters for investigation.

UNITED STATES GOVT SOUNDED ON RECIPROCITY

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UNABLE TO REACH STEAMER SISTI

Held in Ice Floes 180 Miles Off Cape Race With Provisions Exhausted.

St. John's, Nfld., Feb. 28—Attempts to go to the aid of the steamer Sisti, which sent word by radio Sunday night from her place of imprisonment in the ice floes 180 miles off Cape Race, that her provisions were virtually exhausted, were temporarily abandoned today. The steamer Rosalind reported that she had tried in vain all day yesterday to force a path through the ice to the Sisti, but finally gave it up and resumed her voyage for this port.

The steamer Kyle, bound here from Sydney, N. S., with mail and passengers, sent word that the ice was so heavy that she had decided to come here direct without making what probably would be a useless attempt to reach the distressed steamer. It is expected that one of the vessels of the Newfoundland sailing fleet, which are especially equipped to fight the ice, will be sent out tomorrow with provisions for the Sisti.

SOVIET DELEGATION LITTLE PUFFED UP

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SENATE REFUSED TO AMEND YAP TREATY

Washington, Feb. 28—Dividing virtually on party lines, the United States Senate refused to amend the Yap treaty today in the first test of strength on any question affecting the international covenants negotiated during the Washington conference. The vote was 50 to 23.

CHILDREN BURNED TO DEATH IN HOME

Daughter and Son of Tuxford Farm Met Frightful Death.

Moore Jav, Sask., Feb. 28—The fifteen year old daughter, and the six year old son of Robert Norman, a farmer fifteen miles north of Tuxford, were burned to death on Monday morning, when the destroyed the family house. Joe Moore, a farm hand, who was in the house, was badly burned when he tried to rescue the Norman boy and Mrs. Norman was rescued when she saved the life of her seven months' old baby.

LEGISLATURE TO OPEN THURSDAY

Frederickton, Feb. 28—Hon. C. W. Robinson, Hon. Fred Magee, Hon. J. J. Venot and Hon. J. P. Byrne arrived here tonight for the meeting of the government which will open Wednesday morning, preparatory to the opening of the Legislature Thursday afternoon. The other members will arrive tomorrow morning.

NEW YORK PRESSMEN QUIT THEIR PRESSES

New York, Feb. 28—Union pressmen in all New York morning newspapers abandoned their posts tonight, according to an announcement by the Publishers' Association of New York City. Immediately following the announcement the publishers gave out the following statement:

GO ON STRIKE IN PROTEST TO CONCILIATION BOARD'S WAGE AWARD

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LINDSAY DENIES HE FLEECED N. Y. WOMEN

New York, Feb. 28—Alfred E. Lindsay, alleged swindler of society women, issued a statement from his cell in Tombs prison today denying that he had fleeced the women out of nearly \$1,000,000 by fake stock transactions.

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WILL PLAY FOR THE CHAMPIONSHIP

Amherst, N. S., Feb. 28—The intercollegiate hockey championship of the Maritime Provinces for 1922 will be decided in the Amherst arena on Friday night when Dalhousie, of Halifax, and Mount Allison of Sackville, N. B., will meet.