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PART 2.

HOLMES' CHARNEL HOUSE.

Search Continues to Reveal Mouldering Bones and Articles of Apparel.

The Prisoner Will Most Likely be Extradited and Tried in Toronto.

Toronto, July 24.—The adjourned inquest on the body of Alice Pictel was concluded to-night. But little evidence was submitted, and there was nothing of a new or startling character. The coroner charged very strongly against Holmes, and after ten minutes' absence the jury brought in a verdict against Holmes, alias Hudgett, alias Howard, of murdering Alice Pictel in the city of Toronto on or about the 25th day of October, 1894. After the return of the verdict the coroner made out for the arrest of Holmes. It will be placed in the hands of the attorney-general in the morning, and the necessary papers will be made out demanding Holmes' extradition. The authorities were to-day put into possession of a number of letters and documents which show that early in December last the authorities of Philadelphia were cognizant of the fact that Holmes had made away with the three Pictel children.

Philadelphia, July 25.—H. H. Holmes was visited in his cell to-day by his counsel, Wm. A. Shoemaker. For two hours or more Holmes spoke freely of the bones and other fragments of human anatomy found in his "cathedral" in Chicago. After the interview Mr. Shoemaker told the Associated Press reporter the substance of his client's statements. Mr. Shoemaker said: "Holmes declared that the tuft of human hair found in the chimney could not have been found in the chimney for the reason that the chimney was a new one put in after the girl's disappearance. As to the bones, he said they were not those of Gertrude Connor, Minnie Williams or any of the other persons murdered. 'The charged with having murdered,' 'The police simply do not know what they are talking about,' Holmes continued, 'when they say I murdered so many persons and buried their bodies in my crypt in the basement of my building. I could find throughout the country. Quite a while ago I made a statement to the Philadelphia authorities that they were liable to find human bones in many different places all over the continent. I then frankly admitted that I had been engaged in a business which was a disgrace to the name of a human being, and that I had a \$40,000 policy, and had to be abandoned while in an embryonic state because of suspicion. The idea was to have the bodies of a woman and a boy found in their home and afterwards the corpse of a man with a bullet in his head, to make it appear a case of murder and suicide. I got the bodies from the graveyards to represent the wife and son, but the alleged husband's body had not yet been secured, when the insurance agents learned of the scheme and the bodies had to be disposed of the best way I could. I had them sent to a cold put in trunks, which were sent to a storage warehouse. Before my preparations could be completed, however, the manager of the storage house notified me to take the trunks away or he would sell the contents. I did so, and the bodies were buried in separate places. Where they are the police must find out.' Holmes ridiculed the theory that the subterranean tank found in the Chicago establishment had been a vault, and the secretion of victims' corpses, and said that it had served as nothing more harmful than a vat for illuminating oil used on the premises. The dumb waiter was accounted for by the fact that during the World's Fair there had been a restaurant on one of the upper floors of this building. In the transfers of property between him and Minnie Williams, Holmes added, in which he had secured the Fort Worth property, a note in the shape of a mortgage was given by Minnie Williams, and endorsed 'Horace Williams,' who was supposed to be her brother. She never had a brother, however, and the endorser was Holmes himself.

Chicago, July 25.—Dr. Stringfield made an examination of the bones found in Holmes' house. He decided they were those of human bodies. 'The two flat bones,' he said, 'are pelvis bones. The child must have been about eight years old. The metal rod bone is without doubt that of an adult person.'

Chicago, July 25.—Holmes' charnel house included new horrors to-day. Several more bones and small pieces of dress goods were found in the basement this morning.

Chicago, July 25.—Before the police had been at work an hour more human bones were found mouldering in the damp earth in the basement of Holmes' charnel house. A shoulder blade, apparently an adult bone, and socket bones which appeared to be those of a child, were unearthed. The police seem convinced that the uncovered skull and bones are the remains of Mrs. Connor and her daughter Pearl. Mrs. Pat Quinlan, wife of Holmes' ex-janitor, was found by the police and underwent a severe cross-examination. She has been reported missing, but declared she made no attempt to hide herself. What evidence she gave against Holmes the police refuse to say, and Mrs. Quinlan has evidently been instructed by the detectives to preserve strict silence.

Philadelphia, July 25.—While application for the extradition of Holmes, who

is charged with the murder of the two Pictel children by the coroner's jury at Toronto last night, must necessarily be made to Governor Hastings, Harrisburg, and the papers issued from his office, the question as to whether the criminal will be taken to Canada to stand his trial for murder rests with district attorney Graham. Holmes is a self-confessed conspirator and is only waiting sentence, so it remains practically for Mr. Graham to say whether he shall be taken across the border or remain in this city, where he has long been suspected of killing Pictel. The district attorney is much pleased with the turn affairs have taken at Toronto. Now it is almost certain Holmes will be taken to Canada to answer there for the bloody deeds which it is confidently believed he committed in Toronto last November. Although there has been some talk of a requisition from the Chicago authorities for Holmes, no papers have yet been received from the officials there. If Holmes is sent away from this city to answer for his deeds the claim of Fort Worth, Tex., where he is wanted in connection with the forgery of bonds, really comes first, as a detainer was lodged some time ago. But the opinion here is that he will be sent to Canada first, where a conviction seems more certain than in Chicago or Philadelphia, because of the direct nature of the evidence. Both Holmes and his lawyer have asserted that they will not resist extradition proceedings from Canada.

CATTLE AND CROPS.

A Highly Satisfactory Condition of Affairs in the Northwest.

Ottawa, July 25.—The following report has been furnished the department here by Professor McEachern, who has just returned from the Northwest:

"You will be pleased to hear that, following on the mildest winter we have ever experienced since ranching, the cattle business in Alberta is in a most flourishing condition. Perhaps next to the mild winter as a factor in producing the large crop which all the ranchers have this year. Walrod having banded 2000, the Cochrane 1500, the Oxy 1500, and others proportionately large—in the killing of 1000 wolves during the past fourteen months, for which the Northwest territorial government has paid \$8000. Never was government money spent to better advantage, as had this not been done the wolves would have driven the stock raisers out of the business and the country within a few years. Gordon and Ironsides have bought nearly all the exportable cattle, amounting to close on 10,000 head. During June and early in July, the ranch and grain and water are plentiful. Horse breeders are much more hopeful; large numbers of horses have been shipped east for exportation to Belgium and France as well as England, and better prices are being paid. The Walrod ranch company will ship two car loads of nearly pure bred Clyde and Shire geldings to Montreal in a few weeks. The sheep industry is progressing very satisfactorily. The entire wool crop has been sold to Toronto firms for satisfactory prices. Sheep throughout the Territories are in excellent health and condition. The scab is now almost completely exterminated. The crops in Manitoba are most promising. Throughout the whole Northwest there is a feeling of confidence and jubilation such as has not existed for several years."

The following is a further telegram from Professor Saunders, director of experimental farms, relative to the crops in the Northwest: "Indian Head, July 24.—The crops throughout Eastern Assiniboia are of very good growth, strong and even, and fairly well advanced. Wheat is well headed out. If good weather continues the yield will be very heavy. There is a promise of fine crops on the experimental farm."

Canadians News.

Brantford, July 25.—The two year old daughter of Frank Clarke was drowned in the river last evening.

Portage la Prairie, July 25.—R. L. Weymas has died from strychnine poisoning.

Russell, Man., July 25.—McKenzie's general store was burned yesterday.

Berlin, Ont., July 24.—The five men who were arrested here on the 6th inst., charged with attempted train robbery, were to-day convicted and sentenced. Three of them were sent to Kingston for seven and two for five years.

Montreal, July 24.—The C. P. R. traffic receipts for the week ending July 21 were \$349,000, and for the same week last year \$355,000.

Port Macleod, July 24.—A heavy hail storm struck this neighborhood yesterday and did considerable damage to crops and property. The complete loss cannot be estimated.

London, July 24.—The Free Press says the apple crop in this district is a complete failure. The biggest orchards in May just caught the blossoms as they were out and destroyed the prospects of the fruit.

Amoy, July 24.—An incendiary attempt was made to burn the Grand Trunk freight shed and grain house by the use of oil waste, but the blaze was discovered and extinguished.

Toronto, July 24.—The inquest was held to-night on the bodies of Jas. Stewart and Frank Townsend, who were killed on the 13th inst. at Scarborough, by the collision of two electric cars. The verdict found the Toronto Street Railway Company guilty of culpable negligence and that the conductors and motormen were not to blame.

TO-DAY'S CABLE DISPATCHES.

Death of the Bishop of Winchester—Franco-Chinese Treaty—Bi-Metallism.

Brazil Objects to the British Occupation of the Island of Trinidad.

London, July 25.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England issued to-day shows the following changes as compared with previous accounts: Total reserve increase, £613,000; circulation decrease, £174,000; bullion increase, £437,638; other securities, £72,000. Other deposits increased, £288,000. Public deposits decreased, £475,000. Government securities decreased, £200,000. Proportion of the Bank of England's reserve to liability, which last week was 58.41 per cent, is now 59.03 per cent. The amount of bullion withdrawn to-day was £34,000.

The Allan line steamship Numidian sails today from Liverpool for Montreal, and will carry George, Lord Radcliffe, eldest son of the Earl and Countess of Aberdeen, J. S. Tupper and wife, and the members of the Bisley rifle team.

The Rt. Rev. Anthony Wilson, D. D., bishop of Winchester, is dead. He was in his 71st year.

The Times this morning publishes a column letter from Mr. Bertram Currie, president of the Gold Standard Defense, and a member of the firm of Hays, Mills, Currie & Co., in reply to the statements made by Mr. Henry C. Gibbs, director of the Bank of England and president of the British bimetallic league, in the Times of July 13, controverting the arguments made in the manifesto of the Gold Standard Defense.

Mr. Currie says that in spite of the time and labor spent in the controversy the bimetallic league is still silent as to any specific plan in which the bimetallic theory is to be aided, as to the proposed ratio, as to the methods of enforcing the ratio, or as to the consequences which would follow from its establishment. Summing up the situation from this standpoint, Mr. Currie says the bimetallics are enthusiastic, ill-advised agitators instead of practical reformers.

A Shanghai dispatch says the treaty agreed upon between France and China, in order to regulate the commercial relations between the Chinese provinces bordering on French possessions, gives France the right to maintain a consulate at Jing Hong; open Loo Chow, in the province of Quong Si, north of Lang Song and Meng Tse, to French and Chinese commerce; makes Hukow open to trade, and permits France to maintain a consul there; opens Shemao to commerce; permits French citizens to settle along the rivers; the use of the rivers Loo and Mekong for transportation of merchandise; provides for a reduction of duties and allows the right to extend railroads and establish telegraph lines.

A Rio Janeiro dispatch says there is growing excitement in that city over the occupation of the island of Trinidad by the English. The government has dispatched two notes of emphatic protest to the British legation, quoting the order of the British admiralty in 1782, by virtue of which Trinidad was evacuated and returned to Portugal.

Referring to the statement that Brazil had formally protested against Great Britain's claim to the island of Trinidad, a person in authority, who was questioned on the subject, says the British title to the island dates from the year 1700, when possession was taken without any objection upon the part of Brazil. He added that hitherto Brazil had not advanced any claim to the island, but the British government is ready to discuss in a friendly spirit any representations which Brazil may wish to make on the subject.

A mixed local train, while entering the railroad station at Randen, Prussia, today, dashed through the building. The engineer and several passengers were killed. The accident was due to a defective brake.

A dispatch from Constantinople states that besides the three battalions sent from Albania, another battalion from Yanina has been diverted to Salonica. A band of 60 Macedonians recently crossed the Serbian frontier but were dispersed by the Serbian troops with heavy losses.

A receiving order in bankruptcy was issued against Oscar Wilde's property to-day by the Marquis of Queensberry, claiming £877 costs in an unsuccessful action for libel.

Robert Coombs, 13 years old, and Nathan Coombs, 11 years old, both sons of Chief Steward Coombs of the National Line steamer France, who were arrested with a man named Fox and charged with murdering Mrs. Coombs, mother of the boys, by stabbing her to death on July 8th last, were formally charged with murder at the Westham police court to-day. After the police had presented the evidence against the accused, which showed that the older boy alone committed the deed, Nathan Coombs was discharged from custody and Robert and Fox committed for trial.

OTTAWA NOTES.

The Tired Ministers Leaving the Capital for a Summer Holiday.

Ottawa, July 24.—Mr. Saunders, director of experimental farms, telegraphs that the crops in Manitoba are very promising and if the weather continues

favorable a splendid crop may be confidently anticipated.

The government has transmitted an order-in-council to the Imperial authorities strongly protesting against the seizure of the sealing schooner Shelby.

Mr. Costigan has left for the Maritime provinces, and Mr. Wallace has gone to Halifax to attend the meeting of the grand lodge of Orangemen.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell leaves on Friday for Regina.

Lord and Lady Aberdeen will also leave for Regina this week and after opening the territorial exhibition will proceed to the coast.

The organization of the customs board on the lines passed by parliament recently will be commenced at once.

Most of the ministers will leave the capital on their summer holidays.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

Mr. Harvey Must Resign or Take his Dismissal.

St. John's, Nfld., July 25.—A strong feeling is awakened here over the failure to resign of Hon. Mr. Harvey from the executive, in view of his recent arrest. It is rumored to-day that the alternative has been offered him of resignation or dismissal within the next 24 hours. The government demonstration for Colonial Secretary Bond, because of his success in raising a loan, has been postponed. No reason is assigned and the leaders in the matter say that it will take place on Friday, but it is well known here that strong objections to it have already developed and nothing more is likely to be heard of it.

DURRANT'S TRIAL.

He Will Get a Fair Trial in San Francisco.

San Francisco, July 25.—The trial of Durrant for the murder of Blanche Lorrain will be resumed to-day. The district attorney will present affidavits stating that Durrant can have a fair trial here and it is expected that change of venue will be denied. The county jail is besieged with women daily trying to see Durrant and to leave flowers for him. In both respects they are disappointed. The sailors say Durrant enjoys his notoriety. He has hitherto not paid attention to religious matters, but he is now receiving a visit from a Roman Catholic priest and it is said he will embrace that religion for his defense are said to be supplied by relatives in Canada.

Santa Cruz, Cal., July 25.—W. F. Barrett, the man who confessed yesterday that he is the church murderer, will be examined before the commissioners of lunacy. His mind is affected with drink and he spends most of his time singing. He says that it was through hypnotic influence that he was induced to confess.

A CONCILIATORY VIEW.

Archbishop Langevin Denies the Accuracy of a Recent Interview.

Winnipeg, July 24.—Archbishop Langevin returned to St. Boniface to-night from Montreal. In an interview with Grace said the Catholics of Manitoba would not waver in their demands for a recognition of their rights regarding separate schools, but in the matter of a compromise, said his Grace, it remains to be seen what it is that may be offered. "My Grace is reported as saying the policy of the Catholics is to be no surrender and no compromise," interjected the reporter.

"That I most emphatically deny," said the archbishop. "In an interview with me in Montreal, the reporter of the Star has put phrases into my mouth which I never uttered and has printed sentiments I never uttered or thought of. We are far from taking the arrogant one attitude to us in that phrase. We have not refused to treat in this matter, but we wish to hear the terms proposed. We have no wish to stir up strife or make discord in the country."

DEMONSTRATIVE RED MEN.

Four Companies of U. S. Cavalry Sent to Arrest Them.

Cheyenne Wyo., July 25.—Four companies of cavalry from Fort Robinson have been ordered to Jackson's Hole to arrest the Indians. The troops at Fort Russell, the 8th and 17th infantry, are getting everything in readiness to move as soon as the word comes, and it is believed they will be ordered out. A pack train at the camp has made every preparation to go to the scene and Col. Moore is only awaiting orders. The opinion is generally expressed here that the appearance of the troops in Hoback valley, where the Indians are now concentrating their forces, will put an end to the trouble and prevent bloodshed.

Washington, D. C., July 25.—General Vincent, acting adjutant-general, has received a telegram from Brigadier-General Coppinger saying he has ordered the four troops of cavalry at Fort Robinson, Neb., to proceed at once to the scene of disturbance at Jackson's Hole, and he will go there in person to investigate the situation and direct the military operations. Fort Russell and Wadsworth are garrisoned with infantry, and as foot troops are not of great service in an Indian campaign, it is not believed the latter forces will be called into action. Secretary Lamont went to New York last night, but is in close telegraphic communication with the officials. His absence will cause no delay in the event of any necessity for further action looking to the preservation of trouble between the settlers and Indians.

ITALY AND ABYSSINIA.

A Report From Rome That Italy Has Declared War With Abyssinia.

Russia and France Investigating an African War for Ulterior Purposes.

Rome, July 25.—Government officials here openly declare that war with Abyssinia has been decided upon. 11 Corriere confirms the news and adds that no doubt France and Russia are preparing to make their new alliance felt and wish to have England and Italy engage in an African war, when they will be free to carry out their plans in the Mediterranean and the east.

FREE TRADE WINS AGAIN.

Premier Reid Sustained by the Electorate of New South Wales.

Sydney, N. S. W., July 25.—The results of the general elections in New South Wales are as follows: Ministerialists, 61; labor, supporting the ministry, 19; government total, 80; Opposition, 44; Independent, 1. Otherwise classified the results are: Free Trade, 62; Protection, 44; Labor 19.

PARSONAGE DESTROYED.

The Clergyman's Two Little Girls Burned to Death.

Norwich, N. Y., July 25.—A fire consumed the Congregational parsonage last night and burned to a crisp the two children of Rev. William H. Scudder, Charles, aged six, and Mary, aged four. The fire was caused by an explosion of gas in the kitchen range, and the servant, who was the only grown person in the house, was too much overcome by fright to give an intelligent account of the whereabouts of the seven children.

BRITISH ELECTIONS.

Unionists Continue to Increase Their Majority.

London, July 25, 4 p.m.—The latest returns give the following result: Conservatives, 350; Unionists, 62.

Total Government, 392; Liberals, 153; McCarthyites, 62; Parnellites, 19; Labor, 2.

Total, 607; Net Unionist gain, 82.

Fermanagh, north—McDare, Con., 2742; Behr, McCarthyite, 2406. Lancashire, north, Lonsdale division—Cavendish, Unionist, 4318; Baron Halkett, Lib., 3206. Unionists win the seat. Elgin and Nairn—Jordan, Con., 2147; Keay, Lib., 2019. A gain for the Conservatives. Kilmarnock—Col. Denny, Con., 6432; Williams, Lib., 5051. Conservatives gain the seat. Sligo, North—Collyer, McCarthyite, 2274; Parnell, Parnellite, 1231; Crofton, Con., 71.

London, North—Atkinson, Con., 4461; Bonhill, Lib., 3538. The seat goes to the Conservatives. West—Jameson, McC., 3373; Maguire, Par., 2971. McCarthyites gain a seat.

Meath, South—John Parnell, Par., 2480; Jordan, McC., 2437. Parnellites win the seat. Gloucestershire, Thornbury division—Colton, Con., 5727; Allen, Lib., 4699. Conservatives gain the seat.

Gloucestershire, East—Thomas, Lib., 6056; Jackson, Con., 3909. Conservatives gain the seat. West—Roberts, Lib., 4481; Edwards, Con., 2874. Brecknockshire—O. Morley, Lib., 4509; Sillescu, Con., 3635.

Peebles and Selkirk—Thornbury, U., 1563; The Master of Elibank, Lib., 1500. West—Widdows, North—Wilson, U., 5612; Waite, Lib., 4024. Unionists gain this seat.

Shropshire, West—Hill, Elected—A. T. Clay, Con., 6081; T. Wayman, Lib., sitting member, 5367. Huntingdonshire, South—A. H. Smith-Barry, Con., sitting member, 2419; J. Wilkes, Lib., 2008.

Yorkshire, West riding, Span Valley—E. Ellis, Con., 3877; T. F. Whitaker, Lib., sitting member, 4700. Sutherlandshire—Swanton, Con., 500; J. McLeod, Lib., sitting member, 608.

Yorkshire, West riding, Otley—Darcy Wyville, Con., 4670; Sir J. Barran, Lib., sitting member, 4622. Norfolk, Middle—Wilson, Lib., 4220; Gordon, Unionist, 4086. A Liberal gain.

Durham, middle—Wilson, Lib., 5833; Wilkinson, Con., 4365. Cheshire, Northwich division—Sir J. T. Brummie, Lib., 5706; Ward, Con., 4068. Lancashire, S. W. Leigh division—Scott, Lib., 5130; Fitzgerald, Con., 4453.

Devonshire, South—Malmesbury, U., 4630; Sparks, Lib., 2284. Derbyshire, Chesterfield division—Bayley, Lib., 4772; Birron, Con., 4323. Radnorshire—Milbank, Con., 1940; 104 wards, Lib., 1569. Conservatives win this seat.

Oxfordshire, Henley division—Hermon-Rodge, Con., 3631; Samuel, Lib., 3470. The Empress of India arrived here at 6:30 o'clock last evening after a pleasant run of 12 days across the Pacific. The voyage was an uneventful one in every respect. Fine weather was experienced generally, but there were two very foggy days. The vessel's cargo amounted to about 2000 tons of freight, made up of any necessity for further action looking to the preservation of trouble between the settlers and Indians.