

FORESIGHT

It is a fact, realized by few, that at no time in the last twenty years have bonds sold anywhere near their present low prices. The day is bound to come when men who have had the foresight to accumulate conservative investments around present prices will be in a position to point with pride and profit to the wisdom of their judgment. Our systematic investment plan offers you the opportunity to buy good securities and pay for them over a period of months.

Send for circular.  
J. M. Robinson & Sons  
Established 1880  
Members Montreal Stock Exchange

FINANCIAL

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET  
(Quotations furnished by private wire of J. M. Robinson & Sons, St. John, N. B., New York, Jan. 17.)

Am Car & Fdy	71	69 1/2	70 1/2
Am Locomotive	55 1/2	54	55
Am Beet Sugar	71 1/2	70 1/2	71 1/2
Am Can	86 1/2	85 1/2	86 1/2
Am Steel Fdys	89	88	89
Am Smelters	80 1/2	79 1/2	80 1/2
Am Tel & Tel	108 1/2	107 1/2	108 1/2
Am Woolens	46 1/2	45 1/2	46 1/2
Anacosta Mining	62 1/2	61 1/2	62 1/2
Atch. T. & S. Fe.	82 1/2	81 1/2	82 1/2
Brooklyn R. T.	42	41 1/2	42 1/2
Balt. & Ohio	51 1/2	50 1/2	51 1/2
Baldwin Loco	60	59 1/2	60 1/2
Butte & Superior	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2
Beth Steel	72 1/2	71 1/2	72 1/2
Chino Copper	42	41 1/2	42 1/2
Chicago & N. W.	98	97 1/2	98 1/2
Ches. & Ohio	51	50 1/2	51 1/2
Colorado Fuel	36 1/2	35 1/2	36 1/2
Canadian Pacific	136 1/2	135 1/2	136 1/2
Central Leather	110	109 1/2	110 1/2
Crescent Steel	86 1/2	85 1/2	86 1/2
Dela. & Hudson	106 1/2	105 1/2	106 1/2
Erie	14 1/2	14 1/2	14 1/2
General Electric	128 1/2	127 1/2	128 1/2
Great North Pfd.	86	85 1/2	86 1/2
General Motors	110	109 1/2	110 1/2
Inspiration	43 1/2	42 1/2	43 1/2
Int'l Marine Com.	28	27 1/2	28 1/2
Int'l Marine Pfd.	98 1/2	97 1/2	98 1/2
Indus. Alcohol	117	116 1/2	117 1/2
Kennecott Copper	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2
Midvale Steel	46	45 1/2	46 1/2
Mex. Petroleum	89 1/2	88 1/2	89 1/2
Miami	31	30 1/2	31 1/2
Northern Pacific	81 1/2	80 1/2	81 1/2
N. Y. Air Brake	120	119 1/2	120 1/2
N. Y. Central	68	67 1/2	68 1/2
Pennsylvania	43 1/2	42 1/2	43 1/2
Reading	71 1/2	70 1/2	71 1/2
Republic I. & S.	74 1/2	73 1/2	74 1/2
St. Paul	42 1/2	41 1/2	42 1/2
Southern Ry.	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
Southern Pacific	81	80 1/2	81 1/2
Studebaker	48 1/2	47 1/2	48 1/2
Union Pacific	111 1/2	110 1/2	111 1/2
U. S. Steel	91 1/2	90 1/2	91 1/2
U. S. Steel Pfd.	108 1/2	107 1/2	108 1/2
United Fruit	114 1/2	113 1/2	114 1/2
U. S. Rubber	52	51 1/2	52 1/2
Utah Copper	89 1/2	88 1/2	89 1/2
Western Union	87	86 1/2	87 1/2
West Electric	40	39 1/2	40 1/2
Willis Overland	11	10 1/2	11 1/2
Sales—11 of 100	205.80		

MONTREAL TRANSACTIONS  
(J. M. Robinson & Sons, Members Montreal Stock Exchange, Montreal, Jan. 17.)

Bank of Montreal—20 at 310.
Royal Bank—at 208.
Bell—15 at 180.
Centent—10 at 57.
Domestic Steel—200 at 54 1/2, 10 at 55.
Smelters—80 at 25.
Shawinigan—5 at 107.
Ogilvie—15 at 146.
Toronto Ry—25 at 60.
Tram Debenture—200 at 72 1/2.
Centent Pfd—100 at 90.
2nd War Loan—600 at 92 1/2.
Unlisted Stocks.
Tram Power—200 at 31.

URGING WILSON TO TAKE OVER ALL PACKING PLANTS

Chicago, Jan. 17.—The immediate taking over of all the packing plants in the United States will be urged upon President Wilson by a delegation representing every craft in the industry and headed by John Fitzpatrick, president of the Chicago Federation of Labor, which left for Washington last night.

CORN MARKET.

Chicago, Jan. 17.—Government coal saving orders tended slightly today to ease down the corn market. Opening prices, which ranged from unchanged figures to 1/2 cent lower with January 12 1/2 and May 12 1/4 to 12 1/2, were followed by a little reaction in some cases.

COAL

Best Quality Reasonable Prices  
R. P. & W. F. STARR, Ltd.  
Wholesale and Retail Dealers  
49 SMYTH ST. 159 UNION ST.

COLWELL'S COAL

"Is Good Coal"  
All Kinds on Hand. Phone West 17  
J. FIRTH BRITAIN, Mgr.

LOCAL NEWS

Peerless orchestra (McQuade, Higgins, Noble Brothers). Hear them at class Saturday night.

FREE  
Cups and saucers, cutlery, bon-bon dishes, butter plates, pepper and salt shakers, all of the best quality. Save the coupons given away by Louis Green, 89 Charlotte street, with every purchase of cigars, cigarettes, pipes and tobacco.

Proceeds patriotic 1918 Revue, Feb. 7.  
TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL  
Regular meeting Friday evening, January 18, a full attendance requested.  
1-19.  
Fashion show 1918 Revue, Feb. 7.

See Cheyne & Company's grocery specials, page 4.

IT'S ALL GOOD IN THE GEM'S NEW PROGRAMME

Alice Brady in "A Self-Made Widow" and Two Very Entertaining Vaudeville Acts

"A Self-Made Widow" is the title of the new World-Picture Brady-Made, at the Gem, with Alice Brady in the title role. As the title indicates it is an original story, with many incidents and a surprising climax. Miss Brady's work in the brilliant drama is both original and so extremely popular. She takes the role of an unsophisticated country girl who thinks she is going to marry a millionaire but who finds, when she arrives in New York with the man that he is a wife and several children. But the girl is spunky. She doesn't give up and return home, but determines to remain in New York and to do so she takes a desperate chance and masquerades as the widow of a millionaire whose coat and hat she has on. She docks with a note to be delivered to his attorney telling of his death. But later she finds out that the man is not dead and when it also develops that the girl has hired another man to marry her, the derision of the millionaire, very remarkable situation develops. The experience that she goes through is a mighty entertaining. Miss Brady invests the role with the charm and winsomeness which are expected of her every performance. The settings are delightful and the story itself is unique.

The vaudeville act, with last night's patrons. White and Weston, man and maiden, present a dainty variety act, a bright duet and bit of dance open it; then there is some excellent playing of popular airs on the violin, a duet by the young woman, and a unique singing and violin feature in conclusion. All was well done and much applause was won.

Pagan and Macomber, man and woman, also have a spirited offering of music, fun and dance. They have a good, bright dialogue, sing pleasingly and the man is a mighty good dancer and arouses a lot of enthusiasm. This act also won popular favor and applause.

The Gem will continue its vaudeville programme until and including Friday night, with all changed on Saturday afternoon.

INDEPENDENCE FOR THE ARMENIAN PEOPLE IN RUSSIA AND TURKEY

Bolshevik Government Supports Their Right to This and Right to Decide Own Destiny

Petrograd, Jan. 16.—An official decree issued to the people of Turkish Armenia and signed by Nikolai Lenin and other members of the Bolsheviks says that the government of peasants and workmen of Russia supports the right of the Armenians in Russia and Turkey to the extent of their complete independence and the right to decide their own destiny.

The decree enumerates the guarantees necessary for this programme, namely, the immediate withdrawal of troops from the limits of Turkish Armenia; the organization of a militia by the Armenian people in order to assure the security of the persons and property of inhabitants; the repatriation without hindrance of Armenian emigrants scattered throughout different countries, as well as repatriation within Turkish Armenia of Armenians taken by force during the war by the Turkish authorities; and the organization of a central government of the people in Turkish Armenia.

The decree also says that the council of the people's commissioners, at the peace pact with the Turks insisted on this and that the commission on Caucasus affairs has been appointed to assist the inhabitants of Turkish Armenia.

ALLEGED PROGRAMME OF CAILLAUX

Rome Newspaper Publishes Details From Documents Found in Florence Bank

Rome, Jan. 17.—The Giornale d'Italia continues to publish details of the documents found in the safe deposit box in Florence bank which had been rented by former Premier Caillaux of France. One is in the former premier's handwriting and gives a sketch of a proposed political programme if he should again be called to become premier. It gives the names of senators, deputies and generals who would be called to collaborate in a ministry.

Caillaux, the document shows, according to the newspaper, would begin by arresting President Poincaré and all the recent political leaders including former Premier Briand. He would appoint General Sarraute commander-in-chief of the French army and would bring to

RIGHT OR WRONG NUMBER?

This advertisement is the eighth of a series of ten, designed to effect three parties to a telephone call—the person calling, the person called, and the operator who connects them. The quality of service rendered is determined by the spirit in which all three work together, rather than by the individual effort of any one or two of these three persons. We shall gladly send complete sets of the series to those desiring them.

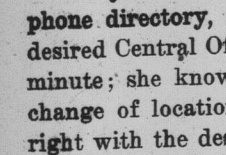
The right way to call a telephone number is to consult the telephone directory, get the correct number, and then call for that number, clearly and distinctly, when the operator answers your signal. If you do not ask for the correct number, it necessarily follows you will be connected with a wrong number.

Have you ever noticed how the mind plays queer pranks with numbers in transposing figures? It will readily transpose 1468 into 1648, or 6426 into 6246. If memory only is relied upon, there is always a likelihood of error, and valuable time is lost in correcting such errors.

Therefore the telephone directory should be consulted whenever you wish to talk; if an old memorandum containing a number is used, there may have been a change since it was written or printed.

The wrong way creates annoyance to the person who is called by mistake; the right way saves delay and annoyance in completing your message, and creates a high-grade of service for you and for others.

If you cannot find the person wanted listed in the telephone directory, ask for the "Information Operator" at the desired Central Office. Her records are complete and up-to-the-minute; she knows every new subscriber's number, every change of location, as well as of number, and will start you right with the desired information.



The New Brunswick Telephone Company, Limited

Civic Estimates Coming In; Greater Than Last Year

At a meeting of the common council this morning, Commissioner Russell presented his estimates for the ferry department, but as the commissioners desire to be given an opportunity to look over the items, no action was taken.

Mayor Hayes presented a financial statement summarized by the chamberlain. It showed that bonds due this year will amount to \$380,800. The account follows:

South Rodney wharf—	\$223,500
Water construction	82,800
Sewerage construction	10,200
Sydney wharf—5 p.c.	4,000
St. John street paving—	4,000
City Hall—5 p.c.	\$80,900
Sydney wharf—5 p.c.	1,000
Auto truck—5 p.c.	5,000
Restoration—2nd, 6 p.c.	18,400
Total	\$380,800

There is a sinking fund of \$1,000 for the German street issue; \$5,000 for the auto truck and \$18,400 for the restoration, a total of \$24,400.

Proposed retirement from the city Department of Public Works.

	Appropriation 1917	Appropriation 1918
Street repairs	\$14,000.00	\$14,000.00
Sidewalks and crossings	4,000.00	4,000.00
Street cleaning, watering and sanding	14,000.00	18,000.00
Street stables	6,000.00	7,000.00
Stone crushers	7,000.00	8,000.00
Asphalt manufacturing	7,000.00	7,000.00
Street plant additions	1,700.00	800.00
Street plant repairs and renewals	8,000.00	7,000.00
Public grounds	2,500.00	2,900.00
Bridges and fences	800.00	1,000.00
Retaining walls	700.00	900.00
Sundries	900.00	1,200.00
Salaries	8,700.00	8,800.00
Rent of offices	700.00	700.00
Insurance on plant	1,000.00	1,000.00
Interest A. S. E. on debentures	21,440.00	20,170.00
1914 loan, five years	6,788.00	6,788.00
Interest on 1916 and 1917 expenditures	828.88	828.88
for retaining walls and granite block paving (bonds to be issued)	241.10	888.88
Total	\$111,451.80	\$136,681.80

Garbage expenditures (1917) with interest 2,811.88  
Garbage (1918) 2,800.00  
New pavements 20,670.00  
Add 2 1/2 per cent for assessing, collecting, etc. 1,892.16828  
Warrant 1,834.08

Paris two Corsican regiments he considered friendly to him.

The chamber of deputies, the newspaper adds, would be compelled to approve a bill giving Caillaux absolute power. He then would dissolve the senate and the chamber and France would make a great effort to obtain a military success, after which a popular referendum on a peace treaty would be taken.

A new regime, the document shows, would be instituted in France, limiting the powers of the senate and chamber, but preserving the republican form of government.

ORGANIZED BALL TO PAY FEDERAL DEBTS

Backers of Defunct League to Get Money Guaranteed In Peace Compact

Suit Held up Settlement—Baltimore Club Prevented Early Adjustment of Troubles by Demanding Franchise

New York, Jan. 16.—The final settlement of the peace compact between the major leagues and the Federal League, which was drawn up early in the spring of 1916, expected to be effected within a short time. The matter was left in the hands of Presidents John K. Tener and Ban Johnson for adjustment, and at the recent meeting of the National Commission in Cincinnati it was announced that an agreement had been reached whereby the long standing trouble would be ended.

When the Federal League war was ended two years ago, the major leagues agreed to reimburse Harry F. Sinclair, who owned the Newark club, the Wards, who owned the Brooklyn club, and Edward Gwinn, owner of the Pittsburgh Federal League club, in part, for the big investments they had made in the disastrous venture. The Federal League at the time had taken over more than fifty of the players of the two major league organizations, and had invaded the minor leagues to such an extent that several of them were on the verge of disbanding. So organized ball decided to buy off the invaders.

The Federal League owners agreed to allow those who had put up most of the financial backing to get the bulk of the settlement. Weighman of Chicago was allowed to buy out the Cubs, while Phil Ball and Otto Steifel of St. Louis bought the St. Louis Browns. This left Sinclair, the Wards, and Gwinn to be taken care of. After this arrangement was agreed upon, the Baltimore Federal League Club halted the negotiations by bringing a \$900,000 suit, alleging that the Federal League had been sold in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law. As one of the terms of the peace pact had been that all litigation was to end, legal counsel for organized baseball took the stand that the Federal League had failed to carry out its part of the settlement, so the payments to Sinclair, the Wards, and Gwinn were withheld.

Second Suit to Fight.  
After the Baltimore Federal League suit had been under way in the courts for a few days it was withdrawn by the plaintiffs, and once more the settlement was ready to pay over to the invaders the amount agreed upon. Just as this was about to be done, the Baltimore club brought another suit similar to the one which they had voluntarily withdrawn.

The terms under which organized ball had agreed to settle their obligations have just become known. With the Baltimore club's second suit still pending, it is understood that the Sinclair, Wards, and Gwinn interests have been bought out to put up a bond indemnifying the major leagues for all or any losses which may result from this second suit of the Baltimore club.

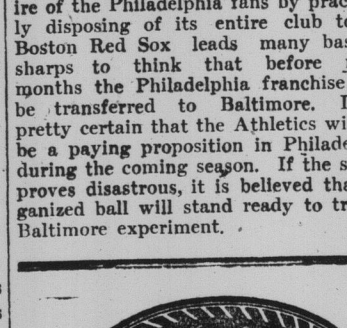
At first the Newark, Brooklyn and Pittsburgh Federal League men refused to give such bond but the fact that the commission has announced that organized ball is about to pay its obligations to the Federal League is taken by baseball men to mean that the bond has been presented, and that, most important of all, the Baltimore club has decided to withdraw its suit. It is not likely that these Federal League men would insure the major leagues against any possible damage as a result of the Baltimore suit, if the Baltimore backers were resolved to carry the suit further.

By the terms of the settlement, it is understood that the Wards of Brooklyn will receive \$200,000 a year for twenty years, or \$4,000,000 for the Washington Park property. Sinclair is to receive \$200,000 for the Federal League Park in Newark, and the same is to be paid to the Pittsburgh promoter. Under the terms of the settlement, the Baltimore club is to be paid by the major leagues the unpaid balance of the major leagues' contract with the Baltimore club, which is a large sum of money.

Baseball War Costly.  
The decision of the major leagues to pay its obligation to the Federal League ends the most costly baseball war in the history of the game has ever been involved. The amount spent by organized ball in fighting the Feds while they were uprooting the major leagues, and, later, the vast amount spent in legal talent to fight the litigation, to say nothing of the money which had to be paid out by organized ball for the players who had jumped to the Feds, reaches a total which would be staggering if the exact figures were known.

The one idea back of the Baltimore club's attitude throughout the controversy was that the club should be taken into the major league circuit. That the Baltimore club is said to be ready to withdraw its suit gives an indication of the wish of the Baltimore Feds that at last be granted. The recent actions of the Philadelphia Athletics in calling down upon their own heads the ire of the Philadelphia fans by practically disposing of its entire club to the Boston Red Sox lends many baseball sharps to think that before many months the Philadelphia franchise may be transferred to Baltimore. It is pretty certain that the Athletics will not be a paying proposition in Philadelphia during the coming season. If the season proves disastrous, it is believed that organized ball will stand ready to try the Baltimore experiment.

Hands Across the Creed.  
"A German prisoner lay dying of his wounds in a British base hospital," says the Chicago Evening Post. "He was a Lutheran by faith, and a Protestant army chaplain sought to speak the words of religious consolation. But the chaplain did not know the tongue of Germany, and the wounded foe could not understand English. Near by a French chaplain, a Catholic priest, was ministering to one of his own creed. He came from the lost provinces and spoke the language of the enemy as well as his own. Softly he turned to the bedside of the dying prisoner, and kneeling beside it, translated into his tongue the words of comfort spoken by his Protestant colleague. Such is the spirit at the front. Creedal barriers no longer separate men, to whose service has become the supreme ideal."



DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

ALL KIDNEY DISEASES  
BRIGHT'S DISEASE  
GRAVEL  
DIABETES  
URIC ACID  
GOUT  
RHEUMATISM  
NEURALGIA  
MIGRAINE  
HEADACHE  
INDIGESTION  
BRONCHITIS  
ASTHMA  
COUGHS  
CROUP  
SORE THROAT  
TUBERCULOSIS  
SCURVY  
RICKETS  
ANEMIA  
PALLIDITY  
GENERAL DEBILITY  
AND ALL AFFECTIONS  
OF THE BLOOD  
AND NERVOUS SYSTEM  
DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS  
ARE THE ONLY REMEDY  
FOR ALL THE ABOVE AFFECTIONS  
AND FOR THE PREVENTION  
OF THEM  
DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS  
ARE THE ONLY REMEDY  
FOR ALL THE ABOVE AFFECTIONS  
AND FOR THE PREVENTION  
OF THEM

GILMOUR'S ANNUAL SALE

—OF—  
MEN'S READY FOR SERVICE OVERCOATS

Startling Values for the Next Ten Days

All from our own stock, bearing our own label, or that of the 20th Century Brand fine tailoring—one of Canada's best.

For the benefit of men who are not fully aware of the fact, we mention again, emphatically, that Gilmour's Clearing Sales are held ONLY twice a year TO REDUCE STOCKS TO A PROPER LEVEL, sell good in season and thus keep our stock crisp, clean and up-to-date.

This is the after-season clean-up of broken lines of WINTER OVERCOATS. As there are only one or two coats in each line so the prices have been correspondingly reduced.

Big, loose Ulsters with deep collars and belted backs, smart, form-fitting coats with self or velvet collar, Swagger Slip-ons and Standard Chesterfields.

You cannot afford to miss this great opportunity—such values cannot be given for years to come.

Overcoats at \$10.50. Reduced from \$16.50  
Overcoats at \$12.50. Reduced from \$18 and \$20  
Overcoats at \$15.50. Reduced from \$22 and \$25  
Overcoats at \$19.50 and \$22.50. Reduced from \$28 and \$30

GILMOUR'S, 68 King St.

MAXIM PLANS TO MINIMIZE EFFECT OF TORPEDO ATTACK

Inventor, Displeased at Reception by Emergency Fleet Corporation, Goes to Senate Committee

Washington, Jan. 17.—Hudson Maxim, the inventor, yesterday outlined to the senate ship investigating committee plans for ship construction which he said would minimize the effect on merchant vessels of explosions of torpedoes by instantly disintegrating through a coal process the gases formed by the explosions. He said he had sought in vain to interest the emergency fleet corporation in his plan, and that he came to the committee with the hope that the government would conduct experiments to determine its worth.

His plan, he said, was to line the inside of the hulls of vessels with cylinders containing water with a steel screen behind them, when the torpedo exploded, the water tanks, he said, would be hurled against the screen, atomizing the water which would disperse the heat and absorb the gases. He said a cargo such as apples, potatoes and similar produce containing a large percentage of water would serve just as effectively as the tanks.

Mr. Maxim declared that the ship protection committee had made an "irrelevant and untrue" report on his plan, asserting that it would be expensive and ineffective on ships of less than 10,000 tons. He denied that the plan would be costly, and said it would operate on ships of 6,000 or 6,000 tons practically as well as on large vessels.

Concrete ships, the inventor said, offered greater advantages in combatting submarine menace than steel or wooden ships, as they gave greater resistance and absorbed heat better.

HOSPITAL SHIPS ARE STORM-STAYED IN ROTTERDAM PORT

Amsterdam, Jan. 17.—Violent snow storms which recently were prevalent in northern Germany have now reached Holland.

Telegraphic and telephonic communication with adjacent countries is disrupted considerably, and railway and street car traffic disorganized seriously. Three hospital ships bound for England, with British wounded are held up at Rotterdam, while the Holland-American line steamer Nieuw Amsterdam is still unable to sail.

"Fellow Men and Women, You Don't Have To Be Cut Up, and You Don't Have To Be Tortured By Trusses."

Captain Collings made a study of himself, his condition—and at last he was rewarded by the finding of the method that so quickly made him a well, strong, vigorous and happy man.

Any man can use the Collings method. A simple, easy and inexpensive. Every cultured person in the world should have the Collings book, telling all about how he cured himself, and how anyone may follow the same treatment in their own home without any truss. The book and trusses are FREE. They will be sent prepaid to any rupture. But send it right away now—before you put down this paper.

FREE RUPTURE BOOK AND REMEDY COUPON.  
Capt. W. A. Collings (Inc.)  
Box 318 Watertown N.Y.  
Please send me your FREE Rupture Remedy and Book without any obligation on my part whatsoever.  
Name.....  
Address.....

