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PROBS: Easterly winds; fine; little lower temperature; warmer again.

THE POLICIES. ROSE COLLECTION

For First Time, a Massachusetts District Elects a Democratic Congressman on National Issues.

BROCKTON, Mass., March 22.—The national political weather cock turned Democraticward in Massachusetts today, when the old colony section, one of the Republican strongholds of the state, placed Eugene R. Foss of Boston, a Democrat, in the congressional seat of the late Wm. C. Lovering of Taunton. Mr. Foss accomplished what is regarded as almost a political miracle, turning a Republican plurality of 14,000 into a Democratic victory of 6400.

The result is considered of more than state-wide importance, for Foss, stumped the entire fourteenth district, one of the most important in the state, and every one of the 44 towns in the district gave Republican majorities, only four months ago at the state elections, a scant dozen remained loyal to the Republicans to-day.

It was the first contest to be decided by the voters since the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill became operative and had a peculiar interest in that account, Foss, who has figured in several campaigns, first as a Republican, and later as a Democrat, with moderate protectionist leanings, is well known in the north-eastern states and in Canada as a champion of Canadian reciprocity, an issue which led him to leave the Republican party last year and become the Democratic candidate for lieutenant-governor. He failed by only 8000 votes to carry the state last time.

Another subject which was discussed in the congressional campaign was the high cost of living. The Democratic campaigner charged that the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill and the failure of the Republican party to regulate the trusts by being mainly responsible for the high cost of living. This attack was met by Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, who delivered an address at Brockton last Saturday night, in which he declared that the tariff had increased principally in articles upon which the duty had been lowered when the tariff was revised last year.

Mr. Foss, in replying to Senator Lodge, presented a list of comparative food prices in Montreal, St. John, N.B., and Boston, which, when done, became a point against the allegation that the cost of provisions is due to a world-wide upward price movement.

The district has just elected a Democrat to congress. A split in the Republican party, due to the failure of Lodge to carry the state last year, and the fact that Foss was a former Republican and that Buchanan was formerly secretary to Governor Douglas, a Democrat, are the main reasons of the Republican leaders to-night.

Mr. Foss, in a statement to-night, declared the result of the election shows "a demand by the people for a Republican party which will pledge for an honest reduction of the tariff. It is a demand for the immediate repeal of sections of the Payne-Aldrich Act, which substitutes retaliation for reciprocity, and threatens commercial warfare with our best customers," he continued.

Mr. Buchanan, the defeated candidate, said: "If the result will serve to convince the Republican leaders at Washington that something must be speedily accomplished in the way of lowering the cost of living, I shall feel that my defeat has not been without value."

A TARIFF AGREEMENT

Report of Temporary Truce Pending Reciprocity Measures. OTTAWA, March 22.—According to present probabilities, Canada will, in order to secure the continuance of the present U. S. tariff until such time as a reciprocal tariff can be negotiated, be asked to remove the duties on such articles as watch springs, cotton seed oil, cement, silk, and certain fruits, extending to the intermediate tariff.

The Washington authorities hold out the hope that, this done, the matter of lumber and farm dairy produce will later be admitted free.

Congressman is Hopeful. DETROIT, Mich., March 22.—Congressman Denby of this district telegraphed to the state today: "After a conference with the secretary of state to-day, I feel greatly encouraged to hope for a favorable outcome of the Canadian situation. Negotiations are proceeding in the most friendly spirit and all parties are hopeful."

Niagara Falls Protests. NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., March 22.—(Special.)—Claiming that the tariff war between the United States and Canada would ruin the large volume of business between the two cities on Niagara River, Niagara Falls, N. Y., Board of Trade has passed a strong resolution calling on Representative Simmons and President Taft to maintain the present tariff.

The Toronto World

FOURTEEN PAGES—WEDNESDAY MORNING MARCH 23 1910—FOURTEEN PAGES

Favor Peace, But Not Disarmament

President Taft Also Favors Arbitration for Disputes Wherein National Honor is Involved.

NEW YORK, March 22.—The President of the United States spoke in the cause of world-peace to-night before a brilliant assemblage at the Hotel Astor, who was the honor guest at the banquet of the Peace and Arbitration League, International peace was the keynote of every address, but no speaker advocated the immediate disarmament of nations. On the other hand, all agreed that armistice was not necessary until a more utopian universe shall have come about.

On this point President Taft said: "Because we are in favor of universal peace and in favor of arbitration in order to secure it, we stand together, but we are not in favor of our country giving up that which we now use for the purpose of securing peace, to wit, our armaments in our army and our navy."

Tremendous applause greeted his declarations. He added: "Personally I do not see any more reason why matters of national honor should not be referred to a court of arbitration any more than matters of property or matters of national propriety."

Count von Bernstorff, German ambassador, disagreed with the latter suggestion. Endorsing armed peace, he said: "Altho our emperor has reigned for 21 years at the head of the strongest army of the world, he has never made a war. Our fleet is not for aggressiveness, but for the protection of our coasts and commerce."

The Mexican ambassador, ex-Vice-President Fairbanks, Mayor Cavanaugh, Henry Clews, the banker, also spoke.

BORDEN LOSES QUEBEC "MAYNAG"

Recent Delegation Reported to Have Said That His Leadership Didn't Satisfy Party There.

OTTAWA, March 22.—(Special.)—Altho the story has never before been told, a rumor that the great Conservative June Convention was to be postponed to the fall began to be spoken of soon after the recent interview with some influential Quebec Conservatives had in this city with R. L. Borden, touching the policy of the party and the leadership.

As a matter of fact, it is claimed that things were simply intolerable from a French Tory point of view, and it was decided that Sir Alexander Lacoste, Thomas Chasse Casgrain, Charles Borden and one or two others should come up to Ottawa and lay the woes of the French wing at the feet of the Conservative leader, and altho the details never reached the public ears, this was what happened.

Sir Alexander is a very conservative gentleman and never loses his head, so it may be taken for granted that his words were of a very serious character. The ex-chief justice, with the assent of the fellow-delegates, told Mr. Borden that things were going from bad to worse, and that it was now taken for granted in French conservative circles that the rank and file of the province thought of, irrespective of any consequences to the Province of Quebec.

The "quidam" speeches of Col. Hughes from the province were alluded to, and general complaint was registered by Sir Alexander to the effect that Mr. Borden had lost the grip of the rank and file of the province. In a word, the Montrealers plainly said that if matters were allowed to drift as at present, there would not be more than thirty party candidates put in the field in Quebec Province at the next election, and they would certainly be defeated.

Mr. Borden then asked his friends if they supposed he was standing in the way of party success, and Sir Alexander replied that, altho it was very painful to have to say so, he was bound to tell Mr. Borden that the party would never be able to make any headway whatever in Quebec while he remained at the head of the Conservative forces. The delegates returned to Montreal and from that moment rumors began to appear touching the postponement of the convention.

TRYING TO SETTLE STRIKE

Committee in Conference at an Early Hour This Morning.

PHILADELPHIA, March 22.—The committee of ten, the Rapid Transit officials and State Senator J. P. McNichols, met at the residence of Geo. H. Earle, Jr., to discuss plans for the termination of the street carmen's strike.

FOREIGNER THE MORE WELCOME?

Major Currie Declares British Immigrant to Canada Is Not Given Fair Treatment.

OTTAWA, March 22.—(Special.)—Lumsden investigation committee thought better of their action last evening, in deciding not to report the evidence taken to the house, and Victor Geoffrion, the chairman, to-day reported to the commons both the proceedings and the evidence. Haughton Lennox moved that the whole question of the Lumsden inquiry be taken up on March 31. This was agreed to.

A. H. Clarke (South Essex) stated that the Ontario Government had leased to a Detroit concern the right to take sand from the St. Clair River for a period of five years. People who had been accustomed to take sand from the river were indignant that they should have to pay a royalty to this concern.

Hon. Wm. Pugsley said that if the sand rights belonged to the province, the public works department could not take any action unless operations interfered with navigation, which was likewise the case.

Ban on Tubercular Immigrants. In committee on Hon. Mr. Oliver's bill to amend the immigration act, Clarence Jameson (Digby) suggested that tubercular immigrants be added to the list of diseases debarring entry.

Mr. Oliver said that while recognizing the necessity of excluding patients, it had been thought best not to mention the disease by name. Dr. Paquet suggested that immigrants should be examined as to their moral fitness and Mr. Oliver said that while it might be possible in European countries, where the records of all individuals are kept, it would not be possible in Great Britain, without unnecessarily hampering the emigration of desirable people.

Crish Wilson (Lennox and Addington) having expressed the opinion that Canada was getting little good from the system of paying a bonus for agricultural classes, the minister said that the home government was making a large increase of British birth.

Mr. Oliver said that in the west the British born were the greater part of the population and that the government was getting little good from the system of paying a bonus for agricultural classes, the minister said that the home government was making a large increase of British birth.

While the grand jury adjourned for the day it had returned no indictments, altho the jurors had listened for hours to developments in the bribery scandal, even more sensational than developed yesterday. Men admitted selling their honor for from \$30 upward.

John F. Klein, whose confession Saturday started the upheaval, was before the grand jury late in the afternoon, and continued his narrative of counsellorship graft.

"There was one fellow," he said, "who was a case—a regular shyster for the dough. In the South Seventeenth street business I handed him \$81. He looked at me for a few minutes and then yelled like a stuck pig for an extra ten cents. You know \$81.00 was the standard price in that deal. Well, he got ten cents all right."

The bribery-takers who confessed to the district attorney to-day will testify before the grand jury. District Attorney Blakeley will, as soon as the bribery-takers have been rounded up, go after the bribe-givers. These are said to be bank officials of institutions whose names have never heretofore been breathed in connection with the graft probe of the last two years.

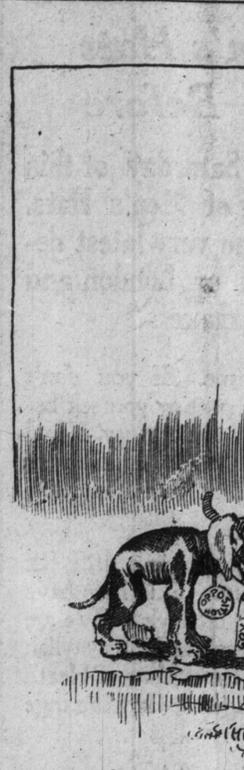
Twenty men have thus far confessed, 37 have been indicted, but not yet confessed and 18 have been indicted but have not yet been indicted. It is said that before the grand jury is dismissed fully 100 persons will be implicated, including the men who supplied the money to do the bribing.

Yesterday and to-day Klein worked the telephone overtime trying to get the former president of the common council, William Brand, to come forward and tell his story. Brand was to have gone to the penitentiary, but his incarceration was deferred because of the illness of a daughter, and partly in the hope that he would confess.

Klein also telephoned Joseph C. Wasson, who enters the penitentiary Monday. As a result Wasson, too, will join the band of penitents.

MUZZLED

THE LUMSDEN INVESTIGATION. A FARCE BY THE BLOCKERS COMEDY COMPANY AT FEDERAL THEATRE MARCH 24th



With the approval, of course, of The Globe's dog editor.

WORST YET TO COME IN PITTSBURG CIVIC SCANDAL

Bribe-Givers Reported to Be Big Financial Men—More Councilmen Confess to Having Fallen.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 22.—Nine more former members of councils appeared before the district attorney to-day, confessed to accepting money for their votes while members of the municipal bodies, and were then rushed before Judge R. S. Frazer, where they received their immediate bath in the way of suspended sentence.

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THREE WOMEN DROWNED BY OVERTURNING OF BOAT

Hostess, Mother and Daughter from England Perish While Boating on River Near Teeswater.

TEESWATER, Ont., March 22.—A sad drowning accident occurred at Joseph Semple's farm, four miles from here, when Mrs. Semple, her daughter Christie, and Mrs. Elliott, a relative from Liverpool, England, were drowned in the Teeswater River. Mrs. Elliott's daughter, Miss Elliott, was the only one of the party saved.

The river runs thru the farm, just below the house, and they had intended rowing up the river and crossing over to a neighbor's, but owing to the swollen condition of the river, and the strong current at this spot, the boat was swept down the river and overturned before they had taken hold of the oars.

The accident was seen by Miss Kate Semple, and she immediately called her brother, who managed to rescue Mrs. Elliott as she was being swept around a bend in the river. She is still in hospital.

WILL FILE NEW TARIFF

Telegraph Companies May Try to Satisfy the Publishers.

OTTAWA, March 22.—(Special.)—Apart from the important ruling by the board of railway commissioners that flat rates on press despatches are to be abolished, the most important result of the press-night conference, which was concluded here to-day, is that the telegraph companies agreed to withdraw the tariffs filed under the judgment given on the application of the Western Associated Press, and to file new tariffs by April 20. Should the telegraph companies agree to the new tariffs, the railway board will hear objections later on. As the commission will hold sittings in Winnipeg in the course of a month, any representations which the western newspapers desire to make will be heard there. The eastern publishers will, if the necessity arises, be heard at Ottawa.

It is understood that the C. P. R. Telegraph Co. will consent to maintaining a flat rate on the Associated Press service to newspapers, tho at a small increase in the price.

Help the Good Work

"I might say on behalf of the society that we are in hearty sympathy with the good work you are doing, and we will endeavor to help you all we can."

This is an extract from a letter from William Munns, president of the West End Christian Temperance Society, and he refers to the campaign to raise twenty thousand dollars for the erection of a Newboys' Home and Gymnasium.

NEW ZEALAND VISITORS ON EDUCATIONAL QUEST

Same Outcry There as Here Against Disproportion of Women Teachers.

Two interesting visitors from New Zealand called on The World last night. They were E. K. Lomas of Dunedin, teacher of the Setwyn Collegiate School, and A. G. Johnson, teacher of the Boys' High School of Timaru. They are on five months' leave of absence, and will visit some of the chief cities of America to investigate educational matters, the trip being undertaken at their own expense.

The New Zealanders have already visited Montreal and inspected some of the chief educational institutions of the metropolis. To-day they go to Niagara Falls, thence to Chicago and back to New York, where they will separate. Mr. Lomas is returning to England and Mr. Johnson to return to New Zealand via overland to Vancouver.

"New Zealand," said Mr. Lomas, "is just now experiencing the past year's exampled prosperity. Our chief industries are wool and frozen-mutton, which comprise a fourth of our total exports. In the past year we exported these commodities about six million pounds sterling value."

Speaking of the schools, he said he found the important ruling by the board of railway commissioners that flat rates on press despatches are to be abolished, the most important result of the press-night conference, which was concluded here to-day, is that the telegraph companies agreed to withdraw the tariffs filed under the judgment given on the application of the Western Associated Press, and to file new tariffs by April 20. Should the telegraph companies agree to the new tariffs, the railway board will hear objections later on. As the commission will hold sittings in Winnipeg in the course of a month, any representations which the western newspapers desire to make will be heard there. The eastern publishers will, if the necessity arises, be heard at Ottawa.

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\$3500. MARKHAM STREET. Choke room, 1000 sq. ft. Collectors: eight large rooms; solid brick; slate roof; in perfect order; good yard. H. H. WILLIAMS & CO., 28 Victoria Street, Toronto.

30TH YEAR.

GET TUBE EXPERT HERE BY FIRST OF MAY

Special Traction Committee Will Send Deputation, to U. S. Cities—Proposal for Diagonal Subways.

To obtain the best legal advice available, the Special Traction Committee of the City of Toronto, which was organized to secure a street railway service as far as possible for all the people of Toronto, and to guard the street railway franchise which the city intended to take over in 1921. He wished it understood that he was not personally antagonistic to the railway.

The chairman explained at the outset that the chief objects in view were to secure a street railway service as far as possible for all the people of Toronto, and to guard the street railway franchise which the city intended to take over in 1921. He wished it understood that he was not personally antagonistic to the railway.

Mr. Rust had secured from Mr. Johnston that he was fully in accord with this proposal. Ald. Hillton moved that the board of control be asked to provide the funds necessary, and, in supporting it, Ald. Maguire remarked that the recommendation might be a means of hurrying up the appointment of a corporation counsel.

The city engineer suggested that engineering advice as to the construction of tubes should also be obtained from one of the experts who had planned the underground railways in New York, Boston, Philadelphia or Chicago. Whether the tubes should be deep or shallow was an important consideration, and only the most competent authority should be consulted.

Mr. Rust thought it would be more satisfactory to send the available rail-roads to the cities, where the experts personally to communicate with them by letter. He suggested that Ald. McCarthy and himself should visit the United States cities, where the underground railways had been built, with this object. Ald. McCarthy proposed that the mayor should go also, and the idea was approved. It is hoped to have a tube expert here by about the first of May.

Ald. Maguire gave the opinion that tubes should be built diagonally to the northwest and northeast, a view with which Controller Ward concurred.

FORGET BUYS SOME MORE

Three Thousand Additional Shares of Nova Scotia Steel Are Hired.

MONTREAL, March 22.—(Special.)—Rodolphe Forget to-day purchased three thousand additional shares of Nova Scotia Steel, and should now have at least 24,000 shares under his control. He stated that he certainly would not go to New Glasgow without being sure of sufficient proxies to secure absolute control of the situation.

MORE MAPLE SYRUP

The Donalds sugar bush had a fair run of sap yesterday and the product will be on sale to-day at Michie's at 60 cents a bushel.

A RETROSPECT.

March 23, 1752.—Halfay, Canada, "Gazette," established. March 23, 1848.—Antigua created a crown colony. March 23, 1854.—Lord Milner born. March 23, 1865.—The Imperial parliament granted £50,000 for the defence of Canada. March 23, 1882.—Behring Sea Tribunal of Arbitration met in Paris.

New for Easter

There is one thing that you must have new for this coming Easter, or after that, and it is a new hat. The Dineen Company have anticipated your coming to see them for this reason, and have prepared for you with a positively exclusive collection of appropriate hats that will be seen to be appreciated. Call to-day. The Dineen Company, 1000 Queen Street West, Toronto.