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SEVENTEENTH YEAR — SIX PAGES—THURSDAY MORNING MARCH 26 1896—SIX PAGES — ONE CENT

THE R.M.C. OVER-MANNED

THAT IS THE OPINION OF MR. SANDFORD FLEMING, C.M.G.

A Staff of 37 to Govern 57 Cadets—The Alaska Boundary Commissioners Agree that Mount St. Elias is in Canadian Territory—Mr. Howland and the Historical Association's Bill—Ottawa Notes

Ottawa, March 25.—(Special)—The minority report of Mr. Sandford Fleming, one of the official visitors to the Royal Military College, was presented to Parliament to-day, as well as the report of the Commandant of the college, Gen. Cameron, in reply to the strictures of the board. Mr. Fleming says that as he understands it the military college was established with the primary object of providing means of imparting a military education, and that this should be done in the best possible manner, having due regard to cost. He says it is obvious to the visitor to the college that the institution is overmanned; for 57 cadets there is a staff of 37, exclusive of the catering department. In five years the college has turned out an average of less than 14 graduates per annum, the cost per graduate during that period having been $5510, of which the graduate himself pays $1450. Mr. Fleming thinks the institution should be converted into a purely military one, and that cadets should be required to finish their civil education, now carried on at the college at excessive and unnecessary cost, before entering the college. Two years should suffice for the military training. Mr. Fleming points out that graduates in the past have had scant treatment in the matter of appointments in the public service of the Dominion.

International Boundary Report.

The joint report of the International Boundary Commissioners—Messrs. Dufield and King—appointed to ascertain facts and data necessary to the permanent delimitation of the boundary line between Alaska and Canada, was presented to Parliament to-day. The report shows that the surveyors of the two countries agreed approximately in their observations. The summit of Mt. St. Elias is found to be 2.41 statute miles east of the 141st meridian, that is to say, in Canadian territory.

Analysis of Fertilizers.

The Inland Revenue Department has issued a bulletin giving the results of the analysis of samples of agricultural fertilizers. The number of various samples analyzed this year was 92, which exceeds those of last year by eight, and represents the largest number of samples offered to Canadian consumers for any one year since the act came into operation. Thirty-nine brands were offered by United States manufacturers, who seemed to be coming into the Canadian markets to a larger extent than before.

Mr. Howland and the Historical Bill.

Mr. O. A. Howland, M.L.A., appeared before the Private Bills Committee of the Senate this morning in furtherance of the bill incorporating the Canadian Historical Association. The point was raised as to how far the respective discoveries of the Cabots and of Jacques Cartier, the famous French mariner, covered the same ground. The preamble was amended so that it would not appear that Canada was discovered by the Cabots, as the Royal Society holds that Jacques Cartier was the first to sail up the St. Lawrence Gulf and river.

Personal and Otherwise.

Mr. H. J. Wickham is in town in connection with Pontypool Railway matters.

Mr. E. Bristol of Toronto is here lobbying to secure the restoration of his Electric Railway Bill to the order paper.

Mr. Nicol Kingsmill is in town.

A civic delegation is here from St. John to enlist the support of the Government towards better terminal facilities at that port.

Toronto Horse Show posters have been placarded on Ottawa boards. The public of the Capital are agreed that these posters are fearfully and wonderfully made.

Mr. McGillivray gives notice of a bill providing that if a railway company gets possession of land without paying therefor, the owner may have remedy by ejectment to recover.

A cable message was received by Mr. Haggart to-day, stating that Dr. Montague was greatly improved in health, and would return to Canada almost immediately.

It is the intention of the Government to ask the House to sit on Good Friday and Easter Monday.

Sir Charles Tupper gives notice that the House will sit on Saturdays, and after next Monday, commencing at 10 p.m.

TEESWATER HOTEL BURNED.

Total Destruction of Building and Contents—Heavy Loss at Weymouth, N.S.

Teeswater, March 25.—The Queen's Hotel, owned and occupied by George La France, was destroyed by fire, which broke out in the kitchen at 3 o'clock this morning. Nothing was saved. The building was valued at $2000 and insured for $800 in the British American, the contents were insured for $900 in the Wellington Mutual.

Burned Out While at a Dance.

Lucan, March 25.—The dwelling, with all its contents, belonging to Andrew Isaac, a farmer on the 3rd concession of Bidduiph, was totally destroyed by fire at 2 o'clock this morning. Mr. and Mrs. Isaac were attending a dancing party at a neighbor's and knew nothing of their loss until the destruction was complete. Origin unknown. The building was insured for $50; nothing on the contents.

$50,000 Gone in Smoke.

Halifax, N.S., March 25.—Charles Burrill & Co.'s general store at Weymouth was burned last night with its contents. Loss $50,000. Two houses belonging to Henry Oakes, and the sample rooms of the Goodwin Hotel, were also destroyed, and the hotel and G.D. Campbell's store were badly damaged. Oakes' loss is $4000; insurance $1500.

WILL WELCOME THE SUNSHINE.

'Tis Weary Work Waiting But the Result is Sure.

No great work is successfully achieved without ample preparation. Preparing for Easter is a busy time with those who purvey Easter goods. And what are Easter goods? Why, bonnets for the women and hats for the men. These are the old words our grandfathers and grandmothers used. But there is nothing old-fashioned at Dineens, at King and Yonge-streets. Here all the Easter preparations have been made, and there is now to be seen at this famous emporium every style of headwear for all classes. There is a full range of spring and summer fashions. All can be fitted and their hearts gladdened without much lightening of purses, from the lovely little tots to the kingly grandsire. Commencing with peaks, toques, Tam-o'-Shanters, for there are gradations to Scotch caps, fedoras, Christys, Derbys, the standard stamped X's in felts, the $4, $5 and $6 in silks. For school, holidays, theatres, tours, fashionable assemblies, and devotional functions, Dineens have everything that heart can desire and cheaper than any other firm in Canada.

Pigeon Pot Pie—At 48 King E. To-day.

A SCANDAL AT ST. CATHARINES

Serious Charge Made Against a Young Anglican Clergyman of Tampering with a Post Letter.

Senate Reading Room

St. Catharines, March 25.—(Special.)—The city is agitated now over a whispered scandal, in which a young Anglican clergyman figures prominently up. From the story in circulation it would appear that Rev. Chas. [illegible], for such is the clergyman's name, has got himself and a young friend into dire trouble if the authorities at Ottawa proceed against them under the law. It is gleaned that a few days ago the reverend gentleman, who, it is said, keeps a careful eye on the members of his congregation, saw one of the leading members, the wife of a well-known physician, in conversation with a well-known business man, and overheard the concluding words, which were: "I will think over the matter and drop you a note."

This remark, it is said, aroused Mr. Shutt's suspicions, and he set about to get possession of the note referred to. The number of the postoffice box was ascertained, and the aid of his friend, a drug clerk, was procured. The drug clerk, it is alleged, called at the postoffice and obtained the mysterious letter, which was opened, but it was discovered that the clergyman's suspicions were unfounded. The letter, which had been "steamed" at a peanut vendor's stand on the street, was resealed and re-posted.

The opening process, it appears, was witnessed by a postoffice employe, who immediately notified Postmaster Lawrie, who has left the matter in the hands of the Postoffice Department.

At the preliminary investigation by the postmaster, all the partes to the transaction stated that they would, if necessary, commit perjury in order to prevent all the facts being brought to light.

It was stated in the city to-night that Rev. Mr. Shutt had left St. Catharines as the result of an interview which he had with the Bishop of Niagara this afternoon. Mr. Shutt is a former Torontonian, a son of the late Accountant Shutt of the Civic Works Department, and a brother of Prof. Shutt, Government Analyst at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa.

The offence, which may have been committed without any criminal intent on the part of the parties mentioned, is a most serious one, because the penalty for tampering with a post-letter by an outsider, not an employe of the postoffice department, is two years in prison.

It is not known as yet what steps the Government authorities will take towards bringing home a conviction to the clergyman and the drug clerk.

CROSSED THE BAR.

Mr. John Ham Perry of Whitby and a London Merchant Gone.

Whitby, Ont., March 25.—John Ham Perry, Registrar of Ontario County, died at his home, "The Shelter," at 9 o'clock this morning. He had been ailing a long time with a complication of diseases.

Mr. Perry was apponted registrar of this county when it was set apart from the Home District by the Hincks-Rolph Government in 1853. His father, Peter Perry, represented the district in Parliament. Mr. Perry leaves a widow and five children, Peter Perry, headmaster of Fergus High School; George D. Perry, secretary and auditor of the G.N.W. Telegraph Company; Mrs. Loos, of New York and two infant children.

Three Deaths at Brockville.

Brockville, March 25.—Miss Susan M. Fitzsimmons of this town died in the General Hospital at Montreal yesterday. During the illness of the late Hon. Henry Starnes, Miss Fitzsimmons went to Montreal on a visit to her sister, Mrs. H. P. Starnes, and had the care of the latter's children while their mother was to some extent occupied with the care of her husband's father. About a week ago she was attacked with typhoid fever, and was removed to the General Hospital, where she died. Deceased was the fifth daughter of the late William Fitzsimmons, who for several years represented Brockville in the Dominion House, and at the time of his death had the position of postmaster here.

Mrs. Thomas Myers, one of the oldest residents of Leeds and Grenville, died at Forfar last week aged 90. Besides six children, who survive her, there are 31 grandchildren and 40 great-grandchildren living. Previous to the death of Mrs. Myers, the average age of the four surviving members of the family was 85 1-2 years.

Mrs. Dealire, aged 47, died very suddenly yesterday evening at St. Vincent de Paul Hospital, from apoplexy.

Belleville Adds Four to the List.

Belleville, March 25.—Alexander Reid, who was struck by a train on the Midland Railway yesterday afternoon, died last night. It was a case of deliberate suicide. Deceased was 40 years of age and was of weak mind.

John O'Connell, a laborer, aged 52, died suddenly this morning from heart trouble.

J. S. Spence of Brantford, who was found on the Grand Trunk track near Sidney yesterday morning, died at the hospital last night.

Samuel Alcock, a young member of Oxford Lodge, Sons of England, died this morning.

Death of J. M. Denton.

London, March 25.—J. M. Denton of Denton & Deeks, merchant tailors, died last evening after a prolonged illness. By his death the Entomological Society of Ontario loses one of its most enthusiastic members, he being one of its founders in 1864. For a number of years Mr. Denton delivered lectures on entomology to Western Ontario horticulturists.

This Man Will Die.

Niagara Falls, N.Y., March 25.—In a dynamite explosion on the Gorge Railway near Lewiston this morning, the result of an attempt to thaw out a number of cartridges, an Italian, named Tobey, was killed and Seymour Eddy, son of Dr. Eddy of Lewiston, was so badly injured that he will die.

Old Lady Burned to Death.

Pictou, N.S., March 25.—About 4 o'clock this afternoon Mrs. Alex. McIntosh, a woman 70 years of age, was burned to death in her dwelling in the very centre of the town. She and her husband, an old and very feeble man, lived alone. It is supposed that while standing near the kitchen stove her clothes ignited, and the efforts of the pair to extinguish the flames proved fruitless, and the woman was burned to a crisp.

Died Among the Turks.

Constantinople, March 25.—Mrs. Mason, wife of Ernest Mason of the American Red Cross Society, who came here with Miss Clara Barton, president of the society, for the purpose of distributing relief to the suffering Armenians in Anatolia, died here yesterday, as the result of a surgical operation.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W., day 75c

A Bower of Beauty.

Dunlop's King-street store is now filled with the most beautiful azalias, rhododendrons, violets and lilies of the valley, and the choicest roses. He is selling off his stock of palms at greatly reduced prices.

Pigeon Pot Pie—"Headquarters" to-day.

CANADA AND THE EMPIRE.

ANNUAL DINNER OF THE CANADA CLUB IN LONDON.

Mr. Chamberlain Held the Seat of Honor and Made the Principal Speech—Great Compliment Paid to Canada—A Little Revenue Tariff Talk on His Own Responsibility Only—Dr. Montague Present.

London, March 25.—The Rt. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, was the guest of honor at the annual dinner of the Canada Club in London this evening. Among those present were Admiral Sir Francis Leopold McClintock, the Hon. W. H. Montague, Canadian Minister of Agriculture; Joseph Colmer, Secretary of the Canadian Office in London; Sir Charles Rivers Wilson, Messrs. Alexander Staveley Hill, W. E. M. Tomlinson, M.P.; Sydney Gedge, M.P., and many other prominent personages. The president of the club, Sir Robert Gillespie, proposed a toast to the Governor-General of Canada and the Dominion, coupling the names of Mr. Chamberlain and Mr. Montague.

Mr. Chamberlain Cheered.

Upon Mr. Chamberlain's rising to respond he was loudly cheered. He declared that whatever test gauged her greatness, Canada stood to-day first among the group of kindred nations which, together with a United Kingdom, formed the British Empire. He had often visited Canada, he said, and knew men on both sides of the Atlantic who once assumed that the manifest destiny of Canada was to be absorbed by the great republic upon her southern frontier. That announcement, Mr. Chamberlain declared, was in contrast with the present determination of Canada to maintain her loyal institutions and draw closer the bonds uniting her to the parent stem. The recent isolation of the United Kingdom and the dangers which seemed to threaten evoked from all the colonies, and especially from Canada, an outburst of loyalty and affection. To none of her Majesty's subjects was the recent shadow of war more ominous than to Canada; yet there was no hesitation on her part and unanimous voice was made in the common cause with the United Kingdom. (Cheers.) The speakers of the Dominion Parliament struck the right note when they spoke of "Our Empire." "Could an expression of loyalty from all the Colonies," he asked, "pass without serious effort on the part of both the Colonial and Imperial statesmen to transform these high sentiments into practical results? We must seek the line of least resistance."

Imperial Defence and Imperial Trade.

Mr. Chamberlain declared that the greatest of the Colonies' common obligations was Imperial defence, and the greatest of their common interests Imperial trade. It was difficult to deal with the subject of defences without first dealing with the matter of trade. They had a great example in the creation of the German Empire, which was led up to through the union of the states now forming it into a commercial zollverein. At the great conference at Ottawa in 1894 the principal resolution adopted declared in favor of a customs arrangement between Great Britain and her Colonies.

Mr. Chamberlain, continuing, referred to the motion in the Canadian House of Commons, offered by Mr. McNeill that a small duty be levied by each member of the Empire against foreign products imported by them, and that the proceeds from such duties be devoted to the purpose of Imperial inter-communication and defence. Mr. McNeill's proposal, he said, was entitled to respectful consideration. If the English objected to it they ought to propose an alternative. At the same time the importance of the proposal ought not to be minimized. It would involve a most serious disturbance of the trade of the United Kingdom, and a great change in the principles which for many years have guided its commercial policy. The proposed duty would tend to increase the cost of living to the working classes of the United Kingdom, and hence increase the cost of production, rendering worse the position of the British in competition with foreign countries in neutral markets. Great Britain, in return, would give a very small preference, amounting to two, perhaps five, per cent. in competition with the foreigners in colonial markets. This proposal, Mr. Chamberlain considered a very startling one, and he feared that it would be impossible of adoption in its present form. He stated in detail his reasons for regarding its adoption as impossible, dwelling especially upon the fact that the British foreign trade is so much more gigantic than that of the colonies that the taxation would fall more heavily upon the United Kingdom than upon them. He referred to the despatch of 1895 of the Marquis of Ripon, then Colonial Secretary, which, although conclusive as far as it concerned the proposal to which it referred, did not bar out others which were more favorable. Mr. Chamberlain suggested that the true zollverein of the Empire, viz., free trade throughout the Empire, despite the involving of duties against foreigners, might be discussed and would probably lead to a satisfactory arrangement if the colonies were willing to consider it. (Cheers.) It had been assumed, he continued, that the colonies would certainly refuse to consider such a suggestion, but he was not convinced that they would do so. He contended that it would be enormously advantageous to them that the colonies would be bound to consider it, but instanced some exceptions that would be necessary, he holding, however, that the general principle would be acceptable, that between the various parts of the Empire protection ought to disappear, any duties imposed being merely for revenue, not protection. (Cheers.) If this principle should be adopted, said the speaker, there would be no reason for calling a council of the Empire to discuss that matter. (Cheers.)

In conclusion, Mr. Chamberlain declared that he spoke only for himself, and was not initiating a course of policy. He wished, he said, to provoke discussion upon the subject.

Dr. Montague's Speech.

Hon. Dr. Montague, M.P., Canadian Minister of Agriculture, followed Mr. Chamberlain, whom he congratulated upon fully appreciating the idea of a greater Britain. Canadians were proud, he said, of Great Britain's past and present, but they believed that the future of the Empire would be infinitely greater. He wished Mr. Chamberlain godspeed in the work of increasing the ties of common interest and the inter-dependence between the Mother Country and her colonies, and hoped he would do everything possible to encourage emigration to Canada. He urged the adoption of some such suggestion as that made by Mr. Chamberlain. He realized that there were difficulties in the way, and that mutual sacrifices would be necessary, but the opportunity was great, and he undertook to say that Canada would not refuse to consider any practical proposition which she could possibly accept. She had hitherto led the way as much as possible upon this subject, and was willing to discuss it in the future.

Dr. Montague's remarks were received with cheers.

What London Papers Say.

London, March 25.—The papers tomorrow will comment upon the address made by Colonial Secretary Chamberlain at the Canada Club banquet this evening, which they agree was remarkable and important.

The Times will say it believes that the desire to give substantial form to the Imperialist feeling displayed by the British Colonies, especially Canada, during the recent crisis will be heartily endorsed.

The Standard will say it imagines that the main impediment to the carrying out of the plan will be found in the Colonies.

The Chronicle will express approval of Mr. Chamberlain's suggestion, but will suggest that before talking of a zolverein the Government had better abandon its policy of ruining the Colonial cattle trade.

ANGLO-ITALIAN ALLIANCE.

Baron Blanc Says it is an Accomplished Fact—Baldissera Moves Towards Adigrat.

Rome, March 25.—In the Senate today Baron Blanc, ex-Minister of Foreign Affairs, affirmed that the alliance between Great Britain and Italy was an accomplished fact. The alliance had been concluded, the ex-Minister said, under a threat of the abandonment of Kassala by the Italians.

Advices received from Massowah state that Gen. Baldissera, commander-in-chief of the Italian forces in Abyssinia, has started from Asmara with a strong force. The object of the expedition is, if possible, to liberate the Italian garrison at Adigrat.

The overtures for peace which had been made with a view to the eventual evacuation of Kassala, Baron Blanc said, had determined the authorities upon a public definitive manifestation of alliance, which was founded upon a more solid basis than protocols, namely, a community of defensive interests. This community would henceforth be extended to the security of Italy as a maritime power and the Mediterranean power of Italy would now become an effective bond between Great Britain and the Dreibund.

Signor Sermoneta, Minister of Foreign Affairs, concurred in Baron Blanc's statement. He created somewhat of a sensation by declaring that if the Dongola expedition was aimed at the reconquering of the Soudan, Italy must, if the conquest be effected, and if Great Britain so desired, restore Kassala.

ARRIVED IN WINNIPEG.

The Dominion Government Commissioners Safely Housed at the Manitoba Hotel—Will Not Talk.

Winnipeg, March 25.—(Special.)—Sir Donald Smith, Hon. Messrs. Dickey and Desjardins, Commissioners of the Federal Government to negotiate with the Manitoba Government for the settlement of the school difficulty, arrived this evening and repaired to the Manitoba Hotel. None of the commissioners would disclose to interviewers the nature of the proposals they are authorized to make. Indeed, they intimated that there were no instructions or restrictions imposed on them, being invested with full power in the matter. Mr. Desjardins, however, took occasion to deny a statement of the Montreal press that he would accept no compromise that was less than would satisfy the minority. If the intimations from Ottawa that the Nova Scotia system would be acceptable to the Federal Commissioners, are true, there seems very little in the way of an amicable settlement of the matter, as one of the Manitoba Ministers said to-dal that they were willing to make the schools thoroughly secular, with liberyty of the trustees to have religious exercises outside the school house; also altering the text books to make them suitable to the minority. It is held that in this sparsely settled country it would be disastrous to the National school system to permit the establishment of Separate schools. Special provision might be made for cities and towns. There seems a disposition in Government circles to throw no obstacle in the way of an honorable compromise. The Manitoba Government will be represented in the conference by Messrs. Greenway, Sifton and Cameron. The first meeting will not likely take place till Friday morning. In the meantime representatives of the minority are exerting what influence they can on the Federal commissioners.

JOHN CARNEY SHOT AGNEW.

That is the Verdict Arrived at by the Jury in Lindsay.

Lindsay, March 25.—The inquest on the body of James Agnew, who was shot here on March 17, was concluded to-night. The jury brought in a verdict that Agnew came to his death by a revolver shot, at the hands of John Carney, but that there had been no evidence offered implicating Patrick Carney in the murder. The jury impressed on the police authorities the necessity of enforcing the law prohibiting the carrying of concealed weapons.

The evidence to-night was unimportant. Robert Elliott, who worked with John Carney on the Logie farm, testified that to the best of his belief the revolver produced in court was the one he had seen in John Carney's possession. James Petrie swore that on the night of the murder, about 9.30 o'clock, he heard a revolver shot in the neighborhood of the Agnew farm. The two prisoners are charged before the Police Magistrate, John with the murder and Patrick with being an accessory. They will come up for preliminary examination on Monday next.

HIS LEG TAKEN OFF.

James Davis, a Toronto Man, Fell Off a Moving Train Near Burlington.

Hamilton, March 25.—(Special)—James Davis, a Toronto lineman, living at 47 Claremont-street, had one of his legs taken off, near Burlington, to-night, and received other injuries which may result fatally. He fell off a moving train. He was going from Toronto to Buffalo on the train which left Toronto at 6.55, his ultimate destination being Jamestown, New York. Near Burlington he was passing from one car to another, and fell on to the track and the train passed over him. He was brought to the city and conveyed to the City Hospital, where he is being attended to by several surgeons.

Wear the Goodyear Welted "Slater Shoe."

IN THE TRANSVAAL.

The Position of the Negotiations Said to Have Become Serious.

London, March 25.—The Times tomorrow will publish a Pretoria despatch saying that the position of the negotiations in connection with the recent raid into the Transvaal has become serious and there is much excitement in official circles. It is now generally believed that President Kruger will not visit England as he purposed to do. The attitude of the British Government is causing uneasiness. It is rumored in Pretoria that an important telegram has been received from the British authorities requesting an immediate reply to a former communication and that President Kruger has asked for an extension of time in which to make answer. The position of the leaders in the reform movement will become critical in the event of further friction. Boer feeling is now high against them.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W., ev'g. 50c

POOR POLICY.

THE "COUNTRY": Don't it strike you, my son, that it's a poor plan to carry all your eggs in one damaged basket?

MR. CLEMOW WANTS A HOLIDAY

But the Premier Intimates That There is a Good Deal of Work Ahead for the Upper Chamber.

Ottawa, March 25.—(Special)—In the Senate this afternoon Senator Clemow gave notice that he would move that when the Senate adjourned on Friday it should stand adjourned until Tuesday, the 7th of April.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell said he would take the trouble to look into the state of business for the purpose of ascertaining what was likely to be sent up from the other House during the coming week, and if there was nothing important he did not see any objection to the adjournment. He took it for granted, however, that the Senate would not object to sitting after dinner if there was any important business, because it must be borne in mind that the probabilities were that Parliament would not sit after April 24, so that there was not much time left for the transaction of business which might come before the Senate. He was inclined to think that the Lower House would not only sit every Saturday, but Good Friday and Easter Monday as well. It was important that the business for which the present session of Parliament was called should if possible be brought to a successful conclusion. If it was not, he wished the country to understand distinctly that it would not be the fault of the Government.

The Premier introduced a bill to amend the act respecting wrecks, casualties and salvage, which empowers the Government to take charge of carcasses and tows of sawn lumber and timber wrecked in Canadian waters, retain the same for the owners, and if not claimed, to dispose of them in the ordinary way. At present the law does not give the power to the Government to take possession of wrecks of this kind.

Senator MacDonald (Victoria) wanted to know if the bill would give the Government power to remove a wreck which has for some time partially blocked the entrance to the harbor of Victoria.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell said there was some doubt as to whether that wreck was not upon the open sea, and without the jurisdiction of the Government to remove. The Minister of Marine was, however, enquiring into the matter and if it was found that the Government had the power an act would be introduced providing for the removal of the wreck.

Senator Power will call attention to the unsatisfactory condition of the law respecting sessional indemnity of members of both Houses, and enquire whether it is the intention of the Government to introduce legislation at the present session to amend the act respecting the Senate and House of Commons, for the purpose of removing the existing abuses.

Pember's hair dressing establishment 127 and 129 Yonge.

California Tokay.

A delicious, sweet, red wine, highly recommended in Canada and United States for medicinal purposes. Sold at $6 per case, one dozen quarts, or $2.50 per gallon, at Mara's, 79 and 81 Yonge street. 'Phone 1708.

"Salada" Ceylon Tea is refreshing.

Gems in Art

Are found in our plantinum-finished photographs. The Bryce Studio, 107 King-street west; telephone No. 1724 for sittings. ed

When you ask for Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum, allow no imitations to be palmed off on you. See that the trade mark name Tutti Frutti is on each 5-cent wrapper.

The water from Monte Cristo Brunnen comes clear and sparkling, fresh from the laboratory of Him who does all things well, and is now used entirely at Hotel Del Monte, Preston Springs. The baths are open to guests the year round. For particulars write to R. Walder, Preston. ed

Physicians recommend "Salada" Tea.

THE WINGHAM SENSATION

DETECTIVE ROGERS LOOKING AFTER WITNESSES.

A Good Many People of the Town are Uneasy—Ringleaders of the Whitecap Mob Said to Have Skipped—Intense Interest in the Whole District Over the Affair.

Wingham, March 25.—The excitement over the Field case is running very high. This morning Detective Rogers of the Provincial Detective Department appeared on the scene to subpoena witnesses to appear at the adjourned inquest to be held in London on March 31. Much uneasiness is felt by all interested, even by those who did not take part in the assault, but went as onlookers and did not attempt to interfere while the man was being ill-treated. When the assault was committed the feeling here was that justice had been meted out to Field, but when his death occurred a wave of horror swept over the community. Since then, however, a partial investigation of Field's past life has been made and many horrible stories of cruelty and immorality are being reported on apparently good authority and some of the older citizens recall reports that had been forgotten.

There is a feeling among a large class of the community that circumstances in connection with the case should have been investigated some years ago. This feeling makes the excitement all the greater and causes a certain amount of sympathy with those implicated.

Two of the ringleaders have left town, but it is supposed they can be easily found when they are required. The balance of those who are alleged to have taken part in the assault are still here and are apparently not making any attempt to leave.

The difficulties which will face Detective Rogers are very great, as so many people were concerned in the affair. And of course all the citizens are acquainted to a certain extent with those engaged.

As to any movements of Mr. Rogers or the method of his investigation the people know nothing. The excitement of the people is shown by the crowds who throng the news agencies to obtain papers in order to learn what new developments there may be. The farmers of the neighborhood take great interest in the case and many of them drive long distances to obtain papers and information. The supply of newspapers is totally inadequate.

Nothing will be officially known till after the inquest. One thing is certain, that if the matter is thoroughly sifted it will make a greater sensation than the citizens at first expected and the case will be watched with great interest. Now that the matter is being investigated by the proper authorities the people feel more satisfied.

Trouserings $2.99 and $3.99. Dominion Trouser Company, 13 Leader-lane.

Jameson's Trial Postponed.

London, March 25.—The trial of Dr. Jameson and his fellow-officers was resumed this morning. The postmaster at Mafeking described how the telegraph wires were cut behind Jameson's expedition.

The trial was postponed until April 28, pending the arrival of further evidence from South Africa.

Guinane Bros.' King-street store (89 King west) open every night until 10 o'clock, for the sale of "The Slater Shoe."

You Ought to Get Soaked

If you won't pay 75c for one of Bonner's gloria silk umbrellas, with steel rods, crook handles, Bonner's, corner Yonge and Queen-streets.

Wear "the Slater Rubberless Shoe."

Devane's

Blue Black Writing Fluid, half-pint bottles, 13c; 2 for 25c; usual price, 25c the bottle. Blight Bros., 65 Yonge street.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W., ev'g. 50c

CHOKED HIS WIFE TO DEATH.

Hiram H. Morrison of Boston Tells in a Peculiar Style How He Did the Deed.

Boston, March 25.—Hiram H. Morrison last night confessed to the police that on Monday afternoon last he murdered his wife, Florence H. Morrison, at his home, 116 Cambridge-street. He said: "I entered the bedroom and went to my wardrobe for the purpose of getting another stem for my pipe, as the one I was using was loose and the bowl was apt to drop out. When I reached the wardrobe some object grabbed me. I grabbed the object. I was mad and had a strong hand. You know that when a man is mad he is strong, don't you? Well, I just grabbed the object by the neck and forced it down—forced it down on the bed." As Morrison spoke, he convulsively twitched his lower jaw and spread out his fingers to the view of the officers.

Continuing, he said: "I waited until the thing was all quiet. Then I went across the street and took three or four drinks. I thought to myself that I had killed someone. Could it have been my wife? I said to myself. I decided it was.

"Of course, I wanted to protect myself. I first went back to the house and made sure that she was dead, and that it was my wife. Then I went to the station house."

"Are you pretty sure that you knew that it was your wife when you were choking her?" questioned an officer.

"Well, yes," was the answer.

Recommended by the highest medical authorities for indigestion—Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum. Allow no imitation to be palmed off on you. See that the trade mark name Tutti Frutti is on each 5-cent package.

Lye and Soda.

One of our shirts in a tub did lay,
When Lye and Soda came that way;
Said Lye to Soda: Beware, beware,
There's that shirt of Bonner's that will not tear.

Bonner's, corner Yonge and Queen-streets.

Pember's Turkish Baths 75c, evening 50c 129 Yonge.

Monuments.

See our designs and prices before purchasing elsewhere. We are manufacturers. D. McIntosh & Sons, office and showroom, 52 Yonge-street, opposite Maitland-street. Works, Yonge-street, Deer Park. 146

A household remedy, Gibbons' Toothache Gum; sold by all druggists. Price 10 cents.

BIRTHS

AYRE—On March 24th, at the Lake View Hotel, corner Winchester and Parliament-streets, the wife of John H. Ayre of a daughter. Both doing well.

DEATHS.

CLARKE—On the 24th inst., in this city, Capt. R. B. Clarke, late 69th Regiment, aged 58 years.

Funeral Thursday. Private.

CLARK—At 23 Elm-street, on Wednesday, March 25, 1896, Mary Ellen Clark, sister of N. J. Clark of the Ontario Department of Agriculture.

Funeral on Friday at 10 o'clock to St. Michael's Cemetery.

CURRY—At the residence of her son-in-law, R. A. Purdon, 72 Gladstone-avenue, on Wednesday, 25th inst., Eliza, relict of the late Thomas Curry of Cobourg, aged 75 years.

Funeral on Friday morning to the Union Station, thence to Cobourg.

PERRY—At Whitby, on 25th inst., John Ham Perry, Esq., Registrar County of Ontario, aged 69 years.

Funeral 3.30 p.m. Friday.

STANTON—On Wednesday, March 25th, 1896, at 60 Tranby-avenue, Toronto, Robert Edgeworth Stanton of the Dominion Express Co., Toronto, and fifth son of the late Charles Stanton of Berlin, Ont., in his 42nd year.

Funeral will leave above address on Friday, the 27th, at 7.15 a.m. Interment at Berlin on arrival of train leaving Toronto at 8.20.

DR. DIXON SENT FOR TRIAL

MRS. MINNIE DIXON TELLS HER STORY IN COURT.

Says Her Husband Abused Her with His Tongue and Also Slapped and Otherwise Ill-Used Her—Their Life in Alpena, Mich., and in Chatham—The Judge Denounced the Doctor.

Chatham, Ont., March 25.—This morning the case of Dixon v. Dixon for non-support was again taken up at the Police Court. Mr. Walker argued that the case could not proceed on the grounds that remedy had been sought in the high court, but his objection was not sustained and the trial went on.

The defendant elected to be tried by jury.

The complainant, Minnie Dixon, was the first witness called by Mr. Pike, and proved an exceedingly good one. She testified that she was the legal wife of the defendant. They had lived together as man and wife for some four months after marriage in Toronto. Defendant did not thrash her during that time, though they had repeated quarrels, Dixon generally being the aggressor.

They then went to Alpena, Mich., where they resided together. During that time defendant thrashed complainant, struck her on the street, dragged her up stairs by the arm and abused her in many other ways. During this time an uncle of Mrs. Dixon paid all the expenses of the couple. A child was born to Mrs. Dixon in Alpena. It was still born.

Their Life in Chatham.

Complainant, proceeding, stated that they then came to Chatham, she preceding the defendant. Since coming to Chatham he had abused her, slapped her twice and called her vile names. On one occasion he told her he would spoil her face with vitrol or carbolic acid if she asked him again for money. She was willing to live with him if she could be protected against cruelty.

A Little Dialogue.

Cross-examined: Mr. Walker, for defendant—What protection do you want?

Mrs. Dixon—I would like to be protected by the courts from his abuse and violence.

Mr. Walker—I understand you would have no difficulty in securing a situation as a writer.

Mrs. Dixon—If you secure one I will take it.

Mr. Walker—The doctor says you are a better writer than "Kit," and that Jean Blewett isn't in it with you.

Mrs. Dixon—He's very complimentary. Perhaps he is desirous of making me support him.

Mr. Walker—Well, you know yourself that you are the equal of these writers, and can support yourself.

Mrs. Dixon—I do not consider myself their equal by any means. I am a literary woman, but am unable to procure employment just now.

Other witnesses were examined and the evidence on behalf of the complainant concluded.

No defence was offered.

Dixon's Conduct Denounced.

Dr. Dixon's conduct was strongly denounced, Judge Houston stating that the evidence had not shown one thing against the complainant. During the two years she had been his wife there was not one jot of evidence to show that he had contributed a penny towards her support. It was a pity a settlement had not been made, but that appeared to be defendant's fault. The doctor was committed to stand trial at the fall assizes, bail in two good sureties at $200 each being furnished.

AN ELEPHANT IN A RAGE.

Killed Its Keeper and Threw Him Through a Board Fence—Tore Down a House.

Chicago, March 25.—W. H. Harris' big elephant Gypsy became unmanageable at its winter quarters this afternoon and before it could be got under control killed the keeper, tore down a frame building and created great excitement, which drew thousands of people to the scene.

Harris' circus is quartered at the corner of Roby and Jackson-streets in a six storey brick building and Gypsy occupies the greater part of the first floor. The regular keeper is Bernard Shea, but Shea is at present in Omaha and the animal was temporarily in charge of Frank Scott, a lion tamer.

Early this afternoon Scott took Gypsy out for exercise in the alley. Gypsy did not seem inclined to stop at the boundary of the alley and Scott gave her a jab with an iron hook. The beast became enraged and throwing her keeper from her head, where he had been riding, proceeded to pound him with her trunk and succeeded in killing him and knocking him through a board fence.

A Woman to the Rescue.

Mrs. Harris came to the rescue with a pitchfork. She was knocked down, but pluckily jumped up and commenced battle. She soon had blood streaming from wounds in the elephant's side and the beast ran away towards the end of the alley. Here was standing a large crowd and many were the bruises received in the scattering which took place when the elephant started out of the alley.

Gypsy did not go far, but went back for Scott, who in the meantime had been moved into a wooden building just opposite the elephant's quarters. The animal knocked in the whole side of the building in her efforts to get at the man again.

During this time Mrs. Harris had sent for all the bread and cake that could be bought in the neighborhood and also telephoned for Claude Orton, a horse trainer, who soon arrived. The elephant quieted down somewhat while she was eating 50 loaves of bread, a larges number of cakes and other delicacies which were placed before her. After she had finished eating she walked into her barn and the heavy doors were shut after her.

The door had no sooner been shut than the elephant with one blow shattered it and ran out again. By thi time every street in the vicinity wa crowded with excited people. Thre wagon loads of police came to the rescue but could do nothing further than keep back the crowds. None of them wanted to undertake the job of chaining the enraged beast, and it was impossible to kill her with their small calibre weapons. The elephant had her own way for about four hours, when she went back into her stall and allowed Orton to chain her. Harris has owned the animal for five years and has had no trouble with her before.

Wear "the Slater Shoe."

Colder Again.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Calgary, 6—40; Battleford, 4 below—28; Qu'Appelle, 4—22; Winnipeg, 12—20; Parry Sound, 20—44; Toronto, 24—42; Ottawa, 8—40