# Constitution Amendment, 1987

- 101C. (1) Where a vacancy occurs in the Supreme Court of Canada, the government of each province may, in relation to that vacancy, submit to the Minister of Justice of Canada the names of any of the persons who have been admitted to the bar of that province and are qualified under section 101B for appointment to that court.
- (2) Where an appointment is made to the Supreme Court of Canada, the Governor General in Council shall, except where the Chief Justice is appointed from among members of the Court, appoint a person whose name has been submitted under subsection (1) and who is acceptable to the Queen's Privy Council for Canada.
- (3) Where an appointment is made in accordance with subsection (2) of any of the three judges necessary to meet the requirement set out in subsection 101B(2), the Governor General in Council shall appoint a person whose name has been submitted by the Government of Quebec.
- (4) Where an appointment is made in accordance with subsection (2) otherwise than as required under subsection (3), the Governor General in Council shall appoint a person whose name has been submitted by the government of a province other than Quebec.
- 101D. Sections 99 and 100 apply in respect of the judges of the Supreme Court of Canada.
- 101E. (1) Sections 101A to 101D shall not be construed as abrogating or derogating from the powers of the Parliament of Canada to make laws under section 101 except to the extent that such laws are inconsistent with those sections.
- (2) For greater certainty, section 101A shall not be construed as abrogating or derogating from the powers of the Parliament of Canada to make laws relating to the reference of questions of law or fact, or any other matters, to the Supreme Court of Canada."
- 7. The said Act is further amended by adding thereto, immediately after section 106 thereof, the following section:
  - "106A. (1) The Government of Canada shall provide reasonable compensation to the government of a province that chooses not to participate in a national shared-cost program that is established by the Government of Canada after the coming into force of this section in an area of exclusive provincial jurisdiction, if the province carries on a program or initiative that is compatible with the national objectives.
  - (2) Nothing in this section extends the legislative powers of the Parliament of Canada or of the legislatures of the provinces."
- 8. The said Act is further amended by adding thereto the following heading and sections:

#### "XII—Conferences on the Economy and Other Matters

148. A conference composed of the Prime Minister of Canada and the first ministers of the provinces shall be convened by the Prime Minister of Canada at least once each year to discuss the state of the Canadian economy and such other matters as may be appropriate.

### XIII—REFERENCES

149. A reference to this Act shall be deemed to include a reference to any amendments thereto."

## Constitution Act, 1982

- 9. Sections 40 to 42 of the Constitution Act, 1982 are repealed and the following substituted therefor:
  - "40. Where an amendment is made under subsection 38(1) that transfers legislative powers from provincial legislatures to Parliament, Canada shall provide reasonable compensation to any province to which the amendment does not apply.
  - 41. An amendment to the Constitution of Canada in relation to the following matters may be made by proclamation issued by the Governor General under the Great Seal of Canada only where authorized by

- resolutions of the Senate and House of Commons and of the legislative assembly of each province:
  - (a) the office of the Queen, the Governor General and the Lieutenant Governor of a province;
  - (b) the powers of the Senate and the method of selecting Senators;
  - (c) the number of members by which a province is entitled to be represented in the Senate and the residence qualifications of Senators;
  - (d) the right of a province to a number of members in the House of Commons not less than the number of Senators by which the province was entitled to be represented on April 17, 1982;
  - (e) the principle of proportionate representation of the provinces in the House of Commons prescribed by the Constitution of Canada;
  - (f) subject to section 43, the use of the English or the French language;
  - (g) the Supreme Court of Canada;
  - (h) the extension of existing provinces into the territories;
  - (i) notwithstanding any other law or practice, the establishment of new provinces; and
  - (j) an amendment to this Part."
- 10. Section 44 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:
  - "44. Subject to section 41, Parliament may exclusively make laws amending the Constitution of Canada in relation to the executive government of Canada or the Senate and House of Commons."
- 11. Subsection 46(1) of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:
  - "46. (1) The procedures for amendment under sections 38, 41 and 43 may be initiated either by the Senate or the House of Commons or by the legislative assembly of a province."
- 12. Subsection 47(1) of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:
  - "47. (1) An amendment to the Constitution of Canada made by proclamation under section 38, 41 or 43 may be made without a resolution of the Senate authorizing the issue of the proclamation if, within one hundred and eighty days after the adoption by the House of Commons of a resolution authorizing its issue, the Senate has not adopted such a resolution and if, at any time after the expiration of that period, the House of Commons again adopts the resolution."
  - 13. Part VI of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

### "PART VI

### CONSTITUTIONAL CONFERENCES

- 50. (1) A constitutional conference composed of the Prime Minister of Canada and the first ministers of the provinces shall be convened by the Prime Minister of Canada at least once each year, commencing in 1988.
- (2) The conferences convened under subsection (1) shall have included on their agenda the following matters:
  - (a) Senate reform, including the role and functions of the Senate, its powers, the method of selecting Senators and representation in the Senate;
  - (b) roles and responsibilities in relation to fisheries; and
  - (c) such other matters as are agreed upon."
- 14. Subsection 52(2) of the said Act is amended by striking out the word "and" at the end of paragraph (b) thereof, by adding the word "and" at the end of paragraph (c) thereof and by adding thereto the following paragraph:
  - "(d) any other amendment to the Constitution of Canada."
- 15. Section 61 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted