secured, seal its contents and maintain its integrity until a destruction site becomes available. They may then have to be continuously present at the destruction site until all of the stockpile has been destroyed. Hence there are two operational sequences for the inspectorate: Phase 1 is the verification of the stockpile and sealing the facility until the destruction commences. Phase 2 is the continuous on-site inspection of the destruction facility. The composition of the inspection team will vary with the tasks involved, and there may well be an overlap between the requirements.

Table 10: Unitary Chemical Munitions Stockpiles of USA and USSR

Country		Agent Tons*	Agents	
USA	8 [conus] 1 [FRG] 1 [Johnston Atoll]	(32,000) (500) (1,600)	VX, GB, GA, H, HD, HT, L	
USSR	(9)	50,000	VX, GB, H/L, L, GD	

\* ( ) estimates appearing in unofficial sources.

Since the disposal plant for destruction of chemical weapons on Johnston Atoll is scheduled to begin demilitarization of its stocks in 1990 one can eliminate that facility, apart from the verification of its destruction, since it should have completed destruction activities by 1994, before a CWC is likely to come into force. Hence the number of stockpiles in the United