

port of popular joy, though the latter was mingled with mourning, throughout King George's realms. (*) Bonfires blazed over the hills of merry England. The Sovereign showered promotions, pensions, national rewards, jewel-hilted swords on the army and navy, for their achievements. The Park and Tower guns roared out salutes, private and public illuminations took place, a public Thank-giving was proclaimed for the 29th October, 1759; the nation erected a splendid mausoleum in Westminster Abbey in honor of the departed hero, so untimely cut down in the full blaze of his glory. King, Lords and Commons vied with one another in celebrating the success of British arms over the traditional enemy. All seemed to have been done that a gratified and great nation could do to honor the "conqueror of Louisbourg and Quebec," all except the procuring of a lasting written record of the North American campaign. A historian was wanted; one was soon found—a writer rejoicing in the prestige of recognized talent and basking in the sunshine of courtly favor, "Thomas Jeffreys, Geographer to His Royal Highness, the Prince of Wales," who in the ensuing spring launched forth a splendid folio volume of some 500 pages, under the above title. It was profusely illustrated with maps, elaborate plans of the sieges and battles; the largest of these plans—that of the siege operations before Quebec, was dedicated to the mighty statesman, Wm Pitt, who had planned the campaign. Enough about battles, let us see what H. R. Highness the Prince of Wales' Geographer has to say on the avi-Fauna of Canada.

(*) On the 20th October, the Lord Mayor and Aldermen of London, presented to the King an address of congratulation. On the 30th October, His Majesty presented £500 to Sir James Douglas, Captain of the "Alcide" man-of-war, and £500 to Colonel Hale (the ancestor of our fellow townsman W. T. Hale, Esq.) who had brought to England the account of the taking of Quebec; he was also duly promoted and subsequently became a General officer. On the 13th November, Parliament presented the King with an address of congratulation. Brigadiers General Murray, Monkton, Townsend were all promoted as well as the Admirals of the fleet.