

being the suppurating gland at the root of the right lung. The presence of this condition of the gland is in itself suggestive of a tendency on the part of the inflammation that had affected the lungs to travel beyond those organs.

It is difficult to offer a satisfactory explanation, or one that will embrace all cases why there should exist this liability for cerebral abscesses to be associated with disease of the lungs more frequently than, for instance, renal abscesses are found to be thus associated. In our case, it is true, there was extensive atheroma of the cerebral vessels, and the diseased condition of the arteries may have been a predisposing cause; such atheroma, however, is not constantly present.