water: it covers three times as much

space as the land.

How is the Land-surface of the Globe divided? Into low-lands, which are nearly at the level of the sea; and high-lands, which are much above the level of the sea.

How is the Water-surface of the Globe divided? Into the sea, which surrounds the land; and rivers which drain the land, and flow into the sea.

What are the Lakes? When a river, on its way to the sea flows into a deep hollow or basin, it must fill that up before it can flow any further. This hollow filled with water is called a Lake.

What is the largest body of Water called? An Ocean.

And the largest body of Land? A Continent.

What is a portion of land with water all round it? An Island.

If it has water round it in all parts but one? A Peninsula, which means "almost an island."

What is an Isthmus? A narrow neck of land joining two larger portions.

What is a narrow neck of Water joining two larger portions? A Strait.

And a passage wider than a Strait? A channel.

What is a Cape? A point of land jutting into the sea.

What is a body of Water stretching into the Land? A Gulf or Bay.

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What is a Mountain? A portion of land rising high above the country around it.

What are the smaller High-lands? Hills.

And Burning - mountains? Volcanoes.

What is a tract of country lying between Hills? A valley or dale.

What is a Plain? A broad portion of country nearly flat or level.

If the Plain is high up amongst Hills? A Table-land.

MOTIONS OF THE EARTH.

Day and Night.—Is the Earth standing still? No: it is constantly turning round—spinning like a top—carrying everything on it round with it.

How much of the Earth gets the sun-light at one time? Only one-half, because the Earth is round.

What is the time called during which any place is in the Sun-light? Day.

And when it is out of the Sunlight? Night?

If the Earth did not spin round, what would happen? It would always be day on one side of the Earth, and always night on the other.

But since the Earth does spin round? All the parts of it are passing, one after another, into and out of the sun-light; and so day travels round the Earth.

What is sun-rise at any place? The time when that place first comes in sight of the Sun.

In what direction does the Earth spin round? From west to east.

So Sun-rise travels round the Earth? From east to west.

What is the time when a place is just leaving the Sun-light. Sun-set.

What is Noon? The time when the Sun is highest in the heavens, or when a place is right in front of the Sun: also called mid-day.

Days and Hours.—What is the interval between noon to-day and noon to-morrow? A day.

How is a day divided? Into twenty-four equal parts, called hours.

How do we measure time as it passes? By the clock.

What is the end of the first hour after noon? One o'clock.

And the twelfth? Twelve o'clock. Is the next hour Thirteen o'clock?

Why? Because half a day has passed, and it is more convenient to number the hours after mid-night