NEWS OF THE PROVINCE

Child Scalded to Death at Nanaimo —Fatalities on the Fraser River.

Vancouver's New Bicycle Law Does Not Please the Wheelmen— Racing at Hastings.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, July 18.—It is said that the Jockey club will find it difficult to stable the horses entered for their summer meet which takes place at Hastings next month. Everything in connection with the meet is progressing very favorably and it is thought on account of the numerous entries that the races will be the best yet held.

It is apparent that the wheelmen of Vancouver are not altogether satisfied with the new bicycle by-law. Riders are prohibited from riding their wheels on the sidewalk all the year round and when meeting a pedestrian the rider must get out of the pedestrian's way. It is thought that during some months in winter when the roads are muddy there should be certain sidewalks on which wheelsmen should be permitted to ride where pedestrian traffic is insignificant. They also think that when a rider meets a pedestrian on the road the pedestrian should move to the left as well as the rider. A delegation will meet the council to discuss the matter.

Charles Boardman has been re-elected president of the Trades and Labor Council; C. McDonald was elected vice-president and W. Hepburn, secretary; W. Holmes, treasurer; and George Bartley, statistician.

The steamer Burt arrived to-night with word that the body of a young woman had been found on the beach at Gambier island by Malcolm McDonald. The body was dressed in blue serge. It had been in the water so long that it could not be recognized by the features.

WESTMINSTER.

WESTMINSTER, July 18.—There are rumors of many fatalities on the river. On Tuesday evening a man named Burglaw and a companion (name unknown) left for the Gulf from Ewen's cannery. They have not been heard from since, and are no doubt drowned. Two Kanaka Indians who left the same night have not as yet returned. A portion of their net has been found, and there can be no doubt that the men have been drowned. Other vague rumors of fatalities on the river are afloat.

The river is still falling, and is over two feet below the highest point.

Mr. W. Wilcox, who has the contract of painting the new market, fell through the slip on the market wharf yesterday morning. After a short time he was assisted out, and seeing Mr. Fales, the undertaker, in the crowd looking at him, he assured that gentleman there was nothing in his line on hand this time.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, July 18.—Bush fires are raging in the vicinity of Wellington and Northfield. At the last named place the fire was of considerable proportions and seriously threatened to destroy Wall's saloon. The volunteer brigade, however, managed to head it off.

The New Vancouver Coal Company having completed the extensive changes to the Chase river bridge and trestle, on their southern railway system, work has been commenced at the No. 5 shaft. The short bridge near the stone cut has been replaced by a permanent embankment.

The steamer Gerty Story arrived yesterday from Point Roberts and took on a cargo of coal at the N. V. C. Coal Co.'s wharf for the canneries. The captain states that the Point Roberts canneries have put up 10,000 cases of salmon, while as yet there are scarcely any fish in the river.

A distressing accident yesterday morning deprived Mr. and Mrs. B. I. Westwood of their son, Albert Charles Westwood, a child of three and a half years old. He, it seems, was playing in the kitchen, and before anybody could interfere stepped backwards and fell headforemost into a tub of boiling water. The poor child died from the combined effects of the scalding and the awful shock to the system, some three hours later.

KAMLOOPS.

(From the Inland Sentinel.)

B. Wehrfritz, of the Imperial Brewery, intends to take a trip to Nicaragua to look after his mining interests there.

The intensely hot and dry weather of the past four weeks has played havoc with the ranges in this district. The grass is burnt so crisp in some places a gust of wind is sufficient to crack it off. Cattle raisers are beginning to become alarmed at the condition of affairs, for if there is not rain enough to give some additional growth before the cold weather sets in there will be grave danger to the herds. One fortunate thing is that an unusually heavy crop of hay was got in this year, and this will, to some extent at all events, make up for a shortage of grass on the ranges. The ranges in Alberta are almost as badly affected by the heat as those of Yale.

Justin Duprat died on Monday last at his ranch, on the north side of the Thompson river, near this city. He had been ailing for a long time, and advancing years had shattered a constitution once of iron strength. Justin Duprat was a native of Southern France, where he was born 71 years ago. He emigrated to California in 1851, and after working in the mines there with indifferent success for 10 years, came to British Columbia in 1861. He was engaged in placer mining in Cariboo and Okanagan, and on Tranquille and Cherry creeks for some time, and afterwards, as oldtimers will remember, carried on a hotel in partnership with Jean Lavoue at this place, near the Hudson's Bay Co.'s fort adjacent to the ferry. In 1872 he took up the ranch where he has since resided up to the time of his death.

NELSON.

(From the Nelson Miner.)

W. W. West has again favored us with a copy of his well kept record of the flood at the site of Buchanan's old mill. The figures he supplied us with last week showed a rise of 12 ft. 5¼ in. in 36 days up to 2nd inst. From then to the evening of the 8th the water rose exactly one foot, making a total rise of 13 ft. 5¼ in.

It is estimated that the washout in Give Out creek brought down 100,000 feet of logs to the mill.

The steamers now land their passengers on the river bank above the wharf. This is the only year that this has been done since 1888, with the exception, of course, of 1894. The water is over the C. & K. railway in many places, and some of the bridges have had to be weighted down to make them secure, but traffic is kept up somehow. The Columbia river has overtopped the 1894 mark at Revelstoke and is still rising.

E. N. Murphy has struck an eight-inch pay streak on the Northern Belle No. 2. It assays 136 ounces in silver and 30 per cent. lead. This claim lies on the divide between the Noble Five and the Washington, and was purchased last fall from the Noble Five partnership for $10,000 cash.

The manager of the Wonderful is now ground sluicing the hillside in the hope of finding the main lead. There is another big outcrop on the claim, and the float from this is now being shipped as ore. The property was recently stocked in Spokane for $1,000,000, and the shares are now said to be firm at 25 cents.

The first car load of concentrates was shipped from the Washington last week. The mill is working at present on the dump, which is estimated to amount to 25,000 tons.

FISHING ON THE FRASER.

STEVESTON, July 13.—Sunday night saw the exodus of almost every available fishing boat on this part of the river and the sight was well worth seeing. Some of them began to get back about midnight and the catches reported were very small up to 1 a.m.; the highest boat had only nine. To-day some of the boats report better luck, one running as high as thirty, but the next had only two, so the average is comparatively small, as far as I can learn, about 9 or 10. Though there are at least 5,000 people in town business remains stagnant, money being scarce. But by Saturday next we hope the state of things will improve.

The schooner San Mateo arrived on Saturday night from Rivers inlet with a number of the striking fishermen. Now it is reported that the canners are willing to accede to the strikers' terms, and further offer them free passage up and down to go back at once.

Tuesday morning.—Last night's catch averaged about 14 to the boat, some getting as high as 60, whilst others only got three to five each. The most extraordinary part of the business is that the boats up river near Wharnock and the Mission are averaging much higher than those at the mouth. The fish are not by any means large.

The police officers have paid visits to the different temperance beer joints, paying more particular attention to the brewers' agents. One man, agent for Kappler & Co., was found with a keg of lager on tap and several bottles of regulation strength bottled beer, all of which was confiscated and the accused held for trial.

Upon making inquiry among the Japs the report of loss of life by the capsize appears to be erroneous. Only one capsize appears to have taken place and the men were saved by a white man, Wm. Jinks, with no further loss than that of the boat and net.

Wednesday.—A white man was drowned last evening about five o'clock near the bell buoy. My informant was tied to No. 1 buoy, and gave an oar to the survivor to bring him in as his oar was broken, but he did not ascertain his name.

PISCATOR.

PRINCESS MAUD'S WEDDING

LONDON, July 18.—As far as the Queen is concerned, the approaching nuptials of Princess Maud will be as private as possible. Her Majesty is expected to arrive in the city on Monday evening. On Tuesday she will, in private, invest the Crown Prince Frederick of Denmark with the Order of the Garter and with the first class decoration of Victoria and Albert Cross. Upon both his sons, Prince Christian and Prince Charles, the Grand Cross of the Bath will be conferred at the same time. The Queen will not attend the wedding breakfast. On Thursday, the day after the wedding, Her Majesty returns to Windsor, whence she intends to go soon to the Isle of Wight. It is semi-officially announced that the royal family will not be displeased if people should decorate their houses in honor of the wedding and doubtless a great many will gracefully take the hint. Among the presents which have been received by the Princess Maud is a magnificent solitaire diamond from Mr. William Waldorf Astor.

In connection with the approaching wedding a curious phase of British philanthropy has been developed in the Chronicle, which newspaper recently urged the Princess Maud not to give her sanction to cruelty by wearing osprey plumes on her hat. In response, the Chronicle has received an intimation from the Princess to the effect that she would not wear osprey plumes. Upon this the Chronicle published an article in praise of Her Royal Highness, and commending her for her kindness of heart. However, it was observed that at the royal garden party at Buckingham palace on Monday, most of the feminine members of the royal family were decorated with osprey plumes. In sore amazement the Chronicle noted this fact, and appealed to the Queen to forbid the use of osprey plumes by members of the royal family.

Feed the Nerves

Upon pure, rich blood and you need not fear nervous prostration. Nerves are weak when they are improperly and insufficiently nourished. Pure blood is their proper food, and pure blood comes by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla which is thus the greatest and best nerve tonic. It also builds up the whole system.

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic, easy to take, easy to operate.

BELLEVILLE, July 18.—W. A. Johnson, of Hungerford, has been sent to the Central prison for six months for seducing a girl named Eliza under sixteen years of age, who is said to be his niece.

WALKERTON, July 18.—Thomas Burrell was killed at Walkerton by the faling of a tree he was chopping.

DOMINION HAPPENINGS.

Suicide of a Station Agent—Sawmill Accident—Coal Discoveries in Algoma.

East York Conservatives Celebrate —Divorce Case—Porpoises Pursued by Whales.

ONTARIO.

The schooner Arctic, of St. Catharines, Capt. Sidney, loaded with cedar posts from Providence Bay, Ont., for Buffalo, N.Y., became waterlogged about five miles from the West End lighthouse point, Port Rowan, on the 10th inst., the gale blowing strong from the southwest and a heavy sea running. Two sailors, Robert Bigeon, of Toronto, and Blue Wiarton, attempted to reach shore in the vessel's yawl, but the craft capsized and both men were drowned. The life-saving crews succeeded in rescuing the balance of the crew, consisting of the captain, three men and two women.

A sad and fatal accident occurred near Belleville, on the 5th inst., by which Thomas McDonald, a G.T.R. fireman lost his life. He was accompanied by Miss Nellie Bowden, driving along the main line of the G.T.R., a short distance east of the city, when a passing locomotive whistle frightened his horse, which ran away. One of the reins broke, and, losing control of the animal, the rig was thrown against a post, throwing out the occupants, McDonald striking the post, crushing his breast so that he lived but a short time. Miss Bowden was comparatively unhurt.

H. G. Hunt, music dealer, St. Thomas, was arraigned at the police court on the 9th instant, before P. M. White, on two charges of using postage stamps after the same had been previously used. Hunt pleaded guilty and was fined $10 and costs on each, total $28, or in default one month's imprisonment.

On the morning of the 7th inst. Grand Trunk Station Agent George Hogarth, of Otterville, purchased a revolver and cartridges, then retiring to a pine bush near the station put one ball through his brains. On him was found a K. O. T. M. pass book and $150 in cash. In the book was written "Tired of living with an unfaithful wife."

The Conservatives of East York the other day celebrated their victory at Little York, holding a torchlight parade with much rejoicing, winding up with an open air meeting. W. F. Maclean, M.P., alluding to the change of government, said that the Liberal party had got into power because it had abandoned its policy of free trade and had asserted that it was not disloyal. The Conservatives would not be in opposition more than two years, he said. The party would be reorganized and strengthened; it would learn the lesson and would improve itself so as again to be worthy of the confidence of the people. It had got rid of a good deal of bad blood and was cured now.

P. E. W. Moyer, editor and proprietor of the Berlin News, whose death has been announced, was one of the oldest, best known and most populor journalists in the country. He was a strong protectionist and uncompromising Conservative. For many years he had suffered terribly from rheumatism, and spent much money in seeking relief, but with little success. Mr. Moyer was the most genial of men.

A syndicate composed of gentlemen living in Toronto, Ottawa, Sudbury, and Buffalo, recently learned of what they thought would prove to be a good thing in Algoma, and sent Prof. Mickle, of the Toronto School of Practical Science, to investigate. The good thing is that coal has been discovered, and Prof. Mickle's report says the deposit is extensive and of fair quality. The deposit is located within thirty miles of Sudbury, and convenient to the Canadian Pacific railway.

Mrs. Berryman, wife of Albert Berryman, the ex-G.T.R. telegraph operator, who left Hamilton a year or so ago, and was joined in Chicago by a Toronto woman, also a telegrapher, has received notice through her brother in Harrisburg, that her husband is making application for divorce in Chicago. The application is to come up on Monday, August 17. The Toronto woman soon found that she could not live with a man of Berryman's disposition, and left him. She returned to Canada, secured a situation, and communicated with Mrs. Berryman, offering to contribute towards her maintenance and do what she could to undo the evil she had done. Mrs. Berryman was managing to keep herself respectably by sewing, and declined the offer. Berryman wrote to his wife, stating that if he could get work here he would come back and begin anew, but he didn't come, and the divorce proceedings were next heard of.

MANITOBA.

It is announced that the Great Falls and Canada narrow gauge railroad running up from Montana to Lethbridge, Alberta, will be widened and made standard guage. Construction trains will be put on at once and the road rebuilt as soon as it can be done. The work of building bridges and trestles will be continued as fast as possible. This will permit direct connections to the "Soo" and Canadian Pacific lines and the latter will make a bid for the business of Northern Montana in competition with the Great Northern.

QUEBEC.

The executive of the Quebec Provincial Branch of the Dominion Alliance met on the 10th inst. in Montreal. The secretary in his report referred to the action taken by the alliance in the recent general elections. The result of the elections was considered very satisfactory from the alliance standpoint. In this province twelve pronounced prohibitionists were elected and thirty-four supporters of the Dominion plebiscite on prohibition. The question of prohibition in parliament will be the important subject for discussion and action at the great prohibition convention to be held in Toronto, beginning on July 15.

On the 9th inst. the Montreal detectives received information from the authorities at Chambly over the telephone, that the post office had been broken into, the safe blown open and $200 stolen. The intruders did not mind the postage stamps; of which there was a large quantity in a drawer, which was not opened.

A fire broke out recently in a room on Bleury street, Montreal, where the dead body of a lady was laid out. The candles set fire to the draperies, which started the fire. The firemen were ably assisted by petty officers and men of H. M. S. Tartar, who happened to pass in a street car.

The architect is busy laying out the grounds in the Park St. Louis, and the government exhibition building will soon be begun. When completed the Three Rivers exhibition grounds will be as well laid out and as ample as any in Canada.

NOVA SCOTIA.

The fruit prospects in the Annapolis valley show signs of an abundant crop. The orchards in June were in fuller bloom than at any previous year, and reports indicate that the apples have generally set well. Many young orchards which have never produced heretofore, will give a nice crop this year and help to largely increase the amount annually exported. Reports from England indicate a short crop of apples in that country. Already they are making anxious enquiries about the Nova Scotia prospects for their supply and the impression is general that prices will be good. Communications have been sent to England asking about the advisability of putting Mediterranean fruit boats on for the apple carrying trade.

A correspondent of the Halifax Chronicle writes: "Thirty years ago the cities of Halifax and St John, as well as the smaller towns, were supplied with their beef, pork, mutton and poultry by the farmers of Nova Scotia; to-day a large part of these articles are imported from other provinces. Surely this is wrong. With our splendid grazing country and soil well calculated to raise all the coarser grains, we should not only supply our own market with beef, mutton and poultry, but we should take a share in the export trade of Canada. England is a large importer of meats and provisions of all kinds. In 1884 Canada exported to Britain 82,217 head of cattle, 121,304 head of sheep, 7,707 cwts. of pork, bacon 254,443 cwts. and ham 50,576 cwts. In 1895 cattle increased to 96,460 head and sheep to 215,508 head. All these shipments were from Ontario and Quebec, not a dollar's worth from Nova Scotia. In 1895 England imported cheese to the value of $26,000,000. Of this amount Canada supplied $16,000,000, but little or none from Nova Scotia. In 1895, England imported $65,000,000 worth of butter, of which only one-and-a-half million of dollars were shipped from Canada and none from Nova Scotia. Surely it is time to wake up and make a commencement in the production of these great articles of consumption.

The steamer Alpha, at Halifax on from Bermuda, brings news of a bad accident on board the steamer Duart Castle at sea. Michael Daly, a seaman, was ordered aloft to clear away a flag which had entwined around the masthead. As he was descending to the deck Daly lost his hold of the shroud and fell to the deck. One hip was broken by the fall, the knee-cap was crushed and the shin bone was badly shattered.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

Daniel O'Hara recently passed away at his residence, Camden street, St. John, N.B., at the ripe age of 93 years. At the age of 16 years he came to this country and first engaged in lumbering on the St. John river. Mr. O'Hara had been engaged in connection with timber, either as hewer or handling it in some other capacity. Like many of the early settlers, Mr. O'Hara possessed a sound constitution, and this held good until nearly the end. For ninety-one years he never received any medical assistance, and he never remembered being sick. His memory was remarkably good for a man of his age. He leaves five daughters and four sons; among the latter is Charles O'Hara, the well known barber, of Mill street.

ACTIVITY AT CHEMAINUS.

Chemainus is the scene of unprecedented activity this summer, thanks to a demand for lumber that keeps the Victoria Lumber & Manufacturing Company's mill there running to its full capacity day and night. A large part of this season's product it is understood is destined for China. This Chemainus mill, it may be mentioned, is probably the finest in British Columbia, which is saying not a little, and its equipments are of the most modern character, sufficient wnen improvemnnts now under way are completed, to out about 350,000 feet a day.

When the rush some weeks ago became so great as to be altogether beyond the daylight capacity of the mill, it was decided to put in a complete electric lighting plant. In a very few days sufficient lights were in position to enable the mill to run continuously, and now the work of installation is completed, the result being the largest isolated lighting plant in the province. There are altogether upwards of 500 incandescent lights, including on the wharves and in the yards a number of 300-candle-power Moguls that turn night into day, permitting the loading of ships like the running of the saws to proceed without intermission. There are now four large ships taking on full lumber cargo from this mill.

The electric plant, it may be mentioned has been installed by a Victoria contractor, Mr. G. C. Hinton.

SCIENTIFIC LITERATURE.

LONDON, July 18.—Sir Donald A. Smith, K.C.M.G., has during the week been interesting himself with a large number of scientists in promoting a project to prepare a complete catalogue of scientific literature. In this interest there have been two meetings and a dinner, at which were present several foreign envoys, Sir John Gorst, M.P., Lord Kelvin, Lord Rayleigh and a number of foreign professors and others.

NEW BRUNSWICK POLITICS.

The Provincial Cabinet Reconstructed—A Protest in Restigouche.

ST. JOHN, July 18.—(Special)—Premier Mitchell has organized his cabinet on the lines predicted, and the members were sworn in to-day.

Notice of protest of his election has been served upon McAllister, Conservative member-elect for Restigouche in the Commons.

THE SARITA MINES.

An Immense Body of Smelting Ore Easy of Access From the Sea

Work of Development Proceeding—The District a Most Promising One.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

ALBERNI, July 14.—The mineral wealth of the Albeani district undoubtedly covers an immense area, and in spite of the roughness of the country many prospectors are scattered through the hills hunting for prospects and numbers of very promising claims have been located. In a hurried visit of a few days it is utterly impossible to see all the different districts, such as Copper Island, Santa Maria Island, Sechert and other places, for one must have a boat constantly at hand to go from one island to another, or else there are steep mountains to climb and rough trails to travel that take up much of time.

One place of exceedingly rich promise is the Sarita river, thirty miles below Alberni on the east shore of Barclay Sound. Here the mines are easy of access and may be reached by means of the fine little steam launch which, under the guidance of Mr. Geo. Huff, M. P. P., gives the needed communication with Alberni for the prospectors and miners who are at work on the hills along the Canal. A mile and a half up the river are a group of claims belonging to Messrs. Rithet, Irving, W. Wilson and other Victorians, and development work is being proceeded with by a number of miners, with Mr. John Gray as foreman. These claims are the Sarita, Black Bear, Midday and British Pacific, while adjoining the Sarita and the Black Bear, and separating them from the two others of the group are the Southern Cross and Union, staked by Geo. Logan for Victorians. It was in November last that the Sarita was found, and lately active steps were taken for thoroughly exploiting and developing what has turned out to be a veritable mass of ore. The Sarita is right at the water's edge, and in the last few weeks a tunnel has been run in 40 feet on the ledge at an angle of about 45 degrees with the foot wall. How wide the vein is has not yet been discovered, for the face can be traced up the river bank for many feet and the vein runs back southeast from the river, and is traceable at least three-quarters of a mile. The ore is chiefly copper and iron pyrites, carrying some nickel, and assays taken from the ledge have run as high as $20 in gold, 15 per cent. copper and well in nickel—a fine showing. With this huge body of ore on a river bank and only a mile and a half from salt water the outlook is indeed a splendid one, for the ore could be shipped at an exceedingly low rate. The owners, however, have already obtained plans for a 100 ton smelter and intend erecting one near the mines. An experienced metallurgist has been sent for to visit the property and report on the mode of treatment. The Sarita is the only mine at present opened out, but work is to begin at once on others of the group. The advantages of smelting close to the mine are that a smelter site is easily obtainable, and for flux, just half a mile south over the top of the same hill is the iron mine owned by Mr. John Braden, of Victoria, specular iron 140 feet wide and running over 70 per cent. iron. Lime is also to be had within a few miles.

Poett mountain, on which these claims are situated, seems a veritable hill of mineral. The country rock is diorite and the bodies of ore seem to be capped with iron.

A short distance south of the Sarita group are the Ora Bell and Toronto, which were discovered just a month ago by W. E. Losee and are owned by Dr. Jones, D. E. Campbell, C. Hinton and T. Challoner, of Victoria. Mr. Challoner and Dr. Jones have gone in to-day to look at the district and inspect the claims. The Ora Bell has a forty foot ledge, the ore being a black sulphide of iron and copper, and assays taken have given returns of $14 in gold, seven ounces silver and some copper.

A block of claims, the Kingston, Wellan, Alexander, County of Leeds and others, have been taken up by Mr. McCready for himself, Dr. Jones and several others. They adjoin the Sarita group.

These are only the beginning of the finds on Poett Mountain, and with the prospectors in the hills and the development work being done on the Sarita it appears to be only a matter of a very short time before the district will be famous as a gold producer. The beauty of it is the proximity to the sea, which wonderfully reduces the cost of transporting supplies. There is no tedious packing over trails. Boats take all the supplies up the river, and the mines are right on the bank.

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Dimness of vision, spots before the eyes, loss of sleep, loss of vigor, restlessness, all give way to clear sight, to rest, to strength, when you use the

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GREAT HUDYAN

Hudyan stops the premature condition of the body. Hudyan cures certain cases of lost manhood. Hudyan cures nervous debility, nervousness.

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HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
Stockton, Market and Ellis Streets,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

ALL MOTHERS WHO HAVE USED PALMO-TAR SOAP KNOW THAT IT IS THE BEST BABY'S SOAP for healing the Delicate Skin of Sores.

ONLY 25¢ BIG CAKE

Baby was troubled with sores on head and legs. I tried "Palmo-Tar Soap." In a very short time the sores disappeared, skin became smooth and white, and the child got perfectly well.
MRS. HOLTZMAN, Crediton.

Only 25c. Big Cake.

THE FATHERLAND.

BERLIN, July 18.—Another colonial scandal is on the point of exploding. Herr Von Puttkamer, Governor of the German Cameroons, is accused of having committed many acts of inhumahity and cruelty similar to that alleged against Whelan and Leist, and for which those officials were ordered to be dismissed from the colonial service. Von Puttkamer's accusers are Herren von Stetten, late vice-Governor under von Puttkamer, and Giesbrecht, the Britjsh journalist, who exposed the abuses in the Cameroons under Whelan and Leist. A large number of affidavits of several witnesses and victims of Von Puttkamer's brutality with the strongest of corroborative evidence are in possession of a German paper and will soon be published. The evidence is so strong that it will be impossible for an official investigation to acquit Von Puttkamer, who was appointed to his office only 11 months ago. He is accused of having committed the most terrible atrocities upon male and female natives of the Cameroons, of vile excesses and of financial speculations of a shady character. Rumors of this have been circulated in colonial circles for some time. Additional evidence against the governor is in the hands of two members of the Left, and it will be laid before the Reichstag when that body reassembles in the form of an interpellation of the government.

A bill will be introduced in the Diet to increase the salaries of all governmental employes in Prussia. This will involve a total of 20,000 marks to start with. A similar bill will be introduced in the Bundesrath and in the Reichstag to increase the salaries of Imperial officers and likewise those of the army officers from the grade of first lieutenant upwards.

A cavalry captain named Baron von Ehrardt and First Lieut. Kampz, of the garrison at Dusseldorff, have been dismissed from the army because they refused to fight a duel with pistols in reply to a challenge sent to them by a notorious scoundrei. Both officers have published the facts as an advertisement in a Dusseldorff newspaper.

The Empress Augusta and six of the Imperial princesses may be seen daily bicycle riding in the park at Wilhelmsruhe. This is a new sport for the Empress, but under the tuition of her two eldest sons, both of whom are expert bicyclists, and on a machine especially built for her, under the Emperor's direction, she is making rapid progress.

A TYPICAL WOMAN-WARRIOR.

Visit to Victoria of the New Head of the Salvation Army in Canada.

Commissioner Eva Booth, the head of the Salvation Army for Canada and the Northwestern States, is to visit Victoria on Wednesday next, arriving by the Kingston in the afternoon, from Spokane via Seattle, and remaining only long enough to hold one public meeting —in the First Presbyterian church. She is making a hurried tour of the great jurisdiction lately placed in her charge. Accompanying her will come Major Friedrichs, the Provincial Officer, or head of the Army in British Columbia; and all the officers in the provincial district are expected to be in Victoria to welcome their new leader. The Commissioner is due to be in Nanaimo on Thursday; Westminster, Friday; Vancouver, Saturday and Sunday; and on Monday she will leave for the East.

Miss Eva Booth came to Canada after a short time spent as pro tem. commander of the forces of the Salvation Army in the United States, whither she had been sent at the critical time of the dissension in the Army there. She is the General's fourth daughter. An Army sketch of this "typical woman warrior" says:

"She was converted at the age of six years, and from her earliest days in which she was able to take any part at all in the Salvation war, her whole strength and energy has been spent in some form of work or other for the salvation of the world.

"When quite a little miss she used to go out selling War Crys on the streets with the women cadets in the first training home, carried on under the superintendence of her sister, now Consul Booth-Tucker, and before she was twenty she was able to render great service in this institution in the important work of dealing with the hearts and souls of women who afterwards became officers in the Salvation Army.

"When she received her orders to proceed to New York on her melancholy mission of mercy and love, she was in the midst of arrangements for farewelling from the London 'Province'—corresponding to a chief division here. When we say that she had 350 field officers, about 200 cadets in training, and 21,000 soldiers in her command, it will be seen that she must have great administrative capacity.

"Her first two public appearances in America took place on the same day, and before audiences containing a large hostile element. Each meeting, however, resulted in a complete victory. It was evident to the most casual observer that she was a woman of intense personal sympathy, large heartedness, gentleness and kindness."

C. J. Wilkes is returning from San Francisco by the steamer sailing today, July 18.