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THIRTY-FIFTH YEAR.

DR. PARKHURST'S CRUSADE.

He and the New York Police Depart-  
ment are at Daggers  
Drawn.

True Bill Against One of His Detec-  
tives—An Interesting  
Story.

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.—The Grand Jury  
this afternoon, in the case of Charles W.  
Gardner, chief of Dr. Parkhurst's staff of  
detectives, and who accompanied the doc-  
tor on his visit to the evil resorts of New  
York, found two indictments against him  
for extorting money from fallen women.  
There is so far no connection between the  
doctor and these allegations, which are not  
unlikely to have been trumped up to dis-  
credit the operations of Dr. Parkhurst.

According to Superintendent of Police  
Byrnes, Rev. Dr. Parkhurst's deep-seated  
interest in exposing vice originated in the  
fact he made months ago to aid the daugh-  
ter of one of his parishioners in securing  
divorce from her husband. She had been  
out of the matrimonial fetters for some time,  
and she might get a divorce. The superin-  
tendent said the testimony of plaintiff com-  
prehended proof that her husband main-  
tained a woman in an evil resort, and a member  
of the police force won the ill-will of Dr.  
Parkhurst by refusing to swear to certain  
facts to suit the case.

The mother of the plaintiff was equally  
bitter against the doctor, who, by failing to  
bring about a divorce, had caused her to  
fail to get revenge, she and Dr. Parkhurst  
began a series of persecutions against the  
house in which the defendant in the  
divorce case was said to have lost his mar-  
ital honor, and in this recreation Dr. Parkhurst  
and his parishioner acquired a taste for per-  
secution, and planned to encompass the ruin  
of the Police department and the city  
officials.

The mother of the plaintiff in the  
divorce suit, the superintendent said, had "fixed"  
a woman of loose character whom she  
thought she could trust, and this woman  
called on her to prove that Dr. Parkhurst  
and his parishioner were guilty of the crime  
of which she was accused. What occurred  
at that interview was written out by the  
woman who was summoned. She was sent  
by the parishioner to Dr. Parkhurst,  
and as soon as she had read the account  
of what was said in this matter  
called on Dr. Parkhurst, and in the matter  
of the divorced girl appeared to be willing  
to do his bidding. It was but a few  
days after she left them that she sent her  
conscience by going to Police headquarters,  
she has been the superintendent's ally  
ever since.

Age, although there are twenty letters  
from Dr. Parkhurst's parishioners, and each  
of which are faithfully recorded, and the  
interviews were so far corroborative of the  
letters that I do not suppose they will be  
contradicted. The letters will show that  
instructions that Dr. Parkhurst left when he  
went to Europe, and everything in the way  
of planning the spy on and debauching the  
persons to whom he has alluded. At some  
later day I will talk further on the subject,  
which is so interesting. I have an idea of  
giving it out in sections."

The substance of Byrnes' report being  
told Dr. Parkhurst he was at first  
and then, he discussed it, grew indignant  
and used some forcible English in reference  
to the superintendent of the police depart-  
ment. Dr. Parkhurst said he knew of the  
divorce case of which the superintendent  
spoke, and intimated that some of the in-  
formation secured as evidence in that suit  
had been used in the work which the society  
of which he was president had been carry-  
ing on in Kansas City. Trains from the  
names of the parties to the divorce, but  
said "it is an interesting case." Dr.  
Parkhurst did not know who it was who  
had given the letters of which Superin-  
tendent Byrnes spoke, and he was indignant  
that he should be charged with  
insincerity in the struggle he had been  
carrying on.

In a formal reply to Superintendent  
Byrnes Rev. Dr. Parkhurst yesterday said  
that for the sake of argument he would for  
the time plead guilty to all charges made  
by Byrnes. He then asks if his guilt just-  
ifies the superintendent of police in violat-  
ing the law by allowing gambling houses  
and respectable houses to run. Dr. Parkhurst  
admits that he had an obscene picture in  
his possession in his pocket at one of the  
trials last spring, with which he intended  
to illustrate to the court and jury the evils  
he saw in certain houses, but on considering  
the matter he decided not to produce it.  
Where he got the picture he does not say.  
Of the shadowing of city officials he says:  
"It was done, and well done. It was done  
in the excise district in which I live, not as  
President of the Society for the Prevention  
of Crime simply, but in my right as a citi-  
zen. We have gone on while too long with-  
out watching our city officials, and that is  
part of the difficulty we are laboring under  
to-day."

FROM SEATTLE.

The Late Mrs. Story—Her Deeds Taken Care  
of—Destiny of the Henry Dennis.

SEATTLE, Dec. 8.—(Special.)—The Seattle  
Athletic club has accepted a challenge to a  
football game in the University of Wash-  
ington (Madison street) halls ground on  
December 17, also a challenge game with  
Portland on January 1.

A motion for a new trial in the Murphy  
murder case has been filed.

Er-Mayor Henry Yeeler, the oldest in-  
habitant, is seriously ill with dropsy, and  
not expected to live.

The hunters on the Henry Dennis say  
there is no mystery as to the coming cruise  
of the schooner. She is going North early,  
because the seals can be found in small  
numbers off the Fairweather grounds in  
February. She will not go South, because

while there are more seals, there are also  
more schooners.

J. H. Wilnot, of Spokane, cousin of Mrs.  
Story, also a near relative of Samuel Wil-  
not, of the Dominion Fisheries, arrived to-  
day and has taken charge of her remains.  
It is not definitely decided what will be  
done with the body because of conflicting  
telegrams from different relatives. She will  
probably be sent to Windsor. A. H. Daw-  
son, a near friend, has charge of her boys,  
and has sent them to a ranch at Sidney.

HYPNOTIC EXPERIMENT.

A Subject Proclaims Himself "Jack the Rip-  
per"—His Life Despaired of by  
the Doctors.

LOS ANGELES, CAL., Dec. 8.—Prof. Tin-  
dall performed a great hypnotic feat to-  
day. Last evening he hypnotized Frank Steiner,  
and made him believe he was "Jack the  
Ripper." He told him to go to the police  
station at 11 o'clock this morning and con-  
fess to Chief Glass that he was "Jack the  
Ripper." An immense crowd gathered at  
the police station this morning. Promptly  
at the time mentioned Steiner came rushing  
in with a dark knife, screaming like a mad-  
man. With difficulty the knife was taken  
from him, and he confessed that he was  
"Jack the Ripper." After being brought  
out of the cataleptic fit Steiner collapsed,  
and was carried to the county hospital.  
Physicians say he will have a close call to  
pull through. They condemn Tindall's  
hypnotic tests as injurious to the nerve  
system.

AMERICAN NEWS.

SAN JOSE, Dec. 8.—Dan. McMillan, for-  
merly local manager for the Standard Oil  
Co., a well-known capitalist of this city,  
ended his life at one o'clock this afternoon  
by shooting himself. He went to the base-  
ment of his home and fired the weapon  
with his left hand, blowing away a portion of  
his head and dying instantly. Despondency  
resulting from ill-health was the cause.  
He was aged 36 years. He came here a few  
years ago from San Francisco. He leaves a  
wife and four little children.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—The Post Office  
department has issued an order reducing  
the fee for registering mail matter from 10  
to 5 cents. This change will take effect on  
January 1.

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.—Jose Aureocochea,  
a passenger on La Bretagne, who was re-  
lieved of a pocketful of diamonds by the  
customs officers, resided there today.  
He proved that they belonged to his wife,  
who died aboard. Mr. Aureocochea lives in  
San Francisco.

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.—News of the death  
of Dr. William P. Austin, the first Church  
of England bishop of the British colony of  
Essequibo, in Guiana, has reached this city  
by an incoming steamer. Bishop Austin  
died in the episcopate of the English  
Church longer than any of his colleagues.  
Appointed in 1842, fifty years of service had  
won him the title of "Nestor of the  
Church."

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.—The former Bishop of  
Columbia (Dr. Hills, 1859) was, until his  
resignation, the next in seniority to Dr.  
Austin.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 8.—Despite all re-  
ports to the contrary, the Rock Island  
operators in all the territory adjacent to the  
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Topeka, Wichita,  
and all the other important points so far as  
the Rock Island is concerned, are not  
disposed to resign. They are waiting until  
the next in seniority to Dr. Austin.

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.—At 2:25 this after-  
noon a cab was being driven on the  
north drive of the Brooklyn bridge, when  
near the center, a man sprang out, seized  
the rail and jumped into the stream, where  
he was picked up in a small boat and taken  
to Brooklyn. He was apparently injured.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—The Treasury de-  
partment has declined to permit the entry  
of a Chinese merchant from China, who two  
years ago left the United States and who  
has been in China, unless he produced a  
certificate from his Government, as pro-  
vided by the law. The fact of his former  
residence here, so long ago, could not be  
taken into consideration.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 8.—From letters  
received by Collector Quinn from the interior  
country, it is apparent that the Chinese are  
gradually becoming reconciled to the regis-  
tration proposition. Many applications  
have reached the collector, and all indicate  
a general disregard of the dictates of the  
Six Companies. The only obstacle,  
the collector believes, to the general will-  
ingness to registration, is the necessity of  
having photographs taken. This neces-  
sarily causes delay and the Chinese are not  
well disposed towards that part of the  
registration. The Chinese in this city still  
continue obdurate, and their resistance to  
the registry indicates adherence to the  
orders of the Six Companies.

GERMAN CONSERVATIVES.

Trouble in the Camp on the Semitic Que-  
stion.

BERLIN, Dec. 8.—One thousand delegates  
were present to-day at the conference of the  
conservative party. The conference  
discussed a new programme with an anti-  
Semitic plan. A paragraph protesting  
against the excesses perpetrated by the  
anti-Semites was expunged, receiving only  
7 votes in its retention. A sensation was  
caused by a notice from Baron Helldorf, one  
of the leading Conservatives who did not  
attend the conference that they adhered to  
the old programme.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Additional Postal Arrangements Com-  
pleted—Immigrants for the future  
to Land at Quebec.

New Ministers at Work—Negotiations  
to Better Promote Settlement  
in Canada.

(From our own Correspondent.)  
OTTAWA, Dec. 8.—The Postmaster-  
General has concluded a money order con-  
vention with Bermuda and British Guiana,  
to take effect January 1.

The Minister of the Interior has decided  
that all immigrants shall be landed at  
Quebec during the season next year, in  
place of the steamships bringing the major  
portion of them to Montreal. The change  
has been made owing to the greater facilities  
at Quebec for handling steerage passengers.

The Central Experimental farm has  
shipped a fine collection of roots to Chi-  
cago.

Hon. Mr. Ives will administer the  
Mounted Police department.

Negotiations are in progress for secur-  
ing the co-operation of the Canadian Home-  
stead Co. in immigration work. This or-  
ganization is composed of representa-  
tives of Canadian Land, Railway  
and Steamship companies. By securing  
the aid of the companies, there will be  
brought into play all the forces and  
means at the command of all the steamships  
and railways interested in immigration to  
Canada. The Government does not propose  
to abrogate its functions in reference to im-  
migration, but will maintain entire control  
of the work.

Hon. Messrs. Angers, Wallace and Wood  
assumed control of their respective offices  
to-day.

OTTAWA, Dec. 9.—The surplus of revenue  
over expenditure for the five months was  
\$3,904,000.

The Government do not propose to fill the  
office of General Immigration agent which  
Mr. Campbell has just resigned.

The report of the commission appointed  
to investigate the charges against Sir  
Adolph Caron was presented to the Sec-  
retary of State to-day.

The Canadian building for the World's  
Fair has been roofed in. Provincial woods  
for the office should be forwarded im-  
mediately.

Lieut. Governor Chapleau left Ottawa to-  
day.

The Geological Society of America meets  
here on the 28th inst.

The new ministers will be gazetted to-  
morrow.

NORTHWEST ASSEMBLY.

Resignation of the Ouyé Executive—The  
Ruling of the Minister of Justice.

WINNIPEG, Dec. 8.—(Special.)—A Regina  
special says the Ouyé executive has re-  
signed and James H. Ross has been elected  
Speaker of the Northwest Assembly. The  
report of the Minister of Justice declaring  
that the executive had resigned was read.  
The Minister holds that it goes  
beyond a mere regulation of detail  
and is now in complete subordination  
to the general act. He does not  
recommend its immediate disallowance, but  
expects the Assembly to amend it. It is  
reported that this will be done, and the  
Haultain executive will resume power. Mr.  
Sutherland has been appointed Deputy  
Speaker. Good feeling prevails, and the  
business before the House will be rushed.

CANADIAN NEWS.

(Special to the Colonist.)  
TORONTO, Dec. 8.—The Empire's Quebec  
correspondent says that notwithstanding  
Mr. de Boucherville's alleged declaration to  
withdraw from public life he has not yet  
resigned the Premiership.

MONTREAL, Dec. 8.—Information has  
been received that the Imperial Govern-  
ment has decided to permit the cattle on the  
steamer State of Georgia to enter Scotland.  
This is taken by cattle exporters here to  
mean that the restrictions on Canadian out-  
let are to be removed.

LOAN, Dec. 8.—The controlling inter-  
est in the street railway has been secured  
by the syndicate which operates the street  
railways in Toronto, Montreal, Cleveland  
and other places.

MONTREAL, Dec. 8.—The Financial Times  
of London, England, states that the Grand  
Trunk railway has decided to replace the  
Victoria bridge across the St. Lawrence  
River, built thirty years ago, by a new  
and modern structure.

WINNIPEG, Dec. 8.—Harold Hagen, the  
champion skater of the world, is here on his  
way from St. John, N.B., to Minneapolis,  
Minn. He is accompanied by Harry Mc-  
Lemon, his manager, and Hugh McCormack,  
one of the crack skaters of New Brunswick.

BARRIE, Ont., Dec. 9.—Michael Dymont  
& Son's large sawmill on the lake shore  
here, was totally destroyed by fire early  
this morning. The mill was shut down for  
the winter about three weeks ago. The  
cause of the fire is supposed to be incendiar-  
ism. Loss, \$25,000; insurance, \$6,300.

OTTAWA, Ont., Dec. 9.—The report of the  
commission appointed to examine into the  
charges preferred against Sir Adolph Caron,  
in connection with the Lake St. John rail-  
way subsidy, make no recommendations, and  
the matter will come before parliament next  
session.

TORONTO, Dec. 9.—A flow of pure running  
salt water has been struck at Inlington,  
near Toronto, at a depth of 200 feet. Tests  
will be made with a view to establishing the  
salt industry at Inlington.

HALIFAX, Dec. 9.—Two weeks ago a  
steamer from England landed here five  
Swedish immigrants, four men and one  
woman. They left for their destination in  
the United States, but were stopped at the  
boundary after travelling over 700 miles,  
being thrown among a number of passengers  
in the cars. They arrived here again to-  
day, and their officers were furnished with  
the presence of Dr. Porter, Immigration  
agent for the United States Government at

Vancouver. Dr. Porter came on here for  
that purpose, and will give the Swedes a  
clean bill of health, and they will again  
start for the "land of the free" to-morrow  
morning.

TORONTO, Dec. 9.—In a letter to Senator  
Frank Smith, Hon. E. Blake asks for fur-  
ther contributions to the Home Rule cause,  
and states that he and John Dillon had  
been appointed a corresponding committee  
with the National Federation of America.

OWEN SOUND, Dec. 9.—The wife of Geo.  
Sellon, a British subject, has presented him  
with triplets, all boys.

TORONTO, Dec. 9.—At a largely attended  
meeting of citizens an association has been  
organized under the name of the Citizens'  
Industrial Exchange, for the purpose of  
making known the advantages of Toronto  
for the establishment of factories.

TORONTO, Dec. 9.—At last night's meet-  
ing of the Toronto Reform Association J.  
D. Edgar, M.P., announced that it was  
the desire of the Reform bodies of all parts  
of the Dominion that a Reform Conven-  
tion be held, and owing to the nearness of  
the close of the session, and especially  
stately. However, he could state positively  
that a convention would be held as soon  
after the close of parliament as possible.

THE MONETARY PROBLEM.

The Conference Yet Without Useful Result—  
Another Proposition Submitted—  
Fall in Silver.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 8.—An important section  
of the international monetary conference  
holds that Rothschild's withdrawal of his  
plan does not dobar further discussion by  
the conference, the committee to which  
the direction of the bishops were opportune  
and necessary, from the fact that it is held  
for certain that the public schools here  
within themselves proximate danger to the  
faith, and morally, because purely secular  
education is given, because the teachers are  
chosen indiscriminately from the sects and  
no law prevents them from working the  
ruin of the youth. Likewise certain cor-  
ruption seems to impend from the fact that  
children of both sexes are brought together  
in the same room for lessons. Therefore,  
if it be clear that in a given locality the  
above named dangers disappear, then it is  
advisable for Catholic parents to send their  
children to these schools, provided the parents them-  
selves do not neglect their most serious  
duties and pastors put forth every effort and  
instruct the children and train them in all  
the duties of Catholic worship and life.  
It will be well, therefore, to establish  
weekly classes of catechism, which all the  
children of the parish should attend.  
It is greatly to be desired, and will be  
most happy arrangements, if the  
bishops agree with the civil  
authorities or with members of the school  
board to conduct the schools, with due at-  
tention and due consideration of respective  
rights.

Monsignor Satolli then quotes the Pope's  
letter on the subject to the Archbishop of  
New York and to the Bishops of the province.  
The adoption of these plans is recom-  
mended, choice to be made according to  
localities, circumstances in different states  
and various personal relations. The first  
step is an agreement between the Bishop  
and the members of the school board, who  
by they shall allow Catholic children to as-  
semble during free time and be taught the  
catechism. The third plan is bound up  
more intimately with the duty of both  
parents and pastors. Pastors should un-  
hesitatingly urge upon parents the utmost im-  
portance of bringing up children in  
sound morality and the Catholic faith. Let  
the pastor tell all classes of children in the  
parish, nor let him show less love to  
children that attend the public schools than  
those that attend parochial. On the con-  
trary, stronger marks of loving solicitude  
are to be shown them.

"For the standing and growth of Catho-  
lic schools it seems that care should be  
taken that the teachers prove themselves  
qualified, not only by previous examination  
before the diocesan board, but also by hav-  
ing a teacher's diploma from the School  
Board of the State. For the sake of the  
Catholic cause let there be among laymen a  
contending rivalry in the matter of  
qualifications requisite for teaching, and  
may compete for and honorably obtain posi-  
tions in public gymnasia, lyceums and  
scientific institutions."

The above was thoroughly considered at  
the meeting of the archbishops.

THE COTTON STRIKE.

The Situation Likely to Remain Unchanged  
Till Spring Orders are Received.

LOAN, Dec. 8.—Secretary Mawdesley,  
of the Lancashire operative spinners, said  
to-day that, in his opinion, the crisis in the  
cotton trade would not be reached before  
the end of January. The accumulated  
stocks would then be exhausted. Orders  
for the Spring trade would raise the prices,  
and master spinners would find it necessary  
to reconsider their present decision.

PANAMA CANAL INQUIRY.

More Revelations—How It Was Sought to  
Bribe Deputies—A Post Mortem  
of Reinsch.

PARIS, Dec. 8.—The first witness exam-  
ined by the Panama Canal commission yes-  
terday, was Deputy Dupuy de la Faucon-  
nerie. He admitted that he had cashed one  
of the Thierry checks. The sum was about  
25,000 francs, and was due him on an in-  
vestment with Baron Reinsch. He had  
risks a certain amount, and had the ven-  
ture been unsuccessful he would have re-  
ceived nothing. He denied emphatically  
that the payment had any connection with  
the Panama canal bribery. He had voted  
for the Panama loan before the transaction  
took place.

M. Humbert, liquidator of Baron Reinsch's  
estate, stated that he had selected the  
Reinsch's papers. He could not consent,  
he said, to being examined as to Baron  
Reinsch's affairs until after receiving the  
permission of the heirs to do so.

Banker Eberstein said that he had cashed  
a check for 20,000 francs for M. Antoine  
Proust, while the Panama matter was be-  
fore parliament.

Deputy Leon Berthe related his experi-  
ence in 1888. During the consideration by  
the Chamber of the Panama lottery bill he

GOULD'S WEALTH.

How the Millionaire Disposed of His Im-  
mense Estate.

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.—Jay Gould's will,  
after making specific bequests to the mem-  
bers of his family, including houses, pic-  
tures, furniture and sums ranging to  
\$25,000 with life annuity of \$2,000, creates  
a trust fund of \$500,000 for his grandson  
and namesake Jay Gould, the son of George  
J. Gould. To George he gives \$5,000,000  
in cash and his stock. George, Elwin,  
Howard and Helen are named executors  
and trustees. All the rest of the estate is  
bequeathed to his executors and trustees in  
trust, the same to be divided in six equal  
parts invested for each of the children,  
George, Elwin, Howard, Frank, Helen and  
Anna. The income to be paid to the chil-  
dren for life and the trustees have the  
power to dispose of the same by will in  
favor of their issue after death.

DR. MCGLYNN'S POSITION.

Archbishop Corrigan Accuses the New York  
Sun of Lying.

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.—Archbishop Corri-  
gan positively denied the statement pub-  
lished in the Sun to the effect that Dr. Mc-  
Glynn was to be restored to his full func-  
tions as priest in good standing in the Roman  
Catholic Church. The Sun declared the  
statement was made on the auth-  
ority of Archbishop Corrigan, adding that  
it was one of the first fruits of Archbishop  
Satolli's mission to this country. Archbishop  
Corrigan repudiates the interview in the  
Sun, and declares that he said nothing about  
Dr. McGlynn's restoration to the priesthood  
with the hope that he would be reconciled to the  
church.

SECULAR EDUCATION.

The Papal Delegate Declares that the  
Public Schools are Proximately  
Dangerous.

Teachers Chosen Indiscriminately—  
Association of the Sexes has a  
Mischievous Tendency.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 8.—Following is a synop-  
sis of the address of Mgr. Satolli, delivered  
at the recent meeting of archbishops in  
New York on the subject of the Stillwater  
school question and religious education:

"In the Catholic church is vested the  
divine right of instruction of the young in  
so far as there is the Kingdom of Heaven.  
Hence, absolutely and universally speaking,  
there is no repugnance in the young learn-  
ing the first elements and higher branches  
in public schools controlled by the state.

For the rest, the provisions of the council  
of Baltimore are in force, and, in a  
general way will remain in force. United  
with the duty of procuring truly Christian  
and Catholic education for their offspring,  
are the rights of parents, which no civil law  
or statute can violate, or weaken. The  
Catholic church in general, and especially  
the See, desires that by joint act of the  
civil and ecclesiastical authorities there  
should be public schools in every state, but  
that Catholic children should be excluded  
from these schools, and especially from  
those of the public schools which are  
opposed to the truth of Christianity.

Long since the Holy See declared that  
parish schools and other institutions under  
the direction of the bishops were opportune  
and necessary, from the fact that it is held  
for certain that the public schools here  
within themselves proximate danger to the  
faith, and morally, because purely secular  
education is given, because the teachers are  
chosen indiscriminately from the sects and  
no law prevents them from working the  
ruin of the youth. Likewise certain cor-  
ruption seems to impend from the fact that  
children of both sexes are brought together  
in the same room for lessons. Therefore,  
if it be clear that in a given locality the  
above named dangers disappear, then it is  
advisable for Catholic parents to send their  
children to these schools, provided the parents them-  
selves do not neglect their most serious  
duties and pastors put forth every effort and  
instruct the children and train them in all  
the duties of Catholic worship and life.

It will be well, therefore, to establish  
weekly classes of catechism, which all the  
children of the parish should attend.  
It is greatly to be desired, and will be  
most happy arrangements, if the  
bishops agree with the civil  
authorities or with members of the school  
board to conduct the schools, with due at-  
tention and due consideration of respective  
rights.

Monsignor Satolli then quotes the Pope's  
letter on the subject to the Archbishop of  
New York and to the Bishops of the province.  
The adoption of these plans is recom-  
mended, choice to be made according to  
localities, circumstances in different states  
and various personal relations. The first  
step is an agreement between the Bishop  
and the members of the school board, who  
by they shall allow Catholic children to as-  
semble during free time and be taught the  
catechism. The third plan is bound up  
more intimately with the duty of both  
parents and pastors. Pastors should un-  
hesitatingly urge upon parents the utmost im-  
portance of bringing up children in  
sound morality and the Catholic faith. Let  
the pastor tell all classes of children in the  
parish, nor let him show less love to  
children that attend the public schools than  
those that attend parochial. On the con-  
trary, stronger marks of loving solicitude  
are to be shown them.

"For the standing and growth of Catho-  
lic schools it seems that care should be  
taken that the teachers prove themselves  
qualified, not only by previous examination  
before the diocesan board, but also by hav-  
ing a teacher's diploma from the School  
Board of the State. For the sake of the  
Catholic cause let there be among laymen a  
contending rivalry in the matter of  
qualifications requisite for teaching, and  
may compete for and honorably obtain posi-  
tions in public gymnasia, lyceums and  
scientific institutions."

The above was thoroughly considered at  
the meeting of the archbishops.